By: Wilson

H.B. No. 2120

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to the appraisal of property for ad valorem taxation by the3 Comptroller of Public Accounts.

4

1

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

5 SECTION 1. Section 1.10, Tax Code, is amended to read as 6 follows:

7 Sec. 1.10. ROLLS IN ELECTRONIC DATA-PROCESSING RECORDS. 8 The appraisal roll for an appraisal <u>office</u> [district] and the 9 appraisal roll or the tax roll for the unit may be retained in 10 electronic data-processing equipment. However, a physical 11 document for each must be prepared and made readily available to the 12 public.

13 SECTION 2. Sections 1.111(c), (f), (g), and (h), Tax Code, 14 are amended to read as follows:

(c) The designation of an agent under this section remains in effect until revoked in a written revocation filed with the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] by the property owner. A designation may be made to expire according to its own terms but is still subject to prior revocation by the property owner.

(f) A property owner in writing filed with the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] may direct the appraisal <u>office</u> [district], appraisal review board, and each taxing unit participating in the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] to deliver all notices, tax bills, orders, and other communications relating to one or more specified

1 items of the owner's property to a specified person instead of to 2 the property owner. The instrument must clearly identify the person by name and give the person's address to which all notices, 3 4 tax bills, orders, and other communications are to be delivered. 5 The property owner may but is not required to designate the person's 6 agent for other tax matters designated under Subsection (a) as the 7 person to receive all notices, tax bills, orders, and other 8 communications. The designation of an agent for other tax matters 9 under Subsection (a) may also provide that the agent is the person 10 to whom notices, tax bills, orders, and other communications are to be delivered under this subsection. 11

12 (g) An appraisal <u>office</u> [district], appraisal review board, 13 or taxing unit may not require a person to designate an agent to 14 represent the person in a property tax matter other than as provided 15 by this section.

(h) The comptroller shall prescribe forms and adopt rules to facilitate compliance with this section. The comptroller shall include on any form used for designation of an agent for a single-family residential property in which the property owner resides the following statement in boldfaced type:

"In some cases, you may want to contact your appraisal <u>office</u>
[district] or other local taxing units for free information and/or
forms concerning your case before designating an agent."

24 SECTION 3. Sections 1.12(a) and (d), Tax Code, are amended 25 to read as follows:

26 (a) For purposes of this title, the median level of27 appraisal is the median appraisal ratio of a reasonable and

representative sample of properties in <u>the territory of</u> an
 appraisal <u>office</u> [district] or, for purposes of Section 41.43 or
 42.26, of a sample of properties specified by that section.

H.B. No. 2120

(d) For purposes of this section, the appraisal ratio of a
homestead to which Section 23.23 applies is the ratio of the
property's market value as determined by the appraisal <u>office</u>
[district] or appraisal review board, as applicable, to the market
value of the property according to law. The appraisal ratio is not
calculated according to the appraised value of the property as
limited by Section 23.23.

11 SECTION 4. Sections 5.03(a) and (b), Tax Code, are amended 12 to read as follows:

(a) The comptroller shall adopt rules establishing minimum
standards for the administration and operation of an appraisal
<u>office</u> [district]. The minimum standards may vary according to the
number of parcels and the kinds of property the <u>appraisal office</u>
[district] is responsible for appraising.

(b) The comptroller may require from each <u>appraisal office</u>
[district engaged in appraising property for taxation] an annual
report on a form prescribed by the comptroller on the
administration and operation of the appraisal office.

SECTION 5. Section 5.04(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) An appraisal <u>office</u> [district] shall reimburse an
employee of the appraisal office for all actual and necessary
expenses, tuition and other fees, and costs of materials incurred
in attending, with approval of the chief appraiser, a course or

training program sponsored or approved by the Board of Tax
 Professional Examiners.

3 SECTION 6. Sections 5.041(b), (c), and (f), Tax Code, are 4 amended to read as follows:

5 (b) A member of the appraisal review board established for 6 an appraisal <u>office</u> [district] must complete the course established 7 under Subsection (a). A member of the appraisal review board may 8 not participate in a hearing conducted by the board unless the 9 person has completed the course established under Subsection (a) 10 and received a certificate of course completion.

11 (c) The comptroller may contract with service providers to 12 assist with the duties imposed under Subsection (a), but the course 13 required may not be provided by an appraisal <u>office</u> [district] or a 14 taxing unit. The comptroller may assess a fee to recover a portion 15 of the costs incurred for the training course, but the fee may not 16 exceed \$50 per person trained.

(f) The comptroller may not advise a property owner, a property owner's agent, an appraisal <u>office</u> [district], or an appraisal review board on a matter that the comptroller knows is the subject of a protest to the appraisal review board.

21 SECTION 7. Section 5.09(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as 22 follows:

(a) The comptroller shall publish an annual report of the
operations of the appraisal <u>offices</u> [districts]. The report shall
include for each appraisal <u>office</u> [district], each county, and each
school district and may include for other taxing units the total
appraised values, assessed values, and taxable values of taxable

property by class of property, the assessment ratio, and the tax rate.

H.B. No. 2120

3 SECTION 8. Sections 5.10(a) and (b), Tax Code, are amended 4 to read as follows:

The comptroller shall conduct an annual study in each 5 (a) 6 appraisal <u>office</u> [district] to determine the degree of uniformity 7 of and the median level of appraisals by the appraisal office 8 [district] within each major category of property. The comptroller 9 shall publish a report of the findings of the study, including in the report the median levels of appraisal for each major category of 10 property, the coefficient of dispersion around the median level of 11 appraisal for each major category of property, and any other 12 standard statistical measures that the comptroller considers 13 appropriate. In conducting the study, the comptroller shall apply 14 15 appropriate standard statistical analysis techniques to data collected as part of the annual study of school district taxable 16 17 values required by Section 403.302, Government Code.

(b) The published findings of a ratio study conducted by the
comptroller shall be distributed to all members of the legislature
and to all appraisal <u>offices</u> [districts].

21 SECTION 9. Section 5.102, Tax Code, is amended to read as 22 follows:

Sec. 5.102. REVIEW OF APPRAISAL STANDARDS. (a) The comptroller shall review the appraisal standards, procedures, and methodology used by each appraisal <u>office</u> [district] to determine compliance with generally accepted appraisal standards and practices.

1 (b) If the review results in a finding that an appraisal 2 <u>office</u> [district] is not in compliance with generally accepted 3 appraisal standards and practices, the comptroller shall deliver a 4 report that details the comptroller's findings and recommendations 5 for improvement to the appraisal <u>office's</u> [district's] chief 6 appraiser [and board of directors].

7 If noncompliance with generally accepted appraisal (c) standards and practices is found in two consecutive reviews and if 8 9 an affected appraisal office's [district's] chief appraiser fails [and board of directors fail] to take effective remedial action as 10 determined by the comptroller, the comptroller may appoint a 11 special master who may exercise supervision and control over the 12 operations of the office [district] until full compliance with 13 14 generally accepted appraisal standards and practices is achieved. 15 The appraisal office [district] shall bear the costs related to the master's supervision and control. 16

SECTION 10. Section 5.12, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5.12. PERFORMANCE AUDIT 19 OF APPRAISAL OFFICE [DISTRICT]. (a) The comptroller shall audit the performance of an 20 appraisal office [district] if one or more of the following 21 conditions exist according to each of two consecutive annual 22 studies conducted by the comptroller under Section 5.10 [of this 23 24 code], regardless of whether the prescribed condition or conditions 25 that exist are the same for each of those studies:

(1) the overall median level of appraisal for all
property in the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u>

H.B. No. 2120 1 <u>established</u> [district] for which the comptroller determines a 2 median level of appraisal is less than 0.75;

3 (2) the coefficient of dispersion around the overall 4 median level of appraisal of the properties used to determine the 5 overall median level of appraisal for all property in the <u>county for</u> 6 <u>which the appraisal office is established</u> [district] for which the 7 comptroller determines a median level of appraisal exceeds 0.30; 8 or

9 (3) the difference between the median levels of 10 appraisal for any two classes of property in the <u>county for which</u> 11 <u>the appraisal office is established</u> [district] for which the 12 comptroller determines a median level of appraisal is more than 13 0.45.

At the written request of the governing bodies of a 14 (b) majority of the taxing units participating in an appraisal office 15 [district or of a majority of the taxing units entitled to vote on 16 17 the appointment of appraisal district directors], the comptroller shall audit the performance of the appraisal office [district]. 18 The governing bodies may request a general audit of the performance 19 of the appraisal office [district] or may request an audit of only 20 21 one or more particular duties, practices, functions, departments, or other appraisal office [district] matters. 22

(c) At the written request of the owners of not less than 10 percent of the number of accounts or parcels of property in an appraisal <u>office</u> [district] belonging to a single class of property, if the class constitutes at least five percent of the appraised value of taxable property within the <u>county for which the</u>

appraisal office is established [district] in the preceding year, 1 2 or at the written request of the owners of property representing not 3 less than 10 percent of the appraised value of all property in the 4 county [district] belonging to a single class of property, if the 5 class constitutes at least five percent of the appraised value of 6 taxable property in the office [district] in the preceding year, 7 the comptroller shall audit the performance of the appraisal office 8 [district]. The property owners may request a general audit of the 9 performance of the appraisal office [district] or may request an audit of only one or more particular duties, practices, functions, 10 departments, or other appraisal <u>office</u> [district] matters. 11 А property owner may authorize an agent to sign a request for an audit 12 under this subsection on the property owner's behalf. 13 The 14 comptroller may require a person signing a request for an audit to 15 provide proof that the person is entitled to sign the request as a property owner or as the agent of a property owner. 16

17 (d) A request for a performance audit of an appraisal <u>office</u> 18 [district] may not be made under Subsection (b) or (c) [of this 19 <u>section</u>] if according to each of the two most recently published 20 annual studies conducted by the comptroller under Section 5.10 of 21 this code:

(1) the overall median level of appraisal for all
property in the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u>
<u>established</u> [district] for which the comptroller determines a
median level of appraisal is more than 0.90 and less than 1.10;

(2) the coefficient of dispersion around the overallmedian level of appraisal of the properties used to determine the

1 overall median level of appraisal for all property in the <u>county</u>
2 [district] for which the comptroller determines a median level of
3 appraisal is less than 0.15; and

H.B. No. 2120

4 (3) the difference between the highest and lowest 5 median levels of appraisal in the <u>county</u> [district] for the classes 6 of property for which the comptroller determines a median level of 7 appraisal is less than 0.20.

8 (e) A request for a performance audit of an appraisal <u>office</u> 9 [district] may not be made under Subsection (b) or (c) [of this 10 section]:

(1) during the two years immediately following the publication of the second of two consecutive annual studies according to which the comptroller is required to conduct an audit of the <u>office</u> [district] under Subsection (a) [of this section]; or

15 (2) during the year immediately following the date the 16 results of an audit of the <u>office</u> [district] conducted by the 17 comptroller under Subsection (a) [of this section] are reported to 18 the chief appraiser of the <u>office</u> [district].

(f) For purposes of this section, "class of property" means a major kind of property for which the comptroller determines a median level of appraisal under Section 5.10 [of this code].

(g) The results of an annual study conducted by the comptroller for a tax year before 1989 may not be considered for purposes of determining whether an audit is required under Subsection (a) [of this section].

26 SECTION 11. SECTION 5.13, Tax Code, is amended to read as 27 follows:

Sec. 5.13. ADMINISTRATION OF PERFORMANCE AUDITS. (a) The comptroller shall complete an audit required by Section 5.12(a) [of this code] within two years after the date of the publication of the second of the two annual studies the results of which required the audit to be conducted. The comptroller shall complete an audit requested under Section 5.12(b) or (c) [of this code] as soon as practicable after the request is made.

8 (b) The comptroller may not audit the financial condition of 9 an appraisal <u>office</u> [district or a district's tax collections]. If 10 the request is for an audit limited to one or more particular 11 matters, the comptroller's audit must be limited to those matters.

The comptroller must approve the specific plan for the 12 (C) performance audit of an appraisal office [district]. 13 Before approving an audit plan, the comptroller must provide 14 any 15 interested person an opportunity to appear before the comptroller and to comment on the proposed plan. Not later than the 20th day 16 17 before the date the comptroller considers the plan for an appraisal office [district] performance audit, the comptroller must notify 18 the presiding officer of the governing body of each taxing unit for 19 which the appraisal office appraises property [appraisal district 20 21 board of directors] that the comptroller intends to consider the plan. The notice must include the time, date, and place of the 22 meeting to consider the plan. [Immediately after receiving the 23 24 notice, the presiding officer shall deliver a copy of the notice to 25 the other members of the appraisal district board of directors.]

