By: Leach

H.J.R. No. 122

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment to increase the amount of the exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by a school district and to adjust the amount of the limitation on school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect increases in the exemption amount.

7 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

8 SECTION 1. Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII, Texas 9 Constitution, are amended to read as follows:

(c) The amount of 65,000 [of the market value of 10 11 the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including 12 one living alone, is exempt from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary public school purposes. The legislature 13 by general law may provide that all or part of the exemption does 14 not apply to a district or political subdivision that imposes ad 15 valorem taxes for public education purposes but is not the 16 principal school district providing general elementary 17 and secondary public education throughout its territory. In addition 18 to this exemption, the legislature by general law may exempt an 19 amount not to exceed \$10,000 of the market value of the residence 20 21 homestead of a person who is disabled as defined in Subsection (b) of this section and of a person 65 years of age or older from ad 22 23 valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary public school purposes. The legislature by general law may base the amount of and 24

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1 condition eligibility for the additional exemption authorized by this subsection for disabled persons and for persons 65 years of age 2 3 or older on economic need. An eligible disabled person who is 65 years of age or older may not receive both exemptions from a school 4 district but may choose either. An eligible person is entitled to 5 receive both the exemption required by this subsection for all 6 residence homesteads and any exemption adopted pursuant 7 to 8 Subsection (b) of this section, but the legislature shall provide by general law whether an eligible disabled or elderly person may 9 10 receive both the additional exemption for the elderly and disabled authorized by this subsection and any exemption for the elderly or 11 disabled adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section. Where 12 ad valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, 13 14 the taxing officers of a school district may continue to levy and 15 collect the tax against the value of homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy 16 17 would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was The legislature shall provide for formulas to protect 18 created. 19 school districts against all or part of the revenue loss incurred by the implementation of this subsection, Subsection (d) of this 20 section, and Section 1-d-1 of this article. The legislature by 21 general law may define residence homestead for purposes of this 22 23 section.

(d) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if a
person receives a residence homestead exemption prescribed by
Subsection (c) of this section for homesteads of persons who are 65
years of age or older or who are disabled, the total amount of ad

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1 valorem taxes imposed on that homestead for general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it 2 3 remains the residence homestead of that person or that person's spouse who receives the exemption. If a person who is 65 years of 4 age or older or who is disabled dies in a year in which the person 5 received the exemption, the total amount of ad valorem taxes 6 imposed on the homestead for general elementary and secondary 7 8 public school purposes may not be increased while it remains the residence homestead of that person's surviving spouse if the spouse 9 is 55 years of age or older at the time of the person's death, 10 subject to any exceptions provided by general law. 11 The legislature, by general law, may provide for the transfer of all or 12 a proportionate amount of a limitation provided by this subsection 13 14 for a person who qualifies for the limitation and establishes a 15 different residence homestead. However, taxes otherwise limited by this subsection may be increased to the extent the value of the 16 17 homestead is increased by improvements other than repairs or improvements made to comply with governmental requirements and 18 except as may be consistent with the transfer of a limitation under 19 this subsection. For a residence homestead subject to the 20 limitation provided by this subsection in the 1996 tax year or an 21 earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in 22 23 the amount of the limitation for the 1997 tax year and subsequent 24 tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 1997 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school purposes 25 26 applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 2014 27

1 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2015 tax year and 2 3 subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 2015 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school 4 purposes applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence 5 homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in 6 the 2022 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall 7 8 provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2024 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$15,000 9 multiplied by the 2022 tax rate for general elementary and 10 secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence 11 12 homestead. For a residence homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 2023 tax year or an earlier tax 13 year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in the amount of 14 15 the limitation for the 2024 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$25,000 multiplied by the 2024 tax rate for general 16 17 elementary and secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence homestead. 18 19 SECTION 2. The following temporary provision is added to the Texas Constitution: 20 21 TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies 22 to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 88th Legislature,

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23 <u>Regular Session, 2023, to increase the amount of the exemption of</u>
24 <u>residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by a school district</u>
25 <u>and to adjust the amount of the limitation on school district ad</u>
26 <u>valorem taxes imposed on the residence homesteads of the elderly or</u>
27 disabled to reflect increases in the exemption amount.

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(b) The amendments to Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII,
 of this constitution take effect for the tax year beginning January
 1, 2024.

4 (c) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2025. SECTION 3. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be 5 6 submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 7, 2023. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the 7 8 proposition: "The constitutional amendment to increase the amount of the exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation 9 by a school district and to adjust the amount of the limitation on 10 school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence 11 homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect increases in the 12 exemption amount." 13