

By: Gutierrez, et al.

S.B. No. 1658

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to regulating certain firearm transfers, possession of certain firearms, and protective orders prohibiting possession of a firearm; creating criminal offenses; increasing criminal penalties.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1.01. SHORT TITLE. This Act shall be known as the Robb Elementary Firearm Safety Act.

SECTION 1.02. PURPOSE. The purpose of this Act is to ensure the State of Texas is meeting its responsibility to protect the health and safety of all Texans by enacting common sense, evidence-based firearm safety laws. Texans deserve to live free from the threat and fear of firearm violence.

SECTION 1.03. FINDINGS. The legislature finds that:

(1) the State of Texas mourns the loss of 19 innocent children and two teachers in a senseless attack on Robb Elementary School in Uvalde, Texas, on May 24, 2022;

(2) the shooting at Robb Elementary School is the second deadliest school shooting in the history of the United States;

(3) the victims of the attack are Makenna Lee Elrod, 10; Layla Salazar, 11; Maranda Mathis, 11; Nevaeh Bravo, 10; Jose Manuel Flores, Jr., 10; Xavier Lopez, 10; Tess Marie Mata, 10;

1   Rojelio Torres, 10; Eliahna "Ellie" Amyah Garcia, 9; Eliahna  
2   A. Torres, 10; Annabell Guadalupe Rodriguez, 10; Jackie Cazares, 9;  
3   Uziyah Garcia, 10; Jayce Carmelo Luevanos, 10; Maite Yuleana  
4   Rodriguez, 10; Jailah Nicole Silguero, 10; Amerie Jo Garza, 10;  
5   Alexandria "Lexi" Aniyah Rubio, 10; Alithia Ramirez, 10; Irma  
6   Garcia, fourth grade teacher; and Eva Mireles, fourth grade  
7   teacher;

8                   (4) three of the ten deadliest mass shootings in  
9   modern United States history have occurred in Texas in the past five  
10   years;

11                   (5) the following mass shootings have occurred in  
12   Texas:

13                   (A) 26 people were killed in Sutherland Springs,  
14   Texas, in 2017;

15                   (B) 23 people were killed in Killeen, Texas, in  
16   1991;

17                   (C) 23 people were killed in El Paso, Texas, in  
18   2019;

19                   (D) 21 people were killed in Uvalde, Texas, in  
20   2022;

21                   (E) 17 people were killed at The University of  
22   Texas at Austin in 1966;

23                   (F) 13 people were killed in Killeen, Texas, in  
24   2009; and

25                   (G) 10 people were killed in Santa Fe, Texas, in  
26   2018;

27                   (6) firearm homicide rates for children under 18 have

1 more than doubled in Texas between 2014 and 2020;

2 (7) from 2015 to 2020, Texas lost 572 children to  
3 firearm homicides, more than any other state; and

4 (8) overall firearm homicide rates in Texas have  
5 increased 66 percent from 2014 to 2020.

6 ARTICLE 2. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION AND TRANSFER OF CERTAIN ASSAULT  
7 WEAPONS

8 SECTION 2.01. Chapter 46, Penal Code, is amended by adding  
9 Section 46.055 to read as follows:

10 Sec. 46.055. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ASSAULT WEAPON. (a) In  
11 this section, "assault weapon" means:

12 (1) a semiautomatic centerfire rifle that has the  
13 capacity to accept a detachable magazine and has:

14 (A) a pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously  
15 beneath the action of the firearm;

16 (B) a folding or telescoping stock;

17 (C) a thumbhole stock;

18 (D) a second handgrip or a protruding grip that  
19 can be held by the non-trigger hand;

20 (E) a flash suppressor; or

21 (F) a grenade launcher or flare launcher;

22 (2) a semiautomatic centerfire rifle that has a fixed  
23 magazine that holds more than 10 rounds of ammunition;

24 (3) a semiautomatic centerfire rifle that has an  
25 overall length of less than 30 inches;

26 (4) a semiautomatic shotgun that has the capacity to  
27 accept a detachable magazine;

1           (5) a semiautomatic shotgun that has a folding or  
2 telescoping stock and has:

3                   (A) a thumbhole stock; or

4                   (B) a second handgrip or a protruding grip that  
5 can be held by the non-trigger hand;

6           (6) a semiautomatic pistol that has the capacity to  
7 accept a detachable magazine and has:

8                   (A) a second handgrip or a protruding grip that  
9 can be held by the non-trigger hand;

10                  (B) an ammunition magazine that attaches to the  
11 pistol outside of the pistol grip;

12                  (C) a threaded barrel capable of accepting a  
13 flash suppressor, forward handgrip, or silencer; or

14                  (D) a shroud that is attached to or partially or  
15 completely encircles the barrel and that permits the shooter to  
16 hold the firearm with the non-trigger hand without being burned;

17           (7) a semiautomatic pistol that has a fixed magazine  
18 that holds more than 10 rounds of ammunition;

19           (8) a revolving cylinder shotgun; or

20           (9) a conversion kit, part, or combination of parts  
21 from which an assault weapon can be assembled or with which a  
22 firearm may be converted into a weapon described by Subdivision  
23 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8).

24           (b) A person who is younger than 21 years of age commits an  
25 offense if the person knowingly possesses an assault weapon.

26           (c) An offense under this section is a state jail felony.

27           (d) It is a defense to prosecution under this section that:

1           (1) the actor possessed the assault weapon for the  
2 actual discharge of official duties as:

3                   (A) a peace officer, as defined by Section 1.07;  
4 or

5                   (B) a member of the armed forces or state  
6 military forces, as defined by Section 431.001, Government Code; or

7           (2) the actor lawfully possessed the assault weapon on  
8 August 31, 2025.

9           (e) This section does not apply to an assault weapon that  
10 has been rendered permanently inoperable.

11           (f) If conduct that constitutes an offense under this  
12 section also constitutes an offense under any other law, the actor  
13 may be prosecuted under this section, the other law, or both.