(d) In conducting a general audit, the comptroller shallconsider and report on:

(1) the extent to which the <u>office</u> [district] complies 1 2 with applicable law or generally accepted standards of appraisal or other relevant practice; 3

4 (2) the uniformity and level of appraisal of major 5 kinds of property and the cause of any significant deviations from ideal uniformity and equality of appraisal of major kinds of 6 7 property;

8 (3) duplication of effort and efficiency of operation; the general efficiency, quality of service, and 9 (4) qualification of appraisal office [district] personnel; and 10

except as otherwise provided by Subsection (b) [of 11 (5) this section], any other matter included in the request for the 12 audit. 13

In conducting the audit, the comptroller is entitled to 14 (e) 15 have access at all times to the books, appraisal and other records, reports, vouchers, and other information, whether confidential or 16 17 not, of the appraisal office [district]. The comptroller may require the assistance of appraisal office [district] officers or 18 employees that does not interfere significantly with the ordinary 19 functions of the appraisal office [district]. The comptroller may 20 rely on any analysis it has made previously relating to the 21 appraisal office [district] if the previous analysis is useful or 22 relevant to the audit. 23

24 (f) The comptroller shall report the results of its audit in 25 writing to the governing body of each taxing unit that participates in the appraisal office and $[\frac{district_r}{dist}]$ to the chief appraiser $[\frac{1}{r}]$ 26 and to the presiding officer of the appraisal district board of 27

3 representative of the property owners who requested the audit. 4 (g) If the audit is required or requested under Section 5 5.12(a) or (b) [of this code], the appraisal office [district] shall reimburse the comptroller for the costs incurred 6 in 7 conducting the audit and making its report of the audit. The costs 8 shall be allocated among the taxing units participating in the 9 office [district] in the same manner as an operating expense of the office [district]. If the audit is requested under Section 5.12(c) 10 [of this code], the property owners who requested the audit shall 11 reimburse the comptroller for the costs incurred in conducting the 12 audit and making its report of the audit and shall allocate the 13 14 costs among those property owners in proportion to the appraised 15 value of each property owner's property in the county in which the appraisal office is established [district] or on such other basis 16 17 as the property owners may agree. If the audit confirms that the median level of appraisal for a class of property exceeds 1.10 or 18 that the median level of appraisal for a class of property varies at 19 least 10 percent from the overall median level of appraisal for all 20 21 property appraised by [in] the office [district] for which the comptroller determines a median level of appraisal, within 90 days 22 after the date a request is made by the property owners for 23 24 reimbursement the appraisal office [district] shall reimburse the 25 property owners who requested the audit for the amount paid to the comptroller for the costs incurred in conducting the audit and 26 Before conducting an audit under Section 27 making the report.

H.B. No. 2120 1 <u>directors</u>]. If the audit was requested under Section 5.12(c) [of 2 <u>this code</u>], the comptroller shall also provide a report to a 3 representative of the property owners who requested the audit

1 5.12(c), the comptroller may require the requesting taxing units or 2 property owners to provide the comptroller with a bond, deposit, or other financial security sufficient to cover the expected costs of 3 conducting the audit and making the report. For purposes of this 4 "costs" 5 subsection, include expenses related to salaries, 6 professional fees, travel, reproduction or other printing 7 services, and consumable supplies that are directly attributable to 8 conducting the audit.

9 (h) At any time after the request for an audit is made, the 10 comptroller may discontinue the audit in whole or in part if 11 requested to do so by:

(1) the governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units participating in the <u>office</u> [district], if the audit was requested by a majority of those units; <u>or</u>

15 (2) [the governing bodies of a majority of the taxing 16 units entitled to vote on the appointment of appraisal district 17 directors, if the audit was requested by a majority of those units; 18 or

19 [(3)] if the audit was requested under Section 5.12(c)
20 [of this code], by the taxpayers who requested the audit.

(i) The comptroller by rule may adopt procedures, audit standards, and forms for the administration of the performance audits.

24 SECTION 12. The heading to Subchapter A, Chapter 6, Tax 25 Code, is amended to read as follows:

26SUBCHAPTER A. APPRAISAL OFFICES [DISTRICTS]27SECTION 13. Section 6.01, Tax Code, is amended to read as

1 follows:

Sec. 6.01. <u>COUNTY</u> APPRAISAL <u>OFFICE; CHIEF APPRAISER</u>
[DISTRICTS ESTABLISHED]. (a) <u>The comptroller shall operate an</u>
[An] appraisal <u>office</u> [district is established] in each county.

5 (b) The <u>appraisal office</u> [district] is responsible for 6 appraising property in the <u>county</u> [district] for ad valorem tax 7 purposes of each taxing unit that imposes ad valorem taxes on 8 property in the county [district].

9 (c) <u>For purposes of this title, each taxing unit with</u> 10 <u>territory in the county is considered to participate in the</u> 11 <u>appraisal office established for that county</u> [An appraisal district 12 <u>is a political subdivision of the state</u>].

13 SECTION 14. Section 6.035, Tax Code, is amended to read as 14 follows:

Sec. 6.035. RESTRICTIONS ON ELIGIBILITY AND CONDUCT OF [BOARD MEMBERS AND] CHIEF APPRAISERS AND THEIR RELATIVES. (a) An individual is [ineligible to serve on an appraisal district board of directors and is] disqualified from employment as chief appraiser if the individual:

20 (1) is related within the second degree by 21 consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code, to an individual who is engaged in the business of 22 appraising property for compensation for use in proceedings under 23 24 this title or of representing property owners for compensation in proceedings under this title in the appraisal office [district]; or 25 (2) owns property on which delinquent taxes have been 26 owed to a taxing unit for more than 60 days after the date the 27

1 individual knew or should have known of the delinquency unless:

(A) the delinquent taxes and any penalties and
interest are being paid under an installment payment agreement
under Section 33.02; or

5 (B) a suit to collect the delinquent taxes is 6 deferred or abated under Section 33.06 or 33.065.

7 A [member of an appraisal district board of directors or (b) a] chief appraiser commits an offense if the [board member 8 9 continues to hold office or the] chief appraiser remains employed knowing that an individual related within the second degree by 10 consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, 11 Government Code, to the [board member or] chief appraiser is 12 engaged in the business of appraising property for compensation for 13 14 use in proceedings under this title or of representing property 15 owners for compensation in proceedings under this title in the appraisal office [district] in which the [member serves or the] 16 17 chief appraiser is employed. An offense under this subsection is a Class B misdemeanor. 18

A chief appraiser commits an offense if the chief 19 (C) gratuitously or 20 appraiser refers a person, whether for 21 compensation, to another person for the purpose of obtaining an appraisal of property, whether or not the appraisal is for ad 22 valorem tax purposes. An offense under this subsection is a Class B 23 24 misdemeanor.

(d) An appraisal performed by a chief appraiser in a private
capacity or by an individual related within the second degree by
consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573,

Government Code, to the chief appraiser may not be used as evidence in a protest or challenge under Chapter 41 or an appeal under Chapter 42 concerning property that is taxable in the appraisal office [district] in which the chief appraiser is employed.

5 SECTION 15. Section 6.05, Tax Code, is amended to read as 6 follows:

Sec. 6.05. CHIEF APPRAISER; APPRAISAL OFFICE STAFF. 7 (a) [Except as authorized by Subsection (b) of this section, each 8 appraisal district shall establish an appraisal office. 9 The appraisal office must be located in the county for which the 10 district is established. An appraisal district may establish 11 branch appraisal offices outside the county for which the district 12 is established. 13

14 [(b) The board of directors of an appraisal district may 15 contract with an appraisal office in another district or with a 16 taxing unit in the district to perform the duties of the appraisal 17 office for the district.

[(c)] The chief appraiser is the chief administrator of the appraisal office. The chief appraiser is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the <u>comptroller</u> [appraisal district board of directors. If a taxing unit performs the duties of the appraisal office pursuant to a contract, the assessor for the unit is the chief appraiser].

(b) [(d)] The chief appraiser is entitled to compensation
 as provided by the budget proposed by the chief appraiser and
 approved by the comptroller [adopted by the board of directors].
 The chief appraiser [He] may employ and compensate professional,

clerical, and other personnel <u>for the appraisal office</u> as provided
 by the budget.

H.B. No. 2120

3 (c) [(e)] The chief appraiser may delegate authority to 4 [his] employees of the appraisal office.

5 (d) [(f)] The chief appraiser may not employ any individual related to the comptroller [a member of the board of directors] 6 7 within the second degree by affinity or within the third degree by 8 consanguinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code. A 9 person commits an offense if the person intentionally or knowingly violates this subsection. An offense under this subsection is a 10 misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than 11 \$1,000. 12

The chief appraiser is an officer [of the 13 (e) [(g)] 14 appraisal district] for purposes of the nepotism law, Chapter 573, 15 Government Code. An appraisal office [district] may not employ or contract with an individual or the spouse of an individual who is 16 17 related to the chief appraiser within the first degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, 18 Government Code. 19

20 <u>(f)</u> [(h)] The <u>comptroller shall</u> [board of directors of an 21 appraisal district by resolution may] prescribe that specified 22 actions of the chief appraiser relating to the finances or 23 administration of the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] are subject to 24 the approval of the <u>comptroller</u> [board].

25 SECTION 16. Section 6.051, Tax Code, is amended to read as 26 follows:

27

Sec. 6.051. OWNERSHIP OR LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY. (a) The

comptroller [board of directors of an appraisal district] may 1 2 purchase or lease real property and may construct improvements as necessary to establish and operate the appraisal office or a branch 3 appraisal office in the county for which the appraisal office 4 5 appraises property. 6 [The acquisition or conveyance of real property or the (b) 7 construction or renovation of a building or other improvement by an 8 appraisal district must be approved by the governing bodies of three-fourths of the taxing units entitled to vote on the 9 appointment of board members. The board of directors by resolution 10 may propose a property transaction or other action for which this 11 subsection requires approval of the taxing units. The chief 12 appraiser shall notify the presiding officer of each governing body 13 entitled to vote on the approval of the proposal by delivering a 14 15 copy of the board's resolution, together with information showing the costs of other available alternatives to the proposal. On 16 17 before the 30th day after the date the presiding officer receives notice of the proposal, the governing body of a taxing unit by 18 resolution may approve or disapprove the proposal. If a governing 19 body fails to act on or before that 30th day or fails to file its 20 21 resolution with the chief appraiser on or before the 10th day after that 30th day, the proposal is treated as if it were disapproved by 22 the governing body. 23

H.B. No. 2120

[(c)] The <u>comptroller</u> [board of directors] may convey real property <u>of the appraisal office</u> [owned by the district, and the proceeds shall be credited to each taxing unit that participates in the district in proportion to the unit's allocation of the

1	appraisal district budget in the year in which the transaction
2	occurs. A conveyance must be approved as provided by Subsection (b)
3	of this section, and any proceeds shall be apportioned by an
4	amendment to the annual budget made as provided by Subsection (c) of
5	Section 6.06 of this code].
6	[(d) An acquisition of real property by an appraisal
7	district before January 1, 1988, may be validated before March 1,
8	1988, in the manner provided by Subsection (b) of this section for
9	the acquisition of real property.]
10	SECTION 17. Section 6.052(a), Tax Code, is amended to read
11	as follows:
12	(a) <u>For</u> [The board of directors for] an appraisal <u>office</u>
13	established [district created] for a county with a population of
14	more than 125,000 the comptroller shall appoint a taxpayer liaison
15	officer who shall serve at the pleasure of the <u>comptroller</u> [board].

16 The taxpayer liaison officer shall administer the public access 17 functions required by Sections 6.04(d), (e), and (f), and is 18 responsible for resolving disputes not involving matters that may 19 be protested under Section 41.41.

20 SECTION 18. Section 6.06, Tax Code, is amended to read as 21 follows:

Sec. 6.06. [APPRAISAL DISTRICT] BUDGET AND FINANCING. (a) Each year the chief appraiser shall prepare a proposed budget for the operations of the <u>appraisal office</u> [district] for the following tax year and shall submit copies to <u>the comptroller and to</u> each taxing unit <u>for which the office appraises property</u> [participating <u>in the district and to the district board of directors before June</u>

The chief appraiser [He] shall include in the budget a list 1 15]. 2 showing each proposed position, the proposed salary for the position, all benefits proposed for the position, each proposed 3 4 capital expenditure, and an estimate of the amount of the budget that will be allocated to each taxing unit. Each taxing unit 5 6 entitled to vote on the appointment of board members shall maintain 7 a copy of the proposed budget for public inspection at its principal 8 administrative office.

9 The chief appraiser [board of directors] shall hold a (b) public hearing to consider the budget. The chief appraiser 10 [secretary of the board] shall deliver to the presiding officer of 11 the governing body of each taxing unit for which the office 12 appraises property [participating in the district] not later than 13 the 10th day before the date of the hearing a written notice of the 14 15 date, time, and place fixed for the hearing. The chief appraiser [board] shall complete the [its] hearings, make [any] amendments to 16 the proposed budget [it desires,] and finally approve a budget 17 before September 15. If governing bodies of a majority of the 18 taxing units [entitled to vote on the appointment of board members] 19 adopt resolutions disapproving a budget and file them with the 20 chief appraiser [secretary of the board] within 30 days after its 21 adoption, the budget does not take effect, and the chief appraiser 22 [board] shall adopt a new budget within 30 days of the disapproval. 23

(c) The <u>chief appraiser</u> [board] may amend the approved
budget at any time, but the <u>chief appraiser</u> [secretary of the board]
must deliver a written copy of a proposed amendment to the presiding
officer of the governing body of each taxing unit participating in

H.B. No. 2120 1 the <u>office</u> [district] not later than the 30th day before the date 2 the chief appraiser [board] acts on it.

