By: Ogden

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	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
1	AN ACT				
2	relating to financing public schools in this state and reducing				
3	school property taxes.				
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:				
5	ARTICLE 1. PUBLIC SCHOOL FINANCE				
6	PART A. EDUCATION FUNDING AND SCHOOL PROPERTY TAX RELIEF				
7	SECTION 1A.01. Section 41.002(e), Education Code, is				
8	amended to read as follows:				
9	(e) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), and except as provided				
10	by Subsection (g), in accordance with a determination of the				
11	commissioner, the wealth per student that a school district may				
12	have after exercising an option under Section 41.003(2) or (3) may				
13	not be less than the amount needed to maintain state and local				
14	revenue in an amount equal to state and local revenue per weighted				
15	student for maintenance and operation of the district for the				
16	1992–1993 school year less the district's current year distribution				
17	per weighted student from the available school fund, other than				
18	amounts distributed under Chapter 31, if the district imposes an				
19	effective tax rate for maintenance and operation of the district				
20	equal to the greater of the district's current tax rate or <u>the</u>				
21	<pre>maximum maintenance tax rate permitted under Section 45.003 [\$1.50</pre>				
22	on the \$100 valuation of taxable property].				
23	SECTION 1A.02. Section 41.157(d), Education Code, is				

24 amended to read as follows:

(d) Notwithstanding Section 45.003, the consolidated taxing 1 2 district may levy, assess, and collect a maintenance tax for the 3 benefit of the component districts at a rate that exceeds the maximum maintenance tax rate permitted under Section 45.003 [\$1.50 4 5 per \$100 valuation of taxable property] to the extent necessary to pay contracted obligations on the lease purchase of permanent 6 improvements to real property entered into on or before May 12, 7 8 1993. The proposition to impose taxes at the necessary rate must be 9 submitted to the voters in the manner provided by Section 45.003.

SECTION 1A.03. Section 42.252(a), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

12 (a) Each school district's share of the Foundation School13 Program is determined by the following formula:

14

LFA = TR X DPV

15 where:

16 "LFA" is the school district's local share;

17 "TR" is a tax rate which for each hundred dollars of valuation 18 is an effective tax rate of <u>\$0.76</u> [<del>\$0.86</del>]; and

19 "DPV" is the taxable value of property in the school district 20 for the preceding tax year determined under Subchapter M, Chapter 21 403, Government Code.

SECTION 1A.04. Section 42.253, Education Code, is amended by adding Subsection (e-2) to read as follows:

24 (e-2) For the 2005-2006 school year, the limit authorized by
 25 Subsection (e) is reduced by \$0.20. For the 2006-2007 school year,
 26 the limit authorized by Subsection (e) is reduced by \$0.35. This
 27 subsection expires September 1, 2007.

SECTION 1A.05. Section 42.303, Education Code, is amended
to read as follows:

3 Sec. 42.303. LIMITATION ON [ENRICHMENT] TAX RATE. The 4 district [enrichment] tax rate ("DTR") under Section 42.302 may not 5 exceed <u>\$0.54</u> [<del>\$0.64</del>] per \$100 of valuation, or a greater amount for 6 any year provided by appropriation.

SECTION 1A.06. Section 45.003, Education Code, is amended by amending Subsection (d) and adding Subsections (e) and (f) to read as follows:

10 (d) A proposition submitted to authorize the levy of 11 maintenance taxes must include the question of whether the 12 governing board or commissioners court may levy, assess, and 13 collect annual ad valorem taxes for the further maintenance of 14 public schools, at a rate not to exceed the rate, which may be not 15 more than <u>\$1.30</u> [<del>\$1.50</del>] on the \$100 valuation of taxable property in 16 the district, stated in the proposition.

17

(e) Notwithstanding Subsection (d):

18 (1) for the 2006 tax year, a school district may not 19 impose a maintenance tax at a rate that exceeds \$1.20 per \$100 of 20 valuation; and

21 (2) for the 2007 and 2008 tax years, a school district 22 may not impose a maintenance tax at a rate that exceeds \$1.25 per 23 \$100 of valuation.

24 (f) An election held before January 1, 2005, authorizing a
25 maintenance tax at a rate of at least \$1.30 on the \$100 valuation of
26 taxable property in the district is sufficient to authorize a rate
27 of \$1.30 or less for the 2005 tax year. An election held before

1 January 1, 2006, authorizing a maintenance tax at a rate of at least 2 \$1.15 on the \$100 valuation of taxable property in the district is sufficient to authorize a rate of \$1.15 or less for the 2006 tax 3 year. Beginning with the 2007 tax year and subject to Subsection 4 (e), a district may not exceed a rate of \$1.15 unless authorized by 5 6 a majority of the qualified voters of the district voting at an 7 election held for that purpose. 8 SECTION 1A.07. Sections 45.006(b) and (f), Education Code, 9 are amended to read as follows: Notwithstanding Section 45.003, a school district may 10 (b) levy, assess, and collect maintenance taxes at a rate that exceeds 11 the maximum maintenance tax rate permitted under Section 45.003 12 [\$1.50 per \$100 valuation of taxable property] if: 13 14 (1) additional ad valorem taxes are necessary to pay a 15 debt of the district that: (A) resulted from the rendition of a judgment 16 17 against the district before May 1, 1995; (B) is greater than \$5 million; 18 19 (C) decreases a property owner's ad valorem tax 20 liability; requires the district to refund to the 21 (D) property owner the difference between the amount of taxes paid by 22 the property owner and the amount of taxes for which the property 23 24 owner is liable; and 25 (E) is payable according to the judgment in more 26 than one of the district's fiscal years; and 27 (2) the additional taxes are approved by the voters of

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1 the district at an election held for that purpose.

2 (f) The governing body of a school district that adopts a tax rate that exceeds the maximum maintenance tax rate permitted 3 under Section 45.003 [\$1.50 per \$100 valuation of taxable property] 4 5 may set the amount of the exemption from taxation authorized by 6 Section 11.13(n), Tax Code, at any time before the date the 7 governing body adopts the district's tax rate for the tax year in 8 which the election approving the additional taxes is held.

9 SECTION 1A.08. (a) This part takes effect September 1, 2005. 10

(b) This part applies beginning with the 2005-2006 school 11 12 year.

PART B. [RESERVED] 13

14

PART C. REPEALER; TRANSITION; EFFECTIVE DATE

15 SECTION 1C.01. Effective September 1, 2005, the following laws are repealed: 16

17 (1) Sections 1-3, Chapter 201, Acts of the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003; and 18

(2) Section 42.253(e-1), Education Code. 19 20

ARTICLE 2. RESTRICTIONS ON PROPERTY

VALUATION AND STATE AID TO 21

SCHOOL DISTRICTS 22

SECTION 2.01. Section 11.431(a), Tax Code, is amended to 23 24 read as follows:

25 (a) The chief appraiser shall accept and approve or deny an application for a residence homestead exemption after the deadline 26 27 for filing the application [it] has passed if the application [it]

1 is filed not later than [<del>one year after</del>] the delinquency date for 2 the taxes on the homestead.

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3 SECTION 2.02. Section 25.25(c), Tax Code, is amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (c) The appraisal review board, on motion of the chief 6 appraiser or of a property owner, may direct by written order 7 changes in the appraisal roll for any of the five preceding years <u>if</u> 8 <u>the property is real property and may direct by written order</u> 9 <u>changes in the appraisal roll for either or both of the two</u> 10 preceding years if the property is personal property to correct:

(1) (1) clerical errors that affect a property owner's liability for a tax imposed in that tax year;

13 (2) multiple appraisals of a property in that tax14 year; or

(3) the inclusion of property that does not exist inthe form or at the location described in the appraisal roll.

SECTION 2.03. Section 42.253(i), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

Not later than March 1 each year, the commissioner shall 19 (i) determine the actual amount of state funds to which each school 20 district is entitled under the allocation formulas in this chapter 21 for the current school year and shall compare that amount with the 22 amount of the warrants issued to each district for that year. 23 Except as provided by Section 42.257(b), if [If] the amount of the 24 warrants differs from the amount to which a district is entitled 25 because of variations in the district's tax rate, student 26 enrollment, or taxable value of property, the commissioner shall 27

1 adjust the district's entitlement for the next fiscal year 2 accordingly.

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3 SECTION 2.04. Section 42.257(b), Education Code, is amended 4 to read as follows:

If the district would have received a greater amount 5 (b) from the foundation school fund for the applicable school year 6 7 using the adjusted value, the commissioner shall add the difference 8 to subsequent distributions to the district from the foundation 9 school fund. If the final determination is made after the last day of the state fiscal year corresponding to the tax year for which the 10 determination is made, the commissioner shall add one-fifth of the 11 12 difference to the September payment to the district of the current year entitlement from the foundation school fund for each of the 13 14 next five years. An adjustment does not affect the local fund 15 assignment of any other district.

SECTION 2.05. Section 42.259(f), Education Code, is amended to read as follows:

(f) Except as provided by <u>Section 42.257(b) or by</u> Subsection (c)(8) or (d)(3) <u>of this section</u>, any previously unpaid additional funds from prior years owed to a district shall be paid to the district together with the September payment of the current year entitlement.

23 SECTION 2.06. Section 403.302(h), Government Code, is 24 amended to read as follows:

(h) On request of the commissioner of education or a school district, the comptroller may audit the total taxable value of property in a school district and may revise the annual study

findings. The request for audit is limited to corrections and 1 2 changes in a school district's appraisal roll that occurred after preliminary certification of the annual study findings by the 3 4 comptroller. The [Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, 5 the] request for audit must be filed with the comptroller not later 6 than the <u>first</u> [third] anniversary of the date of the final certification of the annual study findings. [The request for audit 7 8 may be filed not later than the first anniversary of the date the 9 chief appraiser certifies a change to the appraisal roll if the 10 chief appraiser corrects the appraisal roll under Section 25.25 or 42.41, Tax Code, and the change results in a material reduction in 11 the total taxable value of property in the school district.] 12 The comptroller shall certify the findings of the audit to 13 the 14 commissioner of education.

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15 SECTION 2.07. (a) The change in law made by this article to 16 Section 11.431, Tax Code, applies only to an application for a 17 residence homestead exemption for the 2005 and subsequent tax 18 years. Section 11.431, Tax Code, as that section existed 19 immediately before the effective date of this article, applies to 20 an application for a residence homestead exemption for the 2004 tax 21 year and is continued in effect for that purpose.

(b) The change in law made by this article to Section 25.25,
Tax Code, does not affect a motion filed under that section before
the effective date of this article.

25 SECTION 2.08. This article takes effect September 1, 2005, 26 if this Act receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected 27 to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas

S.B. No. 3 Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for 1 effect on that date, this article takes effect November 1, 2005. 2 [ARTICLE 3. DELETED] 3 4 ARTICLE 4. FRANCHISE TAX 5 SECTION 4.01. Section 171.001(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows: 6 A franchise tax is imposed on [+ 7 (a) 8 [(1)] each taxable entity [corporation] that does 9 business in this state or that is chartered or organized in this state[; and 10 [(2) each limited liability company that does business 11 in this state or that is organized under the laws of this state]. 12 SECTION 4.02. Sections 171.001(b)(2), (4), and (5), Tax 13 14 Code, are amended to read as follows: 15 (2) "Beginning date" means: 16 (A) for a taxable entity [corporation] chartered 17 or organized in this state, the date on which the taxable entity's [corporation's] charter or organization takes effect; or [and] 18 (B) for any other taxable entity [a foreign 19 corporation], the date on which the taxable entity [corporation] 20 21 begins doing business in this state. (4) "Charter" includes a limited liability company's 22 certificate of organization, a limited partnership's certificate 23 24 of limited partnership, and the registration of a limited liability partnership. 25 (5) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue 26 Code of 1986 in effect [for the federal tax year beginning] on [or 27

S.B. No. 3 after] January 1, 2005, not including any changes made by federal 1 law after that date [1996, and before January 1, 1997], and any 2 regulations adopted under that code [applicable to that period]. 3 4 SECTION 4.03. Section 171.001, Tax Code, is amended by 5 adding Subsection (d) to read as follows: 6 (d) On or before November 1 of each even-numbered year, the comptroller shall submit proposed legislation to update the 7 8 definition of "Internal Revenue Code" in Subsection (b) to: 9 (1) the governor; 10 (2) the lieutenant governor; 11 (3) the speaker of the house of representatives; 12 (4) the chair of the Senate Committee on Finance; and (5) the chair of the House Committee on Ways and Means. 13 SECTION 4.04. Subchapter A, Chapter 171, Tax Code, is 14 15 amended by amending Sections 171.0011 and 171.002 and adding Sections 171.0012, 171.0013, 171.0014, 171.003, and 171.004 to read 16 17 as follows: TAXABLE ENTITY. (a) Except as provided by Sec. 171.0011. 18 Subsection (b), "taxable entity" means a general partnership, 19 limited partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, 20 21 banking corporation, savings and loan association, limited 22 liability company, trust, business trust, professional association, business association, joint venture, joint stock 23 24 company, holding company, or other legal entity doing business in this state for profit. 25 (b) "Taxable entity" does not include a sole proprietorship 26 27 or a passive entity as described by Subsection (c).

1	(c) An entity is a passive entity only if:				
2	(1) the entity is a limited partnership or a trust,				
3	other than a business trust;				
4	(2) the entity makes no payments of wages or other				
5	compensation to employees or independent contractors, other than				
6	for accounting or legal services reasonably necessary for the				
7	operation of the entity;				
8	(3) during the period on which earned surplus is				
9	based, the entity receives at least 90 percent of its income from				
10	one or more of the following:				
11	(A) interest;				
12	(B) dividends;				
13	(C) real property rents;				
14	(D) gains from the sale of real property and				
15	securities, other than a sale of securities of an entity that				
16	constitutes a controlling interest held by the selling entity and				
17	its related parties; or				
18	(E) mineral royalties and other nonoperating				
19	mineral interests;				
20	(4) the income described in Subdivision (3) comes only				
21	from assets acquired and held for investment purposes; and				
22	(5) the entity was formed, created, or organized				
23	before April 30, 2005.				
24	Sec. 171.0012. ELECTION OF RATES. (a) Except as otherwise				
25	provided by this section, a taxable entity shall elect to pay the				
26	tax imposed under this chapter:				
27	(1) in the amounts and at the rate provided by Section				

1	<u>171.002; or</u>			
2	(2) in the amounts and at the alternate rate provided			
3	by Section 171.003.			
4	(b) The election applies to a reporting period and may be			
5	changed from one reporting period to the next.			
6	(c) A taxable entity that is in the business of leasing			
7	employees:			
8	(1) may not elect to pay the tax imposed under this			
9	chapter at the rate provided by Section 171.002 and shall pay the			
10	tax imposed under this chapter at the alternate rate provided by			
11	Section 171.003; and			
12	(2) for the purposes of this chapter, is considered as			
13	having elected to pay the tax imposed under this chapter at the			
14	alternate rate provided by Section 171.003.			
15	Sec. 171.0013. MINIMUM TAX LIABILITY. The minimum tax			
16	liability for a taxable entity under this chapter is an amount equal			
17	to 0.25 percent of the entity's gross receipts from business done in			
18	this state under Section 171.1032, including the amounts excepted			
19	under Section 171.1032(a).			
20	Sec. 171.0014. ADDITIONAL TAX. (a) An additional tax is			
21	imposed on a taxable entity that has elected to pay the tax imposed			
22	by this chapter at the rate provided by Section 171.002 and during			
23	the period in which that election is in effect [corporation that]			
24	for any reason becomes no longer subject to the earned surplus			
25	component of the tax, without regard to whether the taxable entity			
26	[corporation] remains subject to the taxable capital component of			

12

the tax, other than through a valid election to pay the tax imposed

under this chapter at the alternate rate provided by Section 171.003. An additional tax is imposed on a taxable entity that has elected to pay the tax imposed by this chapter at the alternate rate provided by Section 171.003 and during the period in which that election is in effect for any reason becomes no longer subject to the tax imposed under this chapter.

The additional tax for an entity that has elected to pay 7 (b) 8 the tax under this chapter at the rate provided by Section 171.002 9 equal 2.5 [4.5]percent of the taxable entity's is to [corporation's] net taxable earned surplus computed on the period 10 beginning on the day after the last day for which the tax imposed on 11 net taxable earned surplus was computed under Section 171.1532 and 12 ending on the date the taxable entity [corporation] is no longer 13 subject to the earned surplus component of the tax. The additional 14 15 tax for an entity that has elected to pay the tax under this chapter at the alternate rate provided by Section 171.003 is computed as 16 17 provided by that section for the period beginning on the day after the last day for which the tax imposed under this chapter was 18 computed at the alternate rate provided by Section 171.003 and 19 ending on the date the taxable entity is no longer subject to the 20 21 tax.

(c) The additional tax imposed and any report required by the comptroller are due on the 60th day after the date the <u>taxable</u> <u>entity</u> [corporation] becomes no longer subject to the earned surplus component of the tax.

26 (d) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the27 provisions of this chapter apply to the tax imposed under this

1 section. Sec. 171.002. RATES; COMPUTATION OF TAX. (a) The franchise 2 3 tax for an entity that elects to pay the tax at the rate provided by this section is the greater of: 4 (1) the amount of the minimum tax liability of the 5 6 taxable entity under Section 171.0013; or 7 (2) the amount of franchise tax computed at the rates 8 and in the manner provided by this section. 9 (a-1) The rates of the franchise tax are, for purposes of Subsection (a)(2): 10 (1) 0.25 percent per year of privilege period of net 11 taxable capital; and 12 2.5 [4.5] percent of net taxable earned surplus. 13 (2) 14 (b) The amount of franchise tax under Subsection (a)(2) on 15 each taxable entity [corporation] is computed by adding the following: 16 17 (1) the amount calculated by applying the tax rate prescribed by Subsection (a)(1) to the 18 taxable entity's [corporation's] net taxable capital; and 19 20 (2) the difference between: (A) the amount calculated by applying the tax 21 rate prescribed by Subsection (a)(2) to the taxable entity's 22 [corporation's] net taxable earned surplus; and 23 24 (B) the amount determined under Subdivision (1). 25 In making a computation under Subsection (b), an amount (c) computed under Subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) that is zero or less is 26 27 computed as a zero.