14           SECTION 2.02. Section 46.06, Penal Code, is amended by  
15 amending Subsections (a), (c), and (d) and adding Subsections (c-1)  
16 and (e) to read as follows:

17           (a) A person commits an offense if the person:

18                   (1) sells, rents, leases, loans, or gives a handgun to  
19 any person knowing that the person to whom the handgun is to be  
20 delivered intends to use it unlawfully or in the commission of an  
21 unlawful act;

22                   (2) intentionally or knowingly sells, rents, leases,  
23 or gives or offers to sell, rent, lease, or give:

24                           (A) a ~~to any child younger than 18 years of age~~  
25 ~~any firearm,~~ club, ~~or~~ location-restricted knife, or firearm  
26 other than an assault weapon to a person younger than 18 years of  
27 age; or

1                    (B) an assault weapon to a person younger than 21  
2 years of age;

3                    (3) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly sells a  
4 firearm or ammunition for a firearm to any person who is  
5 intoxicated;

6                    (4) knowingly sells a firearm or ammunition for a  
7 firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony before the  
8 fifth anniversary of the later of the following dates:

9                    (A) the person's release from confinement  
10 following conviction of the felony; or

11                    (B) the person's release from supervision under  
12 community supervision, parole, or mandatory supervision following  
13 conviction of the felony;

14                    (5) sells, rents, leases, loans, or gives a firearm  
15 [~~handgun~~] to any person knowing that an active protective order is  
16 directed to the person to whom the firearm [~~handgun~~] is to be  
17 delivered;

18                    (6) knowingly purchases, rents, leases, or receives as  
19 a loan or gift from another a firearm [~~handgun~~] while an active  
20 protective order is directed to the actor; or

21                    (7) while prohibited from possessing a firearm under  
22 state or federal law, knowingly makes a material false statement on  
23 a form that is:

24                    (A) required by state or federal law for the  
25 purchase, sale, or other transfer of a firearm; and

26                    (B) submitted to a firearms dealer licensed under  
27 18 U.S.C. Section 923.

1 (c) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under  
2 Subsection (a)(2)(A) [~~(a)(2)~~] that the transfer was to a minor  
3 whose parent or the person having legal custody of the minor had  
4 given written permission for the sale or, if the transfer was other  
5 than a sale, the parent or person having legal custody had given  
6 effective consent.

7 (c-1) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection  
8 (a)(2)(B), (a)(5), or (a)(6) that the transfer was to a person who  
9 provided evidence to the actor that the person is:

10 (1) a peace officer, as defined by Section 1.07; or  
11 (2) a member of the armed forces or state military  
12 forces, as defined by Section 431.001, Government Code.

13 (d) An offense under this section is a Class A misdemeanor,  
14 except that:

15 (1) an offense under Subsection (a)(2)(A) [~~(a)(2)~~] is a  
16 state jail felony if the weapon that is the subject of the offense  
17 is a handgun; ~~and~~

18 (2) an offense under Subsection (a)(2)(B) or (a)(7) is  
19 a state jail felony; and

20 (3) an offense under Subsection (a)(5) or (a)(6) is a  
21 state jail felony if the weapon that is the subject of the offense  
22 is an assault weapon.

23 (e) If conduct that constitutes an offense under this  
24 section also constitutes an offense under any other law, the actor  
25 may be prosecuted under this section, the other law, or both.

26 SECTION 2.03. Section 46.06(b), Penal Code, is amended by  
27 adding Subdivision (3) to read as follows:

1           (3) "Assault weapon" has the meaning assigned by  
2 Section 46.055.

3           SECTION 2.04. The change in law made by this article applies  
4 only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this  
5 Act. An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is  
6 governed by the law in effect on the date the offense was committed,  
7 and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For  
8 purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the  
9 effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurred  
10 before that date.

11           ARTICLE 3. REGULATION OF FIREARM TRANSFERS

12           SECTION 3.01. Title 6, Business & Commerce Code, is amended  
13 by adding Chapter 205 to read as follows:

14           CHAPTER 205. REGULATION OF FIREARM TRANSFERS

15           SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS

16           Sec. 205.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:

17           (1) "Firearm" has the meaning assigned by Section  
18 46.01, Penal Code.

19           (2) "Licensed firearms dealer" means a person who is  
20 licensed as a firearms dealer under 18 U.S.C. Section 923.

21           SUBCHAPTER B. NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK FOR

22           PRIVATE FIREARM TRANSFERS

23           Sec. 205.051. NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK  
24 REQUIRED FOR PRIVATE TRANSFER OF FIREARM. A person may not sell or  
25 otherwise transfer a firearm to another person unless:

26           (1) the person is a licensed firearms dealer;

27           (2) the person sells or transfers the firearm to a



1 licensed firearms dealer; or

2 (3) before the firearm is delivered to the person to  
3 whom the firearm is being sold or transferred, the person selling or  
4 transferring the firearm delivers the firearm to a licensed  
5 firearms dealer to retain possession of the firearm until the  
6 dealer conducts a national instant criminal background check in the  
7 manner required by 18 U.S.C. Section 922 and verifies that the  
8 person to whom the firearm is being sold or transferred may lawfully  
9 possess a firearm.

10 Sec. 205.052. DUTIES OF LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER. (a) If a  
11 licensed firearms dealer receives a firearm under Section  
12 205.051(3), the dealer shall conduct a national instant criminal  
13 background check in the manner required by 18 U.S.C. Section 922 to  
14 verify that the person to whom the firearm is being sold or  
15 transferred may lawfully possess a firearm.

16 (b) If a licensed firearms dealer determines that the person  
17 to whom the firearm is being sold or transferred may not lawfully  
18 possess a firearm, the dealer shall return the firearm to the person  
19 selling or transferring the firearm.