3 Each taxing unit for which the office appraises property (d) 4 [participating in the district] is allocated a portion of the 5 amount of the budget equal to the proportion that the total dollar 6 amount of property taxes imposed in the county for which the appraisal office is established [district] by the unit for the tax 7 8 year in which the budget proposal is prepared bears to the sum of 9 the total dollar amount of property taxes imposed in the county [district] by each participating unit for that year. If a taxing 10 unit participates in two or more <u>appraisal offices</u> [districts], 11 only the taxes imposed in the appropriate county [a district] are 12 used to calculate the unit's cost allocations in that office 13 [district]. If the number of real property parcels in a taxing unit 14 15 is less than 5 percent of the total number of real property parcels in the county [district] and the taxing unit imposes in excess of 25 16 17 percent of the total amount of the property taxes imposed in the county [district] by all of the participating taxing units for a 18 year, the unit's allocation may not exceed a percentage of the 19 appraisal <u>office's</u> [district's] budget equal to three times the 20 unit's percentage of the total number of real property parcels 21 appraised by the appraisal office [district]. 22

(e) Unless the governing body of a unit and the chief appraiser agree to a different method of payment, each taxing unit shall pay its allocation in four equal payments to be made at the end of each calendar quarter, and the first payment shall be made before January 1 of the year in which the budget takes effect. A

payment is delinquent if not paid on the date it is due. A delinquent payment incurs a penalty of 5 percent of the amount of the payment and accrues interest at an annual rate of 10 percent. If the budget is amended, any change in the amount of a unit's allocation is apportioned among the payments remaining.

(f) Payments shall be made to a depository designated by the
<u>chief appraiser</u> [district board of directors]. The <u>office's</u>
[district's] funds may be disbursed only by a written check, draft,
or order signed by the [chairman and secretary of the board or, if
authorized by resolution of the board, by the] chief appraiser.

(g) If a taxing unit decides not to impose taxes for any tax year, the unit is not liable for any of the costs of operating the <u>appraisal office</u> [district] in that year, and those costs are allocated among the other taxing units as if that unit had not imposed taxes in the year used to calculate allocations. However, if that unit has made any payments, it is not entitled to a refund.

17 (h) If a newly formed taxing unit or a taxing unit that did not impose taxes in the preceding year imposes taxes in any tax 18 year, that unit is allocated a portion of the amount budgeted to 19 operate the appraisal office [district] as if it had imposed taxes 20 in the preceding year, except that the amount of taxes the unit 21 imposes in the current year is used to calculate its allocation. 22 Before the amount of taxes to be imposed for the current year is 23 24 known, the allocation may be based on an estimate to which the chief 25 appraiser [district board of directors] and the governing body of the unit agree, and the payments made after that amount is known 26 shall be adjusted to reflect the amount imposed. The payments of a 27

newly formed taxing unit that has no source of funds are postponed
 until the unit has received adequate tax or other revenues.

The fiscal year of an appraisal office [district] is the 3 (i) 4 same as the fiscal year of this state [calendar year unless the governing bodies of three-fourths of the taxing units entitled to 5 6 vote on the appointment of board members adopt resolutions proposing a different fiscal year and file them with the secretary 7 of the board not more than 12 and not less than eight months before 8 the first day of the fiscal year proposed by the resolutions. If 9 10 the fiscal year of an appraisal district is changed under this subsection, the chief appraiser shall prepare a proposed budget for 11 the fiscal year as provided by Subsection (a) of this section before 12 the 15th day of the seventh month preceding the first day of the 13 fiscal year established by the change, and the board of directors 14 15 shall adopt a budget for the fiscal year as provided by Subsection (b) of this section before the 15th day of the fourth month 16 preceding the first day of the fiscal year established by the 17 change. Unless the appraisal district adopts a different method of 18 allocation under Section 6.061 of this code, the allocation of the 19 budget to each taxing unit shall be calculated as provided by 20 21 Subsection (d) of this section using the amount of property taxes imposed by each participating taxing unit in the most recent tax 22 year preceding the fiscal year established by the change for which 23 24 the necessary information is available. Each taxing unit shall pay 25 its allocation as provided by Subsection (e) of this section, except that the first payment shall be made before the first day of 26 the fiscal year established by the change and subsequent payments 27

1 shall be made quarterly. In the year in which a change in the fiscal 2 year occurs, the budget that takes effect on January 1 of that year 3 may be amended as necessary as provided by Subsection (c) of this 4 section in order to accomplish the change in fiscal years].

5 (j) If the total amount of the payments made or due to be made by the taxing units participating in an appraisal office 6 7 [district] exceeds the amount actually spent or obligated to be 8 spent during the fiscal year for which the payments were made, the 9 chief appraiser shall credit the excess amount against each taxing unit's allocated payments for the following year in proportion to 10 the amount of each unit's budget allocation for the fiscal year for 11 which the payments were made. If a taxing unit that paid its 12 allocated amount is not allocated a portion of the office's 13 [district's] budget for the following fiscal year, the chief 14 15 appraiser shall refund to the taxing unit its proportionate share of the excess funds not later than the 150th day after the end of the 16 17 fiscal year for which the payments were made.

18 SECTION 19. Sections 6.062(a) and (c), Tax Code, are 19 amended to read as follows:

20 (a) Not later than the 10th day before the date of the public hearing at which the <u>chief appraiser</u> [board of directors] considers 21 the appraisal office [district] budget, the chief appraiser shall 22 give notice of the public hearing by publishing the notice in a 23 24 newspaper having general circulation in the county for which the 25 appraisal office [district] is established. The notice may not be smaller than one-quarter page of a standard-size or tabloid-size 26 newspaper and may not be published in the part of the paper in which 27

1

legal notices and classified advertisements appear.

2 (c) The notice must state that the appraisal office [district] is supported solely by payments from the local taxing 3 units served by the appraisal office [district]. The notice must 4 5 also contain the following statement: "If approved by the chief 6 appraiser [appraisal district board of directors] at the public hearing, this proposed budget will take effect automatically unless 7 8 disapproved by the governing bodies of the county, school districts, cities, and towns served by the appraisal office 9 [district]. A copy of the proposed budget is available for public 10 inspection in the office of each of those governing bodies." 11

SECTION 20. Section 6.09, Tax Code, is amended to read as 12 follows: 13

Sec. 6.09. DESIGNATION OF OFFICE [DISTRICT] DEPOSITORY. 14 15 (a) The appraisal <u>office</u> [district] depository must be a banking corporation incorporated under the laws of this state or the United 16 States or a savings and loan association in this state whose 17 deposits are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance 18 Corporation. 19

The <u>comptroller</u> [appraisal district board of directors] 20 (b) 21 shall designate as the office [district] depository the financial 22 institution or institutions that offer the most favorable terms and conditions for the handling of the office's [district's] funds. 23

24 (c) The comptroller [board] shall solicit bids to be 25 designated as depository for the office [district] at least once in 26 each two-year period.

27

To the extent that funds in the depository are not (d)

insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal
 Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, they shall be secured in
 the manner provided by law for the security of funds of counties.

H.B. No. 2120

4 SECTION 21. Sections 6.12(a), (b), (c), (e), and (g), Tax 5 Code, are amended to read as follows:

6 (a) The <u>comptroller</u> [chief appraiser of each appraisal 7 district] shall appoint[, with the advice and consent of the board 8 of directors,] an agricultural advisory board <u>for each appraisal</u> 9 <u>office</u> composed of three or more members as determined by the 10 <u>comptroller</u> [board].

(b) One of the agricultural advisory board members must be a representative of the county agricultural stabilization and conservation service, and the remainder of the members must be landowners of the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u> <u>established</u> [district] whose land qualifies for appraisal under Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23, and who have been residents of the county [district] for at least five years.

(c) Members of the board serve for staggered terms of two years. In making the initial appointments of members of the agricultural advisory board the <u>comptroller</u> [chief appraiser] shall appoint for a term of one year one-half of the members, or if the number of members is an odd number, one fewer than a majority of the membership.

(e) An employee or officer of an appraisal <u>office</u> [district]
 may not be appointed and may not serve as a member of the
 agricultural advisory board.

27

(g) The board shall advise the chief appraiser on the

1 valuation and use of land that may be designated for agricultural 2 use or that may be open space agricultural or timber land within the 3 county for which the appraisal office is established [district].

4 SECTION 22. Sections 6.24(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, are 5 amended to read as follows:

6 (a) The governing body of a taxing unit other than a county 7 may contract as provided by the Interlocal Cooperation Act with the 8 governing body of another unit [or with the board of directors of an 9 appraisal district] for the other unit [or the district] to perform 10 duties relating to the assessment or collection of taxes.

The commissioners court with the approval of the county 11 (b) assessor-collector may contract as provided by the Interlocal 12 Cooperation Act with the governing body of another taxing unit in 13 the county [or with the board of directors of the appraisal 14 15 district] for the other unit [or the district] to perform duties relating to the assessment or collection of taxes for the county. 16 17 If a county contracts to have its taxes assessed and collected by another taxing unit [or by the appraisal district], except as 18 provided by Subsection (c), the contract shall require the other 19 unit [or the district] to assess and collect all taxes the county is 20 required to assess and collect. 21

(c) A contract entered into under Subsection (b) may exclude from the taxes the other unit [or the district] is required to assess and collect taxes the county is required to assess and collect under one or more of the following provisions:

26

27

(1) Section 23.121;

(2) Section 23.122;

	H.B. No. 2120
1	(3) Section 23.124;
2	(4) Section 23.1241;
3	(5) Section 23.1242;
4	(6) Section 23.125;
5	(7) Section 23.127; or
6	(8) Section 23.128.
7	SECTION 23. Section 6.26, Tax Code, is amended to read as
8	follows:
9	Sec. 6.26. ELECTION TO CONSOLIDATE ASSESSING AND COLLECTING
10	FUNCTIONS. (a) [The qualified voters residing in an appraisal
11	district by petition submitted to the county clerk of the county
12	principally served by the appraisal district may require that an
13	election be held to determine whether or not to require the
14	appraisal district, the county assessor-collector, or a specified
15	taxing unit within the appraisal district to assess, collect, or
16	assess and collect property taxes on property appraised by the
17	district for all taxing units.
18	[(b)] The qualified voters of a taxing unit that assesses,
19	collects, or assesses and collects its own property taxes by
20	petition submitted to the governing body of the taxing unit may
21	require that an election be held to determine whether or not to
22	require the [appraisal district,] the county assessor-collector[,]
23	or another taxing unit that is assessing and collecting property

- 26 (b) [(c)] A petition is valid if:
- 27

24

25

taxes.

<u>...</u> [(0)] - postotom 10 varta 11.

(1) it states that it is intended to require an

taxes to assess, collect, or assess and collect the unit's property

1 election in the [appraisal district or] taxing unit on the question
2 of consolidation of assessing or collecting functions or both;

3 (2) it states the functions to be consolidated and 4 identifies the entity or office that will be required to perform the 5 functions; and

6 (3) it is signed by a number of qualified voters equal 7 to at least 10 percent of the number of qualified voters, according 8 to the most recent official list of qualified voters, residing in 9 the [appraisal district, if the petition is authorized by 10 Subsection (a) of this section, or in the] taxing unit, [if the 11 petition is authorized by Subsection (b) of this section,] or by 12 10,000 qualified voters, whichever number is less.

(c) $\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ Not later than the 10th day after the day the 13 14 petition is submitted, the [commissioners court, if the petition is 15 authorized by Subsection (a) of this section, or the] governing body of the taxing unit [, if the petition is authorized by 16 17 Subsection (b) of this section,] shall determine whether the petition is valid and pass a resolution stating its finding. The 18 signature of a person may not be counted for purposes of validating 19 the petition under Subsection (b)(3) $\left[\frac{(c)(3)}{3}\right]$ of this section if: 20

(1) the person does not enter beside <u>the person's</u> [his]
signature at the time of <u>the person's</u> [his] signing the date on
which <u>the person</u> [he] signs the petition; or

(2) the person signs the petition more than 30 days
before the date on which the petition is submitted to the [county
clerk or the] governing body.

27

(d) [(e)] If [the commissioners court or] the governing

body finds that the petition is valid, it shall order that an 1 2 election be held [in the district or taxing unit] on the next 3 uniform election date prescribed by the Texas Election Code that is more than 60 days after the last day on which it could have acted to 4 5 approve or disapprove the petition. At the election, the ballots 6 shall be prepared to permit voting for or against the proposition: "Requiring the (name of entity or office) to (assess, collect, or 7 8 assess and collect, as applicable) property taxes for (all taxing units in [the appraisal district for] _____ county or name 9 10 of taxing unit or units, as applicable)."

(e) [(f)] If a majority of the qualified voters voting on 11 the question in the election favor the proposition, the entity or 12 office named by the ballot shall perform the functions named by the 13 14 ballot beginning with the next time property taxes are assessed or 15 collected, as applicable, that is more than 90 days after the date of the election. If the governing bodies [(and appraisal district 16 17 board of directors when the district is involved) agree, a function may be consolidated when performance of the function 18 begins in less than 90 days after the date of the election. 19

20 <u>(f)</u> [(g)] A taxing unit shall pay the actual cost of 21 performance of the functions to the office or entity that performs 22 functions for it pursuant to an election as provided by this 23 section.

24 (g) [(h)] If a taxing unit is required by election pursuant 25 to [Subsection (b) of] this section to assess, collect, or assess 26 and collect property taxes for another taxing unit, it also shall 27 perform the functions for all taxing units for which the other unit

1 previously performed those functions pursuant to law or 2 intergovernmental contract.