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1	Sec. 171.003. ALTERNATE RATE. The franchise tax for an			
2	entity that elects to pay the tax at the alternate rate provided by			
3	this section is the greater of:			
4	(1) the amount of the minimum tax liability of the			
5	taxable entity under Section 171.0013; or			
6	(2) the lesser of:			
7	(A) 1.75 percent of taxable wages for the taxable			
8	entity for the reporting period as determined under Subchapter C-1;			
9	or			
10	(B) \$1,500 for each employee for the reporting			
11	period as determined under Subchapter C-1.			
12	Sec. 171.004. EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN SMALL BUSINESSES.			
13	[ <del>(d)</del> ] A <u>taxable entity</u> [ <del>corporation</del> ] is not required to pay any tax			
14	and is not considered to owe any tax for a period if:			
15	(1) the amount of tax computed for the <u>taxable entity</u>			
16	[ <del>corporation</del> ] is less than \$100; or			
17	(2) the amount of the <u>taxable entity's</u> [ <del>corporation's</del> ]			
18	gross receipts:			
19	(A) from its entire business under Section			
20	171.105 is less than \$150,000; and			
21	(B) from its entire business under Section			
22	171.1051, including the amount excepted under Section 171.1051(a),			
23	is less than \$150,000.			
24	SECTION 4.05. Subchapter B, Chapter 171, Tax Code, is			
25	amended by adding Section 171.088 to read as follows:			
26	Sec. 171.088. EXEMPTIONNONCORPORATE TAXABLE ENTITY			
27	ELIGIBLE FOR CERTAIN EXEMPTIONS. A taxable entity that is not a			

S.B. No. 3 corporation but that, because of its activities, would qualify for 1 2 a specific exemption under this subchapter if it were a corporation qualifies for the exemption and is exempt from the tax in the same 3 4 manner and under the same conditions as a corporation. 5 SECTION 4.06. Subchapter C, Chapter 171, Tax Code, is 6 amended by adding Section 171.1001 to read as follows: 7 Sec. 171.1001. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter: (1) "Arm's length" means the standard of conduct under 8 which unrelated parties having substantially equal bargaining 9 power, each acting in its own interest, would negotiate or carry out 10 a particular transaction. 11 12 (2) "Controlling interest" means: (A) for a corporation, either 50 percent or more, 13 owned directly or indirectly, of the total combined voting power of 14 15 all classes of stock of the corporation, or 50 percent or more, owned directly or indirectly, of the beneficial ownership interest 16 17 in the voting stock of the corporation; (B) for a partnership, association, trust, or 18 other entity, 50 percent or more, owned directly or indirectly, of 19 the capital, profits, or beneficial interest in the partnership, 20 21 association, trust, or other entity; and (C) notwithstanding Paragraphs (A) and (B), for a 22 passive entity, 20 percent or more, owned directly or indirectly, 23 24 of the capital, profits, or beneficial interest in the passive 25 entity. (3) "Interest payment" means an amount allowable as an 26 interest deduction under Section 163, Internal Revenue Code. 27

(4) "Management fee" means a fee for services of a 1 2 managerial or administrative nature, including services pertaining to management, accounts receivable and payable, employee benefit 3 4 plans, insurance, legal matters, payroll, data processing, purchasing, taxes, financial matters, securities, accounting, 5 6 reporting, and compliance. 7 (5) "Related party" means a person, corporation, or 8 other entity, including an entity that is treated as a pass-through 9 or disregarded entity for purposes of federal taxation, whether the person, corporation, or entity is a taxable entity or not, in which 10 one person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, 11 12 corporations, or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. 13 (6) "Royalty payment" means a payment directly 14 15 connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 16 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, 17 mask works, trade secrets, patents, or any other similar types of 18 intangible assets as determined by the comptroller. 19 20 (7) "Valid business purpose" means one or more 21 business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxes, 22 that alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for a business activity or transaction that changes in a meaningful 23 24 way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the entity. A 25 valid business purpose includes compliance with a regulatory 26 requirement of: 27 (A) the federal government;

1	(B) a state or local government;				
2	(C) a foreign nation; or				
3	(D) an agency or political subdivision of any				
4	entity listed in Paragraphs (A)-(C).				
5	SECTION 4.07. Section 171.101, Tax Code, is amended to read				
6	as follows:				
7	Sec. 171.101. DETERMINATION OF NET TAXABLE CAPITAL. <u>The</u>				
8	[ <del>(a) Except as provided by Subsections (b) and (c), the</del> ] net taxable				
9	capital of a <u>taxable entity</u> [ <del>corporation</del> ] is computed by:				
10	(1) [ <del>adding the corporation's stated capital, as</del>				
11	defined by Article 1.02, Texas Business Corporation Act, and the				
12	corporation's surplus, to determine the corporation's taxable				
13	capital;				
14	[ <del>(2)</del> ] apportioning the <u>taxable entity's surplus</u>				
15	[ <del>corporation's taxable capital</del> ] to this state as provided by				
16	Section 171.106(a) or (c), as applicable, to determine the <u>taxable</u>				
17	<u>entity's</u> [ <del>corporation's</del> ] apportioned taxable capital; and				
18	(2) [ <del>(3)</del> ] subtracting from the amount computed under				
19	Subdivision $(1)$ [(2)] any other allowable deductions to determine				
20	the <u>taxable entity's</u> [ <del>corporation's</del> ] net taxable capital.				
21	[(b) The net taxable capital of a limited liability company				
22	is computed by:				
23	[(1) adding the company's members' contributions, as				
24	provided for under the Texas Limited Liability Company Act, and				
25	surplus to determine the company's taxable capital;				
26	[ <del>(2) apportioning the amount determined under</del>				
27	Subdivision (1) to this state in the same manner that the taxable				

1	capital of a corporation is apportioned to this state under Section
2	171.106(a) or (c), as applicable, to determine the company's
3	apportioned taxable capital; and
4	[ <del>(3) subtracting from the amount computed under</del>
5	Subdivision (2) any other allowable deductions, to determine the
6	company's net taxable capital.
7	[ <del>(c) The net taxable capital of a savings and loan</del>
8	association is computed by:
9	[(1) determining the association's net worth; and
10	[ <del>(2) apportioning the amount determined under</del>
11	Subdivision (1) to this state in the same manner that the taxable
12	capital of a corporation is apportioned to this state under Section
13	171.106(a) to determine the association's net taxable capital.]
14	SECTION 4.08. Section 171.103, Tax Code, is amended to read
15	as follows:
16	Sec. 171.103. DETERMINATION OF GROSS RECEIPTS FROM BUSINESS
17	DONE IN THIS STATE FOR TAXABLE CAPITAL. <u>(a)</u> In apportioning
18	taxable capital, the gross receipts of a <u>taxable entity</u>
19	[ <del>corporation</del> ] from its business done in this state is the sum of the
20	<pre>taxable entity's [corporation's] receipts from:</pre>
21	(1) each sale of tangible personal property if the
22	property is delivered or shipped to a buyer in this state regardless
23	of the FOB point or another condition of the sale, and each sale of
24	tangible personal property shipped from this state to a purchaser
25	in another state in which the seller is not subject to taxation;
26	(2) each service performed in this state;
27	(3) each rental of property situated in this state;

S.B. No. 3 (4) the use of a patent, copyright, trademark, 1 2 franchise, or license in this state; 3 (5) each sale of real property located in this state, 4 including royalties from oil, gas, or other mineral interests; and 5 (6) other business done in this state. 6 (b) If related parties which are wholly owned subsidiaries 7 of the same ultimate parent have collectively as of May 1, 2005, 8 made an investment of at least \$100 million in a new manufacturing capital improvement project located in this state for which the 9 total capital investment for real and personal property will be in 10 excess of \$400 million and tangible personal property is sold from 11 one related party to another and ultimately resold to an unrelated 12 party in the normal course of business in the form or condition in 13 14 which it is acquired or as an attachment to other tangible personal 15 property, then the buyer or purchaser for purposes of Subsection (a)(1) is deemed to be the first unrelated purchaser to whom the 16 tangible personal property is resold. 17 SECTION 4.09. Section 171.1032, Tax Code, is amended to 18 read as follows: 19 Sec. 171.1032. DETERMINATION OF GROSS 20 RECEIPTS FROM BUSINESS DONE IN THIS STATE FOR TAXABLE EARNED SURPLUS. (a) Except 21 for the gross receipts of a taxable entity [corporation] that are 22

taxable earned surplus, the gross receipts of a <u>taxable entity</u>
[corporation] from its business done in this state is the sum of the
<u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] receipts from:

subject to the provisions of Section 171.1061, in apportioning

27

23

(1) each sale of tangible personal property if the

property is delivered or shipped to a buyer in this state regardless of the FOB point or another condition of the sale, and each sale of tangible personal property shipped from this state to a purchaser in another state in which the seller is not subject to any tax on, or measured by, net income, without regard to whether the tax is imposed;

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(2) each service performed in this state;

8 (3) each rental of property situated in this state;

9 (4) the use of a patent, copyright, trademark, 10 franchise, or license in this state;

(5) each sale of real property located in this state,
including royalties from oil, gas, or other mineral interests;

13 (6) each partnership or joint venture to the extent14 provided by Subsection (c); and

15

(7) other business done in this state.

A taxable entity [corporation] shall deduct from its 16 (b) gross receipts computed under Subsection (a) any amount to the 17 extent included under Subsection (a) because of the application of 18 Section 78 or Sections 951-964, Internal Revenue Code, any amount 19 excludable under Section 171.110(k), and dividends received from a 20 21 subsidiary, associate, or affiliated entity [corporation] that does not transact a substantial portion of its business or 22 regularly maintain a substantial portion of its assets in the 23 24 United States.

(c) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] shall include in its
gross receipts computed under Subsection (a) the <u>taxable entity's</u>
[corporation's] share of the gross receipts of each entity that is

<u>not a taxable entity</u> [partnership and joint venture] of which the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] is a part apportioned to this state as though the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] directly earned the receipts, including receipts from business done with the <u>taxable</u> entity [corporation].

6 (d) If related parties which are wholly owned subsidiaries 7 of the same ultimate parent have collectively as of May 1, 2005, 8 made an investment of at least \$100 million in a new manufacturing 9 capital improvement project located in this state for which the total capital investment is budgeted to be in excess of \$400 million 10 and tangible personal property is sold from one related party to 11 12 another and ultimately resold to an unrelated party in the normal course of business in the form or condition in which it is acquired 13 14 or as an attachment to other tangible personal property, then the 15 buyer or purchaser for purposes of Subsection (a)(1) is deemed to be the first unrelated purchaser to whom the tangible personal 16 property is resold. 17

SECTION 4.10. Section 171.104, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 171.104. GROSS RECEIPTS FROM BUSINESS DONE IN TEXAS: 20 DEDUCTION FOR FOOD AND MEDICINE RECEIPTS. 21 A taxable entity [corporation] may deduct from its receipts includable under Section 22 171.103(a)(1) [of this code] the amount of the taxable entity's 23 24 [corporation's] receipts from sales of the following items, if the 25 items are shipped from outside this state and the receipts would be includable under Section 171.103(a)(1) [of this code] in the 26 absence of this section: 27

S.B. No. 3 food that is exempted from the Limited Sales, 1 (1) Excise, and Use Tax Act by Section 151.314(a) [of this code]; and 2 health care supplies that are exempted from the 3 (2) 4 Limited Sales, Excise, and Use Tax Act by Section 151.313 [of this 5 code]. 6 SECTION 4.11. Section 171.105, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows: 7 Sec. 171.105. DETERMINATION OF GROSS RECEIPTS FROM ENTIRE 8 BUSINESS FOR TAXABLE CAPITAL. 9 (a) In apportioning taxable capital, the gross receipts of a taxable entity [corporation] from 10 its entire business is the sum of 11 the taxable entity's 12 [corporation's] receipts from: each sale of the taxable entity's [corporation's] 13 (1)14 tangible personal property; 15 (2) each service, rental, or royalty; and 16 (3) other business. 17 (b) If a taxable entity [corporation] sells an investment or capital asset, the taxable entity's [corporation's] gross receipts 18 from its entire business for taxable capital include only the net 19 gain from the sale. 20 21 SECTION 4.12. Section 171.1051, Tax Code, is amended to 22 read as follows: Sec. 171.1051. DETERMINATION OF GROSS RECEIPTS FROM ENTIRE 23 24 BUSINESS FOR TAXABLE EARNED SURPLUS. (a) Except for the gross 25 receipts of a taxable entity [corporation] that are subject to the provisions of Section 171.1061, in apportioning taxable earned 26 surplus, the gross receipts of a taxable entity [corporation] from 27

1 its entire business is the sum of the <u>taxable entity's</u>
2 [corporation's] receipts from:

3 (1) each sale of the <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's]
4 tangible personal property;

- 5
- \_

(2) each service, rental, or royalty;

6 (3) each <u>entity that is not a taxable entity</u> 7 [<del>partnership and joint venture</del>] as provided by Subsection (d); and

8

(4) other business.

9 (b) If a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] sells an investment or 10 capital asset, the <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] gross receipts 11 from its entire business for taxable earned surplus includes only 12 the net gain from the sale.

A taxable entity [corporation] shall deduct from its 13 (c) gross receipts computed under Subsection (a) any amount to the 14 15 extent included in Subsection (a) because of the application of Section 78 or Sections 951-964, Internal Revenue Code, any amount 16 excludable under Section 171.110(k), and dividends received from a 17 subsidiary, associate, or affiliated entity [corporation] that 18 does not transact a substantial portion of its business or 19 regularly maintain a substantial portion of its assets in the 20 United States. 21

(d) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] shall include in its
gross receipts computed under Subsection (a) the <u>taxable entity's</u>
[corporation's] share of the gross receipts of each <u>entity that is</u>
<u>not a taxable entity</u> [partnership and joint venture] of which the
<u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] is a part.

27

SECTION 4.13. Sections 171.106(a)-(d), Tax Code, are

1 amended to read as follows:

2 Except as provided by Subsections (c) and (d), a taxable (a) entity's [corporation's] taxable capital is apportioned to this 3 4 state to determine the amount of the tax imposed under Section 171.002(b)(1) by multiplying the taxable entity's [corporation's] 5 taxable capital by a fraction, the numerator of which is the taxable 6 entity's [corporation's] gross receipts from business done in this 7 state, as determined under Section 171.103, and the denominator of 8 which is the taxable entity's [corporation's] gross receipts from 9 its entire business, as determined under Section 171.105. 10

Except as provided by Subsections (c) and (d), a taxable 11 (b) entity's [corporation's] taxable earned surplus is apportioned to 12 this state to determine the amount of tax imposed under Section 13 14 171.002(b)(2) by multiplying the taxable earned surplus by a 15 fraction, the numerator of which is the taxable entity's [corporation's] gross receipts from business done in this state, as 16 17 determined under Section 171.1032, and the denominator of which is the taxable entity's [corporation's] gross receipts from its entire 18 business, as determined under Section 171.1051. 19

A taxable entity's [corporation's] taxable capital or 20 (c) earned surplus that is derived, directly or indirectly, from the 21 sale of management, distribution, or administration services to or 22 on behalf of a regulated investment company, including a taxable 23 24 entity [corporation] that includes trustees or sponsors of employee 25 benefit plans that have accounts in a regulated investment company, is apportioned to this state to determine the amount of the tax 26 imposed under Section 171.002 by multiplying the taxable entity's 27

[corporation's] total taxable capital or earned surplus from the 1 sale of services to or on behalf of a regulated investment company 2 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the average of the sum of 3 shares owned at the beginning of the year and the sum of shares 4 5 owned at the end of the year by the investment company shareholders 6 who are commercially domiciled in this state or, if the shareholders are individuals, are residents of this state, and the 7 8 denominator of which is the average of the sum of shares owned at 9 the beginning of the year and the sum of shares owned at the end of the year by all investment company shareholders. The taxable 10 entity [corporation] shall make a separate computation to allocate 11 taxable capital and earned surplus. In this subsection, "regulated 12 investment company" has the meaning assigned by Section 851(a), 13 14 Internal Revenue Code.

15 (d) A <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] taxable capital or taxable earned surplus that is derived, directly or indirectly, 16 17 from the sale of management, administration, or investment services to an employee retirement plan is apportioned to this state to 18 determine the amount of the tax imposed under Section 171.002 by 19 multiplying the taxable entity's [corporation's] total taxable 20 capital or earned surplus from the sale of services to an employee 21 retirement plan company by a fraction, the numerator of which is the 22 average of the sum of beneficiaries domiciled in Texas at the 23 24 beginning of the year and the sum of beneficiaries domiciled in 25 Texas at the end of the year, and the denominator of which is the average of the sum of all beneficiaries at the beginning of the year 26 and the sum of all beneficiaries at the end of the year. The <u>taxable</u> 27

1 entity [corporation] shall make a separate computation to apportion 2 taxable capital and earned surplus. In this section, "employee 3 retirement plan" means a plan or other arrangement that is qualified under Section 401(a), Internal Revenue Code, or satisfies 4 5 the requirements of Section 403, Internal Revenue Code, or a government plan described in Section 414(d), Internal Revenue Code. 6 7 The term does not include an individual retirement account or 8 individual retirement annuity within the meaning of Section 408, 9 Internal Revenue Code.

10 SECTION 4.14. Section 171.1061, Tax Code, is amended to 11 read as follows:

Sec. 171.1061. ALLOCATION OF CERTAIN TAXABLE EARNED SURPLUS 12 TO THIS STATE. An item of income included in a taxable entity's 13 14 [corporation's] taxable earned surplus, except that portion 15 derived from dividends and interest, that a state, other than this state, or a country, other than the United States, cannot tax 16 17 because the activities generating that item of income do not have sufficient unitary connection with the 18 taxable entity's [corporation's] other activities conducted within that state or 19 country under the United States Constitution, is allocated to this 20 21 state if the taxable entity's [corporation's] commercial domicile is in this state. Income that can only be allocated to the state of 22 commercial domicile because the income has insufficient unitary 23 24 connection with any other state or country shall be allocated to 25 this state or another state or country net of expenses related to 26 that income. A portion of a taxable entity's [corporation's] taxable earned surplus allocated to this state under this section 27

S.B. No. 3

1 may not be apportioned under Section 171.110(a)(2).

