By: Guillen, et al.

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	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to the audiology and speech-language pathology interstate
3	compact; authorizing fees.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Chapter 401, Occupations Code, is amended by
6	adding Subchapter L to read as follows:
7	SUBCHAPTER L. AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY INTERSTATE
8	COMPACT
9	Sec. 401.551. AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY
10	INTERSTATE COMPACT. The Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology
11	Compact is enacted and entered into with all other jurisdictions
12	that legally join in the compact, which reads as follows:
13	AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY INTERSTATE COMPACT
14	SECTION 1. PURPOSE
15	The purpose of this Compact is to facilitate interstate
16	practice of audiology and speech-language pathology with the goal
17	of improving public access to audiology and speech-language
18	pathology services. The practice of audiology and speech-language
19	pathology occurs in the state where the patient/client/student is
20	located at the time of the patient/client/student encounter. The
21	Compact preserves the regulatory authority of states to protect
22	public health and safety through the current system of state
23	licensure.
24	This Compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:

H.B. No. 1875 1 1. Increase public access to audiology and 2 speech-language pathology services by providing for the mutual 3 recognition of other member state licenses; 4 2. Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's 5 health and safety; 6 3. Encourage the cooperation of member states in 7 regulating multistate audiology and speech-language pathology 8 practice; 9 4. Support spouses of relocating active duty military 10 personnel; 5. Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative 11 12 and disciplinary information between member states; 6. Allow a remote state to hold a provider of services 13 14 with a compact privilege in that state accountable to that state's 15 practice standards; and 16 7. Allow for the use of telehealth technology to 17 facilitate increased access to audiology and speech-language pathology services. 18 SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS 19 As used in this Compact, and except as otherwise provided, 20 21 the following definitions shall apply: A. "Active duty military" means full-time duty status in the 22 active uniformed service of the United States, including members of 23 24 the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Chapter 1209 and 1211. 25 B. "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, 26 equitable or criminal action permitted by a state's laws which is

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imposed by a licensing board or other authority against an 1 2 audiologist or speech-language pathologist, including actions against an individual's license or privilege to practice such as 3 revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the licensee, or 4 5 restriction on the licensee's practice. C. "Alternative program" means a non-disciplinary 6 7 monitoring process approved by an audiology or speech-language 8 pathology licensing board to address impaired practitioners. "Audiologist" means an individual who is licensed by a 9 D. 10 state to practice audiology. E. "Audiology" means the care and services provided by a 11 12 licensed audiologist as set forth in the member state's statutes 13 and rules. 14 F. "Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Compact 15 Commission" or "Commission" means the national administrative body whose membership consists of all states that have enacted the 16 17 Compact. "Audiology and speech-language pathology licensing 18 G. board," "audiology licensing board," "speech-language pathology 19 licensing board," or "licensing board" means the agency of a state 20

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21 that is responsible for the licensing and regulation of 22 audiologists and/or speech-language pathologists.

H. "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a remote state to allow a licensee from another member state to practice as an audiologist or speech-language pathologist in the remote state under its laws and rules. The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology occurs in the member state where the

1	patient/client/student is located at the time of the
2	patient/client/student encounter.
3	I. "Current significant investigative information" means
4	investigative information that a licensing board, after an inquiry
5	or investigation that includes notification and an opportunity for
6	the audiologist or speech-language pathologist to respond, if
7	required by state law, has reason to believe is not groundless and,
8	if proved true, would indicate more than a minor infraction.

9 <u>J. "Data system" means a repository of information about</u> 10 <u>licensees, including, but not limited to, continuing education,</u> 11 <u>examination, licensure, investigative, compact privilege and</u> 12 adverse action.

13 <u>K. "Encumbered license" means a license in which an adverse</u> 14 action restricts the practice of audiology or speech-language 15 pathology by the licensee and said adverse action has been reported 16 to the National Practitioners Data Bank (NPDB).

17 <u>L. "Executive Committee" means a group of directors elected</u>
18 or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to
19 them by, the Commission.

