By: Chavez H.R. No. 765

## RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, A postage stamp honoring Cesar E. Chavez, one of America's foremost champions of social justice, is being issued by

3 the United States Postal Service on April 23, 2003; and

WHEREAS, Mr. Chavez gained national renown as a founder and longtime leader of the United Farm Workers of America, AFL-CIO, whose mission has fused advocacy for farm laborers with activism

7 for civil rights; and

WHEREAS, Born March 31, 1927, near Yuma, Arizona, and later raised in California, Mr. Chavez spent much of his youth as a migrant laborer; as a Latino and a farmworker, he learned firsthand about the indignities of second-class citizenship and the unhealthy working and living conditions endured by those who tended the

13 fields; and

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WHEREAS, After serving in the U.S. Navy from 1944 to 1946,
Cesar Chavez returned to California, and in 1948 he married Helen
Fabela; four years later he became a community organizer for the
Community Service Organization (CSO), a Latino civil rights group
that focused most of its work in urban areas, and by the late 1950s
he had become its national director; and

20 WHEREAS, When in 1962 the CSO declined to organize California 21 farmworkers, Mr. Chavez and his colleague Dolores Huerta left the 22 organization to found the National Farm Workers Association, a 23 forerunner of the UFW; their fledgling union gained national 24 prominence just three years later when it came to the support of

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workers who were striking California's grape growers; in addition to assuming leadership of the strike, Mr. Chavez launched a

3 successful, nationwide consumers' boycott of nonunion grapes; and

5 organized all of the California table-grape industry and negotiated

WHEREAS, By the end of the five-year-long strike, the UFW had

the first collective bargaining agreements between American

farmworkers and corporations; in 1975 Cesar Chavez and the UFW

further succeeded in securing the passage of California's

Agricultural Labor Relations Act, the first law in U.S. history

granting farmworkers the right to unionize and bargain

11 collectively; numerous other achievements gained under his

12 leadership included the establishment of a farmworkers' medical

plan, pension plan, and credit union, as well as the National Farm

Workers Service Center, Inc., whose projects include the

development of affordable housing, health clinics, cooperatives,

and a retirement home; and

WHEREAS, Throughout his life, Cesar Chavez sought to advance

18 La Causa, the movement, through nonviolent means--through strikes,

19 pickets, and boycotts; on several occasions he also undertook

20 lengthy fasts to draw public attention to the farmworkers'

21 struggle; and

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WHEREAS, Mr. Chavez continued to lead the UFW until his death

on April 23, 1993; more than 50,000 people from across the country

gathered to mourn him at his funeral, indicative of the

25 far-reaching impact he had made on American society; and

WHEREAS, Since that time, numerous schools, streets,

scholarships, monuments, buildings, and parks have been named in

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- 1 his memory, a number of U.S. cities have initiated annual
- 2 celebrations in tribute to his life, and several states, including
- 3 Texas, have declared his birthday, March 31, a state holiday; in
- 4 1994 Mr. Chavez was posthumously awarded the nation's highest
- 5 honor, the Presidential Medal of Freedom; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Cesar Chavez chose to devote his life to the pursuit
- 7 of social and economic justice through nonviolent means, and his
- 8 courage and steadfastness in this great work brought improved
- 9 health, greater security, and hope for a brighter future to
- 10 countless people; now, therefore, be it
- 11 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives of the 78th Texas
- 12 Legislature hereby commemorate the issuance of the Cesar E. Chavez
- 13 stamp by the U.S. Postal Service and join in honoring the life of
- 14 this revered American.