20 (c) If a licensed firearms dealer determines that the person  
21 to whom the firearm is being sold or transferred may lawfully  
22 possess a firearm, the dealer shall transfer the firearm as  
23 directed by the person selling or transferring the firearm.

24 (d) A licensed firearms dealer to whom a firearm is  
25 delivered under Section 205.051(3) may collect a reasonable fee  
26 from the person who is selling or transferring the firearm.

27 Sec. 205.053. EXCEPTION. This subchapter does not apply

1 to:

2 (1) a transfer of a firearm to a person by inheritance  
3 or bequest on the death of the owner of the firearm; or

4 (2) a sale or other transfer of a firearm by the owner  
5 of the firearm if the transferor and the transferee are related  
6 within the third degree by consanguinity or within the second  
7 degree by affinity as determined under Chapter 573, Government  
8 Code.

9 Sec. 205.054. OFFENSE. (a) A person who violates this  
10 subchapter commits an offense.

11 (b) An offense under this section is a Class A misdemeanor.

12 (c) If conduct that constitutes an offense under this  
13 section also constitutes an offense under any other law, the actor  
14 may be prosecuted under this section, the other law, or both.

15 SUBCHAPTER C. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN FIREARM SALES BY LICENSED  
16 FIREARMS DEALERS

17 Sec. 205.101. WAITING PERIOD REQUIRED FOR CERTAIN SALES OF  
18 FIREARMS; OFFENSE. (a) A licensed firearms dealer who sells a  
19 firearm to a person in exchange for money or other consideration  
20 commits an offense if the licensed firearms dealer delivers the  
21 firearm to the person to whom the firearm is being sold before the  
22 later of:

23 (1) the third business day after the date on which the  
24 firearm was sold to the person; or

25 (2) the date on which the licensed firearms dealer  
26 verifies, by conducting a national instant criminal background  
27 check in the manner required by 18 U.S.C. Section 922, that the

person to whom the firearm is being sold may lawfully possess a firearm.

(b) This section does not apply to the sale of a firearm to a person who is:

(1) a peace officer, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code; or

(2) a member of the armed forces or state military forces, as defined by Section 431.001, Government Code.

(c) An offense under this section is a state jail felony.

(d) If conduct that constitutes an offense under this section also constitutes an offense under any other law, the actor may be prosecuted under this section, the other law, or both.

(e) A licensed firearms dealer shall make records of firearm sales available for inspection by a law enforcement agency during regular business hours.

#### ARTICLE 4. PROTECTIVE ORDERS

SECTION 4.01. Article 7B.005(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(a) In a protective order issued under this subchapter, the court may:

(1) order the alleged offender to take action as specified by the court that the court determines is necessary or appropriate to prevent or reduce the likelihood of future harm to the applicant or a member of the applicant's family or household; or

(2) prohibit the alleged offender from:

(A) communicating:

(i) directly or indirectly with the

1 applicant or any member of the applicant's family or household in a  
2 threatening or harassing manner; or

3 (ii) in any manner with the applicant or any  
4 member of the applicant's family or household except through the  
5 applicant's attorney or a person appointed by the court, if the  
6 court finds good cause for the prohibition;

7 (B) going to or near the residence, place of  
8 employment or business, or child-care facility or school of the  
9 applicant or any member of the applicant's family or household;

10 (C) engaging in conduct directed specifically  
11 toward the applicant or any member of the applicant's family or  
12 household, including following the person, that is reasonably  
13 likely to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, or embarrass the  
14 person;

15 (D) possessing a firearm, unless the alleged  
16 offender possesses the firearm for the actual discharge of the  
17 alleged offender's official duties as:

18 (i) [is] a peace officer, as defined by  
19 Section 1.07, Penal Code; or

20 (ii) a member of the armed forces or state  
21 military forces, as defined by Section 431.001, Government Code [~~7~~  
22 ~~actively engaged in employment as a sworn, full-time paid employee~~  
23 ~~of a state agency or political subdivision]~~; and

24 (E) tracking or monitoring personal property or a  
25 motor vehicle in the possession of the applicant or of a member of  
26 the applicant's family or household, without the applicant's  
27 effective consent, including by:

(i) using a tracking application on a personal electronic device in the possession of the applicant or the family or household member or using a tracking device; or

(ii) physically following the applicant or the family or household member or causing another to physically follow the applicant or member.

SECTION 4.02. Article 7B.006(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Each protective order issued under this subchapter, including a temporary ex parte order, must contain the following prominently displayed statements in boldfaced type, in capital letters, or underlined:

"A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS ORDER MAY BE PUNISHED FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT BY A FINE OF AS MUCH AS \$500 OR BY CONFINEMENT IN JAIL FOR AS LONG AS SIX MONTHS, OR BOTH."

"NO PERSON, INCLUDING A PERSON WHO IS PROTECTED BY THIS ORDER, MAY GIVE PERMISSION TO ANYONE TO IGNORE OR VIOLATE ANY PROVISION OF THIS ORDER. DURING THE TIME IN WHICH THIS ORDER IS VALID, EVERY PROVISION OF THIS ORDER IS IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT UNLESS A COURT CHANGES THE ORDER."

"IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON WHO IS SUBJECT TO A PROTECTIVE ORDER TO POSSESS A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, OTHER THAN A PERSON WHO POSSESSES A FIREARM FOR THE ACTUAL DISCHARGE OF THE PERSON'S OFFICIAL DUTIES AS A PEACE OFFICER, AS DEFINED BY SECTION 1.07, PENAL CODE, OR AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES OR STATE MILITARY FORCES, AS DEFINED BY SECTION 431.001, GOVERNMENT CODE [~~ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN EMPLOYMENT AS A SWORN, FULL-TIME PAID EMPLOYEE OF A STATE~~]

~~AGENCY OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, WHO IS SUBJECT TO A PROTECTIVE ORDER TO POSSESS A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION]."~~

SECTION 4.03. Chapter 7B, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by adding Subchapter D to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER D. EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDER

Art. 7B.151. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:

(1) "Bodily injury" and "serious bodily injury" have the meanings assigned by Section 1.07, Penal Code.

