By: Hughes S.B. No. 687

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to liability for land surveying services in or connection with certain construction or services contracts. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. Section 130.001, Civil Practice and Remedies 5 Code, is amended to read as follows: 6 Sec. 130.001. <u>DEFINITIONS</u> [DEFINITION]. In this chapter: 7 (1) "Construction ["construction"] contract" means a 8 9 contract or agreement made and entered into by an owner, subcontractor, registered architect, licensed 10 contractor, 11 engineer, land surveyor, or supplier concerning the design, 12 construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of a building, structure, appurtenance, road, highway, bridge, dam, levee, or 13

16 (2) "Land surveyor" means a registered professional

demolition, and excavation connected with the real property.

other improvement to or on real property, including moving,

- 17 <u>land surveyor or licensed state land surveyor as those terms are</u>
- 18 <u>defined by Section 1071.002</u>, Occupations Code.
- 19 SECTION 2. Sections 130.002(a), (b), (c), (d), and (f),
- 20 Civil Practice and Remedies Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 21 (a) A covenant or promise in, in connection with, or
- 22 collateral to a construction contract is void and unenforceable if
- 23 the covenant or promise provides for a contractor who is to perform
- 24 the work that is the subject of the construction contract to

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- 1 indemnify or hold harmless a registered architect, licensed
- 2 engineer, or land surveyor, or an agent, servant, or employee of a
- 3 registered architect, [or] licensed engineer, or land surveyor from
- 4 liability for damage that:
- 5 (1) is caused by or results from:
- 6 (A) defects in plans, designs, or specifications
- 7 prepared, approved, or used by the architect, [or] engineer, or
- 8 land surveyor; or
- 9 (B) negligence of the architect, [or] engineer,
- 10 or land surveyor in the rendition or conduct of professional duties
- 11 called for or arising out of the construction contract and the
- 12 plans, designs, or specifications that are a part of the
- 13 construction contract; and
- 14 (2) arises from:
- 15 (A) personal injury or death;
- 16 (B) property injury; or
- 17 (C) any other expense that arises from personal
- 18 injury, death, or property injury.
- 19 (b) A covenant or promise in, in connection with, or
- 20 collateral to a construction contract other than a contract for a
- 21 single family or multifamily residence is void and unenforceable if
- 22 the covenant or promise provides for a registered architect $_{\underline{\prime}}$ [or]
- 23 licensed engineer, or land surveyor whose engineering, [ex]
- 24 architectural, or land surveying design services are the subject of
- 25 the construction contract to indemnify or hold harmless an owner or
- 26 owner's agent or employee from liability for damage that is caused
- 27 by or results from the negligence of an owner or an owner's agent or

- 1 employee.
- 2 (c) Except as provided by Subsection (d), (e), or (f), a covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a 3 construction contract for engineering, [or] architectural, or land 4 surveying services related to an improvement to real property is 5 void and unenforceable to the extent the covenant or promise 6 provides that a licensed engineer, [or] registered architect, or 7 land surveyor must defend a party, including a third party, against a claim based wholly or partly on the negligence of, fault of, or 9 breach of contract by the owner, the owner's agent, the owner's 10 employee, or another entity over which the owner exercises 11 12 control. A covenant or promise in, in connection with, collateral to a contract for engineering, [or] architectural, or 13 land surveying services related to an improvement to real property 14 15 may provide for the reimbursement of an owner's reasonable attorney's fees in proportion to the engineer's, [or] architect's, 16 17 or land surveyor's liability.
- (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (c), an owner that is a party 18 a contract for engineering, [or] architectural, or land 19 surveying services related to an improvement to real property may 20 require in the contract that the engineer, [ex] architect, or land 21 surveyor name the owner as an additional insured under any of the 22 engineer's, [ex] architect's, or land surveyor's insurance coverage 23 24 to the extent additional insureds are allowed under the policy and provide any defense to the owner provided by the policy to a named 25 26 insured.
- 27 (f) Subsection (c) does not apply to a covenant to defend a

- 1 party, including a third party, for a claim of negligent hiring of
- 2 the architect, [or] engineer, or land surveyor.
- 3 SECTION 3. The heading to Section 130.0021, Civil Practice
- 4 and Remedies Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 130.0021. ARCHITECT'S, [OR] ENGINEER'S, OR LAND
- 6 SURVEYOR'S STANDARD OF CARE.
- 7 SECTION 4. Sections 130.0021(a) and (b), Civil Practice and
- 8 Remedies Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 9 (a) A construction contract for architectural, [or]
- 10 engineering, or land surveying services or a contract related to
- 11 the construction or repair of an improvement to real property that
- 12 contains architectural, [or] engineering, or land surveying
- 13 services as a component part must require that the architectural,
- 14 [er] engineering, or land surveying services be performed with the
- 15 professional skill and care ordinarily provided by competent
- 16 architects, [or] engineers, or land surveyors practicing under the
- 17 same or similar circumstances and professional license.
- 18 (b) If a contract described by Subsection (a) contains a
- 19 provision establishing a different standard of care than the
- 20 standard described by Subsection (a):
- 21 (1) the provision is void and unenforceable; and
- 22 (2) the standard of care described by Subsection (a)
- 23 applies to the performance of the architectural \underline{L} [or] engineering \underline{L}
- 24 or land surveying services.
- 25 SECTION 5. Section 130.004(b), Civil Practice and Remedies
- 26 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 27 (b) Except as provided by Section 130.002(b) or (c) or

