By: Eckhardt S.B. No. 352

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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relating to certain proceedings or procedures involving the

- disposition of certain contraband or abandoned or unclaimed 3
- 4 property.

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- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5
- SECTION 1. Article 18.17(d-1), Code of Criminal Procedure, 6
- is amended to read as follows: 7
- (d-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), (b), (c), or (d), if 8
- 9 property described by Subsection (a), other than money, is seized
- by a peace officer at the time the owner of the property is arrested 10
- 11 for an offense punishable as a Class C misdemeanor, the law
- 12 enforcement agency shall [may] provide notice to the owner at the
- time the owner is taken into or released from custody. On 13
- 14 receiving the notice, the owner must sign the notice and attach a
- thumbprint to the notice. The notice must include: 15
- 16 a description of the property being held;
- (2) the address where the property is being held; and 17
- a statement that if the owner does not claim the 18 (3)
- property before the 31st day after the date the owner is released 19
- 20 from custody, the property will be disposed of and the proceeds of
- 21 the property, after deducting the reasonable expense of keeping and
- disposing of the property, will be placed in the treasury of the 22
- 23 municipality or county providing the notice.
- SECTION 2. Articles 18.18(b), (e), (f), and (g), Code of 24

1 Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

- 2 If there is no prosecution or conviction following 3 seizure, the magistrate to whom the return was made shall notify in writing the person found in possession of the alleged gambling 4 5 device or equipment, altered gambling equipment or gambling paraphernalia, gambling proceeds, prohibited weapon, 6 material, child pornography, scanning device 7 device or re-encoder, criminal instrument, or dog-fighting equipment that 8 the state may initiate a proceeding to destroy or forfeit the 9 property seized and that the person may contest the destruction or 10 forfeiture by appearing before the magistrate on the 30th day after 11 12 the date the notice was posted [to show cause why the property seized should not be destroyed or the proceeds forfeited]. 13 magistrate, on the motion of the law enforcement agency seizing a 14 prohibited weapon, shall order the weapon destroyed or forfeited to 15 the law enforcement agency seizing the weapon, unless a person 16 shows cause as to why the prohibited weapon should not be destroyed 17 or forfeited. A law enforcement agency shall make a motion under 18 19 this section in a timely manner after the time at which the agency 20 is informed in writing by the attorney representing the state that no prosecution will arise from the seizure. 21
- Any person interested in the alleged gambling device or equipment, altered gambling equipment or gambling paraphernalia, 23 gambling proceeds, prohibited weapon, obscene device or material, child pornography, scanning device or re-encoder, 26 instrument, or dog-fighting equipment seized must appear before the magistrate on the 30th [20th] day following the date the notice was 27

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- 1 mailed or posted. Failure to timely appear forfeits any interest
- 2 the person may have in the property or proceeds seized, and no
- 3 person after failing to timely appear may contest destruction or
- 4 forfeiture.
- 5 (f) If a person timely appears before the magistrate in accordance with Subsection (e) [to show cause why the property or 6 proceeds should not be destroyed or forfeited], the magistrate 7 shall conduct a hearing <u>regarding</u> whether the property or proceeds 8 should be destroyed or forfeited [on the issue] and determine the 9 10 nature of property or proceeds and the person's therein. The state has the burden of proving that the state is 11 12 entitled to destroy or forfeit the property or proceeds by proving [Unless the person proves] by a preponderance of the evidence that 13 the property or proceeds are [is not] gambling equipment, altered 14 15 gambling equipment, gambling paraphernalia, a gambling device, gambling proceeds, \underline{a} prohibited weapon, \underline{an} obscene device or 16 material, child pornography, a criminal instrument, a scanning 17 device or re-encoder, or dog-fighting equipment. If the state 18 19 proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the state is entitled to destroy or forfeit the property or proceeds [and that he is 20 entitled to possession], the magistrate shall dispose of the 21 property or proceeds in accordance with Subsection [Paragraph] (a) 22 23 [of this article]. If the state fails to prove by a preponderance 24 of the evidence that the state is entitled to destroy or forfeit the property or proceeds, the property or proceeds, including the 25 26 interest earned on the proceeds if the proceeds were deposited in an interest-bearing bank account under Article 18.183(a)(1), must be 27