(2) "Family," "family violence," and "household" have the meanings assigned by Chapter 71, Family Code.

(3) "Firearm" has the meaning assigned by Section 46.01, Penal Code.

Art. 7B.152. APPLICATION FOR EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDER.

(a) An application for a protective order under this subchapter may be filed by:

(1) a member of the respondent's family or household;

(2) a parent, guardian, or conservator of a person who is:

(A) under 18 years of age; and

(B) a member of the respondent's family or household; or

(3) a peace officer.

(b) An application must:

(1) include:

(A) detailed allegations, based on personal knowledge of a person described by Subsection (a), regarding any dangerous behavior or conduct exhibited by the respondent,

1 including any behavior or conduct related to the respondent's use  
2 of firearms;

3 (B) information concerning the quantity, type,  
4 and location of any firearms the applicant believes to be in the  
5 respondent's possession or control, if any;

6 (C) any other relevant facts indicating a need  
7 for a protective order under this subchapter; and

8 (D) a statement that the applicant believes the  
9 respondent poses an immediate and present danger of causing bodily  
10 injury, serious bodily injury, or death to any person, including  
11 the respondent, as a result of the respondent's access to firearms;  
12 and

13 (2) be signed by the applicant under an oath that, to  
14 the knowledge and belief of the applicant, the facts and  
15 circumstances contained in the application are true.

16 (c) An application for a protective order under this  
17 subchapter may be filed in a district court, juvenile court having  
18 the jurisdiction of a district court, statutory county court, or  
19 constitutional county court in the county in which the applicant or  
20 the respondent resides.

21 Art. 7B.153. CONFIDENTIALITY OF CERTAIN INFORMATION. On  
22 receiving an application containing specific health information  
23 concerning the respondent, the court shall order the clerk to:

24 (1) strike the information from the public records of  
25 the court; and

26 (2) maintain a confidential record of the information  
27 for use only by the court.

1       Art. 7B.154. TEMPORARY EX PARTE ORDER. (a) If the court  
2 finds from the information contained in an application for a  
3 protective order under this subchapter that there is reasonable  
4 cause to believe that the respondent poses an immediate and present  
5 danger of causing bodily injury, serious bodily injury, or death to  
6 any person, including the respondent, as a result of the  
7 respondent's access to firearms, the court, without further notice  
8 to the respondent and without a hearing, may issue a temporary ex  
9 parte order prohibiting the respondent from purchasing, owning,  
10 possessing, or controlling a firearm.

11       (b) In a temporary ex parte order, the court may order the  
12 respondent to:

13               (1) not later than 24 hours after the time the order is  
14 issued, relinquish any firearms owned by or in the actual or  
15 constructive possession or control of the respondent to a law  
16 enforcement agency for holding in the manner provided by Article  
17 18.192; and

18               (2) if applicable, surrender to the court the  
19 respondent's license to carry a handgun issued under Subchapter H,  
20 Chapter 411, Government Code.

21       Art. 7B.155. HEARING; ISSUANCE OF PROTECTIVE ORDER. (a)  
22 Not later than the 14th day after the later of the date an  
23 application is filed or the date a temporary ex parte order is  
24 issued, the court shall hold a hearing on the issuance of the  
25 protective order.

26       (b) The court shall provide personal notice of the hearing  
27 to the respondent.



1        (c) In determining whether to issue a protective order under  
2 this article, the court:

3            (1) shall consider:

4                    (A) any history of threats or acts of violence by  
5 the respondent directed at any person, including the respondent;

6                    (B) any history of the respondent using,  
7 attempting to use, or threatening to use physical force against  
8 another person;

9                    (C) any recent violation by the respondent of an  
10 order issued:

11                            (i) under another provision of this chapter  
12 or under Article 17.292;

13                            (ii) under Section 6.504 or Chapter 85,  
14 Family Code;

15                            (iii) under Chapter 83, Family Code, if the  
16 temporary ex parte order has been served on the respondent; or

17                            (iv) by another jurisdiction as provided by  
18 Chapter 88, Family Code;

19                    (D) any arrest or conviction of the respondent  
20 for:

21                            (i) an offense under Section 42.072, Penal  
22 Code; or

23                            (ii) an offense involving violence,  
24 including family violence;

25                    (E) any conviction of the respondent for an  
26 offense under Section 42.09, 42.091, or 42.092, Penal Code; and

27                    (F) evidence related to the respondent's current

1 or recent abuse of a controlled substance or alcohol, not including  
2 any evidence of previous treatment for or recovery from abusing a  
3 controlled substance or alcohol; and

4 (2) may consider any other relevant factor including:

5 (A) any previous violation by the respondent of  
6 an order described by Subdivision (1)(C); and

7 (B) evidence regarding the respondent's recent  
8 acquisition of firearms, ammunition, or other deadly weapons.

9 (d) At the close of the hearing, if the court finds by clear  
10 and convincing evidence that the respondent poses an immediate and  
11 present danger of causing bodily injury, serious bodily injury, or  
12 death to any person, including the respondent, as a result of the  
13 respondent's access to firearms, the court shall issue a protective  
14 order that includes a statement of the required finding.

15 (e) If the court does not make the finding described by  
16 Subsection (d), the court shall, as applicable, rescind any  
17 temporary ex parte order issued under Article 7B.154 and return the  
18 respondent's license to carry a handgun.

19 Art. 7B.156. CONTENTS OF PROTECTIVE ORDER. In a protective  
20 order issued under Article 7B.155, the court shall:

21 (1) prohibit the person who is subject to the order  
22 from purchasing, owning, possessing, or controlling a firearm for  
23 the duration of the order;

24 (2) order the person to:

25 (A) not later than 24 hours after the time the  
26 order is issued, relinquish any firearms owned by or in the actual  
27 or constructive possession or control of the person to a law

enforcement agency for holding in the manner provided by Article 18.192; and

(B) if applicable, surrender to the court the person's license to carry a handgun issued under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code; and

(3) suspend a license to carry a handgun issued under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code, that is held by the person.