2 SECTION 4.15. Sections 171.107(b), (d), and (e), Tax Code, 3 are amended to read as follows:

4 (b) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] may deduct from its 5 apportioned taxable capital the amortized cost of a solar energy 6 device or from its apportioned taxable earned surplus 10 percent of 7 the amortized cost of a solar energy device if:

8 (1) the device is acquired by the <u>taxable entity</u> 9 [corporation] for heating or cooling or for the production of 10 power;

11 (2) the device is used in this state by the <u>taxable</u>
12 entity [corporation]; and

13 (3) the cost of the device is amortized in accordance 14 with Subsection (c) [<del>of this section</del>].

(d) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] that makes a deduction under this section shall file with the comptroller an amortization schedule showing the period in which a deduction is to be made. On the request of the comptroller, the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] shall file with the comptroller proof of the cost of the solar energy device or proof of the device's operation in this state.

(e) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] may elect to make the deduction authorized by this section either from apportioned taxable capital or apportioned taxable earned surplus for each separate regular annual period. An election for an initial period applies to the second tax period and to the first regular annual period.

27

SECTION 4.16. Section 171.109, Tax Code, is amended by

amending Subsections (a), (b)-(f), (h), (j), (k), (m), and (n), by reenacting and amending Subsection (g), as amended by Chapters 801 and 1198, Acts of the 71st Legislature, Regular Session, 1989, and by adding Subsections (a-2) and (o) to read as follows:

5

(a) In this chapter:

6 (1) "Surplus" or "taxable capital" means the net 7 assets of a taxable entity [corporation minus its stated capital. 8 For a limited liability company, "surplus" means the net assets of the company minus its members' contributions]. Surplus includes 9 10 unrealized, estimated, or contingent losses or obligations or any writedown of assets other than those listed in Subsection (i) [of 11 12 this section] net of appropriate income tax provisions. The definition under this subdivision does not apply to earned surplus. 13

14 (2) "Net assets" means the total assets of a <u>taxable</u>
 15 <u>entity</u> [corporation] minus its total debts.

16 (3) "Debt" means any legally enforceable obligation
17 measured in a certain amount of money which must be performed or
18 paid within an ascertainable period of time or on demand.

19

(a-2) In this section, "distribution" includes a dividend.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, a taxable 20 (b) 21 entity [corporation] must compute its surplus, assets, and debts according to generally accepted accounting principles. 22 Ιf generally accepted accounting principles are unsettled or do not 23 24 specify an accounting practice for a particular purpose related to the computation of surplus, assets, or debts, the comptroller by 25 26 rule may establish rules to specify the applicable accounting 27 practice for that purpose.

(c) A taxable entity [corporation] whose taxable capital is 1 2 less than \$1 million may report its surplus according to the method used in the taxable entity's [corporation's] most recent federal 3 4 income tax return originally due on or before the date on which the taxable entity's [corporation's] franchise tax report is originally 5 6 due. In determining if taxable capital is less than \$1 million, the taxable <u>entity</u> [corporation] shall apply the methods the <u>taxable</u> 7 8 entity [corporation] used in computing that federal income tax return unless another method is required under this chapter. 9

10 (d) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] shall report its surplus 11 based solely on its own financial condition. Consolidated 12 reporting of surplus is prohibited.

(e) <u>A taxable entity</u> [Unless the provisions of Section <u>171.111 apply due to an election under that section, a corporation</u>] may not change the accounting methods used to compute its surplus more often than once every four years without the written consent of the comptroller. A change in accounting methods is not justified solely because it results in a reduction of tax liability.

(f) A <u>taxable entity making a distribution</u> [corporation declaring dividends] shall exclude <u>the distribution</u> [those dividends] from its taxable capital, and a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] receiving <u>a distribution</u> [dividends] shall include the distribution [those dividends] in its gross receipts and taxable capital as of the earlier of:

(1) the date the <u>distribution is</u> [dividends are]
declared, if the <u>distribution is</u> [dividends are] actually paid <u>in</u>
cash or property other than a note payable within one year after the

1 declaration date; or

2 (2) the date the <u>distribution is</u> [dividends are]
3 actually paid <u>in cash or property other than a note payable</u>.

4 (g) All oil and gas exploration and production activities
5 conducted by a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] that reports its
6 surplus according to generally accepted accounting principles as
7 required or permitted by this chapter must be reported according to
8 the successful efforts or the full cost method of accounting.

A parent or investor taxable entity [corporation] must 9 (h) use the cost method of accounting in reporting and calculating the 10 franchise tax on its investments in subsidiary taxable entities 11 [corporations] or other investees. The retained earnings of a 12 subsidiary taxable entity [corporation] or other investee before 13 acquisition by the parent or investor <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] 14 may not be excluded from the cost of the subsidiary taxable entity 15 [corporation] or investee to the parent or investor taxable entity 16 17 [corporation] and must be included by the parent or investor taxable entity [corporation] in calculating its surplus. 18

19 (j) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] may not exclude from 20 surplus:

liabilities for compensation and other benefits 21 (1)provided to employees, other than wages, that are not debt as of the 22 end of the accounting period on which the taxable capital component 23 24 is based, including retirement, medical, insurance, postretirement, and other similar benefits; and 25

26 (2) deferred investment tax credits.
27 (k) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, a

1 <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] subject to the tax imposed by this 2 chapter shall use double entry bookkeeping to account for all 3 transactions that affect the computation of that tax.

4 (m) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] may not use the push-down
5 method of accounting in computing or reporting its surplus.

6 (n) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] must use the equity 7 method of accounting when reporting an investment in <u>an entity that</u> 8 <u>is not a taxable entity</u> [a partnership or joint venture].

9 <u>(o) Notwithstanding any other subsection in this section,</u> 10 <u>there shall be excluded from the taxable capital of a parent or</u> 11 <u>investor taxable entity the direct or indirect investment by that</u> 12 <u>parent or investor taxable entity in the capital of one or more</u> 13 <u>other taxable entities in which that parent or investor taxable</u> 14 <u>entity has a "controlling interest" as that term is defined in</u> 15 <u>Section 171.1001.</u>

SECTION 4.17. Section 171.110, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (d), (e), (f), and (h) and adding Subsections (d-1), (m), and (n) to read as follows:

(a) The net taxable earned surplus of a <u>taxable entity</u>
[corporation] is computed by:

(1) determining the <u>taxable entity's</u> [<del>corporation's</del>]
reportable federal taxable income <u>and making the following</u>
<u>adjustments:</u>

24 <u>(A) for a corporation</u>, subtracting [from that 25 amount] any amount excludable under Subsection (k) and[,] any 26 amount included in reportable federal taxable income under Section 27 78 or Sections 951-964, Internal Revenue Code;

S.B. No. 3 1 (B) for a corporation, subtracting[, and] 2 dividends received from a subsidiary, associate, or affiliated 3 taxable entity [corporation] that does not transact a substantial portion of its business or regularly maintain a substantial portion 4 5 of its assets in the United States; 6 (C) [, and] adding 100 percent of compensation as 7 described by Subsection (m) [to that amount any compensation of officers or directors, or if a bank, any compensation of directors 8 and executive officers, to the extent excluded in determining 9 10 federal taxable income to determine the corporation's taxable earned surplus]; and 11 12 (D) subtracting the lesser of: (i) 50 percent of the amount 13 of 14 compensation added in Paragraph (C); or 15 (ii) \$30,000 for each full-time employee and a fractional amount of \$30,000 for each part-time employee 16 proportionate to the extent of the part-time employee's employment; 17 apportioning the taxable entity's [corporation's] (2) 18 taxable earned surplus to this state as provided by Section 19 171.106(b) or (c), as applicable, to determine the taxable entity's 20 21 [corporation's] apportioned taxable earned surplus; (3) adding the taxable entity's [corporation's] 22 taxable earned surplus allocated to this state as provided by 23 24 Section 171.1061; and 25 (4) subtracting from that amount: 26 (A) the amount paid to provide health benefits to employees in this state, provided that the total amount may not 27

1 excee	ed the	lesser	of:
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2

(i) \$150,000; or

3 (ii) 10 percent of the taxable entity's
4 apportioned taxable earned surplus; and

5 <u>(B)</u> any allowable deductions and any business 6 loss that is carried forward to the tax reporting period and 7 deductible under Subsection (e).

A corporation's reportable federal taxable income is 8 (d) the corporation's federal taxable income under Subsection (a)(1) 9 after Schedule C special deductions and before net operating loss 10 deductions as computed under the Internal Revenue Code, except that 11 an S corporation's reportable federal taxable income is the amount 12 of the income reportable to the Internal Revenue Service as taxable 13 14 to the corporation's shareholders. Reportable federal taxable 15 income for a partnership is the partnership's income as an entity as 16 determined under rules adopted by the comptroller using principles 17 similar to the standards applied to a corporation. Reportable federal taxable income for an entity other than a corporation or 18 partnership is determined under rules adopted by the comptroller 19 using principles similar to the standards applied to a corporation. 20 21 (d-1) A real estate investment trust may, in determining its reportable federal taxable income for the purpose of this section, 22 deduct dividends paid to shareholders. In this subsection, a real 23 estate investment trust is an entity that complies with Sections 24 25 856-860, Internal Revenue Code.

(e) For purposes of this section, a business loss is any
 negative amount <u>of earned surplus</u> after apportionment and

allocation. The business loss shall be carried forward to the year 1 2 succeeding the loss year as a deduction to net taxable earned 3 surplus, then successively to the succeeding four taxable years 4 after the loss year or until the loss is exhausted, whichever occurs 5 first, but for not more than five taxable years after the loss year. 6 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, a business loss from a tax 7 year that ends before January 1, 1991, may not be used to reduce net 8 taxable earned surplus. A business loss can be carried forward only 9 by the taxable entity [corporation] that incurred the loss and cannot be transferred to or claimed by any other entity, including 10 the survivor of a merger if the loss was incurred by the taxable 11 entity [corporation] that did not survive the merger. 12

(f) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] may use either the "first in-first out" or "last in-first out" method of accounting to compute its net taxable earned surplus, but only to the extent that the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] used that method on its most recent federal income tax report originally due on or before the date on which the <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] franchise tax report is originally due.

(h) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] shall report its net
taxable earned surplus based solely on its own financial condition.
Consolidated reporting is prohibited.

(m) For purposes of this section, compensation for a taxable
 entity is the amount the taxable entity entered as total payments in
 Part 1, line 1, of the federal Internal Revenue Service Form 940 or
 940-EZ, Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment (FUTA) Tax Return,
 and guaranteed payments to partners, during the period on which

1

2 (1) for a taxable entity that is a client company of a 3 staff leasing services company, compensation is the amount the 4 client company entered as total payments in Part 1, line 1, of Form 5 940 or 940-EZ, plus payments by the staff leasing services company 6 to assigned employees of the client company; and

earned surplus is based, except that:

7 (2) for a taxable entity that is a staff leasing 8 services company, compensation is the amount the staff leasing 9 services company entered as total payments in Part 1, line 1, of 10 Form 940 or 940-EZ, minus payments by the staff leasing services 11 company to assigned employees of a client company.

12 (n) For purposes of this section, the terms "assigned 13 employee," "client company," "license holder," and "staff leasing 14 services company" have the meanings assigned by Section 91.001, 15 Labor Code.

SECTION 4.18. Subchapter C, Chapter 171, Tax Code, is 16 17 amended by adding Sections 171.1101-171.1103 to read as follows: Sec. 171.1101. ADD-BACK OF PAYMENTS TO RELATED PARTY. 18 (a) A taxable entity shall add back to reportable federal taxable 19 income any payments made to a related party that is a passive entity 20 21 as described by Section 171.0011(c) during the period on which earned surplus is based to the extent deducted in computing 22 reportable federal taxable income. The safe harbors provided by 23 24 Section 171.1102 do not apply to payments under this subsection.

(b) Except as provided by Section 171.1102, a taxable entity
 shall add back to reportable federal taxable income any royalty
 payments, interest payments, and management fees made to a related

1	party that is not a passive entity as described by Section
2	171.0011(c), during the period on which earned surplus is based to
3	the extent deducted in computing reportable federal taxable income.
4	Sec. 171.1102. SAFE HARBORS FOR CERTAIN PAYMENTS AND FEES.
5	(a) A taxable entity is not required to add back royalty payments
6	to a related party to the extent:
7	(1) the related party during the period on which
8	earned surplus is based directly or indirectly paid or incurred the
9	amount to a person or entity that is not a related party, the
10	transaction was done for a valid business purpose, and the payments
11	were made at arm's length; or
12	(2) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a
13	related party organized under the laws of a foreign nation, are
14	subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between the foreign
15	nation and the United States, and are taxed in the foreign nation at
16	a tax rate equal to or greater than 2.5 percent.
17	(b) A taxable entity is not required to add back interest
18	payments to a related party to the extent:
19	(1) the interest is at or below the applicable federal
20	rate compounded annually for debt instruments under Section
21	1274(d), Internal Revenue Code, that was in effect at the time of
22	the agreement; or
23	(2) the related party during the period on which
24	earned surplus is based directly or indirectly paid or incurred the
25	amount to a person or entity that is not a related party, the
26	transaction was done for a valid business purpose, and the payments
27	were made at arm's length.

1 (c) A taxable entity is not required to add back a royalty 2 payment or an interest payment made to a related party, or a management fee paid to a related party, if the combined tax paid to 3 4 this state, or to this state and one or more other states each of 5 which has a tax rate equal to or greater than the rate under Section 6 171.002(a-1)(2), by the taxable entity and the related party 7 exceeds the tax that would have been paid by the taxable entity if 8 the royalty payment or interest payment had not been made.

9 <u>(d) A taxable entity is not required to add back a</u> 10 <u>management fee paid to a related party to the extent that the</u> 11 <u>transaction was done for a valid business purpose and the fee was</u> 12 paid at arm's length.

Sec. 171.1103. ADJUSTMENT TO INCOME AND EXPENSES BY
COMPTROLLER. (a) The comptroller may distribute, apportion, or
allocate gross income, deductions, credits, or allowances between
or among two or more organizations, trades, or businesses, whether
or not incorporated, whether or not organized in the United States,
and whether or not affiliated, if:

19 (1) the organizations, trades, or businesses are owned 20 or controlled directly or indirectly by the same interests; and 21 (2) the comptroller determines that the distribution, 22 apportionment, or allocation is necessary to reflect an arm's 23 length standard, within the meaning of 26 C.F.R. Section 1.482-1, 24 and to clearly reflect the income of those organizations, trades, 25 or businesses.

26 (b) The comptroller shall apply the administrative and 27 judicial interpretations of Section 482, Internal Revenue Code, in

#### 1 administering this section.

2 SECTION 4.19. Sections 171.112(b)-(f) and (h), Tax Code, 3 are amended to read as follows:

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a <u>taxable</u>
<u>entity</u> [corporation] must compute gross receipts in accordance with
generally accepted accounting principles. If generally accepted
accounting principles are unsettled or do not specify an accounting
practice for a particular purpose related to the computation of
gross receipts, the comptroller by rule may establish rules to
specify the applicable accounting practice.

(c) A taxable entity [corporation] whose taxable capital is 11 less than \$1 million may report its gross receipts according to the 12 method used in the taxable entity's [corporation's] most recent 13 federal income tax return originally due on or before the date on 14 15 which the <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] franchise tax report is originally due. In determining if taxable capital is less than \$1 16 17 million, the taxable entity [corporation] shall apply the methods the taxable entity [corporation] used in computing that federal 18 income tax return unless another method is required under this 19 chapter. 20

(d) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] shall report its gross receipts based solely on its own financial condition. Consolidated reporting is prohibited.

(e) Unless the provisions of Section 171.111 apply due to an
 election under that section, a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] may not
 change its accounting methods used to calculate gross receipts more
 often than once every four years without the express written

1 consent of the comptroller. A change in accounting methods is not 2 justified solely because it results in a reduction of tax 3 liability.

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4 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, a
5 <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] subject to the tax imposed by this
6 chapter shall use double entry bookkeeping to account for all
7 transactions that affect the computation of that tax.

8 (h) Except as otherwise provided by this section, a <u>taxable</u> 9 <u>entity</u> [corporation] shall use the same accounting methods to 10 apportion its taxable capital as it used to compute its taxable 11 capital.

SECTION 4.20. Sections 171.1121(a)-(d), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

For purposes of this section, "gross receipts" means all 14 (a) 15 revenues reportable by a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] on its federal tax return, without deduction for the cost of property 16 17 sold, materials used, labor performed, or other costs incurred, unless otherwise specifically provided in this chapter. "Gross 18 receipts" does not include revenues that are not included in 19 taxable earned surplus. For example, Schedule C special deductions 20 and any amounts subtracted from reportable federal taxable income 21 22 under Section 171.110(a)(1) are not included in taxable earned 23 surplus and therefore are not considered gross receipts.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by this section, a <u>taxable</u>
 <u>entity</u> [corporation] shall use the same accounting methods to
 apportion taxable earned surplus as used in computing reportable
 federal taxable income.

(c) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] shall report its gross
 receipts based solely on its own financial condition. Consolidated
 reporting is prohibited.

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4 (d) Unless the provisions of Section 171.111 apply due to an 5 election under that section, a taxable entity [corporation] may not change its accounting methods used to calculate gross receipts more 6 7 often than once every four years without the express written 8 consent of the comptroller. A change in accounting methods is not justified solely because it results in a reduction of 9 tax 10 liability.

11 SECTION 4.21. Section 171.113, Tax Code, is amended to read 12 as follows:

Sec. 171.113. ALTERNATE METHOD OF DETERMINING TAXABLE
 CAPITAL AND GROSS RECEIPTS FOR CERTAIN <u>TAXABLE ENTITIES</u>
 [CORPORATIONS]. (a) This section applies only to:

16 (1) a corporation organized as a close corporation 17 under Part 12, Texas Business Corporation Act, that has not more 18 than 35 shareholders;

19 (2) a foreign corporation organized under the close 20 corporation law of another state that has not more than 35 21 shareholders; [and]

(3) an S corporation as that term is defined by Section
1361, Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Section 1361); and

24 (4) a taxable entity other than a corporation that has
25 <u>35 or fewer owners</u>.

