

1-1 By: Hull, et al. (Senate Sponsor - Buckingham) H.B. No. 2822
 1-2 (In the Senate - Received from the House May 12, 2021;
 1-3 May 13, 2021, read first time and referred to Committee on Health &
 1-4 Human Services; May 20, 2021, reported favorably by the following
 1-5 vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0; May 20, 2021, sent to printer.)

1-6 COMMITTEE VOTE

	Yea	Nay	Absent	PNV
1-7				
1-8	X			
1-9	X			
1-10	X			
1-11	X			
1-12	X			
1-13			X	
1-14	X			
1-15	X			
1-16	X			

1-17 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
 1-18 AN ACT

1-19 relating to the availability of antipsychotic prescription drugs
 1-20 under the vendor drug program and Medicaid managed care.

1-21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

1-22 SECTION 1. Section 531.073, Government Code, is amended by
 1-23 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (a-3), (a-4), and
 1-24 (a-5) to read as follows:

1-25 (a) The executive commissioner, in the rules and standards
 1-26 governing the Medicaid vendor drug program and the child health
 1-27 plan program, shall require prior authorization for the
 1-28 reimbursement of a drug that is not included in the appropriate
 1-29 preferred drug list adopted under Section 531.072, except for any
 1-30 drug exempted from prior authorization requirements by federal law
 1-31 and except as provided by Subsections (a-3) and [Subsection] (j).
 1-32 The executive commissioner may require prior authorization for the
 1-33 reimbursement of a drug provided through any other state program
 1-34 administered by the commission or a state health and human services
 1-35 agency, including a community mental health center and a state
 1-36 mental health hospital if the commission adopts preferred drug
 1-37 lists under Section 531.072 that apply to those facilities and the
 1-38 drug is not included in the appropriate list. The executive
 1-39 commissioner shall require that the prior authorization be obtained
 1-40 by the prescribing physician or prescribing practitioner.

1-41 (a-3) The executive commissioner, in the rules and
 1-42 standards governing the vendor drug program, may not require prior
 1-43 authorization for a nonpreferred antipsychotic drug that is
 1-44 included on the vendor drug formulary and prescribed to an adult
 1-45 patient if:

1-46 (1) during the preceding year, the patient was
 1-47 prescribed and unsuccessfully treated with a 14-day treatment trial
 1-48 of an antipsychotic drug that is included on the appropriate
 1-49 preferred drug list adopted under Section 531.072 and for which a
 1-50 single claim was paid;

1-51 (2) the patient has previously been prescribed and
 1-52 obtained prior authorization for the nonpreferred antipsychotic
 1-53 drug and the prescription is for the purpose of drug dosage
 1-54 titration; or

1-55 (3) subject to federal law on maximum dosage limits
 1-56 and commission rules on drug quantity limits, the patient has
 1-57 previously been prescribed and obtained prior authorization for the
 1-58 nonpreferred antipsychotic drug and the prescription modifies the
 1-59 dosage, dosage frequency, or both, of the drug as part of the same
 1-60 treatment for which the drug was previously prescribed.

1-61 (a-4) Subsection (a-3) does not affect:

