BILL ANALYSIS

C.S.H.B. 1985 By: Casteel Judicial Affairs Committee Report (Substituted)

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

Unlike the Family Code, the current Probate Code does not provide for the immunity of a guardian ad litem for ordinary negligence. C.S.H.B. 1985 provides for this immunity of a guardian ad litem in certain circumstances.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution.

ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. Subpart E, Part 2, Chapter XIII, Texas Probate Code, is amended by adding:

Sec. 65A. IMMUNITY.

- (a) Guardian ad litem appointed under Section 645, 683, or 694A of this code to represent the interests of an incapacitated person in a guardianship proceeding involving the creation, modification or termination of a guardianship is not liable for civil damages arising from a recommendation made or an opinion given in the capacity of guardian ad litem.
- (b) Subsection (a) does not apply to a recommendation or opinion that is wilfully wrong, given with conscious indifference or reckless disregard to the safety of another, given in bad faith or with malice or grossly negligent.

SECTION 2. Makes conforming changes.

SECTION 3. Effective Date: September 1, 2003.

EFFECTIVE DATE

September 1, 2003.

COMPARISON OF ORIGINAL TO SUBSTITUTE

The substitute restricts the application of the bill's provisions to guardians ad liter appointed under Section 645, 683, and 694A of the Probate Code in proceedings involving the creation, modification or termination of a guardianship.

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