- 1 returned to the interested party not later than the 61st day after
- 2 the date of the magistrate's ruling.
- 3 (q) For purposes of this article:
- 4 (1) "criminal instrument" has the meaning defined in
- 5 the Penal Code;
- 6 (2) "gambling device or equipment, altered gambling
- 7 equipment or gambling paraphernalia" has the meaning defined in the
- 8 Penal Code;
- 9 (3) "gambling proceeds" means:
- 10 (A) proceeds gained from the commission of an
- 11 offense under Chapter 47, Penal Code; and
- 12 (B) property acquired with proceeds described by
- 13 Paragraph (A);
- 14 (4) "prohibited weapon" has the meaning defined in the
- 15 Penal Code;
- 16 (5) [(4)] "dog-fighting equipment" means:
- 17 (A) equipment used for training or handling a
- 18 fighting dog, including a harness, treadmill, cage, decoy, pen,
- 19 house for keeping a fighting dog, feeding apparatus, or training
- 20 pen;
- 21 (B) equipment used for transporting a fighting
- 22 dog, including any automobile, or other vehicle, and its
- 23 appurtenances which are intended to be used as a vehicle for
- 24 transporting a fighting dog;
- (C) equipment used to promote or advertise an
- 26 exhibition of dog fighting, including a printing press or similar
- 27 equipment, paper, ink, or photography equipment; or

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- 1 (D) a dog trained, being trained, or intended to
- 2 be used to fight with another dog;
- 3 (6) $[\frac{(5)}{(5)}]$ "obscene device" and "obscene" have the
- 4 meanings assigned by Section 43.21, Penal Code;
- 5 (7) $[\frac{(6)}{(6)}]$ "re-encoder" has the meaning assigned by
- 6 Section 522.001, Business & Commerce Code;
- 7 (8) [(7)] "scanning device" has the meaning assigned
- 8 by Section 522.001, Business & Commerce Code; and
- 9 (9) [(8)] "obscene material" and "child pornography"
- 10 include digital images and the media and equipment on which those
- 11 images are stored.
- 12 SECTION 3. Article 18.183, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 14 Art. 18.183. DEPOSIT OR STORAGE OF MONEY PENDING
- 15 DISPOSITION; CIVIL ACTION. (a) If money is seized by a law
- 16 enforcement agency in connection with a violation of Chapter 47,
- 17 Penal Code, the state or the political subdivision of the state that
- 18 employs the law enforcement agency:
- 19 (1) may deposit the money in an interest-bearing bank
- 20 account in the jurisdiction of the agency that made seizure or in
- 21 the county in which the money was seized until a final judgment is
- 22 rendered concerning the violation or in a forfeiture proceeding
- 23 under Article 18.18 arising out of the violation; and
- 24 (2) if the money is not deposited in an
- 25 interest-bearing bank account under Subdivision (1), shall deposit
- 26 or store the money in a readily accessible and secure manner until a
- 27 final judgment is rendered concerning the violation or in a

- 1 <u>forfeiture proceeding under Article 18.18</u> arising out of the
- 2 violation.
- 3 (b) If a final judgment is rendered concerning a violation
- 4 of Chapter 47, Penal Code, or in a forfeiture proceeding under
- 5 Article 18.18 arising out of the violation, money seized in
- 6 connection with the violation that has been placed in an
- 7 interest-bearing bank account shall be distributed according to
- 8 this chapter, with any interest being distributed in the same
- 9 manner and used for the same purpose as the principal.
- 10 <u>(c) If the state or a political subdivision of the state</u>
- 11 fails to comply with Subsection (a)(2), a person may bring a civil
- 12 action against the state or the political subdivision for damages
- 13 <u>incurred by the failure.</u> Sovereign immunity of this state and
- 14 governmental immunity of a political subdivision to suit and from
- 15 liability are waived to the extent of liability created by this
- 16 <u>subsection</u>.
- 17 SECTION 4. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to
- 18 property or proceeds seized on or after the effective date of this
- 19 Act. Property or proceeds seized before the effective date of this
- 20 Act are governed by the law in effect on the date the property or
- 21 proceeds were seized, and the former law is continued in effect for
- 22 that purpose. For purposes of this section, property or proceeds
- 23 were seized before the effective date of this Act if any portion of
- 24 the property or proceeds were seized before that date.
- 25 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.