By: Talton H.B. No. 1909

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

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	AN ACT

- 2 relating to the prosecution of the offense of interference with
- 3 child custody.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Section 25.03, Penal Code, is amended to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 Sec. 25.03. INTERFERENCE WITH CHILD CUSTODY. (a) A
- 8 person commits an offense if the person takes or retains a child
- 9 younger than 18 years of age when the person:
- 10 (1) knows that the person's taking or retention
- 11 violates the express terms of a judgment or order of a court that
- 12 provides for the possession of or access to the child [disposing of
- 13 the child's custody]; [or]
- 14 (2) has not been appointed managing or possessory
- conservator [awarded custody] of the child by a court of competent
- 16 jurisdiction, knows that a suit for divorce, a suit affecting the
- 17 parent-child relationship, or a civil suit or application for
- 18 habeas corpus to provide for possession of or access to the child
- 19 [dispose of the child's custody] has been filed, and takes the child
- out of the geographic area of the counties composing the judicial
- 21 district if the court is a district court or the county if the court
- 23 with the intent to deprive the court of authority over the child; or
- 24 (3) has been appointed managing or possessory

22

is a statutory county court, without the permission of the court and

- conservator of the child by a court of competent jurisdiction and,
 without the permission of the court and with the intent to deprive
 another conservator of the child of possession of or access to the
 child, changes the physical residence of the child without
 notifying the other conservator of the child's new address and any
 other information necessary for possession of or access to the
 child.
 - (b) A noncustodial parent commits an offense if, with the intent to interfere with the lawful custody of a child younger than 18 years of age, the noncustodial parent knowingly entices or persuades the child to leave the custody of the custodial parent, guardian, or person standing in the stead of the custodial parent or guardian of the child.

- (c) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (a)(2) that the actor returned the child to the geographic area of the counties composing the judicial district if the court is a district court or the county if the court is a statutory county court, within three days after the date of the commission of the offense.
- (d) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (a)(3) that the actor attempted, using due diligence and reasonable methods of communication, to provide the other managing or possessory conservator of the child with the necessary information.
- 23 <u>(e)</u> An offense under this section is a state jail felony.
 - SECTION 2. (a) The change in law made by this Act applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. For purposes of this section, an offense is committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurs

H.B. No. 1909

- before that date.
- 2 (b) An offense committed before the effective date of this
- 3 Act is covered by the law in effect when the offense was committed,
- 4 and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 5 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2003.