20M. "Home state" means the member state that is the21licensee's primary state of residence.

N. "Impaired practitioner" means individuals whose
 professional practice is adversely affected by substance abuse,
 addiction, or other health-related conditions.

O. "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an
 authorization from the state licensing board to practice as an
 audiologist or speech-language pathologist.

1 P. "Member state" means a state that has enacted the 2 Compact. Q. "Privilege to practice" means a legal authorization 3 permitting the practice of audiology or speech-language pathology 4 5 in a remote state. 6 R. "Remote state" means a member state other than the home 7 state where a licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise the 8 compact privilege. 9 "Rule" means a regulation, principle or directive S. 10 promulgated by the Commission that has the force of law. T. "Single-state license" means an audiology or 11 12 speech-language pathology license issued by a member state that authorizes practice only within the issuing state and does not 13 14 include a privilege to practice in any other member state. 15 U. "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who is licensed by a state to practice speech-language pathology. 16 17 V. "Speech-language pathology means the care and services provided by a licensed speech-language pathologist as set forth in 18 19 the member state's statutes and rules. W. "State" means any state, commonwealth, district or 20 territory of the United States of America that regulates the 21 practice of audiology and speech-language pathology. 22 X. "State practice laws" means a member state's laws, rules 23 and regulations that govern the practice of audiology 24 or speech-language pathology, define the scope of audiology or 25 26 speech-language pathology practice, and create the methods and grounds for imposing discipline. 27

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1	Y. "Telehealth" means the application of telecommunication
2	technology to deliver audiology or speech-language pathology
3	services at a distance for assessment, intervention and/or
4	consultation.
5	SECTION 3. STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT
6	A. A license issued to an audiologist or speech-language
7	pathologist by a home state to a resident in that state shall be
8	recognized by each member state as authorizing an audiologist or
9	speech-language pathologist to practice audiology or
10	speech-language pathology, under a privilege to practice, in each
11	member state.
12	B. A state must implement or utilize procedures for
13	considering the criminal history records of applicants for initial
14	privilege to practice. These procedures shall include the
15	submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based information by
16	applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal
17	history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation
18	and the agency responsible for retaining that state's criminal
19	records
20	1. A member state must fully implement a criminal
21	background check requirement, within a time frame established by
22	rule, by receiving the results of the Federal Bureau of
23	Investigation record search on criminal background checks and use
24	the results in making licensure decisions.
25	2. Communication between a member state, the
26	Commission and among member states regarding the verification of
27	eligibility for licensure through the Compact shall not include any

1	information received from the Federal Bureau of Investigation
2	relating to a federal criminal records check performed by a member
3	state under Public Law 92-544.
4	C. Upon application for a privilege to practice, the
5	licensing board in the issuing remote state shall ascertain,
6	through the data system, whether the applicant has ever held, or is
7	the holder of, a license issued by any other state, whether there
8	are any encumbrances on any license or privilege to practice held by
9	the applicant, whether any adverse action has been taken against
10	any license or privilege to practice held by the applicant.
11	D. Each member state shall require an applicant to obtain or
12	retain a license in the home state and meet the home state's
13	qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure, as well as,
14	all other applicable state laws.
15	E. For an audiologist:
16	1. Must meet one of the following educational
17	requirements:
18	a. On or before, Dec. 31, 2007, has graduated
19	with a master's degree or doctorate in audiology, or equivalent
20	degree regardless of degree name, from a program that is accredited
21	by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher
22	Education Accreditation, or its successor, or by the United States
23	Department of Education and operated by a college or university
24	accredited by a regional or national accrediting organization
25	recognized by the board; or
26	b. On or after, Jan. 1, 2008, has graduated with a
27	Doctoral degree in audiology, or equivalent degree, regardless of

