By: Bohac H.B. No. 3223

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT
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- 2 relating to limiting the maximum average annual increase in the
- 3 appraised value of real property for ad valorem tax purposes to five
- 4 percent.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 6 SECTION 1. Section 1.12(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 (d) For purposes of this section, the appraisal ratio of
- 9 real property [a homestead] to which Section 23.23 applies is the
- 10 ratio of the property's market value as determined by the appraisal
- 11 district or appraisal review board, as applicable, to the market
- 12 value of the property according to law. The appraisal ratio is not
- 13 calculated according to the appraised value of the property as
- 14 limited by Section 23.23.
- 15 SECTION 2. The heading to Section 23.23, Tax Code, is
- 16 amended to read as follows:
- 17 Sec. 23.23. LIMITATION ON APPRAISED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY
- 18 [RESIDENCE HOMESTEAD].
- 19 SECTION 3. Section 23.23, Tax Code, is amended by amending
- 20 Subsections (a)-(c) and adding Subsections (c-1)-(c-3) to read as
- 21 follows:
- 22 (a) The appraised value of <u>real property</u> [<del>a residence</del>
- 23 homestead] for a tax year may not exceed the lesser of:
- 24 (1) the market value of the property; or

- 1 (2) the sum of:
- 2 (A) five [10] percent of the appraised value of
- 3 the property for the last year in which the property was appraised
- 4 for taxation times the number of years since the property was last
- 5 appraised;
- 6 (B) the appraised value of the property for the
- 7 last year in which the property was appraised; and
- 8 (C) the market value of all new improvements to
- 9 the property.
- 10 (b) When appraising  $\underline{\text{real property}}$  [ $\underline{\text{a residence homestead}}$ ],
- 11 the chief appraiser shall:
- 12 (1) appraise the property at its market value; and
- 13 (2) include in the appraisal records both the market
- 14 value of the property and the amount computed under Subsection
- 15 (a)(2).
- 16 (c) Except as provided by Subsection (c-1), the [The]
- 17 limitation provided by Subsection (a) takes effect on January 1 of
- 18 the tax year following the first tax year in which the owner owns
- 19 the property on January 1, or, if the property is [as to] a
- 20 residence homestead, on January 1 of the tax year following the
- 21 first tax year <u>in which</u> the owner qualifies the property for an
- 22 exemption under Section 11.13. Except as provided by Subsection
- 23 (c-1), (c-2), or (c-3), the [The] limitation expires on January 1 of
- 24 the first tax year <u>following the year in which</u> [that neither] the
- owner of the property sells or otherwise transfers ownership of the
- 26 <u>property.</u>
- 27 (c-1) If on January 1, 2003, the property was a residence

- 1 homestead and qualified for a limitation under Subsection (a), as
- 2 that subsection existed on that date, the limitation is continued
- 3 in effect and does not expire until January 1 of the first tax year
- 4 following the year in which the owner sells or otherwise transfers
- ownership of the property, except as provided by Subsection (c-2).
- 6 (c-2) If property subject to a limitation under this section
- 7 qualifies for an exemption under Section 11.13 when the ownership
- 8 of the property is transferred to the owner's spouse or surviving
- 9 spouse, the limitation expires on January 1 of the first tax year
- 10 <u>following the year in which</u> [when the limitation took effect nor]
- 11 the owner's spouse or surviving spouse <u>sells</u> the property or
- 12 transfers ownership of the property, unless the limitation is
- 13 continued under this subsection [qualifies for an exemption under
- 14 Section 11.13].
- 15 (c-3) If property subject to a limitation under Subsection
- 16 (a), other than a residence homestead, is owned by two or more
- 17 persons, the limitation expires on January 1 of the first tax year
- 18 following the year in which the ownership of at least a 50 percent
- interest in the property is sold or otherwise transferred.
- SECTION 4. Sections 403.302(d) and (i), Government Code,
- 21 are amended to read as follows:
- 22 (d) For the purposes of this section, "taxable value" means
- 23 the market value of all taxable property less:
- 24 (1) the total dollar amount of any residence homestead
- 25 exemptions lawfully granted under Section 11.13(b) or (c), Tax
- 26 Code, in the year that is the subject of the study for each school
- 27 district;

