## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT
relating to workers' compensation benefits for employees with multiple employment.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Section 408.042, Labor Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 408.042. AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE FOR PART-TIME EMPLOYEE [OR EMPLOYEE WITH MULTIPLE EMPLOYMENT]. (a) The average weekly wage of a part-time employee who limits the employee's work to less than full-time hours or a full-time workweek as a regular course of that employee's conduct is computed as provided by Section 408.041.
(b) For part-time employees not covered by Subsection (a), the average weekly wage:
(1) for determining temporary income benefits is computed as provided by Section 408.041; and
(2) for determining impairment income benefits, supplemental income benefits, lifetime income benefits, and death benefits is computed as follows:
(A) if the employee has worked for the employer for at least the 13 weeks immediately preceding the date of the injury, the average weekly wage is computed by dividing the sum of the wages paid in the 13 consecutive weeks immediately preceding the date of the injury by 13 and adjusting that amount to the weekly wage level the employee would have attained by working a full-time
workweek at the same rate of pay; or
(B) if the employee has worked for the employer for less than 13 weeks immediately preceding the date of the injury, the average weekly wage is equal to:
(i) the weekly wage that the employer pays a similar employee for similar services in [allotime employment [ ork]; or
(ii) if a similar employee does not exist, the usual wage paid in that vicinity for the same or similar services in [bsed full-time employment [arkek.
(c) [Fox employes with multiple employment, the avexage wekly wage for determining temporaxy income benefits, impairment income benefits, supplemental income benefits, lifetime income benefits, and death benefits, is computed as follows:
[(1) the avexage weekly wage for an employe with multiple employment is equal to the sum of the average weekly wages eompute undex subdivisions (2) and (3)i
[(2) for each of the employers for whom the employee has worked for at least the 13 weeks immediately preceding the date of injury, the average weekly wage is equal to the sum of the wages paid by that employer to the employee in the 13 weeks immediately preceding the injury divided by 13;
[(3) for each of the employexs for whom the employee has worked for less than the 13 weeks immediately preceding the date of the injury, the average weekly wage is equal to:
[(A) the weekly wage that employex pays similar employees for similar sexvices; or
[(B) if a similar employee does not exist, the usual weekly wage paid in that vicinity for the same or similar services; and
[(4) the avexage weekly wage of an employee with multiple employment who limits the employee's work to less than a full-time workweek, but does not do so as a regular course of that employee's conduct, is adjusted to the weekly wage level the employee would have attained by working a full-time workweek at the employee's average rate of pay.
[(d) The commission shall:
[(1) prescribe a form tocollect information regarding the wages of employees with multiple employment; and
$[(2)$ by rule, detexmine the mannex by which the commission collects and distributes wage information to implement this section.
[(e) Fox an employee with multiple employment, only the employee's wages that are reportable for fedexal income tax purposes may be considexed. The employee shall document and vexify wage payments subject to this section.
[f(f) If the commission determines that computing the average weekly wage for an employee as provided by subsection (c) is impractical or unreasonable, the commission shall set the average weekly wage in a mannex that moxe fairly reflects the employee's average weekly wage and that is fair and just to both parties or is in the mannex agreed to by the parties. The commission by rule may define methods to determine a fair and just average weekly wage consistent with this section.