1 degree name, from a program that is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education 2 3 Accreditation, or its successor, or by the United States Department of Education and operated by a college or university accredited by a 4 5 regional or national accrediting organization recognized by the 6 board; or 7 c. Has graduated from an audiology program that 8 is housed in an institution of higher education outside of the United States (a) for which the program and institution have been 9 approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable 10 country and (b) the degree program has been verified by an 11 12 independent credentials review agency to be comparable to a state 13 licensing board-approved program. 14 2. Has completed a supervised clinical practicum 15 experience from an accredited educational institution or its cooperating programs as required by the Commission; 16 17 3. Has successfully passed a national examination approved by the Commission; 18 19 4. Holds an active, unencumbered license; 5. Has not been convicted or found guilty, and has not 20 entered into an agreed disposition, of a felony related to the 21 practice of audiology, under applicable state or federal criminal 22 23 law; 24 6. Has a valid United States Social Security or 25 National Practitioner Identification number. 26 F. For a speech-language pathologist: 27 1. Must meet one of the following educational

1 <u>requirements:</u>

<u>a. Has graduated with a master's degree from a</u> <u>speech-language pathology program that is accredited by an</u> <u>organization recognized by the United States Department of</u> <u>Education and operated by a college or university accredited by a</u> <u>regional or national accrediting organization recognized by the</u> <u>board; or</u>

<u>b. Has graduated from a speech-language</u>
<u>pathology program that is housed in an institution of higher</u>
<u>education outside of the United States (a) for which the program and</u>
<u>institution have been approved by the authorized accrediting body</u>
<u>in the applicable country and (b) the degree program has been</u>
<u>verified by an independent credentials review agency to be</u>
<u>comparable to a state licensing board-approved program.</u>

15 <u>2. Has completed a supervised clinical practicum</u> 16 <u>experience from an educational institution or its cooperating</u> 17 programs as required by the Commission;

183. Has completed a supervised postgraduate19professional experience as required by the Commission

20 <u>4. Has successfully passed a national examination</u> 21 <u>approved by the Commission;</u>

5. Holds an active, unencumbered license;

23 <u>6. Has not been convicted or found guilty, and has not</u> 24 <u>entered into an agreed disposition, of a felony related to the</u> 25 <u>practice of speech-language pathology, under applicable state or</u> 26 <u>federal criminal law;</u>

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7. Has a valid United States Social Security or

1 National Practitioner Identification number.

2 <u>G. The privilege to practice is derived from the home state</u>
3 license.

4 H. An audiologist or speech-language pathologist practicing 5 in a member state must comply with the state practice laws of the state in which the client is located at the time service is 6 provided. The practice of audiology and speech-language pathology 7 8 shall include all audiology and speech-language pathology practice as defined by the state practice laws of the member state in which 9 10 the client is located. The practice of audiology and speech-language pathology in a member state under a privilege to 11 12 practice shall subject an audiologist or speech-language pathologist to the jurisdiction of the licensing board, the courts 13 and the laws of the member state in which the client is located at 14 the time service is provided. 15

I. Individuals not residing in a member state shall continue 16 17 to be able to apply for a member state's single-state license as provided under the laws of each member state. However, the 18 19 single-state license granted to these individuals shall not be recognized as granting the privilege to practice audiology or 20 speech-language pathology in any other member state. Nothing in 21 22 this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a member state for the issuance of a single-state license. 23 24 J. Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact

25 privilege.

<u>K. Member states must comply with the bylaws and rules and</u>
 <u>regulations of the Commission.</u>

1	SECTION 4. COMPACT PRIVILEGE
2	A. To exercise the compact privilege under the terms and
3	provisions of the Compact, the audiologist or speech-language
4	pathologist shall:
5	1. Hold an active license in the home state;
6	2. Have no encumbrance on any state license;
7	3. Be eligible for a compact privilege in any member
8	state in accordance with Section 3;
9	4. Have not had any adverse action against any license
10	or compact privilege within the previous 2 years from date of
11	application;
12	5. Notify the Commission that the licensee is seeking
13	the compact privilege within a remote state(s);
14	6. Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee,
15	for the compact privilege;
16	7. Report to the Commission adverse action taken by
17	any non-member state within 30 days from the date the adverse action
18	<u>is taken.</u>
19	B. For the purposes of the compact privilege, an audiologist
20	or speech-language pathologist shall only hold one home state
21	license at a time.
22	C. Except as provided in Section 6, if an audiologist or
23	speech-language pathologist changes primary state of residence by
24	moving between two-member states, the audiologist or
25	speech-language pathologist must apply for licensure in the new
26	home state, and the license issued by the prior home state shall be
27	deactivated in accordance with applicable rules adopted by the

1 <u>Commission</u>.