3 (h) [(i)] If functions are consolidated by an election, a 4 taxing unit may not terminate the consolidation within two years 5 after the date of the consolidation.

6 <u>(i)</u> [(j) An appraisal district may not be required by an 7 election to assess, collect, or assess and collect taxes on 8 property outside the district's boundaries.] A taxing unit may not 9 be required by an election to assess, collect, or assess and collect 10 taxes on property outside the <u>county</u> [boundaries] of the appraisal 11 office [district] that appraises property for the unit.

SECTION 24. Section 6.29(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (b) A taxing unit whose taxes are collected by the collector for another taxing unit, by an officer or employee of another taxing 15 unit [or of an appraisal district], or by any other person other 16 17 than the unit's own collector may require that collector, officer, employee, or other person to give bond conditioned on the faithful 18 performance of his duties. To be effective, the bond must be made 19 payable to and must be approved by and paid for by the governing 20 body of the unit requiring bond in an amount determined by the 21 The governing body may prescribe additional governing body. 22 requirements for the bond. 23

24 SECTION 25. Section 6.41, Tax Code, is amended to read as 25 follows:

26 Sec. 6.41. APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD. (a) The appraisal 27 review board is established for each appraisal <u>office</u> [district].

1 (b) The board consists of three members. However, the chief appraiser [district board of directors by resolution of a majority 2 of its members] may increase the size of the appraisal review board 3 4 to not more than nine members or, in an appraisal office [a district] established for a county with a population of at least 5 6 250,000, to not more than 40 members or, in <u>an appraisal office</u> [a district] established for a county with a population of at least 7 8 500,000, to not more than 75 members.

9 (c) To be eligible to serve on the board, an individual must 10 be a resident of the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u> 11 <u>established</u> [district] and must have resided in the <u>county</u> 12 [district] for at least two years.

(d) Members of the board are appointed by <u>the chief</u>
<u>appraiser</u> [resolution of a majority of the appraisal district board
of directors]. A vacancy on the board is filled in the same manner
for the unexpired portion of the term.

Members of the board hold office for terms of two years 17 (e) beginning January 1. The chief appraiser [appraisal district board 18 of directors by resolution] shall provide for staggered terms, so 19 that the terms of as close to one-half of the members as possible 20 21 expire each year. In making the initial or subsequent appointments, the chief <u>appraiser</u> [board of directors] shall 22 designate those members who serve terms of one year as needed to 23 24 comply with this subsection.

(f) A member of the board may be removed from the board by
 the chief appraiser or the comptroller [a majority vote of the
 appraisal district board of directors]. Grounds for removal are:

H.B. No. 2120 (1) a violation of Section 6.412, 6.413, 41.66(f), or 2 41.69; or

3 (2) good cause relating to the attendance of members
4 at called meetings of the board as established by written policy
5 adopted by [a majority of] the chief appraiser or the comptroller
6 [appraisal district board of directors].

7 SECTION 26. Sections 6.412(a)-(e), Tax Code, are amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (a) An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal 10 review board if the individual:

(1) is related within 11 the second degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, 12 Government Code, to an individual who is engaged in the business of 13 14 appraising property for compensation for use in proceedings under 15 this title or of representing property owners for compensation in proceedings under this title in the appraisal office [district] for 16 17 which the appraisal review board is established; or

18 (2) owns property on which delinquent taxes have been
19 owed to a taxing unit for more than 60 days after the date the
20 individual knew or should have known of the delinquency unless:

(A) the delinquent taxes and any penalties and
 interest are being paid under an installment payment agreement
 under Section 33.02; or

(B) a suit to collect the delinquent taxes is
deferred or abated under Section 33.06 or 33.065.

(b) A member of an appraisal review board commits an offenseif the board member continues to hold office knowing that an

individual related within the second degree by consanguinity or 1 2 affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code, to the 3 board member is engaged in the business of appraising property for 4 compensation for use in proceedings under this title or of 5 representing property owners for compensation in proceedings under 6 this title in the appraisal office [district] for which the 7 appraisal review board is established. An offense under this 8 subsection is a Class B misdemeanor.

9 (c) A person is ineligible to serve on the appraisal review 10 board if the person is [a member of the board of directors,] an 11 officer[,] or employee of the appraisal <u>office</u> [district], an 12 employee of the comptroller, or a member of the governing body, 13 officer, or employee of a taxing unit.

(d) A person is ineligible to serve on the appraisal review
board of an appraisal <u>office</u> [district] established for a county
having a population of more than 100,000:

17

(1) if the person:

18 (A) has served for all or part of three previous
19 terms as a board member or auxiliary board member on the appraisal
20 review board; or

(B) is a former [member of the board of directors,] officer[,] or employee of the appraisal <u>office</u> [district]; or

(2) if the person served as a member of the governing
body or officer of a taxing unit for which the appraisal <u>office</u>
[district] appraises property, until the fourth anniversary of the
date the person ceased to be a member or officer; or

H.B. No. 2120
1 (3) if the person has ever appeared before the
2 appraisal review board for compensation.

3 (e) In an appraisal <u>office</u> [district] established for a 4 county having a population of 100,000 or less, a person who has 5 served for all or part of three consecutive terms as a board member 6 or auxiliary board member on the appraisal review board is 7 ineligible to serve on the appraisal review board during a term that 8 begins on the next January 1 following the third of those 9 consecutive terms.

10 SECTION 27. Sections 6.413(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, are 11 amended to read as follows:

(a) An individual is not eligible to be appointed to or to
serve on the appraisal review board established for an appraisal
<u>office</u> [district] if the individual or a business entity in which
the individual has a substantial interest is a party to a contract
with the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] or with a taxing unit that
participates in the appraisal office [district].

(b) <u>The comptroller</u> [An appraisal district] may not enter into a contract with a member of the appraisal review board established for the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] or with a business entity in which a member of the appraisal review board has a substantial interest.

(c) A taxing unit may not enter into a contract with a member
of the appraisal review board established for an appraisal <u>office</u>
[district] in which the taxing unit participates or with a business
entity in which a member of the appraisal review board has a
substantial interest.

H.B. No. 2120 SECTION 28. Section 6.42(c), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

3 (c) Members of the board are entitled to per diem set by the 4 <u>comptroller</u> [appraisal district budget] for each day the board 5 meets and to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses 6 incurred in the performance of board functions as provided by the 7 comptroller [district budget].

8 SECTION 29. Section 6.43, Tax Code, is amended to read as 9 follows:

10 Sec. 6.43. PERSONNEL. The appraisal review board may 11 employ legal counsel as provided by the <u>comptroller</u> [district 12 budget or use the services of the county attorney] and may use the 13 staff of the appraisal office for clerical assistance.

SECTION 30. Section 11.14(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(d) The [central] appraisal <u>office established</u> [district] for the county shall determine the cost of appraising tangible personal property required by a taxing unit under the provisions of Subsection (c) and shall assess those costs to the taxing unit or taxing units which provide for the taxation of tangible personal property.

22 SECTION 31. Section 11.182(g), Tax Code, is amended to read 23 as follows:

(g) To receive an exemption under Subsection (b) or (f), an organization must annually have an audit prepared by an independent auditor. The audit must include a detailed report on the organization's sources and uses of funds. A copy of the audit must

be delivered to the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs and to the chief appraiser of the appraisal <u>office</u> [<u>district</u>] in which the property subject to the exemption is located.

5 SECTION 32. Section 11.252(e), Tax Code, is amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (e) The owner of a motor vehicle that is subject to a lease 8 shall maintain the form completed by the lessee of the vehicle and 9 make the form available for inspection and copying by the chief 10 appraiser of the applicable appraisal <u>office</u> [district] at all 11 reasonable times. If the owner does not maintain a completed form 12 relating to the vehicle, the owner:

(1) must render the vehicle for taxation in the applicable rendition statement or property report filed by the owner under Chapter 22; and

16 (2) may not file an application for an exemption under17 Subsection (a) for the vehicle.

18 SECTION 33. Sections 11.26(e) and (h), Tax Code, are 19 amended to read as follows:

(e) For each school district in an appraisal office 20 21 [district], the chief appraiser shall determine the portion of the appraised value of residence homesteads of the elderly on which 22 23 school district taxes are not imposed in a tax year because of the 24 limitation on tax increases imposed by this section. That portion 25 is calculated by determining the taxable value that, if multiplied by the tax rate adopted by the school district for the tax year, 26 would produce an amount equal to the amount of tax that would have 27

been imposed by the school district on residence homesteads of the elderly if the limitation on tax increases imposed by this section were not in effect, but that was not imposed because of that limitation. The chief appraiser shall determine that taxable value and certify it to the comptroller as soon as practicable for each tax year.

An individual who receives a limitation on tax increases 7 (h) under this section, including a surviving spouse who receives a 8 9 limitation under Subsection (i), and who subsequently qualifies a 10 different residence homestead for an exemption under Section 11.13, or an agent of the individual, is entitled to receive from the chief 11 12 appraiser of the appraisal office established for the county [district] in which the former homestead was located a written 13 14 certificate providing the information necessary to determine 15 whether the individual may qualify for a limitation on the subsequently qualified homestead under Subsection (g) and to 16 17 calculate the amount of taxes the school district may impose on the subsequently qualified homestead. 18

SECTION 34. Section 11.31(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(d) Following submission of the information required by Subsection (c), the executive director of the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission shall determine if the facility, device, or method is used wholly or partly as a facility, device, or method for the control of air, water, or land pollution. As soon as practicable, the executive director shall send notice by regular mail to the chief appraiser of the appraisal <u>office established</u>

1 [district] for the county in which the property is located that the person has applied for a determination under this subsection. 2 The executive director shall issue a letter to the person stating the 3 4 executive director's determination of whether the facility, 5 device, or method is used wholly or partly to control pollution and, if applicable, the proportion of the property that is pollution 6 7 control property. The executive director shall send a copy of the 8 letter by regular mail to the chief appraiser of the appraisal 9 office [district] for the county in which the property is located.

10 SECTION 35. Section 11.43(a), Tax Code, is amended to read 11 as follows:

12 (a) То receive an exemption, a person claiming the exemption, other than an exemption authorized by Section 11.11, 13 11.12, 11.14, 11.145, 11.146, 11.15, 11.16, 11.161, or 11.25 [of 14 15 this code], must apply for the exemption. To apply for an exemption, a person must file an exemption application form with 16 17 the chief appraiser for the [each] appraisal office established for the county [district] in which the property subject to the claimed 18 19 exemption has situs.

20 SECTION 36. Section 11.436(c), Tax Code, is amended to read 21 as follows:

(c) То facilitate the financing associated 22 with the acquisition of a property, an organization, before acquiring the 23 24 property, may request from the chief appraiser of the appraisal office [district] established for the county in which the property 25 26 is located a preliminary determination of whether the property 27 would qualify for an exemption under Section 11.182 if acquired by

the organization. The request must include the information that would be included in an application for an exemption for the property under Section 11.182. Not later than the 21st day after the date a request is submitted under this subsection, the chief appraiser shall issue a written preliminary determination for the property included in the request. A preliminary determination does not affect the granting of an exemption under Section 11.182.

8 SECTION 37. Section 11.44(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 9 as follows:

10 (b) Each year the chief appraiser for each appraisal <u>office</u> 11 [district] shall publicize, in a manner reasonably designed to 12 notify all residents of the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u> 13 <u>established</u> [district], the requirements of Section 11.43 [of this 14 <u>code</u>] and the availability of application forms.

15 SECTION 38. Section 11.46, Tax Code, is amended to read as 16 follows:

Sec. 11.46. COMPILATION OF PARTIAL EXEMPTIONS. Each year the chief appraiser shall compile and make available to the public a list showing for each taxing unit in the <u>county for which the</u> <u>appraisal office is established</u> [district] the number of each kind of partial exemption allowed in that tax year and the total assessed value of each taxing unit that is exempted by each kind of partial exemption.

24 SECTION 39. Section 21.031(e), Tax Code, is amended to read 25 as follows:

(e) To receive an allocation of value under this section, aproperty owner must apply for the allocation on a form that

substantially complies with the form prescribed by the comptroller.
The application must be filed with the chief appraiser <u>of the</u>
<u>appraisal office established</u> for the <u>county</u> [<u>district</u>] in which the
property to which the application applies is taxable before the
approval of the appraisal records by the appraisal review board as
provided by Section 41.12 [<u>of this code</u>].

7 SECTION 40. Section 22.07(a), Tax Code, is amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (a) The chief appraiser or <u>the chief appraiser's</u> [his] 10 authorized representative may enter the premises of a business, 11 trade, or profession and inspect the property to determine the 12 existence and market value of tangible personal property used for 13 the production of income and having a taxable situs in the <u>county</u> 14 for which the appraisal office is established [district].

15 SECTION 41. Section 22.25, Tax Code, is amended to read as 16 follows:

Sec. 22.25. PLACE AND MANNER OF FILING. A rendition statement or property report required or authorized by this chapter must be filed with the chief appraiser <u>of the appraisal office</u> <u>established</u> for the <u>county</u> [<u>district</u>] in which the property listed in the statement or report is taxable.