S.B. No. 687

- 1 Section 130.0021, this chapter does not prohibit or make void or
- 2 unenforceable a covenant or promise to:
- 3 (1) indemnify or hold harmless an owner of an interest
- 4 in real property and persons employed solely by that owner; or
- 5 (2) allocate, release, liquidate, limit, or exclude
- 6 liability in connection with a construction contract between an
- 7 owner or other person for whom a construction contract is being
- 8 performed and a registered architect, [er] licensed engineer, or
- 9 land surveyor.
- 10 SECTION 6. Section 130.005, Civil Practice and Remedies
- 11 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 12 Sec. 130.005. APPLICATION OF CHAPTER. This chapter does
- 13 not apply to a contract or agreement in which an architect, [or]
- 14 engineer, or land surveyor, or an agent, servant, or employee of an
- 15 architect, [ex] engineer, or land surveyor is indemnified from
- 16 liability for:
- 17 (1) negligent acts other than those described by this
- 18 chapter; or
- 19 (2) negligent acts of the contractor, any
- 20 subcontractor, any person directly or indirectly employed by the
- 21 contractor or a subcontractor, or any person for whose acts the
- 22 contractor or a subcontractor may be liable.
- 23 SECTION 7. Section 271.904, Local Government Code, is
- 24 amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 271.904. ENGINEERING, [OR] ARCHITECTURAL, OR LAND
- 26 SURVEYING SERVICES CONTRACTS: INDEMNIFICATION LIMITATIONS; DUTIES
- 27 OF ENGINEER, [OR] ARCHITECT, OR LAND SURVEYOR. (a) A covenant or

S.B. No. 687

promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a contract for 1 engineering, [or land surveying services to 2 3 which a governmental agency is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer, [ex] 4 5 registered architect, or land surveyor whose work product is the subject of the contract must indemnify or hold harmless the 6 governmental agency against liability for damage, other than 7 8 liability for damage to the extent that the damage is caused by or results from an act of negligence, intentional tort, intellectual 9 10 property infringement, or failure to pay a subcontractor or supplier committed by the indemnitor or the indemnitor's agent, 11 12 consultant under contract, or another entity over which the indemnitor exercises control. 13

14 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), a covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a contract for 15 engineering, [or land surveying services to 16 17 which a governmental agency is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer, [or] 18 registered architect, or land surveyor whose work product is the 19 subject of the contract must defend a party, including a third 20 party, against a claim based wholly or partly on the negligence of, 21 fault of, or breach of contract by the governmental agency, the 22 agency's agent, the agency's employee, or other entity, excluding 23 24 the engineer, [or land surveyor or that person's agent, employee, or subconsultant, over which the governmental 25 26 agency exercises control. A covenant or promise may provide for the reimbursement of a governmental agency's reasonable attorney's 27

- 1 fees in proportion to the engineer's, [or] architect's, or land
- 2 surveyor's liability.
- 3 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), a governmental agency
- 4 may require in a contract for engineering, [or] architectural, or
- 5 land surveying services to which the governmental agency is a party
- 6 that the engineer, [or land surveyor name the
- 7 governmental agency as an additional insured under the engineer's,
- 8 [or] architect's, or land surveyor's general liability insurance
- 9 policy and provide any defense provided by the policy.
- 10 (d) A contract for engineering, [or] architectural, or land
- 11 surveying services to which a governmental agency is a party must
- 12 require a licensed engineer, [or] registered architect, or land
- 13 surveyor to perform services:
- 14 (1) with the professional skill and care ordinarily
- 15 provided by competent engineers, [or] architects, or land surveyors
- 16 practicing under the same or similar circumstances and professional
- 17 license; and
- 18 (2) as expeditiously as is prudent considering the
- 19 ordinary professional skill and care of a competent engineer $\underline{}_{\underline{}}$ [$\underline{\text{or}}$]
- 20 architect, or land surveyor.
- (e) In a contract for engineering, [or] architectural, or
- 22 <u>land surveying</u> services to which a governmental agency is a party, a
- 23 provision establishing a different standard of care than a standard
- 24 described by Subsection (d) is void and unenforceable. If a
- 25 contract contains a void and unenforceable provision, the standard
- 26 of care described by Subsection (d) applies.
- 27 (f) In this section:

S.B. No. 687

- 1 (1) "Governmental [, "governmental] agency" has the
- 2 meaning assigned by Section 271.003.
- 3 <u>(2) "Land surveyor" means a</u> registered professional
- 4 land surveyor or licensed state land surveyor as those terms are
- 5 defined by Section 1071.002, Occupations Code.
- 6 (g) Nothing in this section prohibits a governmental agency
- 7 in a contract for engineering, [or] architectural, or land
- 8 surveying services to which the governmental agency is a party from
- 9 including and enforcing conditions that relate to the scope, fees,
- 10 and schedule of a project in the contract.
- 11 SECTION 8. The change in law made by this Act applies only
- 12 to a contract or covenant or promise in, in connection with, or
- 13 collateral to a construction contract entered into on or after the
- 14 effective date of this Act. A contract or covenant or promise in,
- 15 in connection with, or collateral to a construction contract
- 16 entered into before the effective date of this Act is governed by
- 17 the law applicable to the contract or covenant or promise
- 18 immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is
- 19 continued in effect for that purpose.
- 20 SECTION 9. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.