By: Madden H.C.R. No. 21

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the year 2004 marks the 150th anniversary of the founding of the Republican Party with humble beginnings at an organizational meeting on March 20, 1854, in a small schoolhouse in Ripon, Wisconsin, where 54 dedicated anti-slavery citizens met and adopted the name "Republican" for the group of Americans committed to protesting the expansion of slavery into new states proposed to be carved out in what is today the western central region of the continental United States; and

WHEREAS, a subsequent convention held "under the oaks" in Jackson, Michigan, on July 6, 1854, using the "Republican" title was attended by over 10,000 activists who described slavery as "a great moral, social, and political evil" and moved New York newspaper magnate Horace Greeley to editorialize "We should not care much whether those thus united [against slavery] were designated as 'Whig,' 'Free Democrat' or something else; though we think some simple name like 'Republican' would more fitly designate those who had united to restore the Union to its true mission of champion and promulgator of Liberty rather than propagandist of slavery."; and

WHEREAS, elections conducted later in 1854 captured numerous public offices in Michigan—and in other states—clearly demonstrating a remarkable electoral strength to challenge the status quo of slavery legally existing in some regions of our nation and it being unlawful in other areas; and

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WHEREAS, these events laid the groundwork for the February 2 22, 1856, convention in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, which was followed by the June 17, 1856, nominating convention in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, announcing the Republican Party as a unified political force seeking the total abolition of slavery everywhere in America; and

WHEREAS, while the first presidential candidate of the new Republican Party, retired Army officer John C. Fremont, "The Trailblazer" best known for his courageous crossings of the Rocky Mountains and wresting California from Mexico, went down to defeat by Democrat James Buchanan in the 1856 elections, undaunted Republicans continued to build their way to the successful 1860 election of Abraham Lincoln as 16th President of the United States; and

WHEREAS, Among the many accomplishments attributed to Lincoln during his tenure in our nation's highest public office, was foremost the preservation of the union of states as a perpetual one—at a time when that concept was more strongly contested than at any other in our 227-year history; and

WHEREAS, the "Grand Old Party" or "GOP" as it has been nicknamed since 1888, has espoused limited government, strong national defense and homeland security, personal freedom, and a healthy overall business climate, and has at various times held the presidency and both houses of Congress and has contributed countless talented men and women in the service of our great country and this historic anniversary is indeed worthy of legislative recognition; now, therefore, be it

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RESOLVED, that the 78th Legislature of the State of Texas,

4th Called Session, 2004, hereby commemorate the sesquicentennial

of the founding the Republican Party; and be it further

RESOLVED, that official copies of this resolution be prepared

for Republican leaders at both the state and national levels as an

expression of highest esteem from the Texas House of

Representatives and Texas Senate.

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