Art. 7B.157. DURATION OF PROTECTIVE ORDER. (a) A protective order issued under Article 7B.155 is effective until the first anniversary of the date the order was issued.

(b) The court may renew a protective order issued under Article 7B.155 for a period not to exceed one year after the order's original expiration date. Before renewing the order the court must hold a hearing after providing personal notice of the hearing to the person who is the subject of the order.

(c) A person who is the subject of a protective order may file a motion not earlier than the 91st day after the date on which the order was initially issued or renewed, as applicable, requesting that the court review the order and determine whether there is a continuing need for the order. After a hearing on the motion, if the court fails to make the finding that there is no continuing need for the order, the order remains in effect until the date the order expires as provided by this article.

(d) At a hearing to renew or rescind a protective order under this article, the court shall consider the factors described by Article 7B.155(c).

1       Art. 7B.158. NOTICE TO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY. (a)  
2 Not later than 24 hours after the time a protective order is issued  
3 under Article 7B.155, the clerk of the issuing court shall provide  
4 the following to the Department of Public Safety:

5           (1) the complete name, race, and sex of the person who  
6 is the subject of the order;

7           (2) any known identifying number of the person,  
8 including a social security number, driver's license number, or  
9 state identification number;

10          (3) the person's date of birth;

11          (4) if surrendered to the court, the person's license  
12 to carry a handgun issued under Subchapter H, Chapter 411,  
13 Government Code; and

14          (5) a copy of the order suspending the person's license  
15 to carry a handgun under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government  
16 Code.

17       (b) On receipt of an order suspending a license to carry a  
18 handgun, the Department of Public Safety shall:

19           (1) record the suspension of the license in the  
20 records of the department;

21           (2) report the suspension to local law enforcement  
22 agencies, as appropriate; and

23           (3) if the license was not surrendered to the court,  
24 demand surrender of the suspended license from the license holder.

25       (c) Not later than the 30th day after the date the  
26 protective order is rescinded or expires under Article 7B.157, the  
27 clerk of the issuing court shall notify the Department of Public

1 Safety of the rescission or expiration, as applicable.

2 Art. 7B.159. APPLICATION OF OTHER LAW. Except as otherwise  
3 provided by this subchapter and to the extent applicable, Title 4,  
4 Family Code, applies to a protective order issued under this  
5 subchapter.

6 SECTION 4.04. Articles 17.292(c) and (g), Code of Criminal  
7 Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

8 (c) The magistrate in the order for emergency protection may  
9 prohibit the arrested party from:

10 (1) committing:

11 (A) family violence or an assault on the person  
12 protected under the order; or

13 (B) an act in furtherance of an offense under  
14 Section 20A.02 or 42.072, Penal Code;

15 (2) communicating:

16 (A) directly with a member of the family or  
17 household or with the person protected under the order in a  
18 threatening or harassing manner;

19 (B) a threat through any person to a member of the  
20 family or household or to the person protected under the order; or

21 (C) if the magistrate finds good cause, in any  
22 manner with a person protected under the order or a member of the  
23 family or household of a person protected under the order, except  
24 through the party's attorney or a person appointed by the court;

25 (3) going to or near:

26 (A) the residence, place of employment, or  
27 business of a member of the family or household or of the person

1 protected under the order; or

2 (B) the residence, child care facility, or school  
3 where a child protected under the order resides or attends;

4 (4) possessing a firearm, unless the person possesses  
5 the firearm for the actual discharge of the person's official  
6 duties as:

7 (A) [is] a peace officer, as defined by Section  
8 1.07, Penal Code; or

9 (B) a member of the armed forces or state  
10 military forces, as defined by Section 431.001, Government Code [  
11 actively engaged in employment as a sworn, full-time paid employee  
12 of a state agency or political subdivision]; or

13 (5) tracking or monitoring personal property or a  
14 motor vehicle in the possession of the person protected under the  
15 order or of a member of the family or household of the person  
16 protected under the order, without the protected person's effective  
17 consent, including by:

18 (A) using a tracking application on a personal  
19 electronic device in the possession of the person or the family or  
20 household member or using a tracking device; or

21 (B) physically following the person or the family  
22 or household member or causing another to physically follow the  
23 person or member.

24 (g) An order for emergency protection issued under this  
25 article must contain the following statements printed in bold-face  
26 type or in capital letters:

27 "A VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER BY COMMISSION OF AN ACT PROHIBITED

1 BY THE ORDER MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY A FINE OF AS MUCH AS \$4,000 OR BY  
 2 CONFINEMENT IN JAIL FOR AS LONG AS ONE YEAR OR BY BOTH. AN ACT THAT  
 3 RESULTS IN A SEPARATE OFFENSE MAY BE PROSECUTED AS A SEPARATE  
 4 MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY OFFENSE, AS APPLICABLE, IN ADDITION TO A  
 5 VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER. IF THE ACT IS PROSECUTED AS A SEPARATE  
 6 FELONY OFFENSE, IT IS PUNISHABLE BY CONFINEMENT IN PRISON FOR AT  
 7 LEAST TWO YEARS. THE POSSESSION OF A FIREARM BY A PERSON, OTHER  
 8 THAN A PERSON WHO POSSESSES A FIREARM FOR THE ACTUAL DISCHARGE OF  
 9 THE PERSON'S OFFICIAL DUTIES AS A PEACE OFFICER, AS DEFINED BY  
 10 SECTION 1.07, PENAL CODE, OR AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES OR  
 11 STATE MILITARY FORCES, AS DEFINED BY SECTION 431.001, GOVERNMENT  
 12 CODE [~~ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN EMPLOYMENT AS A SWORN, FULL-TIME PAID~~  
 13 ~~EMPLOYEE OF A STATE AGENCY OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION~~], WHO IS  
 14 SUBJECT TO THIS ORDER MAY BE PROSECUTED AS A SEPARATE OFFENSE  
 15 PUNISHABLE BY CONFINEMENT OR IMPRISONMENT.

