H.B. No. 1471 By: Hartnett

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the duties and removal of a trustee.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Section 113.082(a), Property Code, is amended to
5	read as follows:
6	(a) A trustee may be removed in accordance with the terms of
7	the trust instrument, or, on the petition of an interested person
8	and after hearing, a court may, in its discretion, remove a trustee
9	and deny part or all of the trustee's compensation if:

- 10 (1) the trustee materially violated or attempted to violate the terms of the trust and the violation or attempted 11 12 violation results in a material financial loss to the trust;

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(3) the trustee fails to make an accounting that is 14 required by law or by the terms of the trust; or 15

(2) the trustee becomes incompetent or insolvent; [or]

- (4) in the discretion of the court, for other cause. 16
- SECTION 2. Section 113.151(a), Property Code, is amended to 17 read as follows: 18
- (a) A beneficiary by written demand may request the trustee to deliver to each beneficiary of the trust a written statement of accounts covering all transactions since the last accounting or since the creation of the trust, whichever is later. If the trustee fails or refuses to deliver the statement on or before the 90th day 23 after the date the trustee receives the demand or after a longer 24

H.B. No. 1471

period ordered by a court [within a reasonable time after the demand 1 is made], any beneficiary of the trust may file suit to compel the 2 trustee to deliver the statement to all beneficiaries of the trust. 3 4 The court may require the trustee to deliver a written statement of account to all beneficiaries on finding that the nature of the 5 6 beneficiary's interest in the trust or the effect of administration of the trust on the beneficiary's interest 7 8 sufficient to require an accounting by the trustee. However, the trustee is not obligated or required to account to 9 beneficiaries of a trust more frequently than once every 12 months 10 unless a more frequent accounting is required by the court. If a 11 beneficiary is successful in the suit to compel a statement under 12 this section, the court may, in its discretion, award all or part of 13 14 the costs of court and all of the suing beneficiary's reasonable and 15 necessary attorney's fees and costs against the trustee in the trustee's individual capacity or in the trustee's capacity as 16 17 trustee. SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2003, and

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date.

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applies only to a demand for an accounting made on or after that