2-1 (1) the authority of a pharmacist to dispense the
 2-2 generic equivalent or interchangeable biological product of a
 2-3 prescription drug in accordance with Subchapter A, Chapter 562,
 2-4 Occupations Code;
 2-5 (2) any drug utilization review requirements
 2-6 prescribed by state or federal law; or
 2-7 (3) clinical prior authorization edits to preferred
 2-8 and nonpreferred antipsychotic drug prescriptions.
 2-9 (a-5) The executive commissioner, in the rules and
 2-10 standards governing the vendor drug program and as part of the
 2-11 requirements under a contract between the commission and a Medicaid
 2-12 managed care organization, shall:
 2-13 (1) require, to the maximum extent possible based on a
 2-14 pharmacy benefit manager's claim system, automation of clinical
 2-15 prior authorization for each drug in the antipsychotic drug class;
 2-16 and
 2-17 (2) ensure that, at the time a nonpreferred or
 2-18 clinical prior authorization edit is denied, a pharmacist is
 2-19 immediately provided a point-of-sale return message that:
 2-20 (A) clearly specifies the contact and other
 2-21 information necessary for the pharmacist to submit a prior
 2-22 authorization request for the prescription; and
 2-23 (B) instructs the pharmacist to dispense, only if
 2-24 clinically appropriate under federal or state law, a 72-hour supply
 2-25 of the prescription.
 2-26 SECTION 2. Section 533.005(a), Government Code, is amended
 2-27 to read as follows:
 2-28 (a) A contract between a managed care organization and the
 2-29 commission for the organization to provide health care services to
 2-30 recipients must contain:
 2-31 (1) procedures to ensure accountability to the state
 2-32 for the provision of health care services, including procedures for
 2-33 financial reporting, quality assurance, utilization review, and
 2-34 assurance of contract and subcontract compliance;
 2-35 (2) capitation rates that ensure the cost-effective
 2-36 provision of quality health care;
 2-37 (3) a requirement that the managed care organization
 2-38 provide ready access to a person who assists recipients in
 2-39 resolving issues relating to enrollment, plan administration,
 2-40 education and training, access to services, and grievance
 2-41 procedures;
 2-42 (4) a requirement that the managed care organization
 2-43 provide ready access to a person who assists providers in resolving
 2-44 issues relating to payment, plan administration, education and
 2-45 training, and grievance procedures;
 2-46 (5) a requirement that the managed care organization
 2-47 provide information and referral about the availability of
 2-48 educational, social, and other community services that could
 2-49 benefit a recipient;
 2-50 (6) procedures for recipient outreach and education;
 2-51 (7) a requirement that the managed care organization
 2-52 make payment to a physician or provider for health care services
 2-53 rendered to a recipient under a managed care plan on any claim for
 2-54 payment that is received with documentation reasonably necessary
 2-55 for the managed care organization to process the claim:
 2-56 (A) not later than:
 2-57 (i) the 10th day after the date the claim is
 2-58 received if the claim relates to services provided by a nursing
 2-59 facility, intermediate care facility, or group home;
 2-60 (ii) the 30th day after the date the claim
 2-61 is received if the claim relates to the provision of long-term
 2-62 services and supports not subject to Subparagraph (i); and
 2-63 (iii) the 45th day after the date the claim
 2-64 is received if the claim is not subject to Subparagraph (i) or (ii);
 2-65 or
 2-66 (B) within a period, not to exceed 60 days,
 2-67 specified by a written agreement between the physician or provider
 2-68 and the managed care organization;
 2-69 (7-a) a requirement that the managed care organization