16 "NO PERSON, INCLUDING A PERSON WHO IS PROTECTED BY THIS  
 17 ORDER, MAY GIVE PERMISSION TO ANYONE TO IGNORE OR VIOLATE ANY  
 18 PROVISION OF THIS ORDER. DURING THE TIME IN WHICH THIS ORDER IS  
 19 VALID, EVERY PROVISION OF THIS ORDER IS IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT  
 20 UNLESS A COURT CHANGES THE ORDER."

21 SECTION 4.05. Chapter 18, Code of Criminal Procedure, is  
 22 amended by adding Article 18.192 to read as follows:

23 Art. 18.192. HOLDING AND DISPOSITION OF FIREARM  
 24 RELINQUISHED UNDER EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDER. (a) A law  
 25 enforcement officer who takes possession of a firearm from a person  
 26 who is the subject of an extreme risk protective order issued under  
 27 Subchapter D, Chapter 7B, shall immediately provide the person with

1 a written copy of the receipt for the firearm and a written notice  
2 of the procedure for the return of a firearm under this article.

3 (b) Not later than the seventh day after the date a firearm  
4 subject to disposition under this article is received, the law  
5 enforcement agency holding the firearm shall notify the court that  
6 issued the extreme risk protective order that the person who is the  
7 subject of the order has relinquished the firearm.

8 (c) Not later than the 30th day after the date the extreme  
9 risk protective order is rescinded or expires, the clerk of the  
10 court shall notify the law enforcement agency of the rescission or  
11 expiration.

12 (d) Not later than the 30th day after the date the law  
13 enforcement agency holding a firearm subject to disposition under  
14 this article receives the notice described by Subsection (c), the  
15 law enforcement agency shall conduct a check of state and national  
16 criminal history record information to verify whether the person  
17 may lawfully possess a firearm under 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g) and  
18 under the law of this state.

19 (e) If the check conducted under Subsection (d) verifies  
20 that the person may lawfully possess a firearm, the law enforcement  
21 agency shall provide to the person by certified mail written notice  
22 stating that the firearm may be returned to the person if the person  
23 submits a written request before the 121st day after the date of the  
24 notice.

25 (f) An unclaimed firearm that is received under an extreme  
26 risk protective order issued under Subchapter D, Chapter 7B, may  
27 not be destroyed or forfeited to the state.



1       (g) The law enforcement agency holding the firearm may  
2 provide for the firearm to be sold by a firearms dealer licensed  
3 under 18 U.S.C. Section 923 if:

4           (1) the check conducted under Subsection (d) shows  
5 that the person may not lawfully possess a firearm; or

6           (2) the notice is provided under Subsection (e) and  
7 the person does not submit, before the 121st day after the date of  
8 the notice, a written request for the return of the firearm.

9       (h) The proceeds from the sale of a firearm under this  
10 article shall be paid to the owner of the seized firearm, less the  
11 cost of administering this article with respect to the firearm.

12       SECTION 4.06. Section 85.022(b), Family Code, is amended to  
13 read as follows:

14       (b) In a protective order, the court may prohibit the person  
15 found to have committed family violence from:

16           (1) committing family violence;

17           (2) communicating:

18               (A) directly with a person protected by an order  
19 or a member of the family or household of a person protected by an  
20 order, in a threatening or harassing manner;

21               (B) a threat through any person to a person  
22 protected by an order or a member of the family or household of a  
23 person protected by an order; and

24               (C) if the court finds good cause, in any manner  
25 with a person protected by an order or a member of the family or  
26 household of a person protected by an order, except through the  
27 party's attorney or a person appointed by the court;

1           (3) going to or near the residence or place of  
2 employment or business of a person protected by an order or a member  
3 of the family or household of a person protected by an order;

4           (4) going to or near the residence, child-care  
5 facility, or school a child protected under the order normally  
6 attends or in which the child normally resides;

7           (5) engaging in conduct directed specifically toward a  
8 person who is a person protected by an order or a member of the  
9 family or household of a person protected by an order, including  
10 following the person, that is reasonably likely to harass, annoy,  
11 alarm, abuse, torment, or embarrass the person;

12           (6) possessing a firearm, unless the person possesses  
13 the firearm for the actual discharge of the person's official  
14 duties as:

15                   (A) [is] a peace officer, as defined by Section  
16 1.07, Penal Code; or

17                   (B) a member of the armed forces or state  
18 military forces, as defined by Section 431.001, Government Code [  
19 actively engaged in employment as a sworn, full-time paid employee  
20 of a state agency or political subdivision];

21           (7) harming, threatening, or interfering with the  
22 care, custody, or control of a pet, companion animal, or assistance  
23 animal, as defined by Section 121.002, Human Resources Code, that  
24 is possessed by or is in the actual or constructive care of a person  
25 protected by an order or by a member of the family or household of a  
26 person protected by an order; and

27           (8) tracking or monitoring personal property or a

1 motor vehicle in the possession of a person protected by an order or  
2 of a member of the family or household of a person protected by an  
3 order, without the person's effective consent, including by:

4 (A) using a tracking application on a personal  
5 electronic device in the possession of the person or the family or  
6 household member or using a tracking device; or

7 (B) physically following the person or the family  
8 or household member or causing another to physically follow the  
9 person or member.

10 SECTION 4.07. Section 85.026(a), Family Code, is amended to  
11 read as follows:

12 (a) Each protective order issued under this subtitle,  
13 including a temporary ex parte order, must contain the following  
14 prominently displayed statements in boldfaced type, capital  
15 letters, or underlined:

16 "A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS ORDER MAY BE PUNISHED FOR  
17 CONTEMPT OF COURT BY A FINE OF AS MUCH AS \$500 OR BY CONFINEMENT IN  
18 JAIL FOR AS LONG AS SIX MONTHS, OR BOTH."