(b) A <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] to which this section
applies may elect to compute its surplus, assets, debts, and gross

receipts according to the method the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] uses to report its federal income tax instead of as provided by Sections 171.109(b) and (g) and Section 171.112(b). This section does not affect the application of the other subsections of Sections 171.109 and 171.112 and other provisions of this chapter to a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] making the election.

7 (c) The comptroller may adopt rules as necessary to specify 8 the reporting requirements for <u>taxable entities</u> [<del>corporations</del>] to 9 which this section applies.

10 (d) This section does not apply to a subsidiary <u>of a taxable</u> 11 <u>entity</u> [corporation] unless it applies to the parent [corporation] 12 of the subsidiary.

(e) The election under Subsection (b) becomes effective when written notice of the election is received by the comptroller from the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation]. An election under Subsection (b) must be postmarked not later than the due date for the electing <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] franchise tax report to which the election applies.

SECTION 4.22. Chapter 171, Tax Code, is amended by adding
 Subchapter C-1 to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER C-1. TAXABLE WAGES

(1) "Employee" means an employee described by

21

22 Sec. 171.131. TAXABLE WAGES. (a) In this subchapter:

23

## 24 Section 171.133 or 171.134.

25 (2) "Wages" means:

26

27

(A) wages as defined under Subchapter F, Chapter 201, Labor Code, paid by a taxable entity and includes the

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1	amounts excluded by Sections 201.082(1) and (9), Labor Code; and
2	(B) wages, to the extent not covered by
3	Paragraph (A), described under Section 171.132.
4	(b) The taxable wages of a taxable entity are the total
5	amount of wages paid by the entity to all of the entity's employees
6	during the reporting period as provided by Section 171.1533.
7	Sec. 171.132. LOCATION OF SERVICE. (a) Wages include wages
8	for a service performed in this state or in and outside this state
9	<u>if:</u>
10	(1) the service is localized in this state; or
11	(2) the service is not localized in any state and some
12	of the service is performed in this state and:
13	(A) the base of operations is in this state, or
14	there is no base of operations but the service is directed or
15	controlled from this state; or
16	(B) the base of operations or place from which
17	the service is directed or controlled is not in a state in which a
18	part of the service is performed, and the residence of the person
19	who performs the service is in this state.
20	(b) Wages include wages for a service performed anywhere in
21	the United States, including service performed entirely outside
22	this state, if:
23	(1) the service is not localized in a state;
24	(2) the service is performed by an individual who is
25	one of a class of employees who are required to travel outside this
26	state in performance of their duties; and
27	(3) the individual's base of operations is in this

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1	state or, if there is no base of operations, the individual's
2	service is directed or controlled from this state.
3	(c) Wages include wages for a service performed outside the
4	United States by a citizen of the United States.
5	(d) For the purposes of this section, service is localized
6	in a state if the service is performed entirely within the state or
7	the service performed outside the state is incidental to the
8	service performed in the state. In this section, a service that is
9	"incidental" includes a service that is temporary or that consists
10	of isolated transactions.
11	Sec. 171.133. FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME EMPLOYEES. (a) In
12	this section, "contribution" has the meaning assigned by Section
13	201.011, Labor Code.
14	(b) An individual is an employee if the taxable entity pays
15	or is required to pay a contribution for a reporting period without
16	regard to whether:
17	(1) the individual is a full-time or part-time
18	employee; or
19	(2) the wages paid were for the entire reporting
20	period or a portion of the reporting period.
21	Sec. 171.134. DETERMINATION OF WHETHER CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS
22	ARE EMPLOYEES. An individual is an employee of a taxable entity as
23	provided by this section, without regard to whether the taxable
24	entity pays a contribution, as that term is defined by Section
25	171.133, for the individual, if the individual provides services in
26	this state to the taxable entity for compensation and the taxable
27	entity has a right to direct and control how the individual performs

1	the services for which the individual is provided compensation,
2	indicated by factors that include:
3	(1) whether the individual is subject to the taxable
4	entity's instructions about when, where, and how to work;
5	(2) whether the individual is trained to perform
6	services in a particular manner;
7	(3) the extent to which the individual has
8	<u>unreimbursed business expenses;</u>
9	(4) the extent to which the individual has a
10	significant investment in the facilities the individual uses in
11	performing the services;
12	(5) the extent to which the individual makes the
13	individual's services available to the relevant market by
14	advertising, by maintaining a visible business location, or
15	<u>otherwise;</u>
16	(6) the extent to which the individual can realize a
17	profit or loss;
18	(7) the manner in which the individual is paid by the
19	taxable entity;
20	(8) whether a written contract between the individual
21	and the taxable entity provides that the individual is or is not an
22	<pre>employee;</pre>
23	(9) whether the taxable entity provides the individual
24	with employee-type benefits, including insurance, a pension plan,
25	vacation pay, or sick pay;
26	(10) whether the relationship between the individual
27	and the taxable entity is considered permanent or for a limited

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1	period; and
2	(11) the extent to which services performed by the
3	individual are a key aspect of the affairs of the taxable entity.
4	SECTION 4.23. Section 171.151, Tax Code, is amended to read
5	as follows:
6	Sec. 171.151. PRIVILEGE PERIOD COVERED BY TAX. The
7	franchise tax shall be paid for each of the following:
8	(1) an initial period beginning on the <u>taxable</u>
9	entity's [corporation's] beginning date and ending on the day
10	before the first anniversary of the beginning date;
11	(2) a second period beginning on the first anniversary
12	of the beginning date and ending on December 31 following that date;
13	and
14	(3) after the initial and second periods have expired,
15	a regular annual period beginning each year on January 1 and ending
16	the following December 31.
17	SECTION 4.24. Section 171.152(c), Tax Code, is amended to
18	read as follows:
19	(c) Payment of the tax covering the regular annual period is
20	due May 15, of each year after the beginning of the regular annual
21	period. However, if the first anniversary of the <u>taxable entity's</u>
22	[ <del>corporation's</del> ] beginning date is after October 3 and before
23	January 1, the payment of the tax covering the first regular annual
24	period is due on the same date as the tax covering the initial
25	period.
26	SECTION 4.25. Sections 171.153(a) and (c), Tax Code, are

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27 amended to read as follows:

(a) The tax covering the initial period is reported on the
 initial report and is based on the business done by the <u>taxable</u>
 <u>entity</u> [corporation] during the period beginning on the <u>taxable</u>
 entity's [corporation's] beginning date and:

5 (1) ending on the last accounting period ending date 6 that is at least six months after the beginning date and at least 60 7 days before the original due date of the initial report; or

8 (2) if there is no such period ending date in 9 Subdivision (1) [of this subsection], then ending on the day that is 10 the last day of a calendar month and that is nearest to the end of 11 the taxable entity's [corporation's] first year of business; or

(3) ending on the day after the merger occurs, for the survivor of a merger which occurs after the day on which the tax is based in Subdivision (1) or [Subdivision] (2), whichever is applicable, [of Subsection (a)] and before January 1, of the year an initial report is due by the survivor.

The tax covering the regular annual period is based on 17 (C) the business done by the taxable entity [corporation] during its 18 last accounting period that ends in the year before the year in 19 which the tax is due; unless a taxable entity [corporation] is the 20 survivor of a merger which occurs between the end of its last 21 accounting period in the year before the report year and January 1 22 of the report year, in which case the tax will be based on the 23 24 financial condition of the surviving taxable entity [corporation] 25 for the 12-month period ending on the day after the merger. However, if the first anniversary of the taxable entity's 26 [corporation's] beginning date is after October 3 and before 27

January 1, the tax covering the first regular annual period is based on the same business on which the tax covering the initial period is based and is reported on the initial report.

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4 SECTION 4.26. Section 171.1532, Tax Code, is amended to 5 read as follows:

6 Sec. 171.1532. BUSINESS ON WHICH TAX ON NET TAXABLE EARNED 7 SURPLUS IS BASED. (a) The tax covering the privilege periods 8 included on the initial report, as required by Section 171.153, is 9 based on the business done by the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] 10 during the period beginning on the <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] 11 beginning date and:

(1) ending on the last accounting period ending date that is at least 60 days before the original due date of the initial report; or

(2) if there is no such period ending date in
Subdivision (1) [of this subsection], then ending on the day that is
the last day of a calendar month and that is nearest to the end of
the <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] first year of business.

The tax covering the regular annual period, other than a 19 (b) regular annual period included on the initial report, is based on 20 the business done by the taxable entity [corporation] during the 21 period beginning with the day after the last date upon which net 22 taxable earned surplus on a previous report was based and ending 23 24 with its last accounting period ending date for federal income tax purposes in the year before the year in which the report is 25 26 originally due.

27

SECTION 4.27. Subchapter D, Chapter 171, Tax Code, is

1 amended by adding Section 171.1533 to read as follows: 2 Sec. 171.1533. WAGES ON WHICH TAX ON TAXABLE WAGES IS BASED. (a) The tax covering the privilege periods included on the initial 3 report, as required by Section 171.153, is based on the taxable 4 5 wages paid by the taxable entity during the period beginning on the 6 taxable entity's beginning date and: 7 (1) ending on the last accounting period ending date 8 that is at least 60 days before the original due date of the initial 9 report; or (2) if there is no such period ending date in 10 Subdivision (1), then ending on the day that is the last day of a 11 12 calendar month and that is nearest to the end of the taxable entity's first year of business. 13 14 (b) The tax covering the regular annual period, other than a 15 regular annual period included on the initial report, is based on the taxable wages paid by the taxable entity during the period 16 17 beginning with the day after the last date on which taxable wages on a previous report was based and ending with its last accounting 18 period ending date for federal income tax purposes in the year 19 before the year in which the report is originally due. 20 21 SECTION 4.28. Section 171.154, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows: 22 23 Sec. 171.154. PAYMENT TO COMPTROLLER. A taxable entity 24 [corporation] on which a tax is imposed by this chapter shall pay the tax to the comptroller. 25 SECTION 4.29. Section 171.201, Tax Code, is amended to read 26 as follows: 27 49

1	Sec. 171.201. INITIAL REPORT. (a) Except as provided by
2	Section 171.2022, a <u>taxable entity</u> [ <del>corporation</del> ] on which the
3	franchise tax is imposed shall file an initial report with the
4	comptroller containing:
5	(1) information showing the financial condition of the
6	taxable entity [corporation] on the day that is the last day of a
7	calendar month and that is nearest to the end of the <u>taxable</u>
8	<pre>entity's [corporation's] first year of business;</pre>
9	(2) the name and address of <u>:</u>
10	(A) each officer, [and] director, and manager of
11	the <u>taxable entity</u> [ <del>corporation</del> ];
12	(B) for a limited partnership, each general
13	partner;
14	(C) for a general partnership or limited
15	liability partnership, each managing partner or, if there is not a
16	managing partner, each partner; or
17	(D) for a trust, each trustee;
18	(3) the name and address of the agent of the <u>taxable</u>
19	<pre>entity [corporation] designated under Section 171.354; [and]</pre>
20	(4) <u>a statement declaring the entity's election of</u>
21	rate required under Section 171.0012; and
22	(5) other information required by the comptroller.
23	(b) The <u>taxable entity</u> [ <del>corporation</del> ] shall file the report
24	on or before the date the payment is due under Subsection (a) of
25	Section 171.152.
26	SECTION 4.30. Sections 171.202(a)-(c), (e), (f), and (i),
27	Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) Except as provided by Section 171.2022, a <u>taxable entity</u>
 [corporation] on which the franchise tax is imposed shall file an
 annual report with the comptroller containing:

4 (1) financial <u>and other</u> information of the <u>taxable</u> 5 <u>entity</u> [corporation] necessary to compute the tax under this 6 chapter <u>on both the rate provided by Section 171.002 and the</u> 7 <u>alternate rate provided by Section 171.003;</u>

8 (2) the name and address of each officer and director
9 of the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation];

10 (3) the name and address of the agent of the <u>taxable</u>
11 <u>entity</u> [corporation] designated under Section 171.354; [and]

12 (4) <u>a statement declaring the entity's election of</u>
 13 <u>rate under Section 171.0012 for the reporting period; and</u>

14

(5) other information required by the comptroller.

(b) The <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] shall file the report before May 16 of each year after the beginning of the regular annual period. The report shall be filed on forms supplied by the comptroller.

19 (c) The comptroller shall grant an extension of time to a 20 <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] that is not required by rule to make 21 its tax payments by electronic funds transfer for the filing of a 22 report required by this section to any date on or before the next 23 November 15, if a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation]:

(1) requests the extension, on or before May 15, on aform provided by the comptroller; and

26 (2) remits with the request:

27 (A) not less than 90 percent of the amount of tax

1 reported as due on the report filed on or before November 15; or 100 percent of the tax reported as due for the 2 (B) 3 previous calendar year on the report due in the previous calendar 4 year and filed on or before May 14. 5 (e) The comptroller shall grant an extension of time for the 6 filing of a report required by this section by a taxable entity 7 [corporation] required by rule to make its tax payments by 8 electronic funds transfer to any date on or before the next August 15, if the taxable entity [corporation]: 9 requests the extension, on or before May 15, on a 10 (1)form provided by the comptroller; and 11 12 (2) remits with the request: not less than 90 percent of the amount of tax 13 (A) 14 reported as due on the report filed on or before August 15; or 15 (B) 100 percent of the tax reported as due for the previous calendar year on the report due in the previous calendar 16 17 year and filed on or before May 14. The comptroller shall grant an extension of time to a (f) 18 taxable entity [corporation] required by rule to make its tax 19 payments by electronic funds transfer for the filing of a report due 20 on or before August 15 to any date on or before the next November 15, 21 if the taxable entity [corporation]: 22 requests the extension, on or before August 15, on 23 (1)24 a form provided by the comptroller; and 25 (2) remits with the request the difference between the amount remitted under Subsection (e) and 100 percent of the amount 26 of tax reported as due on the report filed on or before November 15. 27

(i) If a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] requesting an
extension under Subsection (c) or (e) does not file the report due
in the previous calendar year on or before May 14, the <u>taxable</u>
<u>entity</u> [corporation] may not receive an extension under Subsection
(c) or (e) unless the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] complies with
Subsection (c)(2)(A) or (e)(2)(A), as appropriate.

7 SECTION 4.31. Section 171.202(d), Tax Code, is amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (d) In the case of a taxpayer whose previous return was its 10 initial report, the optional payment provided under Subsection 11 (c)(2)(B) or (e)(2)(B) must be equal to the <u>greatest</u> [<del>greater</del>] of:

(1) an amount produced by multiplying the net taxable capital, as reported on the initial report filed on or before May 14, by the rate of tax in Section <u>171.002(a-1)(1)</u> [<u>171.002(a)(1)</u>] that is effective January 1 of the year in which the report is due; [<del>or</del>]

(2) an amount produced by multiplying the net taxable earned surplus, as reported on the initial report filed on or before May 14, by the rate of tax in Section <u>171.002(a-1)(2)</u> [<u>171.002(a)(2)</u>] that is effective January 1 of the year in which the report is due; or

22 (3) an amount produced by multiplying taxable wages, 23 as reported on the initial report filed on or before May 14, by the 24 rate of tax in Section 171.003 that is effective January 1 of the 25 year in which the report is due.

26 SECTION 4.32. Section 171.2022, Tax Code, is amended to 27 read as follows:

Sec. 171.2022. EXEMPTION FROM REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. A
 <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] that does not owe any tax under this
 chapter for any period is not required to file a report under
 Section 171.201 or[7] 171.202[7 or 171.2021]. The exemption
 applies only to a period for which no tax is due.

6 SECTION 4.33. Section 171.204, Tax Code, is amended to read 7 as follows:

Sec. 171.204. INFORMATION REPORT. (a) Except as provided 8 by Subsection (b), to determine eligibility for the exemption 9 provided by Section 171.2022, or to determine the amount of the 10 franchise tax or the correctness of a franchise tax report, the 11 comptroller may require [<del>an officer of</del>] 12 а taxable entity [corporation] that may be subject to the tax imposed under this 13 14 chapter to file an information report with the comptroller stating 15 the amount of the <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] taxable capital and earned surplus, or any other information the comptroller may 16 17 request.

The comptroller may require a taxable entity [an officer 18 (b) of a corporation] that does not owe any tax because of the 19 application of Section  $\frac{171.004(2)}{[171.002(d)(2)]}$  to file an 20 abbreviated information report with the comptroller stating the 21 amount of the taxable entity's [corporation's] gross receipts from 22 its entire business. The comptroller may not require a <u>taxable</u> 23 24 entity [corporation] described by this subsection to file an 25 information report that requires the taxable entity [corporation] to report or compute its earned surplus or taxable capital. 26

27 SECTION 4.34. Section 171.205, Tax Code, is amended to read

1 as follows:

REQUIRED 2 Sec. 171.205. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ΒY 3 COMPTROLLER. The comptroller may require a taxable entity [corporation] on which the franchise tax is imposed to furnish to 4 5 the comptroller information from the taxable entity's 6 [corporation's] books and records that has not been filed 7 previously and that is necessary for the comptroller to determine 8 the amount of the tax.

9 SECTION 4.35. Section 171.206, Tax Code, is amended to read 10 as follows:

Sec. 171.206. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. Except as provided by Section 171.207 [of this code], the following information is confidential and may not be made open to public inspection:

(1) information that is obtained from a record or other instrument that is required by this chapter to be filed with the comptroller; or

(2) information, including information about the business affairs, operations, profits, losses, or expenditures of a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation], obtained by an examination of the books and records, officers, <u>partners, trustees, agents,</u> or employees of a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] on which a tax is imposed by this chapter.

23 SECTION 4.36. Section 171.208, Tax Code, is amended to read 24 as follows:

Sec. 171.208. PROHIBITION OF DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION. A person, including a state officer or employee or <u>an owner</u> [<del>a</del> <del>shareholder</del>] of a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation], who has access to a

report filed under this chapter may not make known in a manner not permitted by law the amount or source of the <u>taxable entity's</u> [corporation's] income, profits, losses, expenditures, or other information in the report relating to the financial condition of the taxable entity [corporation].