3-1 demonstrate to the commission that the organization pays claims
3-2 described by Subdivision (7)(A)(ii) on average not later than the
3-3 21st day after the date the claim is received by the organization;
3-4 (8) a requirement that the commission, on the date of a
3-5 recipient's enrollment in a managed care plan issued by the managed
3-6 care organization, inform the organization of the recipient's
3-7 Medicaid certification date;
3-8 (9) a requirement that the managed care organization
3-9 comply with Section 533.006 as a condition of contract retention
3-10 and renewal;
3-11 (10) a requirement that the managed care organization
3-12 provide the information required by Section 533.012 and otherwise
3-13 comply and cooperate with the commission's office of inspector
3-14 general and the office of the attorney general;
3-15 (11) a requirement that the managed care
3-16 organization's usages of out-of-network providers or groups of
3-17 out-of-network providers may not exceed limits for those usages
3-18 relating to total inpatient admissions, total outpatient services,
3-19 and emergency room admissions determined by the commission;
3-20 (12) if the commission finds that a managed care
3-21 organization has violated Subdivision (11), a requirement that the
3-22 managed care organization reimburse an out-of-network provider for
3-23 health care services at a rate that is equal to the allowable rate
3-24 for those services, as determined under Sections 32.028 and
3-25 32.0281, Human Resources Code;
3-26 (13) a requirement that, notwithstanding any other
3-27 law, including Sections 843.312 and 1301.052, Insurance Code, the
3-28 organization:
3-29 (A) use advanced practice registered nurses and
3-30 physician assistants in addition to physicians as primary care
3-31 providers to increase the availability of primary care providers in
3-32 the organization's provider network; and
3-33 (B) treat advanced practice registered nurses
3-34 and physician assistants in the same manner as primary care
3-35 physicians with regard to:
3-36 (i) selection and assignment as primary
3-37 care providers;
3-38 (ii) inclusion as primary care providers in
3-39 the organization's provider network; and
3-40 (iii) inclusion as primary care providers
3-41 in any provider network directory maintained by the organization;
3-42 (14) a requirement that the managed care organization
3-43 reimburse a federally qualified health center or rural health
3-44 clinic for health care services provided to a recipient outside of
3-45 regular business hours, including on a weekend day or holiday, at a
3-46 rate that is equal to the allowable rate for those services as
3-47 determined under Section 32.028, Human Resources Code, if the
3-48 recipient does not have a referral from the recipient's primary
3-49 care physician;
3-50 (15) a requirement that the managed care organization
3-51 develop, implement, and maintain a system for tracking and
3-52 resolving all provider appeals related to claims payment, including
3-53 a process that will require:
3-54 (A) a tracking mechanism to document the status
3-55 and final disposition of each provider's claims payment appeal;
3-56 (B) the contracting with physicians who are not
3-57 network providers and who are of the same or related specialty as
3-58 the appealing physician to resolve claims disputes related to
3-59 denial on the basis of medical necessity that remain unresolved
3-60 subsequent to a provider appeal;
3-61 (C) the determination of the physician resolving
3-62 the dispute to be binding on the managed care organization and
3-63 provider; and
3-64 (D) the managed care organization to allow a
3-65 provider with a claim that has not been paid before the time
3-66 prescribed by Subdivision (7)(A)(ii) to initiate an appeal of that
3-67 claim;
3-68 (16) a requirement that a medical director who is
3-69 authorized to make medical necessity determinations is available to

4-1 the region where the managed care organization provides health care
4-2 services;

4-3 (17) a requirement that the managed care organization
4-4 ensure that a medical director and patient care coordinators and
4-5 provider and recipient support services personnel are located in
4-6 the South Texas service region, if the managed care organization
4-7 provides a managed care plan in that region;

4-8 (18) a requirement that the managed care organization
4-9 provide special programs and materials for recipients with limited
4-10 English proficiency or low literacy skills;

4-11 (19) a requirement that the managed care organization
4-12 develop and establish a process for responding to provider appeals
4-13 in the region where the organization provides health care services;

4-14 (20) a requirement that the managed care organization:
4-15 (A) develop and submit to the commission, before
4-16 the organization begins to provide health care services to
4-17 recipients, a comprehensive plan that describes how the
4-18 organization's provider network complies with the provider access
4-19 standards established under Section 533.0061;

4-20 (B) as a condition of contract retention and
4-21 renewal:
4-22 (i) continue to comply with the provider
4-23 access standards established under Section 533.0061; and
4-24 (ii) make substantial efforts, as
4-25 determined by the commission, to mitigate or remedy any
4-26 noncompliance with the provider access standards established under
4-27 Section 533.0061;

4-28 (C) pay liquidated damages for each failure, as
4-29 determined by the commission, to comply with the provider access
4-30 standards established under Section 533.0061 in amounts that are
4-31 reasonably related to the noncompliance; and
4-32 (D) regularly, as determined by the commission,
4-33 submit to the commission and make available to the public a report
4-34 containing data on the sufficiency of the organization's provider
4-35 network with regard to providing the care and services described
4-36 under Section 533.0061(a) and specific data with respect to access
4-37 to primary care, specialty care, long-term services and supports,
4-38 nursing services, and therapy services on the average length of
4-39 time between:
4-40 (i) the date a provider requests prior
4-41 authorization for the care or service and the date the organization
4-42 approves or denies the request; and
4-43 (ii) the date the organization approves a
4-44 request for prior authorization for the care or service and the date
4-45 the care or service is initiated;

