By: Hope

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## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to providing a six percent limit on real property 3 appraisal increases for ad valorem tax purposes. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. Section 1.12(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as 5 6 follows: For purposes of this section, the appraisal ratio of 7 (d) real property [a homestead] to which Section 23.23 applies is the 8 ratio of the property's market value as determined by the appraisal 9 district or appraisal review board, as applicable, to the market 10 11 value of the property according to law. The appraisal ratio is not 12 calculated according to the appraised value of the property as limited by Section 23.23. 13 14 SECTION 2. Section 23.23, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows: 15 Sec. 23.23. LIMITATION ON APPRAISED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY 16 [RESIDENCE HOMESTEAD]. (a) The appraised value of real property [a 17 18 residence homestead] for a tax year may not exceed the lesser of: 19

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(1) the market value of the property; or

(2) the sum of:

21 (A) six [10] percent of the appraised value of 22 the property for the last year in which the property was appraised for taxation times the number of years since the property was last 23 24 appraised;

H.B. No. 72 1 (B) the appraised value of the property for the 2 last year in which the property was appraised; and 3 (C) the market value of all new improvements to 4 the property. 5 (b) When appraising real property [a residence homestead], 6 the chief appraiser shall: 7 (1)appraise the property at its market value; and 8 (2)include in the appraisal records both the market value of the property and the amount computed under Subsection 9 (a)(2). 10 The limitation provided by Subsection (a) takes effect 11 (c) as to a parcel of real property [residence homestead] on January 1 12 of the tax year following the first tax year in which the owner owns 13 [qualifies] the property on January 1, except that if the property 14 15 qualifies as the residence homestead of the owner [for an exemption] under Section 11.13 in the tax year in which the owner 16 17 acquires the property, the limitation takes effect on January 1 of the tax year following that tax year. Except as provided by 18 Subsections (d) and (e), the [. The] limitation expires on January 19 1 of the first tax year following the tax year in which [that 20 21 neither] the owner of the property ceases to own the property [when the limitation took effect nor the owner's spouse or surviving 22 spouse qualifies for an exemption under Section 11.13]. 23 24 (d) If real property subject to a limitation under 25

Subsection (a) qualifies for an exemption under Section 11.13 when the ownership of the property is transferred to the owner's spouse or surviving spouse, the limitation expires on January 1 of the tax

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year following the year in which the owner's spouse or surviving 1 2 spouse ceases to own the property, unless the limitation is further continued under this subsection on the subsequent transfer to a 3 4 spouse or surviving spouse. 5 (e) If real property subject to a limitation under 6 Subsection (a), other than a residence homestead, is owned by two or 7 more persons, the limitation expires on January 1 of the tax year following the year in which the ownership of at least a 50 percent 8 interest in the property is sold or otherwise transferred to a 9 10 person other than those owners.

(f) This section does not apply to <u>a mineral interest or</u>
 property appraised under Subchapter C, D, E, F, [<del>or</del>] G<u>, or H</u>.

13 (g) [(e)] In this section, "new improvement" means an 14 improvement to <u>real property</u> [a residence homestead] that is made 15 after the <u>most recent</u> appraisal of the property [for the preceding 16 year] and that increases the market value of the property. The term 17 does not include ordinary <u>upkeep</u>, <u>repair</u>, <u>or</u> maintenance of an 18 existing structure or the grounds or another feature of the 19 property.

(h) [(f)] Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (g) [(e)] and 20 21 except as provided by Subdivision (2), an improvement to property that would otherwise constitute a new improvement is not treated as 22 a new improvement if the improvement is a replacement structure for 23 24 a structure that was rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a 25 casualty or by mold or water damage. For purposes of appraising the property in the tax year in which the structure would have 26 27 constituted a new improvement:

H.B. No. 72 1 (1) the last year in which the property was appraised 2 for taxation before the casualty or damage occurred is considered 3 to be the last year in which the property was appraised for taxation 4 for purposes of Subsection (a)(2)(A); and (2) the replacement structure is considered to be a 5 6 new improvement only to the extent it is a significant improvement 7 over the replaced structure as that structure existed before the 8 casualty or damage occurred. (i) For purposes of applying the limitation provided by 9 Subsection (a) in the first tax year after the 2005 tax year in 10 which the real property is appraised for taxation: 11 12 (1) the property is considered to have been appraised for taxation in the 2005 tax year at a market value equal to the 13 14 appraised value of the property for that tax year; 15 (2) a person who acquired in a tax year before the 2005 tax year real property that the person owns in the 2005 tax year is 16 17 considered to have acquired the property on January 1, 2005; and (3) a person who qualified the property for an 18 19 exemption under Section 11.13 as the person's residence homestead for any portion of the 2005 tax year is considered to have acquired 20 21 the property in the 2005 tax year. SECTION 3. Section 42.26(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as 22 follows: 23 24 (d) For purposes of this section, the value of the property

subject to the suit and the value of a comparable property or sample property that is used for comparison must be the market value determined by the appraisal district when the property is [ $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1 residence homestead] subject to the limitation on appraised value
2 imposed by Section 23.23.

