By: Martinez Fischer

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	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to the regulation of Internet products, services, and
3	features accessed by children; providing a civil penalty.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Subtitle C, Title 5, Business & Commerce Code, is
6	amended by adding Chapter 121 to read as follows:
7	CHAPTER 121. INTERNET PRODUCTS, SERVICES, AND FEATURES ACCESSED
8	BY CHILDREN
9	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
10	Sec. 121.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
11	(1) "Child" means an individual younger than 18 years
12	of age.
13	(2) "Consumer" has the meaning assigned by Section
14	20.01.
15	(3) "Personal identifying information" has the
16	meaning assigned by Section 521.002.
17	SUBCHAPTER B. DUTIES AND PROHIBITIONS
18	Sec. 121.051. DATA PROTECTION IMPACT ASSESSMENT REQUIRED.
19	(a) Except as provided by Subsection (d), a person shall conduct a
20	data protection impact assessment to assess and mitigate risks
21	posed to a child who accesses a product, service, or feature
22	provided by the person if the person:
23	(1) provides a product, service, or feature to a
24	consumer in this state through an Internet website that is likely to

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1	be accessed by a child;
2	(2) collects a consumer's personal identifying
3	information; and
4	(3) in the preceding year:
5	(A) generated more than \$25 million in annual
6	gross revenue;
7	(B) collected or used the personal identifying
8	information of more than 50,000 consumers; or
9	(C) generated more than half of the person's
10	annual gross revenue from the collection and sale of a consumer's
11	personal identifying information.
12	(b) An assessment under this section must:
13	(1) identify:
14	(A) the purpose of the product, service, or
15	<u>feature;</u>
16	(B) the manner in which the product, service, or
17	feature uses personal identifying information; and
18	(C) any risks to children posed by the manner in
19	which the product, service, or feature uses personal identifying
20	information; and
21	(2) assess:
22	(A) whether the product, service, or feature
23	poses a risk of exposing a child to harmful content;
24	(B) whether the algorithms or advertising
25	systems used by the product, service, or feature pose a risk of
26	exposing a child to harmful content; and
27	(C) the manner in which the product, service, or

1 feature: 2 (i) uses design features to increase or 3 extend use of the product by a child; and 4 (ii) collects and processes the child's 5 personal identifying information. 6 (c) For the purposes of this section: 7 (1) a product, service, or feature is considered likely to be accessed by a child if the product, service, or 8 feature: 9 10 (A) is intended, wholly or partly, to be used by a child; 11 12 (B) is routinely accessed by children; (C) is substantially similar to another product, 13 14 service, or feature that is routinely accessed by children; 15 (D) is marketed to children; or 16 (E) has design elements that are known to interest children, including games, cartoons, music, and content 17 pertaining to celebrities of interest to children; and 18 19 (2) content is considered harmful if the content is reasonably likely to have a detrimental impact on a child's 20 physical, mental, or emotional health. 21 2.2 (d) This section does not apply to a person who: (1) is required to maintain and disseminate a privacy 23 24 policy under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. Section 1320d et seq.); or 25 26 (2) provides a product, service, or feature to a consumer through an Internet website if the product, service, or 27

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1	feature is:
2	(A) a broadband service;
3	(B) a telecommunications service; or
4	(C) a service that involves the delivery or use
5	of a physical product.
6	Sec. 121.052. IMPACT MANAGEMENT PLAN REQUIRED. A person
7	required to conduct a data protection impact assessment under
8	Section 121.051 shall develop an impact management plan to mitigate
9	or eliminate any risks identified in the assessment. The plan must
10	include defined goals and a timeline to achieve those goals.
11	Sec. 121.053. PROVISION OF ASSESSMENT TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.
12	(a) On the request of the attorney general, a person required to
13	conduct a data protection impact assessment under Section 121.051
14	shall, not later than the third business day after the person
15	receives the request, provide a list of data protection impact
16	assessments conducted by the person under Section 121.051. The
17	list must include the product, service, or feature assessed and the
18	date of the assessment.
19	(b) On the request of the attorney general, a person
20	required to conduct a data protection impact assessment under
21	Section 121.051 shall, not later than the fifth business day after
22	the person receives the request, provide a copy of a data protection
23	impact assessment conducted by the person.
24	(c) Production of a data protection impact assessment under
25	this section does not constitute a waiver of attorney-client
26	privilege or attorney work product protection.
27	Sec. 121.054. PROTECTION OF PERSONAL IDENTIFYING

