

By: Spiller

H.B. No. 1425

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to a period of prayer and reading of the Bible or other religious text in public schools.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Subchapter C, Chapter 25, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 25.0823 to read as follows:

Sec. 25.0823. PERIOD OF PRAYER AND READING OF BIBLE OR OTHER RELIGIOUS TEXT. (a) The board of trustees of a school district or the governing body of an open-enrollment charter school that is not operated by or affiliated with a religious organization may by record vote on a resolution described by Subsection (a-1) adopt a policy requiring every campus of the district or school to provide students and employees with an opportunity to participate in a period of prayer and reading of the Bible or other religious text on each school day in accordance with this section.

(a-1) A resolution to adopt a policy under Subsection (a) must read as follows:

"The (insert name of school district or open-enrollment charter school) shall adopt a policy requiring every campus of (insert name of district or school) to provide a period of prayer and reading of the Bible or other religious text as provided by Section 25.0823, Education Code."

(b) A policy adopted under Subsection (a) must prohibit:

(1) a student or employee of the school district or

1 open-enrollment charter school from being permitted to participate  
2 in the period of prayer and reading of the Bible or other religious  
3 text unless the employee or parent or guardian of the student  
4 submits to the district or school a signed consent form that  
5 includes:

6 (A) an acknowledgment that the student or  
7 employee has a choice as to whether to participate in the period of  
8 prayer and reading of the Bible or other religious text;

9 (B) a statement that the person has no objection  
10 to the student's or employee's participation in or hearing of the  
11 prayers or readings offered during the period; and

12 (C) an express waiver of the person's right to  
13 bring a claim under state or federal law arising out of the adoption  
14 of a policy under this section, including a claim under the  
15 Establishment Clause of the First Amendment to the United States  
16 Constitution or a related state or federal law, releasing the  
17 district or school and district or school employees from liability  
18 for those claims brought in state or federal court;

19 (2) the provision of a prayer or reading of the Bible  
20 or other religious text over a public address system; and

21 (3) a period of prayer and reading of the Bible or  
22 other religious text from interfering with or being provided as a  
23 substitute for instructional time.

24 (c) An employee or parent or guardian of a student may  
25 revoke the person's consent provided under Subsection (b)(1) by  
26 informing the appropriate school administrator, as determined by  
27 the school district or open-enrollment charter school. An employee

1 or student for whom consent has been revoked under this subsection:

2 (1) may not participate in the period of prayer and  
3 reading of the Bible or other religious text until the employee or  
4 parent or guardian of the student submits to the district or school  
5 a new consent form under Subsection (b)(1); and

6 (2) remains bound by the waiver described by  
7 Subsection (b)(1)(C).

8 (d) A policy adopted under Subsection (a):

9 (1) must include provisions ensuring a prayer or  
10 reading of the Bible or other religious text is not provided in the  
11 physical presence of, within the hearing of, or in another manner  
12 which would constitute an injury in fact within the meaning of the  
13 United States or Texas Constitution on a person for whom a signed  
14 consent form has not been submitted under Subsection (b)(1) or has  
15 been revoked under Subsection (c); and

16 (2) in order to comply with this subsection, may  
17 require that the period of prayer and reading of the Bible or other  
18 religious text be provided:

19 (A) before normal school hours;

20 (B) only in classrooms or other areas in which a  
21 consent form under Subsection (b)(1) has been submitted for every  
22 employee and student, which may include an entire district or  
23 school campus if a consent form has been submitted for each employee  
24 and student at the campus; or

25 (C) by any other method recommended by the  
26 attorney general or legal counsel for the district or school.

27 (e) The attorney general, on request from the board of

1 trustees of a school district or the governing body of an  
2 open-enrollment charter school, shall:

3 (1) provide advice on best methods for a district or  
4 school to comply with the requirements of this section;

5 (2) provide a model consent form that may be used for  
6 purposes of providing consent under Subsection (b)(1); and

7 (3) defend the district or school in a cause of action  
8 arising out of the adoption of a policy under Subsection (a).

9 (f) If the attorney general defends a district or school  
10 under Subsection (e)(3), the state is liable for the expenses,  
11 costs, judgments, or settlements of the claims arising out of the  
12 representation. The attorney general may settle or compromise any  
13 and all claims under this subsection. The state may not be liable  
14 for any expenses, costs, judgments, or settlements of any claims  
15 arising out of the adoption of a policy under Subsection (a) against  
16 a district or school not being represented by the attorney general.

17 (g) Regardless of whether the board of trustees of a school  
18 district or the governing body of an open-enrollment charter school  
19 adopts a policy under Subsection (a), this section does not  
20 prohibit a student or employee of the district or school from  
21 participating in prayer or reading the Bible or other religious  
22 text during a period of the school day that is not designated as a  
23 period of prayer and reading of the Bible or other religious text.

24 SECTION 2. Section 25.901, Education Code, is amended to  
25 read as follows:

26 Sec. 25.901. EXERCISE OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO PRAY. A  
27 public school student has an absolute right to individually,

1 voluntarily, and silently pray or meditate in school in a manner  
2 that does not disrupt the instructional or other activities of the  
3 school. A person may not require~~[, encourage,]~~ or coerce a student  
4 to engage in or refrain from such prayer or meditation during any  
5 school activity.

6 SECTION 3. Not later than six months after the effective  
7 date of this Act, each board of trustees of a school district and  
8 each governing body of an open-enrollment charter school shall take  
9 a record vote on whether to adopt a resolution described by Section  
10 25.0823(a-1), Education Code, as added by this Act.

11 SECTION 4. This Act applies beginning with the 2025-2026  
12 school year.

13 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives  
14 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as  
15 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this  
16 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this  
17 Act takes effect September 1, 2025.