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3 SECTION 4. Sections 403.302(d) and (i), Government Code, 4 are amended to read as follows:

5 (d) For the purposes of this section, "taxable value" means6 the market value of all taxable property less:

7 (1) the total dollar amount of any residence homestead
8 exemptions lawfully granted under Section 11.13(b) or (c), Tax
9 Code, in the year that is the subject of the study for each school
10 district;

(2) one-half of the total dollar amount of any residence homestead exemptions granted under Section 11.13(n), Tax Code, in the year that is the subject of the study for each school district;

15 (3) the total dollar amount of any exemptions granted 16 before May 31, 1993, within a reinvestment zone under agreements 17 authorized by Chapter 312, Tax Code;

18 (4) subject to Subsection (e), the total dollar amount19 of any captured appraised value of property that:

(A) is within a reinvestment zone created on or 20 21 before May 31, 1999, or is proposed to be included within the boundaries of a reinvestment zone as the boundaries of the zone and 22 the proposed portion of tax increment paid into the tax increment 23 24 fund by a school district are described in a written notification provided by the municipality or the board of directors of the zone 25 to the governing bodies of the other taxing units in the manner 26 provided by Section 311.003(e), Tax Code, before May 31, 1999, and 27

1 within the boundaries of the zone as those boundaries existed on 2 September 1, 1999, including subsequent improvements to the 3 property regardless of when made;

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(B) generates taxes paid into a tax increment
fund created under Chapter 311, Tax Code, under a reinvestment zone
financing plan approved under Section 311.011(d), Tax Code, on or
before September 1, 1999; and

8 (C) is eligible for tax increment financing under9 Chapter 311, Tax Code;

10 (5) the total dollar amount of any exemptions granted 11 under Section 11.251, Tax Code;

12 (6) the difference between the comptroller's estimate 13 of the market value and the productivity value of land that 14 qualifies for appraisal on the basis of its productive capacity, 15 except that the productivity value estimated by the comptroller may 16 not exceed the fair market value of the land;

(7) the portion of the appraised value of residence homesteads of individuals who receive a tax limitation under Section 11.26, Tax Code, on which school district taxes are not imposed in the year that is the subject of the study, calculated as if the residence homesteads were appraised at the full value required by law;

a portion of the market value of property not 23 (8) 24 otherwise fully taxable by the district at market value because of: 25 (A) action required by statute or the constitution of this state that, if the tax rate adopted by the 26 27 district is applied to it, produces an amount equal to the

difference between the tax that the district would have imposed on the property if the property were fully taxable at market value and the tax that the district is actually authorized to impose on the property, if this subsection does not otherwise require that portion to be deducted; or

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6 (B) action taken by the district under Subchapter
7 B or C, Chapter 313, Tax Code;

8 (9) the market value of all tangible personal 9 property, other than manufactured homes, owned by a family or 10 individual and not held or used for the production of income;

(10) the appraised value of property the collection of delinquent taxes on which is deferred under Section 33.06, Tax Code;

14 (11) the portion of the appraised value of property 15 the collection of delinquent taxes on which is deferred under 16 Section 33.065, Tax Code; and

(12) the amount by which the market value of <u>real</u> <u>property</u> [a residence homestead] to which Section 23.23, Tax Code, applies exceeds the appraised value of that property as calculated under that section.

(i) If the comptroller determines in the annual study that the market value of property in a school district as determined by the appraisal district that appraises property for the school district, less the total of the amounts and values listed in Subsection (d) as determined by that appraisal district, is valid, the comptroller, in determining the taxable value of property in the school district under Subsection (d), shall for purposes of

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Subsection (d)(12) subtract from the market value as determined by 1 2 the appraisal district of real properties [residence homesteads] to which Section 23.23, Tax Code, applies the amount by which that 3 amount exceeds the appraised value of those properties 4 as 5 calculated by the appraisal district under Section 23.23, Tax Code. If the comptroller determines in the annual study that the market 6 value of property in a school district as determined by the 7 8 appraisal district that appraises property for the school district, less the total of the amounts and values listed in Subsection (d) as 9 10 determined by that appraisal district, is not valid, the comptroller, in determining the taxable value of property in the 11 school district under Subsection (d), shall for purposes of 12 Subsection (d)(12) subtract from the market value as estimated by 13 14 the comptroller of real properties [residence homesteads] to which 15 Section 23.23, Tax Code, applies the amount by which that amount exceeds the appraised value of those properties as calculated by 16 17 the appraisal district under Section 23.23, Tax Code.

SECTION 5. This Act takes effect January 1, 2006, 18 and applies only to the appraisal for ad valorem tax purposes of real 19 property for a tax year that begins on or after that date, but only 20 21 if the constitutional amendment proposed by the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2005, authorizing a six percent limitation on 22 23 annual increases in the appraised value for ad valorem tax purposes 24 of real property is approved by the voters. If that amendment is 25 not approved by the voters, this Act has no effect.