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6 SECTION 4.37. Section 171.209, Tax Code, is amended to read 7 as follows:

RIGHT OF OWNER [SHAREHOLDER] TO EXAMINE OR 8 Sec. 171.209. 9 RECEIVE REPORTS. If an owner [a person owning at least one share of outstanding stock] of a taxable entity [corporation] on whom the 10 franchise tax is imposed presents evidence of the ownership to the 11 comptroller, the person is entitled to examine or receive a copy of 12 an initial or annual report that is filed under Section 171.201 or 13 14 171.202 [of this code] and that relates to the taxable entity 15 [corporation].

SECTION 4.38. Section 171.211, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

18 Sec. 171.211. EXAMINATION OF [CORPORATE] RECORDS. To 19 determine the franchise tax liability of a <u>taxable entity</u> 20 [corporation], the comptroller may investigate or examine the 21 records of the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation].

22 SECTION 4.39. Subchapter E, Chapter 171, Tax Code, is 23 amended by adding Section 171.213 to read as follows:

24 <u>Sec. 171.213. ACCESS TO TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION REPORTS.</u>
 25 <u>The comptroller shall have full access to reports filed by a taxable</u>
 26 <u>entity on wages paid with the Texas Workforce Commission.</u>

27

SECTION 4.40. The heading to Subchapter F, Chapter 171, Tax

1 Code, is amended to read as follows: 2 SUBCHAPTER F. FORFEITURE OF CORPORATE AND BUSINESS PRIVILEGES SECTION 4.41. Subchapter F, Chapter 171, Tax Code, 3 is 4 amended by adding Section 171.2515 to read as follows: 5 Sec. 171.2515. FORFEITURE OF RIGHT OF PARTNERSHIP ТΟ 6 TRANSACT BUSINESS IN THIS STATE. (a) The comptroller may, for the 7 same reasons and using the same procedures the comptroller uses in relation to the forfeiture of the corporate privileges of a 8 9 corporation, forfeit the right of a partnership subject to a tax imposed by this chapter to transact business in this state. 10 (b) The provisions of this subchapter, including Section 11 12 171.255, that apply to the forfeiture of corporate privileges apply to the forfeiture of a partnership's right to transact business in 13 14 this state. 15 SECTION 4.42. Section 171.351, Tax Code, is amended to read as follows: 16 Sec. 171.351. VENUE OF SUIT TO ENFORCE CHAPTER. Venue of a 17 civil suit against a taxable entity [corporation] to enforce this 18 chapter is either in a county where the taxable entity's 19 [corporation's] principal office is located according to its 20 charter or certificate of authority or in Travis County. 21 SECTION 4.43. Section 171.353, Tax Code, is amended to read 22 as follows: 23 24 Sec. 171.353. APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER. If a court forfeits 25 a taxable entity's [corporation's] charter or certificate of 26 authority, the court may appoint a receiver for the taxable entity [corporation] and may administer the receivership under the laws 27

1 relating to receiverships.

2 SECTION 4.44. Section 171.354, Tax Code, is amended to read 3 as follows:

Sec. 171.354. AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS. Each <u>taxable</u>
<u>entity</u> [corporation] on which a tax is imposed by this chapter shall
designate a resident of this state as the <u>taxable entity's</u>
[corporation's] agent for the service of process.

8 SECTION 4.45. Sections 171.362(a), (d), and (e), Tax Code, 9 are amended to read as follows:

10 (a) If a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] on which a tax is 11 imposed by this chapter fails to pay the tax when it is due and 12 payable or fails to file a report required by this chapter when it 13 is due, the <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] is liable for a penalty of 14 five percent of the amount of the tax due.

15 (d) If a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] electing to remit 16 under [Paragraph (A) of Subdivision (2) of Subsection (c) of] Section <u>171.202(c)(2)(A)</u> [<del>171.202 of this code</del>] remits less than 17 the amount required, the penalties imposed by this section and the 18 interest imposed under Section 111.060 [of this code] are assessed 19 against the difference between the amount required to be remitted 20 under [Paragraph (A) of Subdivision (2) of Subsection (c) of] 21 Section 171.202(c)(2)(A) [171.202] and the amount actually 22 remitted on or before May 15. 23

(e) If a <u>taxable entity</u> [corporation] remits the entire
amount required by [Subsection (c) of] Section <u>171.202(c)</u> [<del>171.202</del>
of this code</del>], no penalties will be imposed against the amount
remitted on or before November 15.

S.B. No. 3 SECTION 4.46. Sections 171.363(a) and (b), Tax Code, are 1 2 amended to read as follows: A taxable entity [corporation] commits an offense if the 3 (a) taxable entity [corporation] is subject to the provisions of this 4 5 chapter and the taxable entity [corporation] wilfully: 6 fails to file a report; 7 (2) fails to keep books and records as required by this 8 chapter; (3) files a fraudulent report; 9 10 (4) violates any rule of the comptroller for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter; 11 12 or (5) attempts in any other manner to evade or defeat any 13 14 tax imposed by this chapter or the payment of the tax. 15 (b) A person commits an offense if the person is an 16 accountant or an agent for or an officer or employee of a taxable 17 entity [corporation] and the person knowingly enters or provides false information on any report, return, or other document filed by 18 the taxable entity [corporation] under this chapter. 19 SECTION 4.47. Subchapter H, Chapter 171, Tax Code, 20 is 21 amended by adding Sections 171.364-171.366 to read as follows: 22 Sec. 171.364. TAX NOT DEDUCTED FROM WAGES. A taxable entity may not deduct the tax imposed under this chapter from any wages of 23 24 the taxable entity's employees. 25 Sec. 171.365. CRIMINAL PENALTY. (a) A person who violates 26 Section 171.364 commits an offense.

27 (b) An offense under this section is a Class A misdemeanor.

S.B. No. 3 Sec. 171.366. CIVIL PENALTY. (a) A person who violates 1 2 Section 171.364 is liable to the state for a civil penalty not to exceed \$500 for each violation. Each day a violation continues may 3 be considered a separate violation for purposes of a civil penalty 4 5 assessment. 6 (b) On request of the comptroller, the attorney general 7 shall file suit to collect a penalty under this section. SECTION 4.48. Section 171.401, Tax Code, is amended to read 8 as follows: 9 Sec. 171.401. REVENUE DEPOSITED 10 IN FOUNDATION SCHOOL [GENERAL REVENUE] FUND. The revenue from the tax imposed by this 11 chapter [on corporations] shall be deposited to the credit of the 12 foundation school [general revenue] fund. 13 SECTION 4.49. Chapter 171, Tax Code, is amended by adding 14 15 Subchapter V to read as follows: SUBCHAPTER V. TAX CREDIT FOR CERTAIN PHYSICIANS 16 17 Sec. 171.901. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "physician" 18 means: (1) an individual licensed to practice medicine in 19 20 this state; 21 (2) a professional association organized under the Texas Professional Association Act (Article 1528f, Vernon's Texas 22 Civil Statutes); 23 24 (3) an approved nonprofit health corporation 25 certified under Chapter 162, Occupations Code; or 26 (4) another person wholly owned by physicians and engaged in the practice of medicine as permitted by Subtitle B, 27

#### 1 <u>Title 3, Occupations Code.</u>

Sec. 171.902. QUALIFICATION. (a) A physician, dentist, optometrist, or podiatrist that participates in the Medicaid program or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) as a provider of health care services is entitled to a credit in the amount provided by Subsection (b) against the taxes imposed under this chapter for the period on which earned surplus is based.

8 (b) The amount of credit is equal to 20 percent of the total 9 amount of payments the physician, dentist, optometrist, or 10 podiatrist received from payments under the Medicaid or Children's 11 Health Insurance Program (CHIP) during the period on which earned 12 surplus is based that can be verified, if necessary.

13 Sec. 171.903. LIMITATIONS. A physician may not receive a 14 credit in an amount that exceeds the amount of the tax or assessment 15 due after applying any other credits.

Sec. 171.904. RULES. The comptroller shall adopt rules to implement this subchapter. The Health and Human Services Commission shall assist the comptroller in the formulation and adoption of the rules.

20 SECTION 4.50. Chapter 171, Tax Code, is amended by adding 21 Subchapter W to read as follows:

# 22 SUBCHAPTER W. APPLICATION OF REFUNDS AND CREDITS TO NONCORPORATE 23 TAXABLE ENTITIES 24 Sec. 171.921. APPLICATION OF REFUNDS AND CREDITS TO

25 <u>NONCORPORATE TAXABLE ENTITIES. A taxable entity that is not a</u> 26 <u>corporation but that, because of its activities, would qualify for</u> 27 a specific refund or credit under this chapter if it were a

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1	corporation qualifies for the refund or credit in the same manner
2	and under the same conditions as a corporation.
3	SECTION 4.51. Sections 171.110(b), (c), (g), (i), and (j),
4	Tax Code, are repealed.
5	SECTION 4.52. (a) Subject to other provisions of this
6	section, this article applies to reports originally due on or after
7	the effective date of this article.
8	(b) For an entity becoming subject to the franchise tax
9	under this article:
10	(1) income or losses, and related gross receipts,
11	occurring before January 1, 2005, may not be considered for
12	purposes of the earned surplus component, or for apportionment
13	purposes for the taxable capital component;
14	(2) an entity subject to the franchise tax on January
15	1, 2006, for which January 1, 2006, is not the beginning date, shall
16	file an annual report due May 15, 2006, based on the period:
17	(A) beginning on the later of:
18	(i) January 1, 2005; or
19	(ii) the date the entity was organized in
20	this state or, if a foreign entity, the date it began doing business
21	in this state; and
22	(B) ending on the date the entity's last
23	accounting period ends in 2005 or, if none, on December 31, 2005;
24	and
25	(3) an entity subject to the earned surplus component
26	of the franchise tax at any time after October 31, 2005, and before
27	January 1, 2006, but not subject to the earned surplus component on

January 1, 2006, shall file a final report computed on net taxable 1 2 earned surplus, for the privilege of doing business at any time after October 31, 2005, and before January 1, 2006, based on the 3 4 period: 5 (A) beginning on the later of: 6 January 1, 2005; or (i) 7 (ii) the date the entity was organized in 8 this state or, if a foreign entity, the date it began doing business 9 in this state; and 10 (B) ending on the date the entity became no longer subject to the earned surplus component of the tax. 11 12 (C) For purposes of this article, an existing partnership is considered as continuing if it is not terminated. 13 14 (d) A partnership is considered terminated only if no part 15 of any business, financial operation, or venture of the partnership continues to be carried on by any of its partners in a partnership. 16 merger or consolidation of 17 (e) For a two or more partnerships, the resulting partnership is, for purposes of this 18 continuation of 19 article, considered the any merging or consolidating partnership whose members own an interest of more 20 than 50 percent in the capital and profits of the resulting 21 partnership. 22 (f) For a division of a partnership into two or more 23 24 partnerships, the resulting partnerships, other than any resulting partnership the members of which had an interest of 50 percent or 25 less in the capital and profits of the prior partnership, are, for 26 27 purposes of this article, considered a continuation of the prior

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1 partnership.

SECTION 4.53. If a credit under Chapter 171, Tax Code, as 2 amended by this article, is found by a court in a final judgment 3 4 appeal or no longer subject to appeal to upheld on be 5 unconstitutional, the credit is disallowed for all entities on or 6 after the date the final judgment was entered by the court and an 7 entity is not entitled to and may not apply for the credit on or 8 after that date for any reporting period beginning before, on, or 9 after that date.

SECTION 4.54. (a) This section applies to a suit brought by an entity subject to the tax under Chapter 171, Tax Code, as amended by this article, contending that the imposition of the tax on the entity is unconstitutional.

14 (b) The suit must be brought in a district court in Travis15 County.

16 (c) The judgment of the district court may be reviewed only 17 by direct appeal to the supreme court filed on or before the 15th 18 day after the date the district court enters its judgment. The 19 district court shall try the suit and the supreme court shall hear 20 any appeal relating to the suit as expeditiously as possible.

(d) If a final judgment upheld on appeal or no longer subject to appeal finds that the tax imposed under Chapter 171, Tax Code, is unconstitutional because of the requirements of Section 24, Article VIII, Texas Constitution, all taxable entities, other than a corporation or limited liability company, shall pay the tax at the rate provided by Section 171.003.

27 SECTION 4.55. This article takes effect November 1, 2005,

S.B. No. 3 1 and applies to reports originally due on or after that date. 2 ARTICLE 5. SALES AND USE TAXES 3 PART A. STATE SALES AND USE TAX SECTION 5A.01. Section 151.051(b), Tax Code, is amended to 4 5 read as follows: 6 (b) The sales tax rate is 6.5 [6.1/4] percent of the sales 7 price of the taxable item sold. 8 SECTION 5A.01A. (a) Section 151.051(b), Tax Code, is 9 amended to read as follows: The sales tax rate is 6.75 [6.1/4] percent of the sales 10 (b) price of the taxable item sold. 11 This section takes effect on the first anniversary of 12 (b) the date Section 5A.01 of this Act takes effect. 13 14 SECTION 5A.02. Section 151.326(a), Tax Code, is amended to 15 read as follows: (a) The sale of an article of clothing or footwear designed 16 17 to be worn on or about the human body is exempted from the taxes imposed by this chapter if: 18 the sales price of the article is less than \$100; 19 (1)and 20 21 (2) the sale takes place during: (A)\_ a period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first 22 Friday in August and ending at 12 midnight on the following Sunday; 23 24 or 25 (B) a period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first 26 Friday in December and ending at 12 midnight on the following 27 Sunday.

1	SECTION 5A.03. Subchapter H, Chapter 151, Tax Code, is
2	amended by adding Section 151.327 to read as follows:
3	Sec. 151.327. SCHOOL SUPPLIES BEFORE START OF SCHOOL. (a)
4	The sale or storage, use, or other consumption of a school supply,
5	including a backpack, is exempted from the taxes imposed by this
6	chapter if the school supply is purchased:
7	(1) for use by a student in a class in a public or
8	private elementary or secondary school;
9	(2) during the period described by Section
10	151.326(a)(2); and
11	(3) for a sales price of less than \$100 per item.
12	(b) The comptroller shall adopt rules specifying the school
13	supplies that are exempt from taxation under this section.
14	(c) The exemption provided by this section does not apply to
15	the purchase of a textbook.
16	SECTION 5A.04. (a) Subchapter I, Chapter 151, Tax Code, is
17	amended by adding Section 151.433 to read as follows:
18	Sec. 151.433. TAX REIMBURSEMENT FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
19	AND FOOD STAMP RECIPIENTS. (a) This section applies to a person
20	who:
21	(1) receives financial assistance under Chapter 31,
22	Human Resources Code, or nutritional assistance under Chapter 33,
23	Human Resources Code, through the use of an electronic benefits
24	transfer system; or
25	(2) is eligible to receive financial assistance under
26	Chapter 31, Human Resources Code, through the use of an electronic
27	benefits transfer system, but to whom that financial assistance is

1	not paid because a sanction is applied against the person under
2	Section 31.0032, Human Resources Code.
3	(b) The comptroller and the executive commissioner of the
4	Health and Human Services Commission by joint rule shall establish
5	a program to reimburse a person to which this section applies for 20
6	percent of the estimated tax the person will pay under this chapter
7	during a state fiscal year.
8	(c) Not later than August 15 of each year, using available
9	statistical data, the comptroller by rule shall estimate the amount
10	of taxes a person to which this section applies will pay under this
11	chapter during the next state fiscal year. In estimating that
12	amount, the comptroller shall consider:
13	(1) the amount of the individual's federal adjusted
14	gross income, as defined by federal law;
15	(2) the number of dependents the individual has for
16	federal income tax purposes; and
17	(3) any other information the comptroller considers
18	appropriate.
19	(d) Based on the estimations made under Subsection (c), the
20	comptroller shall develop and adopt a table specifying by income
21	bracket and number of dependents:
22	(1) the estimated amount of taxes persons to which
23	this section applies will pay under this chapter during the next
24	state fiscal year; and
25	(2) the amount of reimbursement the persons are
26	eligible to receive under Subsection (b).
27	(e) The comptroller shall provide the table to the executive

1	commissioner of the Health and Human Services Commission as soon as
2	possible after the date the table is adopted. Using the table, the
3	executive commissioner shall provide to each person to which this
4	section applies reimbursement in the form of:
5	(1) additional monthly state money payments if the
6	person is receiving financial assistance under Chapter 31, Human
7	Resources Code; or
8	(2) additional monthly nutritional assistance if the
9	person is not receiving financial assistance under Chapter 31,
10	Human Resources Code, but is receiving nutritional assistance under
11	Chapter 33, Human Resources Code.
12	(f) Reimbursement provided under Subsection (e) must be
13	made available to the person using the electronic benefits transfer
14	system through which the person is receiving the financial or
15	nutritional assistance. Except as provided by Subsection (g), the
16	amount of the monthly reimbursement is equal to one-twelfth of the
17	amount determined under Subsection (d)(2).
18	(g) Notwithstanding any other law, the total amount of
19	reimbursements provided under this section may not exceed \$100
20	million each state fiscal year. The comptroller and the executive
21	commissioner of the Health and Human Services Commission shall take
22	any necessary action to ensure that this limit is not exceeded,
23	including:
24	(1) decreasing the percentage of reimbursement of
25	taxes paid under this chapter for which a person is otherwise
26	eligible;
27	(2) decreasing the amounts of the monthly state money

1	payments or monthly nutritional assistance on a pro rata basis or by
2	a specific amount; or
3	(3) suspending the reimbursements.
4	(h) Notwithstanding any other law, a person described by
5	Subsection (a)(2) is entitled to reimbursement provided under this
6	section to the same extent the person would be entitled to that
7	reimbursement if a sanction were not applied against the person
8	under Section 31.0032, Human Resources Code.
9	(b) Subchapter B, Chapter 31, Human Resources Code, is
10	amended by adding Section 31.0321 to read as follows:
11	Sec. 31.0321. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN TAX REIMBURSEMENTS. The
12	Health and Human Services Commission may not consider any
13	reimbursement of estimated taxes to which a person may be entitled
14	under Section 151.433, Tax Code, in determining:
15	(1) whether the person meets household income and
16	resource requirements for financial assistance under this chapter;
17	<u>or</u>
18	(2) the amount of financial assistance granted to the
19	person under this chapter for the support of dependent children.
20	(c) Chapter 33, Human Resources Code, is amended by adding
21	Section 33.028 to read as follows:
22	Sec. 33.028. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN TAX REIMBURSEMENTS. To
23	the extent permitted by federal law, the Health and Human Services
24	Commission may not consider any reimbursement of estimated taxes to
25	which a person may be entitled under Section 151.433, Tax Code, in
26	determining whether the person meets the household income and
27	resource requirements for eligibility for food stamps.