19 "NO PERSON, INCLUDING A PERSON WHO IS PROTECTED BY THIS  
20 ORDER, MAY GIVE PERMISSION TO ANYONE TO IGNORE OR VIOLATE ANY  
21 PROVISION OF THIS ORDER. DURING THE TIME IN WHICH THIS ORDER IS  
22 VALID, EVERY PROVISION OF THIS ORDER IS IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT  
23 UNLESS A COURT CHANGES THE ORDER."

24 "IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON WHO IS SUBJECT TO A PROTECTIVE  
25 ORDER TO POSSESS A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION, OTHER THAN A PERSON WHO  
26 POSSESSES A FIREARM FOR THE ACTUAL DISCHARGE OF THE PERSON'S  
27 OFFICIAL DUTIES AS A PEACE OFFICER, AS DEFINED BY SECTION 1.07,

PENAL CODE, OR AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES OR STATE MILITARY FORCES, AS DEFINED BY SECTION 431.001, GOVERNMENT CODE [~~ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN EMPLOYMENT AS A SWORN, FULL-TIME PAID EMPLOYEE OF A STATE AGENCY OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, WHO IS SUBJECT TO A PROTECTIVE ORDER TO POSSESS A FIREARM OR AMMUNITION~~] ."

"IF A PERSON SUBJECT TO A PROTECTIVE ORDER IS RELEASED FROM CONFINEMENT OR IMPRISONMENT FOLLOWING THE DATE THE ORDER WOULD HAVE EXPIRED, OR IF THE ORDER WOULD HAVE EXPIRED NOT LATER THAN THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE DATE THE PERSON IS RELEASED FROM CONFINEMENT OR IMPRISONMENT, THE ORDER IS AUTOMATICALLY EXTENDED TO EXPIRE ON:

"(1) THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE DATE THE PERSON IS RELEASED, IF THE PERSON WAS SENTENCED TO CONFINEMENT OR IMPRISONMENT FOR A TERM OF MORE THAN FIVE YEARS; OR

"(2) THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF THE DATE THE PERSON IS RELEASED, IF THE PERSON WAS SENTENCED TO CONFINEMENT OR IMPRISONMENT FOR A TERM OF FIVE YEARS OR LESS."

"A VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER BY COMMISSION OF AN ACT PROHIBITED BY THE ORDER MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY A FINE OF AS MUCH AS \$4,000 OR BY CONFINEMENT IN JAIL FOR AS LONG AS ONE YEAR, OR BOTH. AN ACT THAT RESULTS IN FAMILY VIOLENCE MAY BE PROSECUTED AS A SEPARATE MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY OFFENSE. IF THE ACT IS PROSECUTED AS A SEPARATE FELONY OFFENSE, IT IS PUNISHABLE BY CONFINEMENT IN PRISON FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS."

SECTION 4.08. Subchapter D, Chapter 411, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 411.0522 to read as follows:

Sec. 411.0522. INFORMATION CONCERNING EXTREME RISK PROTECTIVE ORDER. (a) The department by rule shall establish a

1 procedure to provide information concerning a person who is the  
2 subject of an extreme risk protective order issued under Subchapter  
3 D, Chapter 7B, Code of Criminal Procedure, to the Federal Bureau of  
4 Investigation for inclusion in the National Instant Criminal  
5 Background Check System.

6 (b) The procedure must require the department to provide any  
7 information received under Article 7B.158, Code of Criminal  
8 Procedure, to the Federal Bureau of Investigation not later than 24  
9 hours after the time the department received the information.

10 SECTION 4.09. Section 411.172(a), Government Code, is  
11 amended to read as follows:

12 (a) A person is eligible for a license to carry a handgun if  
13 the person:

14 (1) is a legal resident of this state for the six-month  
15 period preceding the date of application under this subchapter or  
16 is otherwise eligible for a license under Section 411.173(a);

17 (2) is at least 21 years of age;

18 (3) has not been convicted of a felony;

19 (4) is not charged with the commission of a Class A or  
20 Class B misdemeanor or equivalent offense, or of an offense under  
21 Section 42.01, Penal Code, or equivalent offense, or of a felony  
22 under an information or indictment;

23 (5) is not a fugitive from justice for a felony or a  
24 Class A or Class B misdemeanor or equivalent offense;

25 (6) is not a chemically dependent person;

26 (7) is not incapable of exercising sound judgment with  
27 respect to the proper use and storage of a handgun;

1           (8) has not, in the five years preceding the date of  
2 application, been convicted of a Class A or Class B misdemeanor or  
3 equivalent offense or of an offense under Section 42.01, Penal  
4 Code, or equivalent offense;

5           (9) is fully qualified under applicable federal and  
6 state law to purchase a handgun;

7           (10) has not been finally determined to be delinquent  
8 in making a child support payment administered or collected by the  
9 attorney general;

10          (11) has not been finally determined to be delinquent  
11 in the payment of a tax or other money collected by the comptroller,  
12 the tax collector of a political subdivision of the state, or any  
13 agency or subdivision of the state;

14          (12) is not currently:

15                (A) restricted under a court protective order,  
16 including an extreme risk protective order issued under Subchapter  
17 D, Chapter 7B, Code of Criminal Procedure; or

18                (B) subject to a restraining order affecting the  
19 spousal relationship, other than a restraining order solely  
20 affecting property interests;

21          (13) has not, in the 10 years preceding the date of  
22 application, been adjudicated as having engaged in delinquent  
23 conduct violating a penal law of the grade of felony; and

24          (14) has not made any material misrepresentation, or  
25 failed to disclose any material fact, in an application submitted  
26 pursuant to Section 411.174.

