By: Dutton H.B. No. 2003

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT
AN AU.

- 2 relating to the age of a person subject to the juvenile justice
- 3 system.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Section 51.02(2), Family Code, is amended to
- 6 read as follows:
- 7 (2) "Child" means a person who is[÷
- 8 $\left[\frac{(A)}{A}\right]$ ten years of age or older and under $\frac{18}{A}$
- 9 years of age[; or
- 10 [(B) seventeen years of age or older and under 18
- 11 years of age who is alleged or found to have engaged in delinquent
- 12 conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision as a result of
- 13 acts committed before becoming 17 years of age].
- SECTION 2. Section 51.041(a), Family Code, is amended to
- 15 read as follows:
- 16 (a) The court retains jurisdiction over a person, without
- 17 regard to the age of the person, for conduct engaged in by the
- 18 person before becoming 18 [17] years of age if, as a result of an
- 19 appeal by the person under Chapter 56 or under Article 44.47, Code
- 20 of Criminal Procedure, of an order of the court, the order is
- 21 reversed or modified and the case remanded to the court by the
- 22 appellate court.
- SECTION 3. Section 52.027(i), Family Code, is amended to
- 24 read as follows:

- 1 (i) In this section, "child" means a person who is at least
- 2 10 years of age and younger than 18 $[\frac{17}{17}]$ years of age and who is
- 3 charged with or convicted of an offense that a justice or municipal
- 4 court has jurisdiction of under Article 4.11 or 4.14, Code of
- 5 Criminal Procedure, other than public intoxication.
- 6 SECTION 4. Section 54.02(j), Family Code, is amended to
- 7 read as follows:
- 8 (j) The juvenile court may waive its exclusive original
- 9 jurisdiction and transfer a person to the appropriate district
- 10 court or criminal district court for criminal proceedings if:
- 11 (1) the person is 18 years of age or older;
- 12 (2) the person was:
- 13 (A) 10 years of age or older and under $18 [\frac{17}{2}]$
- 14 years of age at the time the person is alleged to have committed a
- capital felony or an offense under Section 19.02, Penal Code;
- 16 (B) 14 years of age or older and under 18 [17]
- 17 years of age at the time the person is alleged to have committed an
- 18 aggravated controlled substance felony or a felony of the first
- 19 degree other than an offense under Section 19.02, Penal Code; or
- (C) 15 years of age or older and under 18 $\left[\frac{17}{1}\right]$
- 21 years of age at the time the person is alleged to have committed a
- 22 felony of the second or third degree or a state jail felony;
- 23 (3) no adjudication concerning the alleged offense has
- 24 been made or no adjudication hearing concerning the offense has
- 25 been conducted;
- 26 (4) the juvenile court finds from a preponderance of
- 27 the evidence that:

- 1 (A) for a reason beyond the control of the state
- 2 it was not practicable to proceed in juvenile court before the 18th
- 3 birthday of the person; or
- 4 (B) after due diligence of the state it was not
- 5 practicable to proceed in juvenile court before the 18th birthday
- 6 of the person because:
- 7 (i) the state did not have probable cause to
- 8 proceed in juvenile court and new evidence has been found since the
- 9 18th birthday of the person;
- 10 (ii) the person could not be found; or
- 11 (iii) a previous transfer order was reversed
- 12 by an appellate court or set aside by a district court; and
- 13 (5) the juvenile court determines that there is
- 14 probable cause to believe that the child before the court committed
- 15 the offense alleged.
- SECTION 5. Sections 54.023(c), (d), and (f), Family Code,
- 17 are amended to read as follows:
- 18 (c) A justice or municipal court may hold a person in
- 19 contempt and impose a remedy authorized by Subsection (a)(2) if:
- 20 (1) the person as a child was placed under an order of
- 21 the justice or municipal court;
- 22 (2) the person failed to obey the order while the
- person was 18 [17] years of age or older; and
- 24 (3) the failure to obey occurred under circumstances
- 25 that constitute contempt of court.
- 26 (d) A justice or municipal court may hold a person in
- 27 contempt and impose a remedy authorized by Subsection (a)(2) if the

- 1 person, while younger than 18 [17] years of age, engaged in conduct
- 2 in contempt of an order of the justice or municipal court but
- 3 contempt proceedings could not be held before the child's <u>18th</u>
- 4 [17th] birthday.
- 5 (f) A justice or municipal court may not refer a child who
- 6 violates a court order while 18 [17] years of age or older to a
- 7 juvenile court for delinquency proceedings for contempt of court.
- 8 SECTION 6. Section 54.04(e), Family Code, is amended to
- 9 read as follows:
- 10 (e) The Texas Youth Commission shall accept a person
- 11 properly committed to it by a juvenile court even though the person
- may be 18 [17] years of age or older at the time of commitment.
- SECTION 7. Section 58.003(c), Family Code, is amended to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 (c) Subject to Subsection (b), a court may order the sealing
- of records concerning a person adjudicated as having engaged in
- delinquent conduct that violated a penal law of the grade of felony
- 18 only if:
- 19 (1) the person is 21 years of age or older;
- 20 (2) the person was not transferred by a juvenile court
- 21 under Section 54.02 to a criminal court for prosecution;
- 22 (3) the records have not been used as evidence in the
- 23 punishment phase of a criminal proceeding under Section 3(a),
- 24 Article 37.07, Code of Criminal Procedure; and
- 25 (4) the person has not been convicted of a penal law of
- the grade of felony after becoming age $18 [\frac{17}{1}]$.
- 27 SECTION 8. Section 58.203, Family Code, is amended to read