4-46 (21) a requirement that the managed care organization
4-47 demonstrate to the commission, before the organization begins to
4-48 provide health care services to recipients, that, subject to the
4-49 provider access standards established under Section 533.0061:
4-50 (A) the organization's provider network has the
4-51 capacity to serve the number of recipients expected to enroll in a
4-52 managed care plan offered by the organization;

4-53 (B) the organization's provider network
4-54 includes:
4-55 (i) a sufficient number of primary care
4-56 providers;
4-57 (ii) a sufficient variety of provider
4-58 types;
4-59 (iii) a sufficient number of providers of
4-60 long-term services and supports and specialty pediatric care
4-61 providers of home and community-based services; and
4-62 (iv) providers located throughout the
4-63 region where the organization will provide health care services;
4-64 and
4-65 (C) health care services will be accessible to
4-66 recipients through the organization's provider network to a
4-67 comparable extent that health care services would be available to
4-68 recipients under a fee-for-service or primary care case management
4-69 model of Medicaid managed care;

5-1 (22) a requirement that the managed care organization
5-2 develop a monitoring program for measuring the quality of the
5-3 health care services provided by the organization's provider
5-4 network that:

5-5 (A) incorporates the National Committee for
5-6 Quality Assurance's Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information
5-7 Set (HEDIS) measures or, as applicable, the national core
5-8 indicators adult consumer survey and the national core indicators
5-9 child family survey for individuals with an intellectual or
5-10 developmental disability;

5-11 (B) focuses on measuring outcomes; and

5-12 (C) includes the collection and analysis of
5-13 clinical data relating to prenatal care, preventive care, mental
5-14 health care, and the treatment of acute and chronic health
5-15 conditions and substance abuse;

5-16 (23) subject to Subsection (a-1), a requirement that
5-17 the managed care organization develop, implement, and maintain an
5-18 outpatient pharmacy benefit plan for its enrolled recipients:

5-19 (A) that, except as provided by Paragraph
5-20 (L)(ii), exclusively employs the vendor drug program formulary and
5-21 preserves the state's ability to reduce waste, fraud, and abuse
5-22 under Medicaid;

5-23 (B) that adheres to the applicable preferred drug
5-24 list adopted by the commission under Section 531.072;

5-25 (C) that, except as provided by Paragraph (L)(i),
5-26 includes the prior authorization procedures and requirements
5-27 prescribed by or implemented under Sections 531.073(b), (c), and
5-28 (g) for the vendor drug program;

5-29 (C-1) that does not require a clinical,
5-30 nonpreferred, or other prior authorization for any antiretroviral
5-31 drug, as defined by Section 531.073, or a step therapy or other
5-32 protocol, that could restrict or delay the dispensing of the drug
5-33 except to minimize fraud, waste, or abuse;

5-34 (C-2) that does not require prior authorization
5-35 for a nonpreferred antipsychotic drug prescribed to an adult
5-36 recipient if the requirements of Section 531.073(a-3) are met;

5-37 (D) for purposes of which the managed care
5-38 organization:

5-39 (i) may not negotiate or collect rebates
5-40 associated with pharmacy products on the vendor drug program
5-41 formulary; and

5-42 (ii) may not receive drug rebate or pricing
5-43 information that is confidential under Section 531.071;

5-44 (E) that complies with the prohibition under
5-45 Section 531.089;

5-46 (F) under which the managed care organization may
5-47 not prohibit, limit, or interfere with a recipient's selection of a
5-48 pharmacy or pharmacist of the recipient's choice for the provision
5-49 of pharmaceutical services under the plan through the imposition of
5-50 different copayments;