27          SECTION 4.10. Sections 411.187(a) and (c), Government Code,

1 are amended to read as follows:

2 (a) The department shall suspend a license under this  
3 section if the license holder:

4 (1) is charged with the commission of a Class A or  
5 Class B misdemeanor or equivalent offense, or of an offense under  
6 Section 42.01, Penal Code, or equivalent offense, or of a felony  
7 under an information or indictment;

8 (2) fails to notify the department of a change of  
9 address, name, or status as required by Section 411.181;

10 (3) commits an act of family violence and is the  
11 subject of an active protective order rendered under Title 4,  
12 Family Code; ~~or~~

13 (4) is arrested for an offense involving family  
14 violence or an offense under Section 42.072, Penal Code, and is the  
15 subject of an order for emergency protection issued under Article  
16 17.292, Code of Criminal Procedure; or

17 (5) is the subject of an active protective order  
18 issued under Subchapter D, Chapter 7B, Code of Criminal Procedure.

19 (c) The department shall suspend a license under this  
20 section:

21 (1) for 30 days, if the person's license is subject to  
22 suspension for the ~~[a]~~ reason listed in Subsection (a)(2) ~~[, (3), or~~  
23 ~~(4), except as provided by Subdivision (2)]~~;

24 (2) ~~[for not less than one year and not more than three~~  
25 ~~years, if the person's license:~~

26 ~~[(A) is subject to suspension for a reason listed~~  
27 ~~in Subsection (a), other than the reason listed in Subsection~~

1 ~~(a)(1), and~~

2 ~~[(B) has been previously suspended for the same~~  
3 ~~reason,~~

4 ~~[(3)]~~ until dismissal of the charges, if the person's  
5 license is subject to suspension for the reason listed in  
6 Subsection (a)(1); or

7 (3) ~~[(4)]~~ for the duration of or the period specified  
8 by:

9 (A) the protective order issued under Title 4,  
10 Family Code, if the person's license is subject to suspension for  
11 the reason listed in Subsection (a)(3) ~~[(a)(5)]~~; ~~[or]~~

12 (B) the order for emergency protection issued  
13 under Article [17.292](#), Code of Criminal Procedure, if the person's  
14 license is subject to suspension for the reason listed in  
15 Subsection (a)(4); or

16 (C) the extreme risk protective order issued  
17 under Subchapter D, Chapter [7B](#), Code of Criminal Procedure, if the  
18 person's license is subject to suspension for the reason listed in  
19 Subsection (a)(5) ~~[(a)(6)]~~.

20 SECTION 4.11. Chapter [37](#), Penal Code, is amended by adding  
21 Section 37.083 to read as follows:

22 Sec. 37.083. FALSE REPORT REGARDING REQUEST FOR EXTREME  
23 RISK PROTECTIVE ORDER. (a) A person commits an offense if, with  
24 intent to deceive, the person makes a statement that the person  
25 knows to be false to a peace officer relating to a request that the  
26 officer file an application for an extreme risk protective order  
27 under Subchapter D, Chapter [7B](#), Code of Criminal Procedure.



1        (b) An offense under this section is a Class B misdemeanor.

2        (c) If conduct that constitutes an offense under this  
3 section also constitutes an offense under another law, the actor  
4 may be prosecuted under this section, the other law, or both.

5        SECTION 4.12. Section 46.04, Penal Code, is amended by  
6 amending Subsections (c) and (e) and adding Subsections (c-1) and  
7 (c-2) to read as follows:

8        (c) A person [~~, other than a peace officer, as defined by~~  
9 ~~Section 1.07, actively engaged in employment as a sworn, full-time~~  
10 ~~paid employee of a state agency or political subdivision,~~] who is  
11 subject to an order issued under Section 6.504 or Chapter 85, Family  
12 Code, under Article 17.292 or Subchapter A, Chapter 7B, Code of  
13 Criminal Procedure, or by another jurisdiction as provided by  
14 Chapter 88, Family Code, commits an offense if the person possesses  
15 a firearm after receiving notice of the order and before expiration  
16 of the order.

17        (c-1) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (c)  
18 that the actor possessed the firearm for the actual discharge of  
19 official duties as:

20                (1) a peace officer, as defined by Section 1.07; or  
21                (2) a member of the armed forces or state military  
22 forces, as defined by Section 431.001, Government Code.

23        (c-2) A person commits an offense if, after receiving notice  
24 that the person is subject to an extreme risk protective order  
25 issued under Subchapter D, Chapter 7B, Code of Criminal Procedure,  
26 and before rescission or expiration of the order, the person  
27 purchases, owns, possesses, or controls a firearm in violation of

1 the order.

2 (e) An offense under Subsection (a) is a felony of the third  
3 degree. An offense under Subsection (a-1), (b), [~~or~~] (c), or (c-2)  
4 is a Class A misdemeanor.

5 SECTION 4.13. Not later than October 1, 2025, the  
6 Department of Public Safety shall adopt rules as required by  
7 Section 411.0522, Government Code, as added by this article.

8 SECTION 4.14. The change in law made by this article  
9 relating to the contents of a protective order or a magistrate's  
10 order for emergency protection applies to an order issued on or  
11 after the effective date of this Act. An order issued before that  
12 date is governed by the law as it existed immediately before the  
13 effective date of this Act, and the former law is continued in  
14 effect for that purpose.

15 SECTION 4.15. Section 46.04, Penal Code, as amended by this  
16 article, applies only to an offense committed on or after the  
17 effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the  
18 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the  
19 date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in  
20 effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense  
21 was committed before the effective date of this Act if any element  
22 of the offense occurred before that date.

23 ARTICLE 5. CONFLICTS; EFFECTIVE DATE

24 SECTION 5.01. To the extent of any conflict, this Act  
25 prevails over another Act of the 89th Legislature, Regular Session,  
26 2025, relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in  
27 enacted codes.

1           SECTION 5.02.   This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.