22 SECTION 42. Sections 22.41(a), (b), and (c), Tax Code, are 23 amended to read as follows:

(a) At the request of the chief appraiser of an appraisal
 <u>office established for the county</u> [district] in which a political
 subdivision of this state has territory, the governing body of the
 political subdivision shall deliver a written report to the chief

H.B. No. 2120
1 appraiser describing each of the following actions taken by the
2 governing body in the preceding period specified in the request:

3

a zoning action;

4 (2) an action that directly restricts the use of real 5 property or a class of real property specified by the action or that 6 exempts real property or a class of real property specified by the 7 action from an existing restriction on the use of the property; or

8 (3) an action that grants the owner or custodian of 9 real property specified by the action the right or authority to make 10 a change or improvement to the property.

(b) The report is not required to include an action that does not apply to real property <u>appraised by</u> [in] the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] whose chief appraiser requested the report.

14 (c) The chief appraiser in the request for a report shall 15 specify the period to be covered by the report. The governing body is not required to include in the report an action included in a 16 17 previous report made to the chief appraiser of the same appraisal office [district]. The governing body must deliver the report to 18 the chief appraiser not later than the 30th day after the date of 19 the request, unless the chief appraiser specifies or agrees to a 20 later date. 21

22 SECTION 43. Section 23.01(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 23 as follows:

(b) The market value of property shall be determined by the
application of generally accepted appraisal methods and
techniques. If the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] determines the
appraised value of a property using mass appraisal standards, the

mass appraisal standards must comply with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice. The same or similar appraisal methods and techniques shall be used in appraising the same or similar kinds of property. However, each property shall be appraised based upon the individual characteristics that affect the property's market value.

7 SECTION 44. Section 23.02(c), Tax Code, is amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (c) A taxing unit that authorizes a reappraisal under this 10 section must pay the appraisal office [district] all the costs of making the reappraisal. If two or more taxing units provide for the 11 reappraisal in the same territory, each shall share the costs of the 12 reappraisal in that territory in the proportion the total dollar 13 14 amount of taxes imposed in that territory in the preceding year 15 bears to the total dollar amount of taxes all units providing for reappraisal of that territory imposed in the preceding year. 16

17 SECTION 45. Section 23.03, Tax Code, is amended to read as 18 follows:

Sec. 23.03. COMPILATION OF LARGE PROPERTIES AND PROPERTIES SUBJECT TO LIMITATION ON APPRAISED VALUE. Each year the chief appraiser shall compile and send to the Texas Department of Economic Development a list of properties in the <u>county for which</u> <u>the</u> appraisal <u>office is established</u> [district] that in that tax year:

(1) have a market value of \$100 million or more; or
(2) are subject to a limitation on appraised value
under Chapter 313.

1 SECTION 46. Section 23.121(a)(1), Tax Code, is amended to 2 read as follows:

H.B. No. 2120

3 (1) "Chief appraiser" means the chief appraiser <u>of</u>
4 [for] the appraisal <u>office established for the county</u> [district] in
5 which a dealer's motor vehicle inventory is located.

6 SECTION 47. Section 23.124(a)(1), Tax Code, is amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) "Chief appraiser" means the chief appraiser <u>of</u> 9 [for] the appraisal <u>office established for the county</u> [district] in 10 which a dealer's vessel and outboard motor inventory is located.

11 SECTION 48. Section 23.127(a)(1), Tax Code, is amended to 12 read as follows:

(1) "Chief appraiser" means the chief appraiser <u>of</u>
[for] the appraisal <u>office established for the county</u> [district] in
which a retailer's retail manufactured housing inventory is
located.

17 SECTION 49. Sections 23.19(b), (c), and (e), Tax Code, are 18 amended to read as follows:

If an appraisal office [district] receives a written 19 (b) request for the appraisal of real property and improvements of a 20 21 cooperative housing corporation according to the separate interests of the corporation's stockholders, the chief appraiser 22 shall separately appraise the interests described by Subsection (d) 23 24 [of this section] if the conditions required by Subsections (e) and (f) [of this section] have been met. Separate appraisal under this 25 26 section is for the purposes of administration of tax exemptions, 27 determination of applicable limitations of taxes under Section

1 11.26 [of this code], and apportionment by a cooperative housing 2 corporation of property taxes among its stockholders but is not the 3 basis for determining value on which a tax is imposed under this 4 title. A stockholder whose interest is separately appraised under 5 this section may protest and appeal the appraised value in the 6 manner provided by this title for protest and appeal of the 7 appraised value of other property.

8 (c) An appraisal under this section applies to the tax year in which a request is made under this section only if the request is 9 received by the appraisal office [district] before March 1. After 10 the first separate appraisal of interests of stockholders of a 11 cooperative housing corporation under this section, separate 12 appraisals of interests of stockholders of the corporation shall be 13 14 made in subsequent years without further request. A request may not be rescinded after the first separate appraisal has been made, and a 15 request is binding on future owners and stockholders of the 16 17 corporation.

18 (e) A separate appraisal of interests under this section may19 not be made unless:

(1) the person making the request files a resolution of the board of directors of the corporation certifying that the stockholders of the corporation have approved the request in the manner provided by the corporate articles of incorporation or bylaws for approval of matters affecting the corporation generally; and

26 (2) a diagrammatic floor plan of the improvements and 27 a survey plot map of the land showing the location of the

improvements on the land have been filed with the appraisal <u>office</u>
[district].

3 SECTION 50. Section 23.20(c), Tax Code, is amended to read 4 as follows:

5 (c) A waiver under this section is effective for 25 6 consecutive tax years beginning on the first tax year in which the 7 waiver is effective without regard to whether the property is 8 subject to appraisal under Subchapter C, D, E, F, or G [of this chapter]. 9 To be effective in the year in which the waiver is executed, it must be filed before May 1 of that year with the chief 10 appraiser of the appraisal office established for the county 11 [district] in which the property is located, unless for good cause 12 shown the chief appraiser extends the filing deadline for not more 13 14 than 60 days. An application filed after the year's deadline takes 15 effect in the next tax year.

16 SECTION 51. Sections 23.43(a) and (f), Tax Code, are 17 amended to read as follows:

(a) An individual claiming the right 18 to have the individual's [his] land designated for agricultural use must apply 19 for the designation each year the individual [he] claims it. 20 21 Application for the designation is made by filing a sworn application form with the chief appraiser for the appraisal office 22 23 established for the county [district] in which the land is located.

(f) Each year the chief appraiser for each appraisal <u>office</u>
[district] shall publicize, in a manner reasonably designed to
notify all residents of the <u>applicable county</u> [district], the
requirements of this section and the availability of application

1 forms.

2 SECTION 52. Section 23.51(3), Tax Code, is amended to read 3 as follows:

4 (3) "Category" means the value classification of land 5 considering the agricultural use to which the land is principally 6 devoted. Categories of land may include but are not limited to 7 irrigated cropland, dry cropland, improved pasture, native 8 pasture, orchard, and waste and may be further divided according to 9 soil type, soil capability, irrigation, general topography, geographical factors, and other factors which influence the 10 productive capacity of the category. The chief appraiser shall 11 obtain information from the Texas Agriculture Extension Service, 12 Soil Conservation Service, and other recognized agricultural 13 14 sources for the purposes of determining the categories of 15 production existing in the county for which the appraisal office is established [district]. 16

17 SECTION 53. Section 23.521(a), Tax Code, is amended to read 18 as follows:

The Parks and Wildlife Department, with the assistance 19 (a) of the comptroller, shall develop standards for determining whether 20 land qualifies under Section 23.51(7) for appraisal under this 21 subchapter. The comptroller by rule shall adopt the standards 22 developed by the Parks and Wildlife Department and distribute those 23 24 rules to each appraisal office [district]. On request of the Parks 25 and Wildlife Department, the Texas Agricultural Extension Service 26 shall assist the department in developing the standards.

27 SECTION 54. Section 23.54(g), Tax Code, is amended to read

1 as follows:

(g) Each year the chief appraiser [for each appraisal
district] shall publicize, in a manner reasonably designed to
notify all residents of the county for which the appraisal office is
<u>established</u> [district], the requirements of this section and the
availability of application forms.

7 SECTION 55. Section 23.75(g), Tax Code, is amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (g) Each year the chief appraiser [for each appraisal 10 district] shall publicize, in a manner reasonably designed to 11 notify all residents of the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u> 12 <u>established</u> [district], the requirements of this section and the 13 availability of application forms.

SECTION 56. Section 23.84(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) A person claiming the right to have <u>the person's</u> [his]
land appraised under this subchapter must apply for the right the
first year <u>the person</u> [he] claims it. Application for appraisal
under this chapter is made by filing a sworn application form with
the chief appraiser for the appraisal <u>office established for the</u>
<u>county</u> [district] in which the land is located.

22 SECTION 57. Section 23.94(a), Tax Code, is amended to read 23 as follows:

(a) A person claiming the right to have <u>the person's</u> [his]
airport property appraised under this subchapter must apply for the
right the first year <u>the person</u> [he] claims it. Application for
appraisal under this subchapter is made by filing a sworn

application form with the chief appraiser for <u>the</u> [each] appraisal
office established for each county [district] in which the land is
located.

H.B. No. 2120

4 SECTION 58. Section 23.9804(h), Tax Code, is amended to 5 read as follows:

6 (h) Each year the chief appraiser for each appraisal <u>office</u> 7 [district] shall publicize, in a manner reasonably designed to 8 notify all residents of the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u> 9 <u>established</u> [district], the requirements of this section and the 10 availability of application forms.

11 SECTION 59. Section 25.01, Tax Code, is amended to read as 12 follows:

Sec. 25.01. PREPARATION OF APPRAISAL RECORDS. [(a)] By May 14 15 or as soon thereafter as practicable, the chief appraiser shall 15 prepare appraisal records listing all property that is taxable in 16 the <u>county for which the appraisal office is established</u> [district] 17 and stating the appraised value of each.

18 [(b) The chief appraiser with the approval of the board of 19 directors of the district may contract with a private appraisal 20 firm to perform appraisal services for the district, subject to his 21 approval. A contract for private appraisal services is void if the 22 amount of compensation to be paid the private appraisal firm is 23 contingent on the amount of or increase in appraised, assessed, or 24 taxable value of property appraised by the appraisal firm.

25 [(c) A contract for appraisal services for an appraisal 26 district is invalid if it does not provide that copies of the 27 appraisal, together with supporting data, must be made available to

the appraisal district and such appraisals and supporting data 1 shall be public records. "Supporting data" shall not be construed 2 to include personal notes, correspondence, working papers, thought 3 processes, or any other matters of a privileged or proprietary 4 5 nature.] 6 SECTION 60. Section 25.011(a), Tax Code, is amended to read 7 as follows: 8 (a) The chief appraiser for each appraisal office 9 [district] shall prepare and maintain a record of property specially appraised under Chapter 23 [of this code] and subject, in 10 the future, to additional taxation for change in use or status. 11 SECTION 61. Section 25.025(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 12 as follows: 13 Information in appraisal records under Section 25.02 is 14 (b) 15 confidential and is available only for the official use of the appraisal office [district], this state, the comptroller, and 16 17 taxing units and political subdivisions of this state if: (1) the information identifies the home address of a 18 named individual to whom this section applies; and 19 (2) the individual chooses to restrict public access 20 21 to the information on the form prescribed for that purpose by the comptroller under Section 5.07. 22 SECTION 62. Section 25.026(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 23 24 as follows: 25 (b) Information in appraisal records under Section 25.02 is confidential and is available only for the official use of the 26 27 appraisal office [district], this state, the comptroller, and

1 taxing units and political subdivisions of this state if the 2 information identifies the address of a family violence shelter 3 center or a sexual assault program.

4 SECTION 63. Section 25.12(c), Tax Code, as added by Chapter 5 796, Acts of the 71st Legislature, Regular Session, 1989, is 6 amended to read as follows:

If a written request for joint taxation has been filed 7 (c) 8 under Subsection (b), the notice of appraised value provided for by Section 25.19 for the owners included in the request for joint 9 taxation shall be delivered to the operator, owner, or owners of the 10 mineral interest in whose name the mineral interest is designated 11 for joint taxation. The chief appraiser is not required to deliver 12 a separate notice of appraised value to each owner included in the 13 14 request for joint taxation. However, the chief appraiser shall 15 deliver a separate notice of appraised value to an owner of an interest in the property who before May 1 files a written request to 16 17 receive a separate notice of appraised value with the chief appraiser on a form provided by the appraisal office [district] for 18 that purpose. The request is effective for each subsequent year 19 until revoked by the owner or until the owner no longer owns an 20 21 interest in the property.

22 SECTION 64. Sections 25.18(b) and (c), Tax Code, are 23 amended to read as follows:

(b) The plan shall provide for reappraisal of all real
property in the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u>
<u>established</u> [district] at least once every three years.

27

(c) A taxing unit by resolution adopted by its governing

body may require the appraisal office to appraise all property 1 2 within the unit or to identify and appraise newly annexed territory and new improvements in the unit as of a date specified in the 3 resolution. On or before the deadline requested by the taxing unit, 4 which deadline may not be less than 30 days after the date the 5 6 resolution is delivered to the appraisal office, the chief appraiser shall complete the appraisal and deliver to the unit an 7 8 estimate of the total appraised value of property taxable by the 9 unit as of the date specified in such resolution. The unit must pay 10 the appraisal office [district] for the cost of making the appraisal. The chief appraiser shall provide sufficient personnel 11 to make the appraisals required by this subsection on or before the 12 deadline requested by the taxing unit. An appraisal made pursuant 13 14 to this subsection may not be used by a taxing unit as the basis for 15 the imposition of taxes.