1 (d) If before implementing any provision of this section a 2 state agency determines that a waiver or authorization from a 3 federal agency is necessary for implementation of that provision, 4 the agency affected by the provision shall request the waiver or 5 authorization and may delay implementing that provision until the 6 waiver or authorization is granted.

7 SECTION 5A.05. The change in law made by this part does not 8 affect tax liability accruing before the effective date of this 9 part. That liability continues in effect as if this part had not 10 been enacted, and the former law is continued in effect for the 11 collection of taxes due and for civil and criminal enforcement of 12 the liability of those taxes.

13 SECTION 5A.06. Except as otherwise provided by this part, 14 this part takes effect September 1, 2005, if this Act receives a 15 vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 16 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this 17 Act does not receive the vote necessary for effect on that date, 18 this part takes effect November 1, 2005.

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PART B. MOTOR VEHICLE SALES AND USE TAX

20 SECTION 5B.01. Section 152.002, Tax Code, is amended by 21 adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:

(f) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), the total consideration of a used motor vehicle is the amount on which the tax is computed as provided by Section 152.0412.

25 SECTION 5B.02. Section 152.021(b), Tax Code, is amended to 26 read as follows:

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(b) The tax rate is 6.5 [6 - 1/4] percent of the total

S.B. No. 3 1 consideration. 2 SECTION 5B.02A. (a) Section 152.021(b), Tax Code, is 3 amended to read as follows: (b) The tax rate is  $6.75 \left[\frac{6 - 1/4}{4}\right]$  percent of the total 4 5 consideration. 6 (b) This section takes effect on the first anniversary of the date Section 5B.02 of this Act takes effect. 7 8 SECTION 5B.03. Section 152.022(b), Tax Code, is amended to 9 read as follows: (b) The tax rate is 6.5 [6 - 1/4] percent of the total 10 consideration. 11 SECTION 5B.03A. (a) Section 152.022(b), Tax Code, is 12 amended to read as follows: 13 14 (b) The tax rate is  $6.75 \left[\frac{6 - 1/4}{4}\right]$  percent of the total 15 consideration. (b) This section takes effect on the first anniversary of 16 17 the date Section 5B.03 of this Act takes effect. SECTION 5B.04. Section 152.026(b), Tax Code, is amended to 18 read as follows: 19 (b) The tax rate is 10 percent of the gross rental receipts 20 from the rental of a rented motor vehicle for 30 days or less and 6.5 21 [6 - 1/4] percent of the gross rental receipts from the rental of a 22 rented motor vehicle for longer than 30 days. 23 24 SECTION 5B.04A. (a) Section 152.026(b), Tax Code, is 25 amended to read as follows: (b) The tax rate is 10 percent of the gross rental receipts 26

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from the rental of a rented motor vehicle for 30 days or less and

1 6.75 [6.1/4] percent of the gross rental receipts from the rental of a rented motor vehicle for longer than 30 days. 2 (b) This section takes effect on the first anniversary of 3 the date Section 5B.04 of this Act takes effect. 4 5 SECTION 5B.05. Section 152.028(b), Tax Code, is amended to 6 read as follows: The tax rate is 6.5 [6 - 1/4] percent of the total 7 (b) 8 consideration. SECTION 5B.05A. (a) Section 152.028(b), Tax Code, 9 is amended to read as follows: 10 (b) The tax rate is 6.75 [ $6 \cdot 1/4$ ] percent of the total 11 consideration. 12 This section takes effect on the first anniversary of 13 (b) 14 the date Section 5B.05 of this Act takes effect. 15 SECTION 5B.06. Section 152.041(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows: 16 The tax assessor-collector of the county in which an (a) 17 application for registration or for a Texas certificate of title is 18 19 made shall collect taxes imposed by this chapter, subject to Section 152.0412, unless another person is required by this chapter 20 to collect the taxes. 21 SECTION 5B.07. Subchapter C, Chapter 152, Tax Code, is 22 amended by adding Section 152.0412 to read as follows: 23 24 Sec. 152.0412. STANDARD PRESUMPTIVE VALUE; USE BY TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR. (a) In this section, "standard presumptive 25 26 value" means the average retail value of a motor vehicle as determined by the Texas Department of Transportation, based on a 27

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1	nationally recognized motor vehicle industry reporting service.	
2	(b) If the amount paid for a motor vehicle subject to the tax	
3	imposed by this chapter is equal to or greater than the standard	
4	presumptive value of the vehicle, a county tax assessor-collector	
5	shall compute the tax on the amount paid.	
6	(c) If the amount paid for a motor vehicle subject to the tax	
7	imposed by this chapter is less than the standard presumptive value	
8	of the vehicle, a county tax assessor-collector shall compute the	
9	tax on the standard presumptive value unless the purchaser	
10	establishes the retail value of the vehicle as provided by	
11	Subsection (d).	
12	(d) A county tax assessor-collector shall compute the tax	
13	imposed by this chapter on the retail value of a motor vehicle if:	
14	(1) the retail value is shown on an appraisal	
15	certified by an adjuster licensed under Chapter 4101, Insurance	
16	Code, or by a motor vehicle dealer operating under Subchapter B,	
17	Chapter 503, Transportation Code;	
18	(2) the appraisal is on a form prescribed by the	
19	comptroller for that purpose; and	
20	(3) the purchaser of the vehicle obtains the appraisal	
21	not later than the 20th day after the date of purchase.	
22	(e) On request, a motor vehicle dealer operating under	
23	Subchapter B, Chapter 503, Transportation Code, shall provide a	
24	certified appraisal of the retail value of a motor vehicle. The	
25	comptroller by rule shall establish a fee that a dealer may charge	
26	for providing the certified appraisal. The county tax	
27	assessor-collector shall retain a copy of a certified appraisal	

1	received under this section for a period prescribed by the
2	comptroller.
3	(f) The Texas Department of Transportation shall maintain
4	information on the standard presumptive values of motor vehicles as
5	part of the department's registration and title system. The
6	department shall update the information at least quarterly each
7	calendar year.
8	(g) This section does not apply to a transaction described
9	by Section 152.024 or 152.025.
10	SECTION 5B.08. Not later than November 1, 2005, the Texas
11	Department of Transportation shall:
12	(1) establish standard presumptive values for motor
13	vehicles as provided by Section 152.0412, Tax Code, as added by this
14	part;
15	(2) modify the department's registration and title
16	system as needed to include that information and administer that
17	section; and
18	(3) make that information available through the system
19	to all county tax assessor-collectors.
20	SECTION 5B.09. (a) Except as provided by this part and
21	Subsection (b) of this section, this part takes effect September 1,
22	2005, if this Act receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members
23	elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas
24	Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for
25	effect on that date, this part takes effect November 1, 2005.
26	(b) Section 152.0412, Tax Code, as added by this part, takes
27	effect November 1, 2005.

PART C. BOAT AND MOTOR BOAT SALES AND USE TAX 1 SECTION 5C.01. Section 160.021(b), Tax Code, is amended to 2 3 read as follows: 4 (b) The tax rate is 6.5  $\left[\frac{6-1/4}{4}\right]$  percent of the total 5 consideration. 6 SECTION 5C.01A. (a) Section 160.021(b), Tax Code, is 7 amended to read as follows: 8 (b) The tax rate is  $6.75 \left[\frac{6 - 1/4}{4}\right]$  percent of the total 9 consideration. (b) This section takes effect on the first anniversary of 10 the date Section 5C.01 of this Act takes effect. 11 SECTION 5C.02. Section 160.022(b), Tax Code, is amended to 12 read as follows: 13 (b) The tax rate is 6.5  $\left[\frac{6-1/4}{4}\right]$  percent of the total 14 15 consideration. SECTION 5C.02A. (a) Section 160.022(b), Tax Code, 16 is 17 amended to read as follows: (b) The tax rate is 6.75 [6.74] percent of the total 18 consideration. 19 (b) This section takes effect on the first anniversary of 20 the date Section 5C.02 of this Act takes effect. 21 SECTION 5C.03. This part takes effect September 1, 2005, if 22 this Act receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to 23 24 each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas 25 Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for 26 effect on that date, this part takes effect November 1, 2005.

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## PART D. MOTOR FUELS TAX

2 SECTION 5D.01. Section 162.503, Tax Code, is amended to 3 read as follows:

Sec. 162.503. ALLOCATION OF GASOLINE TAX. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), on [On] or before the fifth workday after the end of each month, the comptroller, after making all deductions for refund purposes and for the amounts allocated under Sections 162.502 and 162.5025, shall allocate the net remainder of the taxes collected under Subchapter B as follows:

10 (1) one-fourth of the tax shall be deposited to the 11 credit of the available school fund;

12 (2) one-half of the tax shall be deposited to the
13 credit of the state highway fund for the construction and
14 maintenance of the state road system under existing law; and

15 (3) from the remaining one-fourth of the tax the 16 comptroller shall:

(A) deposit to the credit of the county and road
district highway fund all the remaining tax receipts until a total
of \$7,300,000 has been credited to the fund each fiscal year; and

after the amount required to be deposited to 20 (B) 21 the county and road district highway fund has been deposited, deposit to the credit of the state highway fund the remainder of the 22 one-fourth of the tax, the amount to be provided on the basis of 23 24 allocations made each month of the fiscal year, which sum shall be 25 used by the Texas Department of Transportation for the 26 construction, improvement, and maintenance of farm-to-market 27 roads.

(b) During the months of June, July, and August of each 1 2 odd-numbered year, the comptroller may not make the allocations to the state highway fund and county and road district highway fund 3 otherwise required by Subsections (a)(2) and (3). After September 4 5 and before September 11 of that year, the comptroller shall 5 6 allocate and deposit to the state highway fund the total amount of 7 revenue that would have been otherwise allocated and deposited to 8 that fund during those months. SECTION 5D.02. Section 162.504, Tax Code, is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 Sec. 162.504. ALLOCATION OF DIESEL FUEL TAX. (a) Except as 11 provided by Subsection (b), on [On] or before the fifth workday 12 after the end of each month, the comptroller, after making 13 deductions for refund purposes, for the administration and 14 15 enforcement of this chapter, and for the amounts allocated under Section 162.5025, shall allocate the remainder of the taxes 16 17 collected under Subchapter C as follows: (1) one-fourth of the taxes shall be deposited to the 18 credit of the available school fund; and 19 20 (2) three-fourths of the taxes shall be deposited to 21 the credit of the state highway fund. (b) During the months of June, July, and August of each 22 odd-numbered year, the comptroller may not make the allocation to 23 24 the state highway fund otherwise required by Subsection (a)(2).

26 <u>comptroller shall allocate and deposit to the state highway fund</u>
27 <u>the total amount of revenue that would have been otherwise</u>

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After September 5 and before September 11 of that year, the

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1 allocated to that fund during those months.

2 SECTION 5D.03. Section 162.505, Tax Code, is amended to 3 read as follows:

Sec. 162.505. ALLOCATION OF LIQUEFIED GAS TAX. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), on [On] or before the fifth workday after the end of each month, the comptroller, after making deductions for refund purposes and for the administration and enforcement of this chapter, shall allocate the remainder of the taxes collected under Subchapter D as follows:

10 (1) one-fourth of the taxes shall be deposited to the 11 credit of the available school fund; and

12 (2) three-fourths of the taxes shall be deposited to13 the credit of the state highway fund.

14 (b) During the months of June, July, and August of each 15 odd-numbered year, the comptroller may not make the allocation to 16 the state highway fund otherwise required by Subsection (a)(2). 17 After September 5 and before September 11 of that year, the 18 comptroller shall allocate and deposit to the state highway fund 19 the total amount of revenue that would have been otherwise 20 allocated to that fund during those months.

SECTION 5D.04. This part takes effect August 1, 2005, if this Act receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for effect on that date, this part takes effect November 1, 2005.

26 PART E. HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAXES

SECTION 5E.01. Section 156.001, Tax Code, is amended to

1 read as follows:

2 Sec. 156.001. DEFINITION. In this chapter, "hotel" means a 3 building in which members of the public obtain sleeping 4 accommodations for consideration. The term includes a hotel, 5 motel, tourist home, tourist house, tourist court, lodging house, 6 inn, rooming house, or bed and breakfast. The term does not 7 include:

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(1) a hospital, sanitarium, or nursing home; [<del>or</del>]

9 (2) a dormitory or other housing facility owned or 10 leased and operated by an institution of higher education or a 11 private or independent institution of higher education as those 12 terms are defined by Section 61.003, Education Code, used by the 13 institution for the purpose of providing sleeping accommodations 14 for persons engaged in an educational program or activity at the 15 institution; or

16 (3) that part of an apartment or condominium building 17 that consists of unfurnished dwelling units that are leased to 18 tenants, as defined by Section 92.001, Property Code.

19 SECTION 5E.02. Section 351.002(c), Tax Code, is amended to 20 read as follows:

(c) The tax does not apply to a person who <u>has the right to</u> <u>use or possess a room in a hotel for at least 30 consecutive days, so</u> <u>long as there is no interruption of payment for that period</u> [is a <u>permanent resident under Section 156.101 of this code</u>].

25 SECTION 5E.03. Section 352.001(1), Tax Code, is amended to 26 read as follows:

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(1) "Hotel" has the meaning assigned by Section

1 156.001  $[\frac{156.001(1)}{1}]$ .

2 SECTION 5E.04. Section 352.002(c), Tax Code, is amended to 3 read as follows:

4 (c) The tax does not apply to a person who <u>has the right to</u>
5 <u>use or possess a room in a hotel for at least 30 consecutive days, so</u>
6 <u>long as there is no interruption of payment for that period</u> [is a
7 permanent resident under Section 156.101 of this code].

SECTION 5E.05. Section 156.101, Tax Code, is repealed.

9 SECTION 5E.06. This part takes effect October 1, 2005, if 10 this Act receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to 11 each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas 12 Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for 13 effect on that date, this part takes effect January 1, 2006.

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PART A. CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS

ARTICLE 6. TAX ON TOBACCO PRODUCTS AND ALCOHOL

SECTION 6A.01. Section 154.021(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

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(b) The tax rates are:

(1) \$58 [\$20.50] per thousand on cigarettes weighing
 three pounds or less per thousand; and

(2) the rate provided by Subdivision (1) plus \$2.10
per thousand on cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand.

24 SECTION 6A.02. Section 155.021(b), Tax Code, is amended to 25 read as follows:

26 (b) The tax rates are:

27

(1) 1.25 cents [<del>one cent</del>] per 10 or fraction of 10 on

S.B. No. 3 1 cigars weighing three pounds or less per thousand; 2 (2) \$9.375 [<del>\$7.50</del>] per thousand on cigars that: 3 (A) weigh more than three pounds per thousand; and 4 5 sell at factory list price, exclusive of any (B) trade discount, special discount, or deal, for 3.3 cents or less 6 7 each; 8 (3) \$13.75 [<del>\$11</del>] per thousand on cigars that: 9 weigh more than three pounds per thousand; (A) 10 (B) sell at factory list price, exclusive of any trade discount, special discount, or deal, for more than 3.3 cents 11 12 each; and contain no substantial amount of nontobacco 13 (C) 14 ingredients; and 15 (4) <u>\$18.75</u> [<del>\$15</del>] per thousand on cigars that: weigh more than three pounds per thousand; 16 (A) (B) sell at factory list price, exclusive of any 17 trade discount, special discount, or deal, for more than 3.3 cents 18 19 each; and contain a substantial amount of nontobacco 20 (C) 21 ingredients. SECTION 6A.03. Section 155.0211(b), Tax Code, is amended to 22 read as follows: 23 24 (b) The tax rate for tobacco products other than cigars is 44.02 [35.213] percent of the manufacturer's list price, exclusive 25 26 of any trade discount, special discount, or deal. SECTION 6A.04. This part takes effect September 1, 2005, if 27

this Act receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to 1 2 each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas 3 Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for effect on that date, this part takes effect November 1, 2005. 4 PART B. ALCOHOL TAXES 5 6 SECTION 6B.01. Section 201.03, Alcoholic Beverage Code, is 7 amended to read as follows: Sec. 201.03. TAX ON DISTILLED SPIRITS. 8 (a) A tax is 9 imposed on the first sale of distilled spirits at the rate of \$3 [\$2.40] per gallon. 10 The minimum tax imposed on packages of distilled spirits 11 (b) containing two ounces or less is 6.25 [five] cents per package. 12 Should packages containing less than one-half pint but 13 (c) more than two ounces ever be legalized in this state, the minimum 14 15 tax imposed on each of these packages is <u>15.25 cents</u> [<del>\$0.122</del>]. SECTION 6B.02. Section 201.04, Alcoholic Beverage Code, is 16 17 amended to read as follows: Sec. 201.04. TAX ON VINOUS LIQUOR. (a) A tax is imposed on 18 the first sale of vinous liquor that does not contain over 14 19 percent of alcohol by volume at the rate of 25.5 [20.4] cents per 20 21 gallon. A tax is imposed on vinous liquor that contains more 22 (b) than 14 percent of alcohol by volume at the rate of 51 [40.8] cents 23 24 per gallon.

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(c) A tax is imposed on artificially carbonated and natural
 sparkling vinous liquor at the rate of <u>64.5</u> [<del>51.6</del>] cents per gallon.
 SECTION 6B.03. Section 201.42, Alcoholic Beverage Code, is

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1 amended to read as follows:
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Sec. 201.42. TAX ON ALE AND MALT LIQUOR. A tax is imposed on the first sale of ale and malt liquor at the rate of <u>24.75 cents</u> [<del>\$0.198</del>] per gallon.

5 SECTION 6B.04. Section 203.01, Alcoholic Beverage Code, is 6 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 203.01. TAX ON BEER. A tax is imposed on the first sale
of beer manufactured in this state or imported into this state at
the rate of <u>\$7.50</u> [six dollars] per barrel.