D. The audiologist or speech-language pathologist may apply
for licensure in advance of a change in primary state of residence.
E. A license shall not be issued by the new home state until
the audiologist or speech-language pathologist provides
satisfactory evidence of a change in primary state of residence to
the new home state and satisfies all applicable requirements to
obtain a license from the new home state.

9 <u>F. If an audiologist or speech-language pathologist changes</u> 10 primary state of residence by moving from a member state to a 11 non-member state, the license issued by the prior home state shall 12 convert to a single-state license, valid only in the former home 13 state.

14 <u>G. The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date</u> 15 of the home state license. The licensee must comply with the 16 requirements of Section 4A to maintain the compact privilege in the 17 remote state.

H. A licensee providing audiology or speech-language 18 19 pathology services in a remote state under the compact privilege shall function within the laws and regulations of the remote state. 20 21 I. A licensee providing audiology or speech-language 22 pathology services in a remote state is subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in accordance with due 23 process and that state's laws, remove a licensee's compact 24 privilege in the remote state for a specific period of time, impose 25 26 fines, and/or take any other necessary actions to protect the 27 health and safety of its citizens.

H.B. No. 1875 J. If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall 1 2 lose the compact privilege in any remote state until the following 3 occur: 4 The home state license is no longer encumbered; and 1. 5 Two years have elapsed from the date of the adverse 2. action. 6 7 K. Once an encumbered license in the home state is restored 8 to good standing, the licensee must meet the requirements of 9 Section 4A to obtain a compact privilege in any remote state. L. Once the requirements of Section 4J have been met, the 10 licensee must meet the requirements in Section 4A to obtain a 11 12 compact privilege in a remote state. SECTION 5. COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEHEALTH 13 14 Member states shall recognize the right of an audiologist or 15 speech-language pathologist, licensed by a home state in accordance with Section 3 and under rules promulgated by the Commission, to 16 17 practice audiology or speech-language pathology in any member state via telehealth under a privilege to practice as provided in the 18 19 Compact and rules promulgated by the Commission. SECTION 6. ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR SPOUSES 20 21 Active duty military personnel, or their spouse, shall 22 designate a home state where the individual has a current license in good standing. The individual may retain the home state 23 24 designation during the period the service member is on active duty. Subsequent to designating a home state, the individual shall only 25 26 change their home state through application for licensure in the 27 new state.

1	SECTION 7. ADVERSE ACTIONS
2	A. In addition to the other powers conferred by state law, a
3	remote state shall have the authority, in accordance with existing
4	state due process law, to:
5	1. Take adverse action against an audiologist's or
6	speech-language pathologist's privilege to practice within that
7	member state.
8	2. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and
9	investigations that require the attendance and testimony of
10	witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued
11	by a licensing board in a member state for the attendance and
12	testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another
13	member state shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of
14	competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of
15	that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending
16	before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel
17	expenses, mileage and other fees required by the service statutes
18	of the state in which the witnesses or evidence are located.
19	3. Only the home state shall have the power to take
20	adverse action against a audiologist's or speech-language
21	pathologist's license issued by the home state.
22	B. For purposes of taking adverse action, the home state
23	shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct
24	received from a member state as it would if the conduct had occurred
25	within the home state. In so doing, the home state shall apply its
26	own state laws to determine appropriate action.
27	C. The home state shall complete any pending investigations