H.B. No. 2120

16 SECTION 65. Sections 25.19(b) and (e), Tax Code, are 17 amended to read as follows:

(b) The chief appraiser shall separate real from personalproperty and include in the notice for each:

20 (1) a list of the taxing units in which the property is21 taxable;

(2) the appraised value of the property in thepreceding year;

(3) the taxable value of the property in the preceding
year for each taxing unit taxing the property;

(4) the appraised value of the property for thecurrent year and the kind and amount of each partial exemption, if

1 any, approved for the current year;

2 (5) if the appraised value is greater than it was in3 the preceding year:

4 (A) the effective tax rate that would he 5 announced pursuant to Chapter 26 if the total values being submitted to the appraisal review board were to be approved by the 6 board with an explanation that that rate would raise the same amount 7 8 of revenue from property taxed in the preceding year as the unit raised for those purposes in the preceding year; 9

(B) the amount of tax that would be imposed on the
property on the basis of the rate described by Paragraph (A); and

(C) a statement that the governing body of the unit may not adopt a rate that will increase tax revenues for operating purposes from properties taxed in the preceding year without publishing notice in a newspaper that it is considering a tax increase and holding a hearing for taxpayers to discuss the tax increase;

18 (6) in italic typeface, the following statement: "The 19 Texas Legislature does not set the amount of your local taxes. Your 20 property tax burden is decided by your locally elected officials, 21 and all inquiries concerning your taxes should be directed to those 22 officials";

(7) a detailed explanation of the time and procedurefor protesting the value;

(8) the date and place the appraisal review board willbegin hearing protests; and

27

(9) a brief explanation that the governing body of

1 each taxing unit decides whether or not taxes on the property will
2 increase and the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] only determines the
3 value of the property.

4 (e) The chief appraiser, with the approval of the
5 <u>comptroller</u> [appraisal district board of directors], may dispense
6 with the notice required by Subsection (a)(1) if the amount of
7 increase in appraised value is \$1,000 or less.

8 SECTION 66. Section 25.195(a), Tax Code, is amended to read 9 as follows:

(a) After the chief appraiser has submitted the appraisal 10 records to the appraisal review board as provided by Section 11 25.22(a), a property owner or the owner's designated agent is 12 entitled to inspect and copy the appraisal records relating to 13 property of the property owner, together with supporting data, 14 15 schedules, and, except as provided by Subsection (b), any other material or information held by the chief appraiser [or required by 16 17 Section 25.01(c) to be provided to the appraisal district under a contract for appraisal services], including material 18 or information obtained under Section 22.27, that is obtained or used 19 in making appraisals for the appraisal records relating to that 20 property. 21

22 SECTION 67. Section 25.20, Tax Code, is amended to read as 23 follows:

Sec. 25.20. ACCESS BY TAXING UNITS. The chief appraiser shall give the assessor for a taxing unit in the <u>county for which</u> <u>the appraisal office is established</u> [district] reasonable access to the appraisal records at any time.

1 SECTION 68. Section 25.22(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 2 as follows:

H.B. No. 2120

3 (b) The chief appraiser shall make and subscribe an4 affidavit on the submission substantially as follows:

5 "I, ______, (Chief Appraiser) for ______ solemnly 6 swear that I have made or caused to be made a diligent inquiry to 7 ascertain all property in the <u>county for which the appraisal office</u> 8 <u>was established</u> [district] subject to appraisal by me and that I 9 have included in the records all property that I am aware of at an 10 appraised value determined as required by law."

11 SECTION 69. Section 25.23(e), Tax Code, is amended to read 12 as follows:

(e) The chief appraiser shall add supplemental appraisal
records, as changed by the appraisal review board and approved by
that board, to the appraisal roll for the <u>appraisal office</u>
[district] and certify the addition to the taxing units.

SECTION 70. Section 25.24, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 25.24. APPRAISAL ROLL. The appraisal records, as changed by order of the appraisal review board and approved by that board, constitute the appraisal roll for the <u>appraisal office</u> [<u>district</u>].

23 SECTION 71. Sections 25.25(b) and (d), Tax Code, are 24 amended to read as follows:

(b) The chief appraiser may change the appraisal roll at any
time to correct a name or address, a determination of ownership, a
description of property, multiple appraisals of a property, or a

clerical error or other inaccuracy as prescribed by board rule that does not increase the amount of tax liability. Before the 10th day after the end of each calendar quarter, the chief appraiser shall submit to the appraisal review board and to the <u>comptroller</u> [board <u>of directors of the appraisal district</u>] a written report of each change made under this subsection that decreases the tax liability of the owner of the property. The report must include:

8

(1) a description of each property; and

9

(2) the name of the owner of that property.

At any time prior to the date the taxes become 10 (d) delinquent, a property owner or the chief appraiser may file a 11 motion with the appraisal review board to change the appraisal roll 12 to correct an error that resulted in an incorrect appraised value 13 14 for the owner's property. However, the error may not be corrected 15 unless it resulted in an appraised value that exceeds by more than one-third the correct appraised value. If the appraisal roll is 16 17 changed under this subsection, the property owner must pay to each affected taxing unit a late-correction penalty equal to 10 percent 18 of the amount of taxes as calculated on the basis of the corrected 19 appraised value. The roll may not be changed under this subsection 20 if: 21

(1) the property was the subject of a protest brought by the property owner under Chapter 41, a hearing on the protest was conducted in which the property owner offered evidence or argument, and the appraisal review board made a determination of the protest on the merits; or

27

(2) the appraised value of the property was

established as a result of a written agreement between the property
 owner or the owner's agent and the appraisal <u>office</u> [district].

3 SECTION 72. Section 26.01, Tax Code, is amended to read as 4 follows:

Sec. 26.01. SUBMISSION OF ROLLS TO TAXING UNITS. 5 (a) Вy 6 July 25, the chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the assessor for each taxing unit having territory [participating] in 7 8 the county for which the appraisal office is established [district] 9 that part of the appraisal roll for the appraisal office [district] that lists the property taxable by the unit. The part certified to 10 the assessor is the appraisal roll for the unit. 11 The chief appraiser shall consult with the assessor for each taxing unit and 12 notify each unit in writing by April 1 of the form in which the roll 13 will be provided to each unit. 14

15 (b) When a chief appraiser submits an appraisal roll for county taxes to a county assessor-collector, the chief appraiser 16 17 also shall certify the appraisal office [district] appraisal roll to the comptroller. However, the comptroller by rule may provide 18 for submission of only a summary of the appraisal roll. The chief 19 appraiser shall certify the [district] appraisal roll or the 20 summary of that roll in the form and manner prescribed by the 21 comptroller's rule. 22

(c) The chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the assessor for each taxing unit a listing of those properties which are taxable by that unit but which are under protest and therefore not included on the appraisal roll approved by the appraisal review board and certified by the chief appraiser. This listing shall

include the appraised market value, productivity value (if 1 2 applicable), and taxable value as determined by the appraisal office [district] and shall also include the market value, taxable 3 4 value, and productivity value (if applicable) as claimed by the 5 property owner filing the protest if available. If the property 6 owner does not claim a value and the appraised value of the property 7 in the current year is equal to or less than its value in the 8 preceding year, the listing shall include a reasonable estimate of 9 the market value, taxable value, and productivity value (if applicable) that would be assigned to the property if 10 the taxpayer's claim is upheld. If the property owner does not claim a 11 value and the appraised value of the property is higher than its 12 appraised value in the preceding year, the listing shall include 13 14 the appraised market value, productivity value (if applicable) and 15 taxable value of the property in the preceding year, except that if there is a reasonable likelihood that the appraisal review board 16 17 will approve a lower appraised value for the property than its appraised value in the preceding year, the chief appraiser shall 18 make a reasonable estimate of the taxable value that would be 19 assigned to the property if the property owner's claim is upheld. 20 The taxing unit shall use the lower value for calculations as 21 prescribed in Sections 26.04 and 26.041 of this code. 22

(d) The chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the assessor for each taxing unit a list of those properties of which the chief appraiser has knowledge that are reasonably likely to be taxable by that unit but that are not included on the appraisal roll certified to the assessor under Subsection (a) or included on the

1 listing certified to the assessor under Subsection (c). The chief appraiser shall include on the list for each property the market 2 3 value, appraised value, and kind and amount of any partial 4 exemptions as determined by the appraisal office [district] for the 5 preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, 6 appraised value, and kind and amount of any partial exemptions for 7 the current year. Until the property is added to the appraisal 8 roll, the assessor for the taxing unit shall include each property 9 on the list in the calculations prescribed by Sections 26.04 and 26.041, and for that purpose shall use the lower market value, 10 appraised value, or taxable value, as appropriate, included on or 11 computed using the information included on the list for the 12 13 property.

H.B. No. 2120

(e) By June 7, the chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the assessor for each school district participating in the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] an estimate of the taxable value of school district property. The chief appraiser shall assist each school district in determining values of school district property for the school district's budgetary purposes.

20 SECTION 73. Section 26.14(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 21 as follows:

(b) If a taxing unit annexes territory during a tax year that was located in another taxing unit of like kind on January 1, each unit shall impose taxes on property located within its boundaries on the date the appraisal review board approves the appraisal roll for the <u>appraisal office</u> [district]. The chief appraiser shall prepare and deliver an appraisal roll for each unit

1 in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.

2 SECTION 74. Section 31.01(h), Tax Code, is amended to read 3 as follows:

4 An assessor who assesses taxes for more than one taxing (h) 5 unit may prepare and deliver separate bills for the taxes of a taxing unit that does not adopt a tax rate for the year before the 6 7 60th day after the date the chief appraiser certifies the appraisal 8 roll for the unit under Section 26.01 of this code or, if the taxing unit participates in more than one appraisal office [district], 9 before the 60th day after the date it receives a certified appraisal 10 roll from any of the appraisal offices [districts] in which it 11 12 participates. If separate tax bills are prepared and delivered under this subsection, the taxing unit or taxing units that failed 13 14 to adopt the tax rate before the prescribed deadline must pay the additional costs incurred in preparing and mailing the separate 15 bills in addition to any other compensation required or agreed to be 16 paid for the appraisal services rendered. 17

SECTION 75. Section 31.02(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(d) A person eligible under Subsection (b) or any co-owner 20 21 of property that is owned by an eligible person may notify the county tax assessor or collector or [central] appraisal office 22 [district] for the county in which the property is located of the 23 24 person's eligibility for exemption under Subsection (b). The county tax assessor or collector or [central] appraisal office 25 26 [district] shall provide the forms necessary for those individuals 27 giving notice under this subsection. If the notice is timely given,

1 a taxing unit in the county may not bring suit for delinquent taxes 2 for the tax year in which the notice is given. Failure to file a 3 notice does not affect eligibility for the waiver of penalties and 4 interest.

5 SECTION 76. Section 31.10(d), Tax Code, is amended to read 6 as follows:

If the taxes of a taxing unit are collected by the 7 (d) 8 collector or other officer or employee of another taxing unit [or by 9 an appraisal district] as provided by the law creating or authorizing creation of the unit or as the result of an election 10 held under Section 6.26 of this code, the entity that collects the 11 taxes shall deposit the taxes in the unit's depository daily, 12 unless the governing body of that unit by official action provides 13 14 that those deposits may be made less often than daily.

SECTION 77. Sections 32.03(c), (d), (g), and (h), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

A bona fide purchaser for value or the holder of a lien (C) 17 recorded on a manufactured home document of title is not required to 18 pay any taxes imposed on the manufactured home in a tax year that 19 begins on or after January 1, 2001, or penalties or interest on 20 21 those taxes, if the chief appraiser of the appraisal office [district] established for the county in which the manufactured 22 home is located, in connection with an application for a permit to 23 24 transport the manufactured home under Section 623.093(d), Transportation Code, has issued a written statement that no unpaid 25 taxes have been reported on the manufactured home due any taxing 26 unit for which the appraisal office [district] appraises property. 27

1 (d) On request of any person, a chief appraiser shall issue a written statement as to whether the chief appraiser has received 2 3 notice of any taxes on a manufactured home located in the county for which the appraisal office was established [district] due any 4 5 taxing unit for which the appraisal office [district] appraises property. A request for the issuance of a statement by the chief 6 7 appraiser under this subsection must:

8 (1)be in writing and signed by the person requesting 9 the statement;

identify the location of the manufactured home 10 (2) sufficiently for the chief appraiser to determine whether the 11 manufactured home is listed on the current appraisal roll; and 12

13

specify the address where the chief appraiser (3) 14 should send the statement.

15 (q) If the chief appraiser receives the appropriate information from the collector for a taxing unit indicating that 16 17 there are unpaid taxes due that taxing unit on the manufactured home, the chief appraiser shall include in the statement issued 18 under Subsection (d) the amount of taxes due that taxing unit and 19 the name and address of the collector for that taxing unit. If the 20 chief appraiser does not receive information from the collector for 21 any taxing unit to which the chief appraiser sent a request under 22 Subsection (e) before the chief appraiser issues the statement 23 24 required by Subsection (d), the chief appraiser shall state in the 25 written statement that the chief appraiser has not received notice 26 of any taxes on the manufactured home due the taxing units for which 27 the appraisal office [district] appraises property.

