

BILL ANALYSIS

H.B. 529

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Juvenile Justice & Family Issues
Committee Report (Unamended)

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

Texas Family Code 231.006 states that a child support obligor who is more than 30 days delinquent in paying child support and a business entity in which the obligor is a sole proprietor, partner, shareholder, or owner with an ownership interest of at least 25 percent is not eligible to receive a state-funded grant or loan.

House Bill 529 would prevent delinquent child support obligors from receiving a scholarship, a loan associated with an educational loan repayment program, and any other student financial assistance that is conditioned on the performance of some service obligation after graduation; or to receive a federally funded educational loan that is administered by the state.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution.

SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

Section 1. Amends Section 231.006(a), Family Code, by to prevent delinquent child support obligors from receiving a scholarship, a loan associated with an educational loan repayment program, and any other student financial assistance that is conditioned on the performance of some service obligation after graduation; or to receive a federally funded educational loan that is administered by the state.

Section 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2003. (b) The change in law made by this Act applies only to a contract, grant, or loan that is executed on or after the effective date of this Act. A contract, grant, or loan executed before the effective date of this Act is covered by the law in effect on the date the contract, grant, or loan was executed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

EFFECTIVE DATE

September 1, 2003.