1 of an audiologist or speech-language pathologist who changes primary state of residence during the course of the investigations. 2 The home state shall also have the authority to take appropriate 3 action(s) and shall promptly report the conclusions of the 4 5 investigations to the administrator of the data system. The administrator of the coordinated licensure information system 6 7 shall promptly notify the new home state of any adverse actions. 8 D. If otherwise permitted by state law, the member state may recover from the affected audiologist or speech-language 9 10 pathologist the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that audiologist or 11 12 speech-language pathologist. 13 E. The member state may take adverse action based on the factual findings of the remote state, provided that the member 14 state follows the member state's own procedures for taking the 15 16 adverse action. 17 F. Joint Investigations 1. In addition to the authority granted to a member 18 19 state by its respective audiology or speech-language pathology practice act or other applicable state law, any member state may 20 participate with other member states in joint investigations of 21 22 licensees. 2. Member states shall share any investigative, 23 24 litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or 25 individual investigation initiated under the Compact. 26 G. If adverse action is taken by the home state against an

27 audiologist's or speech language pathologist's license, the

1	audiologist's or speech-language pathologist's privilege to
2	practice in all other member states shall be deactivated until all
3	encumbrances have been removed from the state license. All home
4	state disciplinary orders that impose adverse action against an
5	audiologist's or speech language pathologist's license shall
6	include a statement that the audiologist's or speech-language
7	pathologist's privilege to practice is deactivated in all member
8	states during the pendency of the order.
9	H. If a member state takes adverse action, it shall promptly
10	notify the administrator of the data system. The administrator of
11	the data system shall promptly notify the home state of any adverse
12	actions by remote states.
13	I. Nothing in this Compact shall override a member state's
14	decision that participation in an alternative program may be used
15	in lieu of adverse action.
16	SECTION 8. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE
17	PATHOLOGY COMPACT COMMISSION
18	A. The Compact member states hereby create and establish a
19	joint public agency known as the Audiology and Speech-Language
20	Pathology Compact Commission:
21	1. The Commission is an instrumentality of the Compact
22	states.
23	2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or
24	against the Commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a
25	court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the
26	Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and
27	jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to

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1	participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
2	3. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a
3	waiver of sovereign immunity.
4	B. Membership, Voting and Meetings
5	1. Each member state shall have two (2) delegates
6	selected by that member state's licensing board. The delegates
7	shall be current members of the licensing board. One shall be an
8	audiologist and one shall be a speech-language pathologist.
9	2. An additional five (5) delegates, who are either a
10	public member or board administrator from a state licensing board,
11	shall be chosen by the Executive Committee from a pool of nominees
12	provided by the Commission at Large.
13	3. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from
14	office as provided by the law of the state from which the delegate
15	is appointed.
16	4. The member state board shall fill any vacancy
17	occurring on the Commission, within 90 days.
18	5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote with
19	regard to the promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall
20	otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and
21	affairs of the Commission.
22	6. A delegate shall vote in person or by other means as
23	provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates'
24	participation in meetings by telephone or other means of
25	communication.
26	7. The Commission shall meet at least once during each
27	calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the

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1	bylaws.
2	C. The Commission shall have the following powers and
3	<u>duties:</u>
4	1. Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
5	2. Establish bylaws;
6	3. Establish a Code of Ethics;
7	4. Maintain its financial records in accordance with
8	the bylaws;
9	5. Meet and take actions as are consistent with the
10	provisions of this Compact and the bylaws;
11	6. Promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and
12	coordinate implementation and administration of this Compact. The
13	rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in
14	all member states;
15	7. Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in
16	the name of the Commission, provided that the standing of any state
17	audiology or speech-language pathology licensing board to sue or be
18	sued under applicable law shall not be affected;
19	8. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
20	9. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of
21	personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a member
22	state;
23	10. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
24	compensation, define duties, grant individuals appropriate
25	authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to establish
26	the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to
27	conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other