5-51 (G) that allows the managed care organization or
5-52 any subcontracted pharmacy benefit manager to contract with a
5-53 pharmacist or pharmacy providers separately for specialty pharmacy
5-54 services, except that:

5-55 (i) the managed care organization and
5-56 pharmacy benefit manager are prohibited from allowing exclusive
5-57 contracts with a specialty pharmacy owned wholly or partly by the
5-58 pharmacy benefit manager responsible for the administration of the
5-59 pharmacy benefit program; and

5-60 (ii) the managed care organization and
5-61 pharmacy benefit manager must adopt policies and procedures for
5-62 reclassifying prescription drugs from retail to specialty drugs,
5-63 and those policies and procedures must be consistent with rules
5-64 adopted by the executive commissioner and include notice to network
5-65 pharmacy providers from the managed care organization;

5-66 (H) under which the managed care organization may
5-67 not prevent a pharmacy or pharmacist from participating as a
5-68 provider if the pharmacy or pharmacist agrees to comply with the
5-69 financial terms and conditions of the contract as well as other

6-1 reasonable administrative and professional terms and conditions of
6-2 the contract;

6-3 (I) under which the managed care organization may
6-4 include mail-order pharmacies in its networks, but may not require
6-5 enrolled recipients to use those pharmacies, and may not charge an
6-6 enrolled recipient who opts to use this service a fee, including
6-7 postage and handling fees;

6-8 (J) under which the managed care organization or
6-9 pharmacy benefit manager, as applicable, must pay claims in
6-10 accordance with Section 843.339, Insurance Code;

6-11 (K) under which the managed care organization or
6-12 pharmacy benefit manager, as applicable:

6-13 (i) to place a drug on a maximum allowable
6-14 cost list, must ensure that:

6-15 (a) the drug is listed as "A" or "B"
6-16 rated in the most recent version of the United States Food and Drug
6-17 Administration's Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic
6-18 Equivalence Evaluations, also known as the Orange Book, has an "NR"
6-19 or "NA" rating or a similar rating by a nationally recognized
6-20 reference; and

6-21 (b) the drug is generally available
6-22 for purchase by pharmacies in the state from national or regional
6-23 wholesalers and is not obsolete;

6-24 (ii) must provide to a network pharmacy
6-25 provider, at the time a contract is entered into or renewed with the
6-26 network pharmacy provider, the sources used to determine the
6-27 maximum allowable cost pricing for the maximum allowable cost list
6-28 specific to that provider;

6-29 (iii) must review and update maximum
6-30 allowable cost price information at least once every seven days to
6-31 reflect any modification of maximum allowable cost pricing;

6-32 (iv) must, in formulating the maximum
6-33 allowable cost price for a drug, use only the price of the drug and
6-34 drugs listed as therapeutically equivalent in the most recent
6-35 version of the United States Food and Drug Administration's
6-36 Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations,
6-37 also known as the Orange Book;

6-38 (v) must establish a process for
6-39 eliminating products from the maximum allowable cost list or
6-40 modifying maximum allowable cost prices in a timely manner to
6-41 remain consistent with pricing changes and product availability in
6-42 the marketplace;

6-43 (vi) must:

6-44 (a) provide a procedure under which a
6-45 network pharmacy provider may challenge a listed maximum allowable
6-46 cost price for a drug;

6-47 (b) respond to a challenge not later
6-48 than the 15th day after the date the challenge is made;

6-49 (c) if the challenge is successful,
6-50 make an adjustment in the drug price effective on the date the
6-51 challenge is resolved and make the adjustment applicable to all
6-52 similarly situated network pharmacy providers, as determined by the
6-53 managed care organization or pharmacy benefit manager, as
6-54 appropriate;

6-55 (d) if the challenge is denied,
6-56 provide the reason for the denial; and

6-57 (e) report to the commission every 90
6-58 days the total number of challenges that were made and denied in the
6-59 preceding 90-day period for each maximum allowable cost list drug
6-60 for which a challenge was denied during the period;