10 SECTION 6B.05. Section 183.021, Tax Code, is amended to 11 read as follows:

Sec. 183.021. TAX IMPOSED ON MIXED BEVERAGES. A tax at the rate of <u>17.5</u> [44] percent is imposed on the gross receipts of a permittee received from the sale, preparation, or service of mixed beverages or from the sale, preparation, or service of ice or nonalcoholic beverages that are sold, prepared, or served for the purpose of being mixed with an alcoholic beverage and consumed on the premises of the permittee.

19 SECTION 6B.06. This part takes effect September 1, 2005, if 20 this Act receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to 21 each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas 22 Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for 23 effect on that date, this part takes effect November 1, 2005.

ARTICLE 7. TRANSFERRING CERTAIN TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PROCEEDS INTO
 DEDICATED GENERAL REVENUE ACCOUNTS

26 SECTION 7.01. Subchapter G, Chapter 403, Government Code, 27 is amended by adding Sections 403.109 and 403.1091-403.1093 to read

	S.B. No. 3		
1	as follows:		
2	Sec. 403.109. SECONDARY HEALTH ACCOUNT FOR HIGHER		
3	EDUCATION. (a) In this section:		
4	(1) "Earnings account" means the account described by		
5	Subsection (d).		
6	(2) "Secondary account" means the secondary health		
7	account for higher education.		
8	(b) The secondary account and the earnings account are		
9	dedicated accounts in the general revenue fund.		
10	(c) The secondary account consists of:		
11	(1) money transferred to the account at the direction		
12	of the legislature; and		
13	(2) donations to the account.		
14	(d) The earnings account consists of the earnings received		
15	from investment of the assets in the secondary account. The		
16	comptroller shall periodically transfer those earnings from the		
17	secondary account to the earnings account.		
18	(e) Money in the secondary account may be used only for a		
19	purpose described by Subsection (d) or (f).		
20	(f) The comptroller shall manage and invest assets in the		
21	secondary account in authorized investments under Section 404.024.		
22	Any expenses incurred by the comptroller in managing and investing		
23	assets in the secondary account shall be paid from the account.		
24	(g) Money in the earnings account may be appropriated only		
25	for a purpose specified in and subject to any conditions and		
26	reporting requirements prescribed by Subchapter A, Chapter 63,		
27	Education Code, for the use of money from the permanent health fund		

1	for higher education.	
2	(h) An institution of higher education that has accepted a	
3	gift under former Subchapter I, Chapter 51, Education Code, that	
4	was conditioned on the institution's receipt of state matching	
5	funds from the eminent scholars fund may use money the institution	
6	receives under this section to provide the state matching funds and	
7	treat the money as if it were a distribution to the institution from	
8	the eminent scholars fund for purposes of the former Subchapter I.	
9	(i) An institution of higher education that receives a	
10	distribution from the earnings account shall include in the report	
11	required by Section 63.004, Education Code:	
12	(1) the total amount of money the institution received	
13	from the account;	
14	(2) the purpose for which the money was used; and	
15	(3) any other information required by the Legislative	
16	Budget Board.	
17	(j) Section 404.071 does not apply to the secondary account	
18	or the earnings account.	
19	Sec. 403.1091. SECONDARY ACCOUNTS FOR EACH INSTITUTION OF	
20	HIGHER EDUCATION. (a) In this section:	
21	(1) "Earnings account" means an account described by	
22	Subsection (e).	
23	(2) "Secondary account" means the secondary accounts	
24	described by Subsection (b).	
25	(b) In addition to the permanent endowment funds created by	
26	Section 63.101, Education Code, there is a secondary account for	
27	the benefit of each institution of higher education or group of	

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1	related components of an institution of higher education listed in
2	Section 63.101(a), Education Code.
3	(c) Each secondary account and earnings account is a
4	dedicated account in the general revenue fund.
5	(d) A secondary account consists of:
6	(1) money transferred to the account at the direction
7	of the legislature; and
8	(2) donations to the account.
9	(e) An earnings account for an institution or group of
10	related components of an institution consists of the earnings
11	received from investment of the assets in the corresponding
12	secondary account for the institution or group of components. The
13	comptroller shall periodically transfer those earnings from the
14	secondary account to the earnings account.
15	(f) Money in a secondary account may be used only for a
16	purpose described by Subsection (e) or (g).
17	(g) The comptroller shall manage and invest assets in a
18	secondary account in authorized investments under Section 404.024.
19	Any expenses incurred by the comptroller in managing and investing
20	assets in a secondary account shall be paid from the account.
21	(h) Money in an earnings account may be appropriated only
22	for a purpose specified in and subject to any conditions and
23	reporting requirements prescribed by Subchapter B, Chapter 63,
24	Education Code, for the use of money from the corresponding
25	permanent endowment fund established by that subchapter.
26	(i) An institution of higher education that has accepted a
27	gift under former Subchapter I, Chapter 51, Education Code, that

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1	was conditioned on the institution's receipt of state matching
2	funds from the eminent scholars fund may use money the institution
3	receives under this section to provide the state matching funds and
4	treat the money as if it were a distribution to the institution from
5	the eminent scholars fund for purposes of the former Subchapter I.
6	(j) An institution of higher education that receives an
7	appropriation from an earnings account shall include in the report
8	required by Section 63.103, Education Code:
9	(1) the total amount of money the institution received
10	from the account;
11	(2) the purpose for which the money was used; and
12	(3) any other information required by the Legislative
13	Budget Board.
14	(k) Section 404.071 does not apply to a secondary account or
15	an earnings account.
16	Sec. 403.1092. SECONDARY ACCOUNT FOR HIGHER EDUCATION
17	NURSING, ALLIED HEALTH, AND OTHER HEALTH-RELATED PROGRAMS. (a) In
18	this section:
19	(1) "Earnings account" means the account described by
20	Subsection (d).
21	(2) "Secondary account" means the secondary account
22	for higher education nursing, allied health, and other
23	health-related programs.
24	(b) The secondary account and the earnings account are
25	dedicated accounts in the general revenue fund.
26	(c) The secondary account consists of:
27	(1) money transferred to the account at the direction

2	(2) donations to the account.
3	(d) The earnings account consists of the earnings received
4	from investment of the assets in the secondary account. The
5	comptroller shall periodically transfer those earnings from the
6	secondary account to the earnings account.
7	(e) Money in the secondary account may be used only for a
8	purpose described by Subsection (d) or (f).
9	(f) The comptroller shall manage and invest assets in the
10	secondary account in authorized investments under Section 404.024.
11	Any expenses incurred by the comptroller in managing and investing
12	assets in the secondary account shall be paid from the account.
13	(g) Money in the earnings account may be appropriated only
14	for a purpose specified in and subject to any conditions and
15	reporting requirements prescribed by Subchapter C, Chapter 63,
16	Education Code, for the use of money from the permanent fund for
17	higher education nursing, allied health, and other health-related
18	programs.
19	(h) The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board shall
20	include in the report required by Section 63.203, Education Code:
21	(1) the name of each institution that received a grant
22	from the earnings account;
23	(2) the purpose for which the grant was used; and
24	(3) any additional information required by the
25	Legislative Budget Board.
26	(i) Section 404.071 does not apply to the secondary account
27	or the earnings account.

1 of the legislature; and

1	Sec. 403.1093. SECONDARY ACCOUNT FOR MINORITY HEALTH	
2	RESEARCH AND EDUCATION. (a) In this section:	
3	(1) "Earnings account" means the account described by	
4	Subsection (d).	
5	(2) "Secondary account" means the secondary account	
6	for minority health research and education.	
7	(b) The secondary account and the earnings account are	
8	dedicated accounts in the general revenue fund.	
9	(c) The secondary account consists of:	
10	(1) money transferred to the account at the direction	
11	of the legislature; and	
12	(2) donations to the account.	
13	(d) The earnings account consists of the earnings received	
14	from investment of the assets in the secondary account. The	
15	comptroller shall periodically transfer those earnings from the	
16	secondary account to the earnings account.	
17	(e) Money in the secondary account may be used only for a	
18	purpose described by Subsection (d) or (f).	
19	(f) The comptroller shall manage and invest assets in the	
20	secondary account in authorized investments under Section 404.024.	
21	Any expenses incurred by the comptroller in managing and investing	
22	assets in the secondary account shall be paid from the account.	
23	(g) Money in the earnings account may be appropriated only	
24	to the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board for the purpose of	
25	providing grants as specified by Section 63.302(c), Education Code,	
26	for money from the permanent fund for minority health research and	
27	education.	

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1	(h) The Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board shall
2	report regarding the money received under this section in the
3	manner required by Section 63.302(f), Education Code, and shall
4	include in the report:
5	(1) the total amount distributed under this section;
6	(2) the name of each institution that received a
7	grant;
8	(3) the purpose of each grant, including a description
9	of any partnership formed; and
10	(4) any additional information required by the
11	Legislative Budget Board.
12	(i) Section 404.071 does not apply to the secondary account
13	or the earnings account.
14	SECTION 7.02. Section 403.1069, Government Code, is amended
15	to read as follows:
16	Sec. 403.1069. REPORTING REQUIREMENT. The Department of
17	<u>State Health Services</u> [ <del>department</del> ] shall provide a report <u>to the</u>
18	Legislative Budget Board on the permanent funds established under
19	this subchapter <u>from which the department may receive an</u>
20	appropriation of the available earnings [to the Legislative Budget
21	Board] no later than November 1 of each year. The report shall
22	include the total amount of money distributed from each fund, the
23	purpose for which the money was used, and any additional
24	information that may be requested by the Legislative Budget Board.
25	SECTION 7.03. (a) On November 1, 2006, all amounts held in
26	the following funds shall be transferred, in the estimated amount
27	listed, to the accounts established under Sections 403.109,

403.1091, 403.1092, and 403.1093, Government Code, as added by thisAct, as specified by this section:

3	Fund Number	Fund Name	Amount
4	0810	Permanent Health Fund for	
5		Higher Education	\$376,600,000
6	0811	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
7		Health Related Institutions -	
8		University of Texas Health	
9		Science Center at San Antonio	\$215,200,000
10	0812	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
11		Health Related Institutions -	
12		University of Texas M.D.	
13		Anderson Cancer Center	\$107,600,000
14	0813	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
15		Health Related Institutions -	
16		University of Texas	
17		Southwestern Medical	
18		Center at Dallas	\$53,800,000
19	0814	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
20		Health Related Institutions -	
21		University of Texas Medical	
22		Branch at Galveston	\$26,900,000
23	0815	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
24		Health Related Institutions -	
25		University of Texas Health	
26		Science Center at Houston	\$26,900,000
27	0816	Permanent Endowment Fund for	

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1		Health Related Institutions -	
2		University of Texas Health	
3		Science Center at Tyler	\$26,900,000
4	0817	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
5		Health Related Institutions -	
6		University of Texas at El Paso	\$26,900,000
7	0818	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
8		Health Related Institutions -	
9		Texas A&M University Health	
10		Science Center	\$25,600,000
11	0819	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
12		Health Related Institutions -	
13		University of North Texas	
14		Health Science Center at	
15		Fort Worth	\$25,400,000
16	0820	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
17		Health Related Institutions -	
18		Components of Texas Tech	
19		University Health Science	
20		Center in El Paso	\$26,500,000
21	0821	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
22		Health Related Institutions -	
23		Components of Texas Tech	
24		University Health Science	
25		Center other than El Paso	\$26,500,000
26	0822	Permanent Endowment Fund for	
27		Health Related Institutions -	

S.B. No. 3 1 University of Texas Regional 2 Academic Health Center \$21,500,000 Permanent Endowment Fund for 3 0823 4 Health Related Institutions -5 Baylor College of Medicine \$24,400,000 6 0824 Permanent Fund for Higher 7 Education Nursing, Allied 8 Health and Other Health 9 Related Programs \$44,000,000 0825 10 Permanent Fund for Minority Health Research and Education \$24,400,000 11 Informational Total: \$1,079,100,000 12

(b) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Health Fund for Higher Education shall be deposited to the credit of the secondary health account for higher education established under Section 403.109, Government Code, as added by this Act.

(c) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund for Health Related Institutions - University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio shall be deposited to the credit of the secondary account established for the benefit of The University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio under Section 403.1091, Government Code, as added by this Act.

(d) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund
for Health Related Institutions - University of Texas M. D.
Anderson Cancer Center shall be deposited to the credit of the
secondary account established for the benefit of The University of
Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Center under Section 403.1091,

1 Government Code, as added by this Act.

(e) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund
for Health Related Institutions - University of Texas Southwestern
Medical Center at Dallas shall be deposited to the credit of the
secondary account established for the benefit of The University of
Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas under Section 403.1091,
Government Code, as added by this Act.

8 (f) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund 9 for Health Related Institutions - University of Texas Medical 10 Branch at Galveston shall be deposited to the credit of the 11 secondary account established for the benefit of The University of 12 Texas Medical Branch at Galveston under Section 403.1091, 13 Government Code, as added by this Act.

14 (g) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund 15 for Health Related Institutions - University of Texas Health 16 Science Center at Houston shall be deposited to the credit of the 17 secondary account established for the benefit of The University of 18 Texas Health Science Center at Houston under Section 403.1091, 19 Government Code, as added by this Act.

(h) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund for Health Related Institutions - University of Texas Health Science Center at Tyler shall be deposited to the credit of the secondary account established for the benefit of The University of Texas Health Science Center at Tyler under Section 403.1091, Government Code, as added by this Act.

(i) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund
 for Health Related Institutions - University of Texas at El Paso

1 shall be deposited to the credit of the secondary account 2 established for the benefit of The University of Texas at El Paso 3 under Section 403.1091, Government Code, as added by this Act.

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(j) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund
for Health Related Institutions - Texas A&M University Health
Science Center shall be deposited to the credit of the secondary
account established for the benefit of The Texas A&M University
Health Science Center under Section 403.1091, Government Code, as
added by this Act.

10 (k) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund 11 for Health Related Institutions - University of North Texas Health 12 Science Center at Fort Worth shall be deposited to the credit of the 13 secondary account established for the benefit of the University of 14 North Texas Health Science Center at Fort Worth under Section 15 403.1091, Government Code, as added by this Act.

(1) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund for Health Related Institutions - Components of Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center in El Paso shall be deposited to the credit of the secondary account established for the benefit of the components of Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center in El Paso under Section 403.1091, Government Code, as added by this Act.

(m) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund for Health Related Institutions - Components of Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center other than El Paso shall be deposited to the credit of the secondary account established for the benefit of the components of Texas Tech University Health

Sciences Center other than El Paso under Section 403.1091,
 Government Code, as added by this Act.

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3 (n) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund 4 for Health Related Institutions - University of Texas Regional 5 Academic Health Center shall be deposited to the credit of the 6 secondary account established for the benefit of The University of 7 Texas Regional Academic Health Center under Section 403.1091, 8 Government Code, as added by this Act.

9 (o) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Endowment Fund 10 for Health Related Institutions - Baylor College of Medicine shall 11 be deposited to the credit of the secondary account established for 12 the benefit of Baylor College of Medicine under Section 403.1091, 13 Government Code, as added by this Act.

(p) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Fund for Higher Education Nursing, Allied Health, and Other Health Related Programs shall be deposited to the credit of the secondary account for higher education nursing, allied health, and other health-related programs established under Section 403.1092, Government Code, as added by this Act.

20 (q) Amounts transferred from the Permanent Fund for 21 Minority Health Research and Education shall be deposited to the 22 credit of the secondary account for minority health research and 23 education established under Section 403.1093, Government Code, as 24 added by this Act.

25 SECTION 7.04. (a) The transfers to accounts in the general 26 revenue fund made by this article may not result in a reduction in 27 the amount available for distribution from those accounts, and the

same amount that would have been distributed from the permanent 1 2 funds but for the transfers made by this article shall be appropriated and distributed from the applicable accounts created 3 by this article. If the earnings from the secondary account that 4 5 are transferred to the earnings account are inadequate to make a 6 distribution of the same amount that would have been distributed from the permanent funds, to the extent that the difference is 7 8 solely the result of an investment policy other than total return, 9 the comptroller shall transfer the difference to the applicable earnings account from the unobligated portion of general revenue. 10

(b) The comptroller of public accounts shall determine the 11 amount of any loss to the Permanent Health Fund for Higher Education 12 and other funds administered by The University of Texas System as a 13 14 result of the transfer to general revenue under this article. On 15 August 31, 2007, the comptroller shall transfer from general revenue to the applicable secondary account created by this Act, an 16 17 amount equal to the amount of the loss. In determining the amount of the loss, the comptroller shall consider the difference in the 18 rate of return on investment of that secondary account and the rate 19 of return over the preceding three years on investment of the 20 21 Permanent University Fund.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article,
the total of distributions under sections (a) and (b) from the
accounts created by this article, plus transfers under Subsection
(b) of this section, may not exceed \$65 million for any fiscal year.
SECTION 7.05. This article takes effect November 1, 2005.

