By: Troxclair

H.B. No. 229

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to general definitions for and collection of governmental 3 information regarding biological sex. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. FINDINGS. The legislature finds that: (1) males 6 and females possess unique immutable 7 biological differences that manifest prior to birth and increase as 8 individuals age and experience puberty; 9 (2) biological differences between the sexes mean that only females are able to get pregnant, give birth, and breastfeed 10 11 children; biological differences between the sexes mean that 12 (3) males are, on average, bigger, stronger, and faster than females; 13 14 (4) biological differences between the sexes leave females more physically vulnerable than males to specific forms of 15 16 violence, including sexual violence; females have historically suffered discrimination 17 (5) in education, athletics, and employment; 18 (6) biological differences between the sexes 19 are 20 enduring and may, in some circumstances, warrant the creation of 21 separate social, educational, athletic, or other spaces in order to 22 ensure individuals' safety and allow members of each sex to succeed 23 and thrive: (7) 24 inconsistencies in court rulings and policy

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1 initiatives with regard to the definitions of "sex," "male,"
2 "female," "man," and "woman" have led to endangerment of single-sex
3 spaces and resources, necessitating clarification of certain
4 terms;

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(8) in the context of biological sex:(A) "equal" does not mean "same" or "identical";

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and

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(B) separate is not inherently unequal;

9 (9) there are legitimate reasons to distinguish 10 between the sexes with respect to athletics, prisons and other 11 correctional facilities, domestic violence shelters, rape crisis 12 centers, locker rooms, restrooms, and other areas where biology, 13 safety, or privacy are implicated; and

14 (10) policies and laws that distinguish between the 15 sexes are subject to intermediate constitutional scrutiny, which 16 forbids unfair discrimination against similarly situated males and 17 females but allows the law to distinguish between the sexes where 18 such distinctions are substantially related to important 19 governmental objectives.

20 SECTION 2. Section 311.005, Government Code, is amended by 21 adding Subdivisions (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), and (20) to 22 read as follows:

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(14) "Boy" means a child of the male sex.(15) "Father" means a parent of the male sex.

25 (16) "Female" and "woman" mean an individual whose
 26 biological reproductive system is developed to produce ova.

27 (17) "Girl" means a child of the female sex.

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1	(18) "Male" and "man" mean an individual who
2	biological reproductive system is developed to fertilize the ova
3	<u>a female.</u>
4	(19) "Mother" means a parent of the female sex.
5	(20) "Sex" means an individual's biological se
6	either male or female.
7	SECTION 3. Chapter 2051, Government Code, is amended
8	adding Subchapter G to read as follows:
9	SUBCHAPTER G. VITAL STATISTICS INFORMATION COLLECTION
10	Sec. 2051.251. DEFINITION. In this subchapte:
11	"governmental entity" has the meaning assigned by Section 2051.04
12	Sec. 2051.252. VITAL STATISTICS INFORMATION COLLECTION
13	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY. A governmental entity that collects vit
14	statistics information that identifies the sex of an individual for
15	the purpose of complying with antidiscrimination laws or for the
16	purpose of gathering public health, crime, economic, or other da
17	shall identify each individual as either male or female.
18	SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.

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