1	related personnel matters;
2	11. Accept any and all appropriate donations and
3	grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and
4	to receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at all
5	times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety
6	and/or conflict of interest;
7	12. Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or
8	donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any
9	property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all times the
10	Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety;
11	13. Sell convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
12	abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or
13	mixed;
14	14. Establish a budget and make expenditures;
15	15. Borrow money;
16	16. Appoint committees, including standing committees
17	composed of members, and other interested persons as may be
18	designated in this Compact and the bylaws;
19	17. Provide and receive information from, and
20	cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;
21	18. Establish and elect an Executive Committee; and
22	19. Perform other functions as may be necessary or
23	appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact consistent with
24	the state regulation of audiology and speech-language pathology
25	licensure and practice.
26	D. The Executive Committee
27	The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf

1 of the Commission according to the terms of this Compact: 2 1. The Executive Committee shall be composed of ten 3 (10) members: 4 a. Seven (7) voting members who are elected by 5 the Commission from the current membership of the Commission; 6 b. Two (2) ex-officios, consisting of one nonvoting member from a recognized national audiology professional 7 8 association and one nonvoting member from a recognized national speech-language pathology association; and 9 10 c. One (1) ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized membership organization of the audiology and 11 12 speech-language pathology licensing boards. E. The ex-officio members shall be selected by their 13 respective organizations. 14 15 1. The Commission may remove any member of the 16 Executive Committee as provided in bylaws. 17 2. The Executive Committee shall meet at least 18 annually. 19 3. The Executive Committee shall have the following 20 duties and responsibilities: 21 a. Recommend to the entire Commission changes to 22 the rules or bylaws, changes to this Compact legislation, fees paid by Compact member states such as annual dues, and any commission 23 24 Compact fee charged to licensees for the compact privilege; b. Ensure Compact administration services are 25 26 appropriately provided, contractual or otherwise; 27 c. Prepare and recommend the budget;

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1	d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the
2	Commission;
3	e. Monitor Compact compliance of member states
4	and provide compliance reports to the Commission;
5	f. Establish additional committees as necessary;
6	and
7	g. Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.
8	4. Meetings of the Commission
9	All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of
10	meetings shall be given in the same manner as required under the
11	rulemaking provisions in Section 10.
12	5. The Commission or the Executive Committee or other
13	committees of the Commission may convene in a closed, non-public
14	meeting if the Commission or Executive Committee or other
15	committees of the Commission must discuss:
16	a. Non-compliance of a member state with its
17	obligations under the Compact;
18	b. The employment, compensation, discipline or
19	other matters, practices or procedures related to specific
20	employees or other matters related to the Commission's internal
21	personnel practices and procedures;
22	c. Current, threatened, or reasonably
23	anticipated litigation;
24	d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase,
25	lease, or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
26	e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally
27	censuring any person;

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1	f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or
2	financial information that is privileged or confidential;
3	g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature
4	where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
5	personal privacy;
6	h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled
7	for law enforcement purposes;
8	i. Disclosure of information related to any
9	investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the
10	Commission or other committee charged with responsibility of
11	investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the
12	Compact; or
13	j. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure
14	by federal or member state statute.
15	6. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed
16	pursuant to this provision, the Commission's legal counsel or
17	designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall
18	reference each relevant exempting provision.
19	7. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and
20	clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall
21	provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the
22	reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed.
23	All documents considered in connection with an action shall be
24	identified in minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed
25	meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority
26	vote of the Commission or order of a court of competent
27	jurisdiction.

1	8. Financing of the Commission
2	a. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the
3	payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
4	organization, and ongoing activities.
5	b. The Commission may accept any and all
6	appropriate revenue sources, donations, and grants of money,
7	equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
8	c. The Commission may levy on and collect an
9	annual assessment from each member state or impose fees on other
10	parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the
11	Commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient
12	to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue
13	is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment
14	amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by
15	the Commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all
16	member states.
17	9. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any
18	kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor
19	shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the member states,
20	except by and with the authority of the member state.
21	10. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all
22	receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the
23	Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures
24	established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and
25	disbursements of funds handled by the Commission shall be audited
26	yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report
27	of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual

1 report of the Commission.

F. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification <u>1. The members, officers, executive director,</u> <u>employees and representatives of the Commission shall be immune</u> <u>from suit and liability, either personally or in their official</u> <u>capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or</u>

7 personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of 8 any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for 9 believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, 10 duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph 11 12 shall be construed to protect any person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 13 14 intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

15 2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer, 16 executive director, employee or representative of the Commission in 17 any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the 18 scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or 19 that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable 20 basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission 21 22 employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining 23 24 his or her own counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's 25 26 intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.

27 <u>3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless</u>

1	and manhay officer execution diseator and and
1	any member, officer, executive director, employee, or
2	representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement
3	or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual
4	or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of
5	Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that person
6	had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of
7	Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that
8	the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from
9	the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
10	SECTION 9. DATA SYSTEM
11	A. The Commission shall provide for the development,
12	maintenance, and utilization of a coordinated database and
13	reporting system containing licensure, adverse action, and
14	investigative information on all licensed individuals in member
15	states.
16	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the
17	contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the data
18	system on all individuals to whom this Compact is applicable as
19	required by the rules of the Commission, including:
20	1. Identifying information;
21	2. Licensure data;
22	3. Adverse actions against a license or compact
23	privilege;
24	4. Non-confidential information related to
25	alternative program participation;
26	5. Any denial of application for licensure, and the
27	reason(s) for denial; and

H.B. No. 1875 1 6. Other information that may facilitate the 2 administration of this Compact, as determined by the rules of the 3 Commission. 4 C. Investigative information pertaining to a licensee in 5 any member state shall only be available to other member states. 6 D. The Commission shall promptly notify all member states of 7 any adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual applying for a license. Adverse action information pertaining to a 8 licensee in any member state shall be available to any other member 9 10 state. E. Member states contributing information to the data 11 12 system may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing state. 13 F. Any information submitted to the data system that is 14 15 subsequently required to be expunged by the laws of the member state contributing the information shall be removed from the data system. 16 17 SECTION 10. RULEMAKING A. The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers 18 19 pursuant to the criteria set forth in this Section and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding as 20 of the date specified in each rule or amendment. 21 B. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states 22 rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same 23 24 manner used to adopt the Compact within 4 years of the date of adoption of the rule, the rule shall have no further force and 25 26 effect in any member state. 27 C. Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a

1 regular or special meeting of the Commission. 2 D. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the Commission, and at least thirty (30) days in advance of 3 the meeting at which the rule shall be considered and voted upon, 4 5 the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking: 6 1. On the website of the Commission or other publicly accessible plat<u>form; and</u> 7 8 2. On the website of each member state audiology or speech-language pathology licensing board or other publicly 9 accessible platform or the publication in which each state would 10 otherwise publish proposed rules. 11 12 E. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include: 1. The proposed time, date, and location of the 13 14 meeting in which the rule shall be considered and voted upon; 15 2. The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the 16 reason for the proposed rule; 17 3. A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person; and 18 19 4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the Commission of their intention to attend the public 20 hearing and any written comments. 21 F. Prior to the adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission 22 shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions and 23 24 arguments, which shall be made available to the public. G. The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public 25 26 hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is 27 requested by:

1	1. At least twenty-five (25) persons;
2	2. A state or federal governmental subdivision or
3	agency; or
4	3. An association having at least twenty-five (25)
5	members.
6	H. If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment,
7	the Commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the
8	scheduled public hearing. If the hearing is held via electronic
9	means, the Commission shall publish the mechanism for access to the
10	electronic hearing.
11	1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall
12	notify the executive director of the Commission or other designated
13	member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the
14	hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled
15	date of the hearing.
16	2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing
17	each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity
18	to comment orally or in writing.
19	3. All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the
20	recording shall be made available on request.
21	4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as
22	requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for
23	the convenience of the Commission at hearings required by this
24	section.
25	I. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of
26	business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held,
27	the Commission shall consider all written and oral comments