ARTICLE 8. CHARITABLE BINGO 1 SECTION 8.01. Section 2001.002, Occupations Code, 2 is 3 amended by amending Subdivision (5) and adding Subdivisions (9-a), 4 (9-b), (9-c), (20-a), (20-b), and (26-a) to read as follows: 5 (5) "Bingo equipment" means equipment used, made, or 6 sold for the purpose of use in bingo. The term: 7 (A) includes: (i) a machine or other device from which 8 9 balls or other items are withdrawn to determine the letters and numbers or other symbols to be called; 10 (ii) an electronic 11 or mechanical 12 cardminding device; (iii) a pull-tab dispenser; 13 14 (iv) a bingo card; 15 (v) a bingo ball; [and] (vi) an electronic monitoring terminal; 16 17 (vii) a site controller; and (viii) any other device commonly used in 18 the direct operation of a bingo game; and 19 20 (B) does not include: (i) a bingo game set commonly manufactured 21 and sold as a child's game for a retail price of \$20 or less unless 22 23 the set or a part of the set is used in bingo subject to regulation 24 under this chapter; or 25 (ii) a commonly available component part of 26 bingo equipment such as a light bulb or fuse. (9-a) "Electronic monitoring terminal" means 27 а

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1	computer or other electronic terminal with input capabilities and
2	touch screen or other video monitors that may be used to play
3	electronic pull-tab bingo. The term includes a portable, upright,
4	or tabletop terminal.
5	(9-b) "Electronic pull-tab bingo" means an electronic
6	version of pull-tab bingo that is played on a card-minding device or
7	electronic monitoring terminal using electronic pull-tab bingo
8	tickets.
9	<u>(9-c) "Electronic pull-tab bingo ticket" means an</u>
10	electronic ticket used in electronic pull-tab bingo that is issued
11	from a finite deal of tickets in which some of the tickets have been
12	designated in advance as winning tickets.
13	(20-a) "Player account card" means a plastic, magnetic
14	stripe, paper, or smart card that may be used to:
15	(A) enable or track the play of bingo games;
16	(B) track and record customer account data,
17	including electronic credits purchased, played, won, or otherwise
18	available for participating in bingo games; or
19	(C) redeem credits purchased, played, or won
20	through a cashier or other point-of-sale station or redemption
21	system.
22	(20-b) "Point-of-sale station" includes a cashier or a
23	terminal that accepts or dispenses player account cards, debit
24	cards, or cash.
25	(26-a) "Site controller" means computer hardware or
26	software that:
27	(A) stores and distributes electronic pull-tab

1	bingo tickets for display on electronic monitoring terminals or
2	card-minding devices; and
3	(B) is located on the premises of a licensed
4	authorized organization.
5	SECTION 8.02. Section 2001.054, Occupations Code, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	Sec. 2001.054. RULEMAKING AUTHORITY. (a) The commission
8	may adopt rules to enforce and administer this chapter.
9	(b) The commission has broad authority to adopt rules to
10	administer and ensure compliance with Sections 2001.409(b) and
11	2001.4091-2001.4094.
12	SECTION 8.03. Sections 2001.407(b), (d), and (f),
13	Occupations Code, are amended to read as follows:
14	(b) A licensed distributor may not furnish by sale, lease,
15	or otherwise, bingo equipment or supplies to a person other than a
16	licensed authorized organization, another licensed distributor, or
17	a person authorized to conduct bingo under Section 2001.551(b)(3)
18	or (4). A sale or lease of bingo equipment or supplies authorized
19	by this section must be made on terms requiring immediate payment or
20	payment not later than the 30th day after the date of actual
21	delivery.
22	(d) A licensed authorized organization may lease or
23	purchase <u>bingo equipment or supplies</u> [ <del>electronic or mechanical</del>
24	card-minding devices, pull-tab dispensers, bingo machines,
25	consoles, blowers, and flash boards] directly from a licensed
26	distributor.
27	(f) With the prior written consent of the commission, a

licensed authorized organization may make an occasional sale of 1 2 bingo equipment or supplies [cards or of a used bingo flash board or blower] to another licensed authorized organization. 3 4 SECTION 8.04. Section 2001.408, Occupations Code, is 5 amended to read as follows: 6 Sec. 2001.408. OTHER METHODS FOR PLAYING BINGO. (a) 7 Subject to the commission's rules, bingo may be played using a 8 pull-tab bingo ticket or an electronic pull-tab bingo ticket. (b) All prize limitations and exemptions applicable to 9 pull-tab bingo under Section 2001.420 are also applicable to 10 electronic pull-tab bingo. 11 SECTION 8.05. Section 2001.409, Occupations 12 Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and by adding Subsection (b) to 13 read as follows: 14 15 (a) A person may use a card-minding device: (1) to account for credits purchased, played, or won 16 17 by playing electronic bingo games authorized by this chapter; (2) to display and exchange credits described by 18 19 Subdivision (1) for electronic bingo cards or electronic pull-tab bingo tickets that may be played by the person during a bingo 20 21 occasion; 22 (3) to read a player account card; (4) for purchasing, marketing, and playing electronic 23 24 bingo games authorized by this chapter; and 25 (5) to display graphics and animation that correspond 26 to or represent, in an entertaining manner, the outcome of an

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27 approved electronic pull-tab bingo ticket or game.

(b) The display of graphics and animation used to correspond 1 2 to, display, or represent the outcome of an approved electronic pull-tab bingo ticket or electronic bingo card may not be the basis 3 of a requirement that a card-minding device that has previously 4 been approved for the play of electronic pull-tab bingo be retested 5 6 or reapproved. [A person may not use a card-minding device: [(1) to generate or determine the random letters, 7 8 numbers, or other symbols used in playing the bingo card played with 9 the device's assistance; 10 [(2) as a receptacle for the deposit of tokens or money in payment for playing the bingo card played with the device's 11 12 assistance; or [(3) as a dispenser for the payment of a bingo prize, 13 14 including coins, paper currency, or a thing of value for the bingo 15 card played with the device's assistance.] SECTION 8.06. Subchapter I, Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, 16 17 is amended by adding Sections 2001.4091-2001.4094 to read as follows: 18 Sec. 2001.4091. SITE CONTROLLERS. (a) A site controller 19 20 may be used to: 21 (1) create, shuffle, store, and configure electronic pull-tab bingo tickets; 22 (2) distribute electronic pull-tab bingo tickets to 23 24 electronic monitoring terminals or card-minding devices; (3) account for, through a means that may include a 25 player account card, electronic credits purchased, played, or won 26 by playing electronic bingo games authorized by this chapter; 27

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1	(4) exchange credits described by Subdivision (3) for
2	electronic bingo cards or electronic pull-tab bingo tickets that
3	may be played by a person during a bingo occasion; or
4	(5) play electronic bingo games authorized by this
5	chapter.
6	(b) The creation or distribution of electronic pull-tab
7	bingo tickets or electronic bingo cards by or through a site
8	controller or other method may not be the basis of a requirement
9	that a preapproved site controller be retested or reapproved.
10	(c) A person who sells or supplies a site controller or
11	other equipment used to play electronic pull-tab bingo is not
12	required to hold a system service provider license, and the
13	functions performed by a site controller or other equipment related
14	to electronic pull-tab bingo may not be construed as the provision
15	of automated bingo services governed by Subchapter F.
16	(d) A site controller used for electronic pull-tab bingo
17	must be manufactured in accordance with the standards provided by
18	this chapter and is subject to testing by the commission or by an
19	independent testing facility reasonably acceptable to the
20	commission.
21	(e) The commission may inspect a site controller.
22	(f) The manufacturer of a site controller shall maintain a
23	central communications system or facility to provide the commission
24	with the ability to review and audit electronic pull-tab bingo
25	sales data.
26	(g) A site controller must provide a physical and electronic
27	means, by use of a password or other method specified by commission

1 rule, for securing: 2 (1) electronic pull-tab bingo tickets created, shuffled, stored, and configured by the site controller; and 3 4 (2) accounting system data. (h) Nothing in this chapter requires the use of a site 5 6 controller to play electronic pull-tab bingo or prohibits the use of other means of creating, shuffling, storing, configuring, or 7 8 distributing electronic pull-tab bingo tickets. Sec. 2001.4092. ELECTRONIC MONITORING TERMINALS. (a) A 9 person may use an electronic monitoring terminal: 10 (1) to insert or read a player account card; 11 12 (2) to display or exchange credits purchased, won, or otherwise available for play of electronic bingo games authorized 13 14 by this chapter; or 15 (3) as a device capable of purchasing, marketing, and 16 playing electronic bingo games authorized by this chapter. 17 (b) Nothing in this chapter prohibits an electronic monitoring terminal from generating or creating graphics and 18 animation to correspond to, display, or represent, in an 19 entertaining manner, the outcome of an approved electronic pull-tab 20 21 bingo ticket or electronic bingo cards. The generation or creation of the graphics and animation may not be the basis of a requirement 22 that a preapproved electronic monitoring terminal be retested or 23 24 reapproved. 25 Sec. 2001.4093. USE OF CARD-MINDING DEVICES OR ELECTRONIC MONITORING TERMINALS IN ELECTRONIC BINGO. (a) A card-minding 26

device, site controller, or an electronic monitoring terminal used

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1 for electronic pull-tab bingo: 2 (1) must be manufactured in accordance with the 3 standards provided under this chapter; 4 (2) is subject to testing by the commission or by an 5 independent testing facility reasonably acceptable to the 6 commission; and 7 (3) must be approved by the commission prior to use. 8 All requests for an approval of bingo equipment under this section, that are received within 30 days after the date of adoption of a 9 rule establishing the standards for such approval and that satisfy 10 all requirements applicable to such equipment, shall be approved on 11 12 the same date, which shall be no later than 120 days after the date of adoption of such standards. Similar deadlines may be 13 14 established for future approvals of new card-minding devices, site 15 controllers, or electronic monitoring terminals. (b) The commission may audit data relating to the sale, 16 17 exchange, inventory, or play of electronic pull-tab bingo tickets. (c) The commission may inspect a card-minding device or 18 19 electronic monitoring terminal. Sec. 2001.4094. AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE OF ELECTRONIC PULL-TAB 20 21 BINGO. (a) The commission may adopt rules governing: (1) the central communications system or facility 22 required to be maintained by the manufacturer of a site controller 23 24 to provide the commission with the ability to review and audit electronic pull-tab bingo sales data; 25 26 (2) the recording and reporting of: (A) revenue generated from the play of electronic 27

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1 pull-tab bingo; 2 (B) all stored but unplayed electronic pull-tab 3 bingo tickets or prizes; and 4 (C) all electronic pull-tab bingo tickets played 5 and total prizes awarded; 6 (3) if a player account card is used, the recording and 7 tracking of player account information, including electronic credits purchased, played, won, or otherwise available for play for 8 electronic bingo games authorized by this chapter and electronic 9 credits redeemed for cash; and 10 (4) the retention of data necessary for audit 11 12 compliance under this chapter, including a requirement that the data be retained electronically for one year. 13 14 (b) The commission may investigate a violation or alleged 15 violation of this chapter. SECTION 8.07. Subchapter I, Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, 16 is amended by adding Sections 2001.421 and 2001.422 to read as 17 follows: 18 Sec. 2001.421. PRIZE FEE, PAYOUT PERCENTAGE, AND REVENUE 19 DEDICATION FOR ELECTRONIC PULL-TAB BINGO. (a) A licensed 20 21 authorized organization shall collect from a person who wins an electronic pull-tab bingo prize of more than \$5 a fee in the amount 22 of five percent of the amount or value of the prize and shall remit a 23 24 fee in the amount of five percent for all prizes awarded as a result of an electronic pull-tab bingo game. 25 26 (b) The prize payout percentage for an electronic pull-tab

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27 bingo game may not be less than the prize payout percentage

1	established for a paper pull-tab bingo game.
2	(c) The revenue received by the state from the fee imposed
3	by Subsection (a) shall be used to finance the public primary and
4	secondary schools of this state or to reduce public school property
5	taxes, or both, as provided by the General Appropriations Act or
6	other law.
7	Sec. 2001.422. NO EXCLUSIVE VENDOR FOR ELECTRONIC PULL-TAB
8	BINGO. The commission may not require that electronic pull-tab
9	bingo be provided by a single vendor.
10	SECTION 8.08. Subchapter I, Chapter 2001, Occupations Code,
11	is amended by adding Section 2001.423 to read as follows:
12	Sec. 2001.423. In addition to the other provisions
13	contained in this chapter, electronic pull-tab bingo may be allowed
14	only under the following circumstances:
15	(1) at a location authorized by the commission as of
16	January 1, 2005, that is owned by a governmental agency where bingo
17	is conducted;
18	(2) at a location that was owned by a licensed
19	authorized organization where bingo was authorized to be conducted
20	on January 1, 2005; and
21	(3) under a license held by a licensed commercial
22	lessor whose license was in effect as of January 1, 2005, and whose
23	license has been in effect continuously since that date.
24	SECTION 8.09. The legislature finds and declares the
25	following:
26	(1) In light of the state's need to reduce school
27	property taxes and finance the public schools, the Texas Lottery

1 Commission must be authorized to commence implementation and 2 authorization of electronic pull-tab bingo games in accordance with 3 changes to Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, as amended by this 4 article, at the earliest possible date, consistent with legislative 5 directive.

6 (2) The implementation of electronic pull-tab bingo 7 described as authorized by Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, as 8 amended by this article, may require significant time, including testing of 9 analysis and electronic monitoring terminals, 10 electronic pull-tab bingo tickets, site controllers, point-of-sale stations, and card-minding devices in order to establish the 11 12 electronic pull-tab bingo system.

13 (3) The state's need for school finance reform and to 14 reduce property taxes constitutes an imminent peril to the public 15 welfare, requiring the adoption of rules and authorization for the 16 Texas Lottery Commission to conduct certain pre-implementation 17 activities related to regulating electronic pull-tab bingo to 18 ensure:

(A) that the increase in state revenue from the prize fees derived from the conduct of electronic pull-tab bingo games is realized as soon as possible to further the public interest in reforming the public school finance system and property tax reduction; and

(B) that bingo is fairly conducted and the
proceeds derived from bingo are used for an authorized purpose and
to promote and ensure the integrity, security, honesty, and
fairness of the electronic pull-tab bingo system.

1 (4) In order to commence operation of electronic 2 pull-tab bingo, as authorized by the amendments in this article to 3 Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, the Texas Lottery Commission may 4 conduct limited pre-implementation acts as necessary to ensure the 5 prompt approval of the electronic pull-tab bingo equipment after 6 the effective date of this article.

7 (5) Before the effective date of the changes made in 8 this article to Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, the Texas Lottery 9 Commission may request and receive information related to 10 applications for licensing and testing of electronic pull-tab bingo 11 components as authorized under Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, as 12 amended by this article.

SECTION 8.10. The Texas Lottery Commission may expend money 13 14 from the commission's appropriations for the 2006-2007 biennium for 15 purposes of conducting pre-implementation activities to implement the changes made by this article in Subchapter I, Chapter 2001, 16 17 Occupations Code, including the development and approval of forms for applications for licensing and testing of electronic pull-tab 18 19 bingo equipment authorized under Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, as amended by this article. 20

SECTION 8.11. (a) Not later than December 1, 2005, the Texas Lottery Commission shall adopt rules necessary to implement the changes in law made to Chapter 2001, Occupations Code, by this article.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the following provisions
apply to the procedures for adoption of the rules required by
Subsection (a):

1 (1) The commission shall give at least 15 days' notice 2 of its intention to adopt a rule before it adopts the rule pursuant 3 to this section.

4 (2) A rule adopted pursuant to this section takes 5 effect on the date it is filed in the office of the secretary of 6 state.

7 (3) The commission shall notify all holders of a
8 manufacturer's license of the adoption of a rule pursuant to this
9 section within 10 days of adoption.

10 (4) To the extent the provisions of this section are 11 inconsistent with Subchapter B, Chapter 2001, Government Code, this 12 section prevails.

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ARTICLE 9. EFFECTS OF IMPLEMENTATION; EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 9.01. SPECIAL REPORT ON EFFECTS OF CERTAIN TAX 14 15 POLICIES ON PERSONAL INCOME AND BUSINESSES. (a) The comptroller of public accounts shall prepare a report that 16 provides a 17 comprehensive analysis of the effects of tax policies adopted by the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, on the personal income of 18 residents of this state and on businesses in this state. Not later 19 than October 15, 2006, the comptroller shall submit the report to 20 21 the governor, lieutenant governor, speaker of the house of representatives, and each other member of the legislature. 22

(b) The report required under Subsection (a) of this section must include at least the following information with respect to business taxes enacted or significantly reformed by the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session:

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(1) the total amount of the tax revenue collected from

S.B. No. 3 businesses between the effective date of this Act and the date of 1 2 the report; 3 (2) a profile of the businesses that paid the taxes by: 4 the number of employees; (A) 5 (B) two-digit standard industrial the 6 classification; and for the period described by Subdivision (1) 7 (C) 8 of this subsection: 9 (i) the total amount of wages paid and, reported separately, the total amount of taxable wages paid; 10 (ii) the total amount of profits made and, 11 reported separately, the total amount of taxable profits made; 12 (iii) the total amount of taxes paid; and 13 14 (iv) any credits used to reduce tax 15 liability; (3) the percentage of the taxes that were paid by 16 businesses with fewer than 100 employees; 17 (4) an estimate of the number and wages of workers not 18 covered by the taxes; and 19 20 (5) an estimate of the number, two-digit standard 21 industrial classification, and profits of, and an estimate of the wages paid by, businesses not covered by the taxes. 22 23 (c) The report required under Subsection (a) of this section 24 must also include at least the following: 25 (1) with respect to major legislation enacted by the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, a tax incidence analysis, 26 categorized by industry sector and family income level, of the 27

S.B. No. 3 1 effects of: 2 (A) any reduction in school district tax rates; 3 (B) any changes in business taxation; 4 (C) any changes in property taxation; 5 (D) any increase in the rate of the sales tax on 6 the sales tax base as compared to the sales tax base that existed on January 1, 2005; 7 8 (E) any repeal of a sales tax exemption or 9 exclusion; 10 (F) any increase in the rate of the motor vehicle sales and use tax; 11 12 (G) any increase in the rate of the boat and boat motor sales and use tax; 13 14 (H) any tax imposed on the sale of discretionary 15 food and drink items; (I) any increase in rate of the cigarette, cigar, 16 or tobacco products tax; and 17 any other changes in major state taxes; and 18 (J) with respect to residents of this state who 19 (2)20 itemize deductions on their federal income tax returns, an 21 analysis, categorized by income level, of: (A) the amount of state sales taxes deducted from 22 those persons' federal income taxes; and 23 24 (B) the difference between the federal income tax 25 deductions for property taxes paid that were claimed by those persons before property tax rate reductions were enacted by the 26 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, and the federal income tax 27

1 deductions for property taxes paid that were claimed by those
2 persons after those reductions were enacted.

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3 (d) Not later than October 15, 2008, the comptroller of 4 public accounts shall:

5 (1) update the information contained in the report 6 submitted under this section; and

7 (2) submit the updated report to the persons listed in8 Subsection (a) of this section.

9 SECTION 9.02. (a) Except as provided by Subsections (b) and 10 (c) of this section, this Act takes effect September 1, 2005, if 11 this Act receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to 12 each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas 13 Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for 14 effect on that date, this Act takes effect November 1, 2005.

(b) If a section, part, or article of this bill provides a different effective date than provided by Subsection (a) of this section, that section, part, or article takes effect according to its terms.

(c) This Act takes effect only if \_\_\_\_\_ Bill No. \_\_\_, Acts of the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2005, becomes law. If that bill does not become law, this Act has no effect.