1 (h) To cover the costs to the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] 2 associated with the issuance of written statements under this 3 section, a chief appraiser may charge the person requesting a 4 statement a fee not to exceed \$10 for each statement requested.

H.B. No. 2120

5 SECTION 78. Sections 33.011(a), (b), (c), and (f), Tax 6 Code, are amended to read as follows:

7

(a) The governing body of a taxing unit:

8 (1) shall waive penalties and interest on a delinquent 9 tax if an act or omission of an officer, employee, or agent of the 10 taxing unit or the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] in which the taxing 11 unit participates caused or resulted in the taxpayer's failure to 12 pay the tax before delinquency and if the tax is paid not later than 13 the third anniversary of the date the taxpayer knows or should know 14 of the delinquency; and

15 (2) may waive penalties and provide for the waiver of 16 interest on a delinquent tax if the property for which the tax is 17 owed is acquired by a religious organization that qualifies the 18 property for exemption under Section 11.20 before the first 19 anniversary of the date the religious organization acquires the 20 property.

(b) If a tax bill is returned undelivered to the taxing unit by the United States Postal Service, the governing body of the taxing unit shall waive penalties and interest if:

(1) the taxing unit does not send another tax bill on
the property in question at least 21 days before the delinquency
date to the current mailing address furnished by the property owner
and the property owner establishes that a current mailing address

was furnished to the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] by the property
owner for the tax bill before September 1 of the year in which the
tax is assessed; or

4 (2) the tax bill was returned because of an act or
5 omission of an officer, employee, or agent of the taxing unit or the
6 appraisal <u>office</u> [district] in which the taxing unit participates
7 and the taxing unit or appraisal <u>office</u> [district] did not send
8 another tax bill on the property in question at least 21 days before
9 the delinquency date to the proper mailing address.

(c) For the purposes of this section, a property owner is 10 considered to have furnished a current mailing address to the 11 taxing unit or to the appraisal office [district] if the current 12 address is expressly communicated to the appraisal 13 office 14 [district] in writing or if the appraisal office [district] 15 received a copy of a recorded instrument transferring ownership of real property and the current mailing address of the new owner is 16 17 included in the instrument or in accompanying communications or letters of transmittal. 18

(f) A property owner is not entitled to relief under Subsection (b) [of this section] if the property owner or the owner's agent furnished an incorrect mailing address to the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] or the taxing unit or to an employee or agent of the <u>office</u> [district] or unit.

24 SECTION 79. Sections 33.06(b), (c), and (e), Tax Code, are 25 amended to read as follows:

(b) To obtain a deferral, an individual must file with the
chief appraiser for the appraisal <u>office established for the county</u>

[district] in which the property is located an affidavit stating 1 2 the facts required to be established by Subsection (a) [of this The chief appraiser shall notify each taxing unit for 3 section]. which the office appraises property [participating in the district] 4 of the filing. After an affidavit is filed under this subsection, a 5 6 taxing unit may not file suit to collect delinquent taxes on the 7 property until the individual no longer owns and occupies the 8 property as a residence homestead.

To obtain an abatement, the individual must file in the 9 (c) court in which suit is pending an affidavit stating the facts 10 required to be established by Subsection (a) [of this section]. If 11 no controverting affidavit is filed by the taxing unit filing suit 12 or if, after a hearing, the court finds the individual is entitled 13 14 to the deferral, the court shall abate the suit until the individual no longer owns and occupies the property as a residence homestead. 15 The clerk of the court shall deliver a copy of the judgment abating 16 17 the suit to the chief appraiser of each appraisal office [district] that appraises the property. 18

(e) Each year the chief appraiser for each appraisal <u>office</u>
[district] shall publicize in a manner reasonably designed to
notify all residents of the [district or] county of the provisions
of this section and, specifically, the method by which eligible
persons may obtain a deferral or abatement.

24 SECTION 80. Sections 33.065(c), (d), and (h), Tax Code, are 25 amended to read as follows:

(c) To obtain a deferral, an individual must file with the
 chief appraiser for the appraisal <u>office established for the county</u>

[district] in which the property is located an affidavit stating 1 the facts required to be established by Subsection (a). The chief 2 appraiser shall notify each taxing unit for which the office 3 4 appraises property [participating in the district] of the filing. 5 After an affidavit is filed under this subsection, a taxing unit may 6 not file suit to collect delinquent taxes on the property for which collection is deferred until the individual no longer owns and 7 8 occupies the property as a residence homestead.

9 To obtain an abatement, the individual must file in the (d) court in which the delinquent tax suit is pending an affidavit 10 stating the facts required to be established by Subsection (a). If 11 the taxing unit that filed the suit does not file a controverting 12 affidavit or if, after a hearing, the court finds the individual is 13 14 entitled to the deferral, the court shall abate the suit until the 15 individual no longer owns and occupies the property as the individual's residence homestead. The clerk of the court shall 16 17 deliver a copy of the judgment abating the suit to the chief appraiser of each appraisal office [district] that appraises the 18 19 property.

(h) Each year the chief appraiser for each appraisal <u>office</u>
[district] shall publicize in a manner reasonably designed to
notify all residents of the county for which the appraisal <u>office</u>
[district] is established of the provisions of this section and,
specifically, the method by which an eligible person may obtain a
deferral.

26 SECTION 81. Sections 33.07(a) and (d), Tax Code, are 27 amended to read as follows:

(a) A taxing unit [or appraisal district] may provide, in 1 2 the manner required by law for official action by the body, that 3 taxes that become delinquent on or after February 1 of a year but not later than May 1 of that year and that remain delinquent on July 4 5 1 of the year in which they become delinquent incur an additional 6 penalty to defray costs of collection, if the unit [or district] or another unit that collects taxes for the unit has contracted with an 7 attorney pursuant to Section 6.30. The amount of the penalty may 8 9 not exceed the amount of the compensation specified in the contract with the attorney to be paid in connection with the collection of 10 the delinquent taxes. 11

(d) If a taxing unit [or appraisal district] provides for a penalty under this section, the collector shall deliver a notice of delinquency and of the penalty to the property owner at least 30 and not more than 60 days before July 1.

SECTION 82. Sections 33.08(a), (b), (c), and (e), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) This section applies to a taxing unit [or appraisal
 district] only if:

(1) the governing body of the taxing unit [or appraisal district] has imposed the additional penalty for collection costs under Section 33.07; and

(2) the taxing unit [or appraisal district,] or
another taxing unit that collects taxes for the unit, has entered
into a contract with an attorney under Section 6.30 for the
collection of the unit's delinquent taxes.

27

(b) The governing body of the taxing unit [or appraisal

district], in the manner required by law for official action, may provide that taxes that become delinquent on or after June 1 under Section 26.07(f), 26.15(e), 31.03, 31.031, 31.032, or 31.04 incur an additional penalty to defray costs of collection. The amount of the penalty may not exceed the amount of the compensation specified in the applicable contract with an attorney under Section 6.30 to be paid in connection with the collection of the delinquent taxes.

8 (c) After the taxes become delinquent, the collector for a 9 taxing unit [or appraisal district] that has provided for the 10 additional penalty under this section shall send a notice of the 11 delinquency and the penalty to the property owner. The penalty is 12 incurred on the first day of the first month that begins at least 21 13 days after the date the notice is sent.

(e) A taxing unit [or appraisal district] that imposes the
additional penalty under this section may not recover attorney's
fees in a suit to collect delinquent taxes subject to the penalty.

SECTION 83. Section 41.03(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

19 (a) A taxing unit is entitled to challenge before the20 appraisal review board:

(1) the level of appraisals of any category of
property in the <u>county for which the appraisal office is</u>
<u>established</u> [district or in any territory in the district], but not
the appraised value of a single taxpayer's property;

25 (2) an exclusion of property from the appraisal26 records;

27

(3) a grant in whole or in part of a partial exemption;

H.B. No. 2120 1 (4) a determination that land qualifies for appraisal 2 as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23; or 3 (5) failure to identify the taxing unit as one in which 4 a particular property is taxable. 5 SECTION 84. Section 41.41, Tax Code, is amended to read as 6 follows: Sec. 41.41. RIGHT OF PROTEST. 7 (a) A property owner is 8 entitled to protest before the appraisal review board the following 9 actions: determination of the appraised value of the 10 (1)owner's property or, in the case of land appraised as provided by 11 Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23, determination of its appraised 12 or market value; 13 14 (2) unequal appraisal of the owner's property; 15 (3) inclusion of the owner's property on the appraisal records; 16 17 (4) denial to the property owner in whole or in part of a partial exemption; 18 determination that the owner's land does not 19 (5) qualify for appraisal as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H, 20 21 Chapter 23; (6) identification of the taxing units in which the 22 owner's property is taxable in the case of the appraisal office's 23 24 [district's] appraisal roll; (7) determination that the property owner is the owner 25 26 of property; 27 (8) a determination that a change in use of land

H.B. No. 2120
1 appraised under Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23, has occurred;
2 or

3 (9) any other action of the chief appraiser, appraisal
4 <u>office</u> [district], or appraisal review board that applies to and
5 adversely affects the property owner.

6 (b) Each year the chief appraiser for each appraisal <u>office</u> 7 [district] shall publicize in a manner reasonably designed to 8 notify all residents of the <u>county for which the appraisal office</u> 9 <u>was established</u> [district]:

10

(1) the provisions of this section; and

11 (2) the method by which a property owner may protest an 12 action before the appraisal review board.

13 SECTION 85. Section 41.42, Tax Code, is amended to read as 14 follows:

15 Sec. 41.42. PROTEST OF SITUS. A protest against the inclusion of property on the appraisal records for an appraisal 16 17 office [district] on the ground that the property does not have taxable situs in the county for which the appraisal office was 18 established [that district] shall be determined in favor of the 19 protesting party if the party [he] establishes that the property is 20 subject to appraisal by another appraisal office [district] or that 21 the property is not taxable in this state. The chief appraiser of 22 an appraisal office [a district] in which the property owner 23 24 prevails in a protest of situs shall notify the appraisal office of the county [district] in which the property owner has established 25 26 situs.

27

SECTION 86. Sections 41.43(a) and (b), Tax Code, are

1 amended to read as follows:

2 (a) In a protest authorized by Section 41.41(1) or (2), the 3 appraisal <u>office</u> [district] has the burden of establishing the 4 value of the property by a preponderance of the evidence presented 5 at the hearing. If the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] fails to meet 6 that standard, the protest shall be determined in favor of the 7 property owner.

8 (b) A protest on the ground of unequal appraisal of property 9 shall be determined in favor of the protesting party unless the 10 appraisal <u>office</u> [district] establishes that the appraisal ratio of 11 the property is not greater than the median level of appraisal of:

12 (1) a reasonable and representative sample of other 13 properties in the <u>county for which the</u> appraisal <u>office was</u> 14 <u>established</u> [district];

(2) a sample of properties in the <u>county for which the</u> appraisal <u>office was established</u> [district] consisting of a reasonable number of other properties similarly situated to, or of the same general kind or character as, the property subject to the protest; or

20 (3) a reasonable number of comparable properties21 appropriately adjusted.

22 SECTION 87. Section 41.44(d), Tax Code, is amended to read 23 as follows:

(d) A notice of protest is sufficient if it identifies the
protesting property owner, including a person claiming an ownership
interest in the property even if that person is not listed on the
appraisal records as an owner of the property, identifies the

1 property that is the subject of the protest, and indicates apparent dissatisfaction with some determination of the appraisal office. 2 The notice need not be on an official form, but the comptroller 3 shall prescribe a form that provides for more detail about the 4 5 nature of the protest. The form must permit a property owner to 6 include each property in the county for which the appraisal office 7 is established [district] that is the subject of a protest. The comptroller, each appraisal office, and each appraisal review board 8 shall make the forms readily available and deliver one to a property 9 10 owner on request.

SECTION 88. Sections 41.45(g), (j), and (k), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

13 (g) In addition to the grounds for a postponement under 14 Subsection (e), the board shall postpone the hearing to a later date 15 if:

16 (1) the owner of the property or the owner's agent is 17 also scheduled to appear at a hearing on a protest filed with the 18 appraisal review board of another appraisal <u>office</u> [district];

(2) the hearing before the other appraisal review
board is scheduled to occur on the same date as the hearing set by
the appraisal review board from which the postponement is sought;

(3) the notice of hearing delivered to the property owner or the owner's agent by the other appraisal review board bears an earlier postmark than the notice of hearing delivered by the board from which the postponement is sought or, if the date of the postmark is identical, the property owner or agent has not requested a postponement of the other hearing; and

1 (4) the property owner or the owner's agent includes 2 with the request for a postponement a copy of the notice of hearing 3 delivered to the property owner or the owner's agent by the other 4 appraisal review board.

5 (j) A statement from the property owner that specifies the 6 determination or other action of the chief appraiser, appraisal 7 <u>office</u> [district], or appraisal review board relating to the 8 subject property from which the property owner seeks relief 9 constitutes sufficient argument under Subsection (i).

10 (k) The comptroller shall prescribe a standard form for an 11 affidavit offered under Subsection (b). Each appraisal <u>office</u> 12 [district] shall make copies of the affidavit form available to 13 property owners without charge.

