By: Blanco S.B. No. 2253

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to addressing abusive conduct in the workplace; creating a
3	private right of action.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. The heading to Subtitle A, Title 2, Labor Code,
6	is amended to read as follows:
7	SUBTITLE A. EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION AND ABUSIVE CONDUCT IN THE
8	WORKPLACE
9	SECTION 2. Subtitle A, Title 2, Labor Code, is amended by
10	adding Chapter 24 to read as follows:
11	CHAPTER 24. ABUSIVE CONDUCT IN WORKPLACE
12	Sec. 24.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
13	(1) "Abusive conduct" includes an act or omission that
14	a reasonable person would find abusive based on the severity,
15	nature, and frequency of the conduct. The term includes:
16	(A) repeated verbal abuse, including the use of
17	derogatory remarks, insults, and epithets;
18	(B) repeated verbal, nonverbal, or physical
19	conduct of a threatening, intimidating, or humiliating nature;
20	(C) repeated sabotage or undermining of an
21	employee's work performance; and
22	(D) a single act of abusive conduct that is
23	especially severe and egregious.
24	(2) "Abusive work environment" means a work

- 1 environment in which an employer or an employee, acting with intent
- 2 to cause pain or distress, subjects an employee to abusive conduct
- 3 that causes physical harm or psychological harm.
- 4 (3) "Adverse employment action" includes termination,
- 5 demotion, unfavorable reassignment, failure to promote,
- 6 disciplinary action, reduction in compensation, and constructive
- 7 <u>discharge</u>.
- 8 (4) "Constructive discharge" occurs when:
- 9 (A) an employee reasonably believes the employee
- 10 <u>has been subjected to an abusive work environment;</u>
- 11 (B) the employee resigns because of the abusive
- 12 work environment; and
- 13 (C) the employer was aware of the abusive work
- 14 environment before the employee resigns but failed to stop the
- 15 <u>abusive conduct.</u>
- 16 (5) "Physical harm" means the impairment of a person's
- 17 physical health or bodily integrity, as established by competent
- 18 evidence.
- 19 (6) "Psychological harm" means the impairment of a
- 20 person's mental health, as established by competent evidence.
- Sec. 24.002. UNLAWFUL EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES. An employer
- 22 commits an unlawful employment practice if the employer:
- 23 (1) subjects an employee, or permits another employee
- 24 to subject the employee, to an abusive work environment;
- 25 (2) permits the constructive discharge of an employee;
- 26 or
- 27 (3) retaliates in any manner against an employee who,

1	under this chapter:
2	(A) opposes an unlawful employment practice;
3	(B) makes or files a charge;
4	(C) files a complaint; or
5	(D) testifies, assists, or participates in any
6	manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing.
7	Sec. 24.003. EMPLOYER LIABILITY; DEFENSES. (a) An employer
8	is liable for an unlawful employment practice under this chapter.
9	(b) An employer is vicariously liable for the abusive
10	conduct of an employee.
11	(c) A court shall consider abusive conduct that exploits an
12	employee's known psychological or physical illness or disability as
13	an aggravating factor.
14	(d) It is a defense to liability under this section that:
15	(1) the employer did not take an adverse employment
16	action against the complainant and:
17	(A) the employer exercised reasonable care to
18	prevent and promptly correct abusive conduct; and
19	(B) the complainant unreasonably failed to take
20	advantage of appropriate preventive or corrective opportunities
21	provided by the employer; or
22	(2) the employer took an adverse employment action
23	against the complainant because of:
24	(A) the complainant's poor performance or
25	misconduct; or
26	(B) the employer's economic necessity,
27	reasonable performance evaluation of the complainant or

reasonable investigation of the complainant's potentially illegal 1 2 or unethical activity. Sec. 24.004. EMPLOYEE LIABILITY; DEFENSE. (a) An employee 3 is individually liable for abusive conduct under this chapter. 4 5 (b) A court shall consider abusive conduct that exploits an employee's known psychological or physical illness or disability as 6 7 an aggravating factor. 8 (c) It is a defense to liability that the employee committed the abusive conduct at the direction of the employer under actual or 9 10 implied threat of an adverse employment action. Sec. 24.005. INJUNCTION; EQUITABLE RELIEF. (a) On finding 11 12 that a respondent engaged in an unlawful employment practice or abusive conduct as alleged in a complaint, a court may: 13 (1) prohibit by injunction the respondent from 14 15 engaging in an unlawful employment practice or abusive conduct; and 16 (2) order additional equitable relief as may be 17 appropriate. (b) Additional equitable relief may include: 18 19 (1) reinstating the complainant; (2) removing the party that engaged in abusive conduct 20 from the complainant's work environment; 21 22 (3) back pay;

(6) compensation for pain and suffering;

(7) compensation for emotional distress;

(4) front pay;

medical expenses;

(8) punitive damages; and

(5)

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- 1 (9) attorney's fees.
- 2 (c) An employer who is liable for an unlawful employment
- 3 practice under this chapter that does not include an adverse
- 4 employment action is not liable for emotional distress damages and
- 5 punitive damages unless the actionable conduct is extreme and
- 6 outrageous.
- 7 Sec. 24.006. PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION; LIMITATIONS. (a)
- 8 This chapter may only be enforced by a private right of action.
- 9 (b) An action under this chapter must be commenced not later
- 10 than the first anniversary of the last act that constitutes the
- 11 alleged unlawful employment practice or abusive conduct.
- 12 Sec. 24.007. EFFECT ON OTHER LEGAL RELATIONSHIPS. (a) This
- 13 chapter does not supersede rights and obligations provided under
- 14 collective bargaining laws and regulations.
- 15 (b) The remedies provided in this chapter are in addition to
- 16 any remedy provided under any other law. This chapter does not
- 17 relieve any person from any liability, duty, penalty, or punishment
- 18 provided by any other law.
- 19 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), an employee's payments
- 20 of workers' compensation shall be reimbursed from compensation paid
- 21 under this chapter if an employee receives workers' compensation
- 22 under this chapter and Subtitle A, Title 5:
- 23 (1) for medical costs for the same injury or illness;
- 24 or
- 25 (2) in cash payments for the same period the employee
- 26 is not working as a result of the compensable injury or illness or
- 27 the unlawful employment practice or abusive conduct.

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- 1 SECTION 3. The change in law made by this Act applies only
- 2 to a cause of action that accrues on or after the effective date of
- 3 this Act. A cause of action that accrues before the effective date
- 4 of this Act is governed by the law in effect immediately before that
- 5 date, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 6 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2023.