1	INFORMATION. (a) A person required to conduct a data protection
2	impact assessment under Section 121.051 shall:
3	(1) estimate the age of an individual using a product,
4	service, or feature, and, in the case of a child:
5	(A) configure default settings of a product,
6	service, or feature to a high level of privacy, unless the person
7	can demonstrate a compelling reason that alternate settings are in
8	the best interest of a child; and
9	(B) provide privacy information, terms of
10	service, policies, and community standards for a product, service,
11	or feature in a clear and concise manner able to be understood by a
12	child; or
13	(2) apply the requirements of Subdivisions (1)(A) and
14	(B) to all users of the product, service, or feature.
15	(b) If a product, service, or feature allows for another
16	person to monitor or track a child, a person required to conduct a
17	data protection impact assessment under Section 121.051 shall
18	ensure the product, service, or feature provides an obvious signal
19	to a child when the product, service, or feature is monitoring or
20	tracking the child.
21	(c) A person required to conduct a data protection impact
22	assessment under Section 121.051 shall enforce any terms, policies,
23	and community standards established by the person, including any
24	policies concerning use of a product by a child.
25	(d) A person required to conduct a data protection impact
26	assessment under Section 121.051 shall provide tools to help a
27	child or the child's parent or guardian exercise privacy rights and

H.B. No. 4948 report concerns relating to privacy. A tool under this subsection 1 2 must be prominently displayed, easily accessible, and responsive to 3 requests by a child or the child's parent or guardian. 4 Sec. 121.055. IMPROPER USE OF PERSONAL IDENTIFYING 5 INFORMATION. (a) A person required to conduct a data protection impact assessment under Section 121.051 may not use a child's 6 7 personal identifying information for any purpose that is not: (1) necessary to provide a product, service, or 8 9 feature; or 10 (2) the reason for which the person collected the personal identifying information. 11 12 (b) A person required to conduct a data protection impact assessment under Section 121.051 may not use a child's personal 13 14 identifying information in a manner that could: 15 (1) expose the child to harmful content, as described 16 by Section 121.051(c); or 17 (2) be detrimental to the physical or mental health and well-being of the child. 18 19 (c) This section does not affect the ability of a person to which this chapter applies to disclose personal identifying 20 information in a manner necessary to comply with a request by a 21 22 governmental entity or law enforcement. Sec. 121.056. IMPROPER PROFILING OF CHILD. (a) In this 23 24 section, "profile" means the automated process of using personal identifying information to analyze specific aspects of an 25 26 individual's demographic characteristics. 27 (b) A person required to conduct a data protection impact

1	assessment under Section 121.051 may not profile a child unless:
2	(1) the profiling is either:
3	(A) necessary to provide a product, service, or
4	feature; or
5	(B) in the best interests of the child; and
6	(2) the person has implemented safeguards to prevent
7	the child from accessing harmful content, as described by Section
8	<u>121.051(c).</u>
9	Sec. 121.057. IMPROPER USE OF GEOLOCATION DATA. (a) A
10	person required to conduct a data protection impact assessment
11	under Section 121.051 may not collect the precise geolocation data
12	of a child unless the business's product, service, or feature
13	provides an obvious sign to the child for the duration of the
14	collection process that the child's precise geolocation data is
15	being collected.
16	(b) A person required to conduct a data protection impact
17	assessment under Section 121.051 may not collect, use, or sell the
18	precise geolocation data of a child unless the collection, use, or
19	sale is necessary for the person to provide a product, service, or
20	feature to the child.
21	Sec. 121.058. USE OF DECEPTIVE DESIGN ELEMENTS PROHIBITED.
22	A person required to conduct a data protection impact assessment
23	under Section 121.051 may not use deceptive design elements
24	intended to induce a child to provide more personal identifying
25	information than is necessary under this chapter.
26	SUBCHAPTER C. DATA PROTECTION WORK GROUP
27	Sec. 121.101. DATA PROTECTION WORK GROUP. (a) In this

