

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD
Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE, 78TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 9, 2003

TO: Honorable Ron Wilson, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: John Keel, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3143 by Wilson (Relating to administration of the sales and use tax and compliance with the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.), **As Introduced**

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for HB3143, As Introduced: a positive impact of \$3,360,000 through the biennium ending August 31, 2005.

General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds
2004	\$1,489,000
2005	\$1,871,000
2006	\$1,955,000
2007	\$2,038,000
2008	\$2,123,000

All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from <i>GENERAL REVENUE FUND 1</i>	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from <i>Cities</i>	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from <i>Transit Authorities</i>	Probable Revenue Gain/(Loss) from <i>Counties/Special Districts</i>
2004	\$1,489,000	\$247,000	\$89,000	\$31,000
2005	\$1,871,000	\$344,000	\$124,000	\$43,000
2006	\$1,955,000	\$360,000	\$130,000	\$45,000
2007	\$2,038,000	\$375,000	\$135,000	\$47,000
2008	\$2,123,000	\$391,000	\$141,000	\$49,000

Fiscal Analysis

The bill would amend Chapter 142 of the Tax Code to comply with the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement as amended and adopted on November 12, 2002 by the Streamlined Sales Tax Project, of which Texas is a participating state.

The Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is a multi-state effort to simplify and modernize sales and use tax administration within the member states to reduce the burden of tax compliance. The bill would authorize the Comptroller to enter into the agreement on behalf of the state of Texas if the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Comptroller unanimously agreed that it would be in the state's best interest to be a signatory to the agreement.

To comply with the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, the bill would amend Chapter 151 of the Tax Code to require a change in the sales tax rate to become effective on the first day of a calendar

quarter and to adopt the uniform definition of "food products" and "prepared food." Because of the latter definition change, the bill would make conforming changes to provisions relating to the exemption for certain uses of gas and electricity.

Consummation of sale provisions in Chapters 321 and 323 of the Tax Code, relating to municipal and county sales taxes, respectively, would be amended to incorporate the general sourcing rules included in the agreement. The bill would change the consummation of sales from the point of origin to the point of destination. Because of this change, provisions in Chapter 151 would be amended to require sales tax permit holders to collect any applicable local use taxes even if the permit holder were not engaged in business in the local jurisdiction into which taxable items were shipped or delivered.

Section 151.326(c) and Chapter 326 of the Tax Code, allowing local taxing authorities to repeal the exemption for clothing and footwear for a limited time, would be repealed. Sections 321.203(c) and (d) and Sections 323.203(c) and (d) of the Tax Code, relating to the consummation of sale as it relates to municipal and county sales taxes, would be repealed.

Sections 151.103(d) and 151.202(c) of the Tax Code as added by the bill and the changes to Sections 321.203 and 321.203 of the Tax Code would take effect July 1, 2004. Otherwise, the bill would take effect October 1, 2003.

Methodology

The bill would make various changes to the Tax Code to comply with the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement. The changes, however, would not make substantial changes to the way in which most state and local sales and use taxes are collected and administered in Texas.

With regard to Internet transactions, this bill would simplify tax collection procedures for retailers that currently do not remit tax for sales conducted over the Internet. This would encourage some retailers to begin collecting and remitting tax and would have a positive effect on sales tax revenues.

Local Government Impact

Local units of government would have a corresponding fiscal impact from sales tax revenues, as indicated in the table above. The proposed changes relating to the sourcing of transactions for local sales and use tax purposes could result in a shift of revenues between jurisdictions but would not significantly affect total collections.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: JK, JO, SD, WP, SM