1	received.
2	J. If no written notice of intent to attend the public
3	hearing by interested parties is received, the Commission may
4	proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public
5	hearing.
6	K. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members,
7	take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the
8	effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record
9	and the full text of the rule.
10	L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the
11	Commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior
12	notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the
13	usual rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in this
14	section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as
15	reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after
16	the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision,
17	an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order
18	<u>to:</u>
19	1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety,
20	or welfare;
21	2. Prevent a loss of Commission or member state funds;
22	or
23	3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an
24	administrative rule that is established by federal law or rule.
25	M. The Commission or an authorized committee of the
26	Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or
27	amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors

H.B. No. 1875 1 in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public 2 notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any 3 person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision 4 5 may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and 6 7 delivered to the chair of the Commission prior to the end of the 8 notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision shall take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the 9 10 revision may not take effect without the approval of the Commission. 11 12 SECTION 11. OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT 13 A. Dispute Resolution 14 1. Upon request by a member state, the Commission 15 shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the Compact that arise 16 among member states and between member and non-member states. 17 2. The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as 18 19 appropriate. 20 B. Enforcement 21 The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its 1. 22 discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this Compact. 2. By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal 23 24 action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its 25 26 principal offices against a member state in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its promulgated 27

H.B. No. 1875 1 rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive 2 relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of litigation, 3 including reasonable attorney's fees. 4 3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive 5 remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any other 6 7 remedies available under federal or state law. 8 SECTION 12. DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION 9 FOR AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY PRACTICE AND 10 ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT A. The Compact shall come into effect on the date on which 11 12 the Compact statute is enacted into law in the 10th member state. The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be 13 limited to the powers granted to the Commission relating to 14 assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the Commission 15 shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the 16 17 implementation and administration of the Compact. B. Any state that joins the Compact subsequent to the 18 19 Commission's initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the Compact becomes law in 20 that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the 21 Commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day 22 23 the Compact becomes law in that state. 24 C. Any member state may withdraw from this Compact by 25 enacting a statute repealing the same. 26 1. A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect

27 <u>until six (6) months after enactment of the repealing statute.</u>

<u>2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing</u>
 <u>requirement of the withdrawing state's audiology or</u>
 <u>speech-language pathology licensing board to comply with the</u>
 <u>investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this act</u>
 <u>prior to the effective date of withdrawal.</u>

D. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to
 invalidate or prevent any audiology or speech-language pathology
 licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a
 member state and a non-member state that does not conflict with the
 provisions of this Compact.

E. This Compact may be amended by the member states. No amendment to this Compact shall become effective and binding upon any member state until it is enacted into the laws of all member states.

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SECTION 13. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate 16 17 the purposes thereof. The provisions of this Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this 18 19 Compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any member state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any 20 government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the 21 validity of the remainder of this Compact and the applicability 22 thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not 23 24 be affected thereby. If this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any member state, the Compact shall remain in full 25 26 force and effect as to the remaining member states and in full force and effect as to the member state affected as to all severable 27

1	matters.
2	SECTION 14. BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
3	A. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law
4	of a member state that is not inconsistent with the Compact.
5	B. All laws in a member state in conflict with the Compact
6	are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
7	C. All lawful actions of the Commission, including all rules
8	and bylaws promulgated by the Commission, are binding upon the
9	member states.
10	D. All agreements between the Commission and the member
11	states are binding in accordance with their terms.
12	E. In the event any provision of the Compact exceeds the
13	constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any member
14	state, the provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the
15	conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that
16	member state.
17	Sec. 401.552. ADMINISTRATION OF COMPACT. The department is
18	the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Compact administrator
19	for this state.
20	Sec. 401.553. RULES. The commission may adopt rules
21	necessary to implement this subchapter.
22	SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.