1 section, "work group" means the work group established under this 2 section. (b) The consumer protection division of the attorney 3 general's office shall establish a work group to promote business 4 5 practices that protect the personal identifying information of consumers. The work group consists of: 6 7 (1) two members appointed by the governor; 8 (2) two members appointed by the lieutenant governor; 9 two members appointed by the speaker of the house (3) of representatives; and 10 (4) two members appointed by the attorney general. 11 12 (c) To be eligible to serve as a member of the work group, a person must have expertise in two or more of the following areas: 13 14 children's data privacy; 15 (2) physical health; 16 (3) mental health and well-being; 17 (4) computer science; or (5) children's rights. 18 19 (d) A member of the work group receives no compensation for serving on the work group but may be reimbursed for travel or other 20 21 expenses incurred while conducting the business of the work group. 22 (e) The work group shall solicit input from stakeholders and prepare recommendations for the legislature on ways to protect the 23 24 personal identifying information of children in this state. 25 (f) Not later than January 1 of each odd-numbered year, the 26 work group shall submit to the legislature a report of the work group's findings and recommendations. The report must: 27

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(2) evaluate and prioritize the best interests of children; (3) evaluate the manner in which the best interests of children may be furthered by the products in Subdivision (1); (4) evaluate whether the risks posed by the products in Subdivision (1) are proportional to the safeguards put in place by businesses; (5) suggest ways to assess and mitigate risks to children that arise from the products identified under Subdivision (1); and (6) identify best methods of publishing privacy information, terms of service, policies, and community standards for a product in a clear and concise manner able to be understood by a child. (q) This section expires on January 1, 2033. SUBCHAPTER D. ENFORCEMENT Sec. 121.151. CIVIL PENALTY. (a) A person who violates

identify products likely to be used by children;

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Sec. 121.151. CIVIL PENALTY. (a) A person who violates this chapter is liable to the state for a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed: (1) \$2,500 for each child exposed to harmful content as described by Section 121.051(c) as a result of a negligent violation; and (2) \$7,500 for each child exposed to harmful content

25 <u>as described by Section 121.051(c) as a result of an intentional</u> 26 <u>violation.</u>

27 (b) The attorney general may bring suit to recover a civil

H.B. No. 4948 penalty imposed under this section. The attorney general may 1 2 recover attorney's fees and costs incurred in bringing an action 3 under this section. (c) The action may <u>be brought in a district court in:</u> 4 5 (1) Travis County; or 6 (2) a county in which any part of the violation or 7 threatened violation occurs. 8 (d) The attorney general shall deposit a civil penalty collected under this section in the state treasury to the credit of 9 10 the general revenue fund. Sec. 121.152. REQUIRED NOTICE. (a) If a person 11 who 12 violates this chapter is in substantial compliance with the requirements under Sections 121.051, 121.052, and 121.053, the 13 14 attorney general shall, before bringing suit under Section 121.151, 15 issue a notice to the person identifying the provisions of this chapter that the attorney general alleges to have been violated by 16 17 the person. (b) It shall be a complete defense to suit under Section 18 19 121.151 if, not later than the 90th day after receiving a notice under Subsection (a), a person cures any violation of this chapter 20 21 and provides notice to the attorney general of the measures taken to 22 cure the violation and prevent further violations. Sec. 121.153. NO PRIVATE CAUSE OF ACTION. Nothing in this 23 24 chapter may be construed to create a private cause of action for a violation of this chapter. 25 26 Sec. 121.154. RULES. The attorney general shall adopt 27 rules to implement this chapter.

1 SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.