- 1 as follows:
- 2 Sec. 58.203. CERTIFICATION. The department shall certify
- 3 to the juvenile court or the juvenile probation department to which
- 4 a referral was made that resulted in information being submitted to
- 5 the juvenile justice information system that the records relating
- 6 to a person's juvenile case are subject to automatic restriction of
- 7 access if:
- 8 (1) the person is at least 21 years of age;
- 9 (2) the juvenile case did not include violent or
- 10 habitual felony conduct resulting in proceedings in the juvenile
- 11 court under Section 53.045;
- 12 (3) the juvenile case was not certified for trial in
- 13 criminal court under Section 54.02; and
- 14 (4) the department has not received a report in its
- 15 criminal history system that the person was granted deferred
- 16 adjudication for or convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor
- 17 punishable by confinement in jail for an offense committed after
- the person became $18 \left[\frac{17}{17} \right]$ years of age.
- 19 SECTION 9. Section 264.302(a), Family Code, is amended to
- 20 read as follows:
- 21 (a) This section applies to a child who:
- (1) is seven years of age or older and under $18 [\frac{17}{1}]$
- 23 years of age; and
- 24 (2) has not had the disabilities of minority for
- 25 general purposes removed under Chapter 31.
- SECTION 10. Articles 45.0216(b) and (h), Code of Criminal
- 27 Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

- 1 (b) A person convicted of not more than one offense
- 2 described by Section 8.07(a)(4) or (5), Penal Code, while the
- 3 person was a child may, on or after the person's 18th [17th]
- 4 birthday, apply to the court in which the child was convicted to
- 5 have the conviction expunged as provided by this article.
- 6 (h) Records of a person under 18 [17] years of age relating
- 7 to a complaint dismissed as provided by Article 45.051 or 45.052 may
- 8 be expunded under this article.
- 9 SECTION 11. Article 45.058(h), Code of Criminal Procedure,
- 10 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 (h) In this article, "child" means a person who is:
- 12 (1) at least 10 years of age and younger than $18 [\frac{17}{1}]$
- 13 years of age; and
- 14 (2) charged with or convicted of an offense that a
- justice or municipal court has jurisdiction of under Article 4.11
- 16 or 4.14.
- SECTION 12. Article 45.059(a), Code of Criminal Procedure,
- is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (a) A peace officer taking into custody a person younger
- 20 than 18 $[\frac{17}{1}]$ years of age for violation of a juvenile curfew
- 21 ordinance of a municipality or order of the commissioners court of a
- 22 county shall, without unnecessary delay:
- (1) release the person to the person's parent,
- 24 guardian, or custodian;
- 25 (2) take the person before a justice or municipal
- 26 court to answer the charge; or
- 27 (3) take the person to a place designated as a juvenile

- 1 curfew processing office by the head of the law enforcement agency
- 2 having custody of the person.
- 3 SECTION 13. Section 61.093(b), Human Resources Code, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 (b) A child who is arrested or taken into custody under
- 6 Subsection (a) may be detained in any suitable place, including an
- 7 adult jail facility if the person is 18 [17] years of age or older,
- 8 until the child is returned to the custody of the commission or
- 9 transported to a commission facility.
- SECTION 14. Section 8.07(b), Penal Code, is amended to read
- 11 as follows:
- 12 (b) Unless the juvenile court waives jurisdiction under
- 13 Section 54.02, Family Code, and certifies the individual for
- 14 criminal prosecution or the juvenile court has previously waived
- 15 jurisdiction under that section and certified the individual for
- 16 criminal prosecution, a person may not be prosecuted for or
- 17 convicted of any offense committed before reaching 18 [17] years of
- age except an offense described by Subsections (a) (1)-(5).
- 19 SECTION 15. (a) This Act takes effect September 1, 2003.
- 20 (b) This Act applies only to conduct that occurs on or after
- 21 the effective date of this Act. Conduct violating the penal law of
- 22 this state occurs on or after the effective date of this Act if any
- 23 element of the violation occurs on or after that date.
- 24 (c) Conduct that occurs before the effective date of this
- 25 Act is governed by the law in effect at the time the conduct
- occurred, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.