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- 1 (2) one-half of the total dollar amount of any
- 2 residence homestead exemptions granted under Section 11.13(n), Tax
- 3 Code, in the year that is the subject of the study for each school
- 4 district;
- 5 (3) the total dollar amount of any exemptions granted
- 6 before May 31, 1993, within a reinvestment zone under agreements
- 7 authorized by Chapter 312, Tax Code;
- 8 (4) subject to Subsection (e), the total dollar amount
- 9 of any captured appraised value of property that:
- 10 (A) is within a reinvestment zone created on or
- 11 before May 31, 1999, or is proposed to be included within the
- 12 boundaries of a reinvestment zone as the boundaries of the zone and
- 13 the proposed portion of tax increment paid into the tax increment
- 14 fund by a school district are described in a written notification
- 15 provided by the municipality or the board of directors of the zone
- 16 to the governing bodies of the other taxing units in the manner
- provided by Section 311.003(e), Tax Code, before May 31, 1999, and
- 18 within the boundaries of the zone as those boundaries existed on
- 19 September 1, 1999, including subsequent improvements to the
- 20 property regardless of when made;
- 21 (B) generates taxes paid into a tax increment
- fund created under Chapter 311, Tax Code, under a reinvestment zone
- 23 financing plan approved under Section 311.011(d), Tax Code, on or
- 24 before September 1, 1999; and
- 25 (C) is eligible for tax increment financing under
- 26 Chapter 311, Tax Code;
- 27 (5) the total dollar amount of any exemptions granted

- under Section 11.251, Tax Code;
- 2 (6) the difference between the comptroller's estimate
- 3 of the market value and the productivity value of land that
- 4 qualifies for appraisal on the basis of its productive capacity,
- 5 except that the productivity value estimated by the comptroller may
- 6 not exceed the fair market value of the land;
- 7 (7) the portion of the appraised value of residence
- 8 homesteads of the elderly on which school district taxes are not
- 9 imposed in the year that is the subject of the study, calculated as
- 10 if the residence homesteads were appraised at the full value
- 11 required by law;
- 12 (8) a portion of the market value of property not
- otherwise fully taxable by the district at market value because of:
- 14 (A) action required by statute or the
- 15 constitution of this state that, if the tax rate adopted by the
- 16 district is applied to it, produces an amount equal to the
- 17 difference between the tax that the district would have imposed on
- 18 the property if the property were fully taxable at market value and
- 19 the tax that the district is actually authorized to impose on the
- 20 property, if this subsection does not otherwise require that
- 21 portion to be deducted; or
- 22 (B) action taken by the district under Subchapter
- 23 B or C, Chapter 313, Tax Code;
- 24 (9) the market value of all tangible personal
- 25 property, other than manufactured homes, owned by a family or
- 26 individual and not held or used for the production of income;
- 27 (10) the appraised value of property the collection of

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- 1 delinquent taxes on which is deferred under Section 33.06, Tax
- 2 Code;
- 3 (11) the portion of the appraised value of property
- 4 the collection of delinquent taxes on which is deferred under
- 5 Section 33.065, Tax Code; and
- 6 (12) the amount by which the market value of  $\underline{real}$
- 7 property [a residence homestead] to which Section 23.23, Tax Code,
- 8 applies exceeds the appraised value of that property as calculated
- 9 under that section.
- 10 (i) If the comptroller determines in the annual study that
- 11 the market value of property in a school district as determined by
- 12 the appraisal district that appraises property for the school
- 13 district, less the total of the amounts and values listed in
- 14 Subsection (d) as determined by that appraisal district, is valid,
- 15 the comptroller, in determining the taxable value of property in
- 16 the school district under Subsection (d), shall for purposes of
- 17 Subsection (d)(12) subtract from the market value as determined by
- 18 the appraisal district of  $\underline{\text{real properties}}$  [ $\underline{\text{residence homesteads}}$ ] to
- 19 which Section 23.23, Tax Code, applies the amount by which that
- 20 amount exceeds the appraised value of those properties as
- 21 calculated by the appraisal district under Section 23.23, Tax Code.
- 22 If the comptroller determines in the annual study that the market
- 23 value of property in a school district as determined by the
- 24 appraisal district that appraises property for the school district,
- less the total of the amounts and values listed in Subsection (d) as
- 26 determined by that appraisal district, is not valid, the
- 27 comptroller, in determining the taxable value of property in the

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school district under Subsection (d), shall for purposes of Subsection (d)(12) subtract from the market value as estimated by the comptroller of <u>real properties</u> [residence homesteads] to which Section 23.23, Tax Code, applies the amount by which that amount exceeds the appraised value of those properties as calculated by the appraisal district under Section 23.23, Tax Code.

SECTION 5. This Act takes effect January 1, 2004, and applies only to the appraisal for ad valorem tax purposes of real property for a tax year that begins on or after January 1, 2004, but only if the constitutional amendment proposed by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, authorizing the legislature to limit the maximum average annual increase in the appraised value of real property for ad valorem tax purposes to five percent or more is approved by the voters. If that amendment is not approved by the voters, this Act has no effect.