14 SECTION 89. Sections 41.455(a) and (b), Tax Code, are 15 amended to read as follows:

(a) If a property owner files protests relating to a pooled 16 17 or unitized mineral interest that is being produced at one or more production sites located in a single county with the appraisal 18 review boards of more than one appraisal office [district], the 19 appraisal review board for the appraisal office [district] 20 established for the county in which the production site or sites are 21 located must determine the protest filed with that board and make 22 its decision before another appraisal review board may hold a 23 24 hearing to determine the protest filed with that other board.

(b) If a property owner files protests relating to a pooled or unitized mineral interest that is being produced at two or more production sites located in more than one county with the appraisal

1 review boards of more than one appraisal office [district] and at 2 least two-thirds of the surface area of the mineral interest is located in the county for which one of the appraisal <u>offices</u> 3 [districts] is established, the appraisal review board for that 4 5 appraisal office [district] must determine the protest filed with 6 that board and make its decision before another appraisal review 7 board may hold a hearing to determine the protest filed with that 8 other board.

9 SECTION 90. Section 41.61(a), Tax Code, is amended to read 10 as follows:

11 (a) If reasonably necessary in the course of a protest 12 provided by this chapter, the appraisal review board on its own 13 motion or at the written request of a party to the protest, may 14 subpoena witnesses or books, records, or other documents of the 15 property owner or appraisal <u>office</u> [district] that relate to the 16 protest.

17 SECTION 91. Sections 41.66(e) and (g), Tax Code, are 18 amended to read as follows:

(e) The appraisal review board may not consider any
 appraisal <u>office</u> [district] information on a protest that was not
 presented to the appraisal review board during the protest hearing.

(g) At the beginning of a hearing on a protest, each member of the appraisal review board hearing the protest must sign an affidavit stating that the board member has not communicated with another person in violation of Subsection (f). If a board member has communicated with another person in violation of Subsection (f), the member must be recused from the proceeding and may not

hear, deliberate on, or vote on the determination of the protest. The <u>comptroller</u> [board of directors of the appraisal district] shall adopt and implement a policy concerning the temporary replacement of an appraisal review board member who has communicated with another person in violation of Subsection (f).

6 SECTION 92. Section 41.70(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 7 as follows:

8 (b) The chief appraiser shall publish the notice in a 9 newspaper having general circulation in the county for which the 10 appraisal <u>office</u> [district] is established. The notice may not be 11 smaller than one-quarter page of a standard-size or tabloid-size 12 newspaper, and may not be published in the part of the paper in 13 which legal notices and classified advertisements appear.

SECTION 93. Section 42.02, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 42.02. RIGHT OF APPEAL BY CHIEF APPRAISER. On written approval of the <u>comptroller</u> [board of directors of the appraisal district], the chief appraiser is entitled to appeal an order of the appraisal review board determining:

20 (1) a taxpayer protest as provided by Subchapter C,21 Chapter 41; or

(2) a taxpayer's motion to change the appraisal rollfiled under Section 25.25.

24 SECTION 94. Section 42.06(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 25 as follows:

(b) A party required to file a notice of appeal under thissection other than a chief appraiser who appeals an order of an

appraisal review board shall file the notice with the chief appraiser of the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] for which the appraisal review board is established. A chief appraiser who appeals an order of an appraisal review board shall file the notice with the appraisal review board. A party who appeals an order of the comptroller shall file the notice with the comptroller.

7 SECTION 95. Sections 42.21(b) and (d), Tax Code, are 8 amended to read as follows:

9 A petition for review brought under Section 42.02 must (b) 10 be brought against the owner of the property involved in the appeal. A petition for review brought under Section 42.031 must be brought 11 against the appraisal office [district] and against the owner of 12 the property involved in the appeal. A petition for review brought 13 under Subdivision (2) or (3) of Section 42.01 or under Section 42.03 14 15 must be brought against the comptroller. Any other petition for review under this chapter must be brought against the appraisal 16 17 office [district]. A petition for review is not required to be brought against the appraisal review board, but may be brought 18 against the appraisal review board in addition to any other 19 required party, if appropriate. 20

(d) An appraisal <u>office</u> [district] is served by service on the chief appraiser at any time or by service on any other officer or employee of the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] present at the appraisal office at a time when the appraisal office is open for business with the public. An appraisal review board is served by service on the chairman of the appraisal review board. Citation of a party is issued and served in the manner provided by law for civil

1 suits generally.

2 SECTION 96. Sections 42.221(a) and (c)-(g), Tax Code, are 3 amended to read as follows:

4 (a) The owner of an oil or gas pipeline or electric transmission or distribution line that runs through more than one 5 6 county and is appraised by more than one appraisal office [district] may appeal an order of an appraisal review board 7 8 relating to the pipeline or electric line, to property attached to or connected with the pipeline or electric line, or to an easement 9 or other real property on which the pipeline or electric line is 10 located to the district court of any county in which a portion of 11 the pipeline or electric line is located if the order relating to 12 that portion of the pipeline or electric line is appealed. 13

14 (c) If only one appeal by the owner of an oil or gas pipeline 15 or electric line is pending before the court in an appeal from the decision of an appraisal review board of an appraisal office 16 [district] other than the appraisal <u>off</u>ice [district] for that 17 county, any party to the suit may, not earlier than the 30th day 18 before and not later than the 10th day before the date set for the 19 hearing, make a motion to transfer the suit to a district court of 20 the county in which the appraisal review board from which the appeal 21 is taken is located. In the absence of a showing that further 22 appeals under this section will be filed, the court shall transfer 23 24 the suit.

(d) When the owner files the first petition for review under this section for a pipeline or electric line for a tax year, the owner shall include with the petition a list of each appraisal

H.B. No. 2120 1 <u>office</u> [district] in which the pipeline or electric line is 2 appraised for taxation in that tax year.

3 (e) The court shall consolidate all the appeals for a tax 4 year relating to a single pipeline or electric line for which a 5 petition for review is filed with the court and may consolidate 6 other appeals relating to other pipelines or electric lines of the 7 same owner if the pipelines or electric lines are located in one or 8 more of the counties on the list required by Subsection (d). Except 9 as provided by this subsection, on the motion of the pipeline or electric line owner the court shall grant a continuance to provide 10 the owner with an opportunity to include in the proceeding appeals 11 of appraisal review board orders from additional appraisal offices 12 [districts]. The court may not grant a continuance to include an 13 14 appeal of an appraisal review board order that relates to the 15 pipeline or electric line in that tax year after the time for filing a petition for review of that order has expired. 16

(f) This section does not affect the property owner's right to file a petition for review of an individual appraisal <u>office's</u> [<u>district's</u>] order relating to a pipeline or electric line in the district court in the county in which the appraisal review board is located.

(g) On a joint motion or the separate motions of at least 60 percent of the appraisal <u>offices</u> [districts] that are defendants in a consolidated suit filed before the 45th day after the date on which the property owner's petitions for review of the appraisal review board orders relating to a pipeline or electric line for that tax year must be filed, the court shall transfer the suit to a

district court of the county named in the motion or motions if that county is one in which one of the appraisal review boards from which an appeal was taken is located.

4 SECTION 97. Section 42.225(b), Tax Code, is amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (b) On motion by the property owner, the court shall order 7 the parties to an appeal of an appraisal review board order under 8 this chapter to submit to binding arbitration if the appraisal 9 <u>office</u> [district] joins in the motion or consents to the 10 arbitration. A binding arbitration award under this subsection is 11 binding and enforceable in the same manner as a contract 12 obligation.

13 SECTION 98. Sections 42.26(a) and (c), Tax Code, are 14 amended to read as follows:

15 (a) The district court shall grant relief on the ground that 16 a property is appraised unequally if the appraisal ratio of the 17 property exceeds by at least 10 percent the median level of 18 appraisal of:

(1) a reasonable and representative sample of other properties in the <u>county for which the</u> appraisal <u>office is</u> <u>established</u> [district]; or

(2) a sample of properties in the <u>county for which the</u>
appraisal <u>office is established</u> [district] consisting of a
reasonable number of other properties similarly situated to, or of
the same general kind or character as, the property subject to the
appeal.

```
27
```

(c) For purposes of establishing the median level of

appraisal under Subsection (a)(1), the median level of appraisal in 1 2 the <u>county for which the</u> appraisal <u>office is established</u> [district] as determined by the comptroller under Section 5.10 is admissible 3 as evidence of the median level of appraisal of a reasonable and 4 5 representative sample of properties in that county [the appraisal district] for the year of the comptroller's determination, subject 6 7 to the Texas Rules of Evidence and the Texas Rules of Civil 8 Procedure.

9 SECTION 99. Section 43.01, Tax Code, is amended to read as 10 follows:

Sec. 43.01. AUTHORITY TO BRING SUIT. A taxing unit may sue the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] that appraises property for the unit to compel the <u>office</u> [appraisal district] to comply with the provisions of this title, rules of the comptroller, or other applicable law.

SECTION 100. Section 43.02, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 43.02. VENUE. Venue is in the county <u>for</u> [in] which the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] is established.

20 SECTION 101. Section 312.005(a), Tax Code, is amended to 21 read as follows:

(a) The comptroller shall maintain a central registry of reinvestment zones designated under this chapter and of ad valorem tax abatement agreements executed under this chapter. The chief appraiser of each appraisal <u>office</u> [district] that appraises property for a taxing unit that has designated a reinvestment zone or executed a tax abatement agreement under this chapter shall

1 deliver to the comptroller before July 1 of the year following the 2 year in which the zone is designated or the agreement is executed a 3 report providing the following information:

H.B. No. 2120

4 (1) for a reinvestment zone, a general description of
5 the zone, including its size, the types of property located in it,
6 its duration, and the guidelines and criteria established for the
7 reinvestment zone under Section 312.002, including subsequent
8 amendments and modifications of the guidelines or criteria;

9 (2) a copy of each tax abatement agreement to which a 10 taxing unit that participates in the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] is 11 a party; and

12 (3) any other information required by the comptroller13 to administer this section and Subchapter F, Chapter 111.

SECTION 102. Section 312.211(c), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(c) A property owner may not receive a tax abatement under this section for the first tax year covered by the agreement unless the property owner includes with the application for an exemption under Section 11.28 filed with the chief appraiser of the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] in which the property has situs a copy of the certificate of completion for the property.

22 SECTION 103. Sections 403.302(c) and (i), Government Code, 23 are amended to read as follows:

(c) If the comptroller determines in the annual study that the market value of property in a school district as determined by the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] that appraises property for the school district, less the total of the amounts and values listed in

1 Subsection (d) as determined by that appraisal office [district], 2 is valid, the market value of property in the school district as determined by the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] that appraises 3 property for the school district, less the total of the amounts and 4 5 values listed in Subsection (d) as determined by that appraisal office [district], is presumed to represent taxable value. In the 6 7 absence of such a presumption, taxable value is the value 8 determined by the comptroller under Subsection (a).

9 If the comptroller determines in the annual study that (i) the market value of property in a school district as determined by 10 the appraisal office [district] that appraises property for the 11 school district, less the total of the amounts and values listed in 12 Subsection (d) as determined by that appraisal office [district], 13 is valid, the comptroller, in determining the taxable value of 14 15 property in the school district under Subsection (d), shall for purposes of Subsection (d)(12) subtract from the market value as 16 17 determined by the appraisal office [district] of residence homesteads to which Section 23.23, Tax Code, applies the amount by 18 which that amount exceeds the appraised value of those properties 19 as calculated by the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] under Section 20 21 23.23, Tax Code. If the comptroller determines in the annual study that the market value of property in a school district as determined 22 by the appraisal office [district] that appraises property for the 23 24 school district, less the total of the amounts and values listed in Subsection (d) as determined by that appraisal office [district], 25 26 is not valid, the comptroller, in determining the taxable value of property in the school district under Subsection (d), shall for 27

purposes of Subsection (d)(12) subtract from the market value as estimated by the comptroller of residence homesteads to which Section 23.23, Tax Code, applies the amount by which that amount exceeds the appraised value of those properties as calculated by the appraisal <u>office</u> [district] under Section 23.23, Tax Code.

6 SECTION 104. (a) A reference in a law other than the Tax 7 Code to an appraisal district means the appraisal office 8 established for a county.

9 (b) A reference in law to the chief appraiser of an 10 appraisal district or to the board or directors of an appraisal 11 district means the chief appraiser of an appraisal office.

SECTION 105. (a) Sections 6.02, 6.025, 6.03, 6.031, 6.033, 6.034, 6.036, 6.037, 6.04, 6.061, 6.063, 6.10, 6.11, 6.13, and 6.14, Tax Code, are repealed.

15 (b) Sections 25.195(c), (d), and (e), Tax Code, are 16 repealed.

17 SECTION 106. (a) This Act takes effect September 1, 2004.

18 (b) On the effective date of this Act:

19 (1) each appraisal district and appraisal district20 board of directors is abolished;

(2) all personnel, property, records, and funds of an
appraisal district are transferred to the Comptroller of Public
Accounts for the benefit of the appraisal office for the county for
which the appraisal district was established; and

(3) the comptroller is substituted for an appraisal
district in any pending action, including a protest or challenge
before an appraisal review board or an appeal or other action in a

1 court.

2 (c) On the effective date of this Act, all unpaid debts
3 incurred by an appraisal district become debts of this state.

4 (d) This Act does not affect the term of a member of an 5 appraisal review board serving on the effective date of this Act.