6-61 (vii) must notify the commission not later
6-62 than the 21st day after implementing a practice of using a maximum
6-63 allowable cost list for drugs dispensed at retail but not by mail;
6-64 and

6-65 (viii) must provide a process for each of
6-66 its network pharmacy providers to readily access the maximum
6-67 allowable cost list specific to that provider; and

6-68 (L) under which the managed care organization or
6-69 pharmacy benefit manager, as applicable:

7-1 (i) may not require a prior authorization,
7-2 other than a clinical prior authorization or a prior authorization
7-3 imposed by the commission to minimize the opportunity for waste,
7-4 fraud, or abuse, for or impose any other barriers to a drug that is
7-5 prescribed to a child enrolled in the STAR Kids managed care program
7-6 for a particular disease or treatment and that is on the vendor drug
7-7 program formulary or require additional prior authorization for a
7-8 drug included in the preferred drug list adopted under Section
7-9 531.072;

7-10 (ii) must provide for continued access to a
7-11 drug prescribed to a child enrolled in the STAR Kids managed care
7-12 program, regardless of whether the drug is on the vendor drug
7-13 program formulary or, if applicable on or after August 31, 2023, the
7-14 managed care organization's formulary;

7-15 (iii) may not use a protocol that requires a
7-16 child enrolled in the STAR Kids managed care program to use a
7-17 prescription drug or sequence of prescription drugs other than the
7-18 drug that the child's physician recommends for the child's
7-19 treatment before the managed care organization provides coverage
7-20 for the recommended drug; and

7-21 (iv) must pay liquidated damages to the
7-22 commission for each failure, as determined by the commission, to
7-23 comply with this paragraph in an amount that is a reasonable
7-24 forecast of the damages caused by the noncompliance;

7-25 (24) a requirement that the managed care organization
7-26 and any entity with which the managed care organization contracts
7-27 for the performance of services under a managed care plan disclose,
7-28 at no cost, to the commission and, on request, the office of the
7-29 attorney general all discounts, incentives, rebates, fees, free
7-30 goods, bundling arrangements, and other agreements affecting the
7-31 net cost of goods or services provided under the plan;

7-32 (25) a requirement that the managed care organization
7-33 not implement significant, nonnegotiated, across-the-board
7-34 provider reimbursement rate reductions unless:

7-35 (A) subject to Subsection (a-3), the
7-36 organization has the prior approval of the commission to make the
7-37 reductions; or

7-38 (B) the rate reductions are based on changes to
7-39 the Medicaid fee schedule or cost containment initiatives
7-40 implemented by the commission; and

7-41 (26) a requirement that the managed care organization
7-42 make initial and subsequent primary care provider assignments and
7-43 changes.

7-44 SECTION 3. (a) The Health and Human Services Commission
7-45 shall, in a contract between the commission and a managed care
7-46 organization under Chapter 533, Government Code, that is entered
7-47 into or renewed on or after the effective date of this Act, require
7-48 that the managed care organization comply with Sections
7-49 531.073(a-5) and 533.005(a)(23)(C-2), Government Code, as added by
7-50 this Act.

7-51 (b) The Health and Human Services Commission shall seek to
7-52 amend contracts entered into with managed care organizations under
7-53 Chapter 533, Government Code, before the effective date of this Act
7-54 to require those managed care organizations to comply with Sections
7-55 531.073(a-5) and 533.005(a)(23)(C-2), Government Code, as added by
7-56 this Act. To the extent of a conflict between those sections and a
7-57 provision of a contract with a managed care organization entered
7-58 into before the effective date of this Act, the contract provision
7-59 prevails.

7-60 SECTION 4. If before implementing any provision of this Act
7-61 a state agency determines that a waiver or authorization from a
7-62 federal agency is necessary for implementation of that provision,
7-63 the agency affected by the provision shall request the waiver or
7-64 authorization and may delay implementing that provision until the
7-65 waiver or authorization is granted.

7-66 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2021.

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