

By: Williams

S.B. No. 4

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1

AN ACT

2 relating to the calculation and imposition of an ad valorem tax by a  
3 taxing unit.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

5 SECTION 1. Subsection (c), Section 26.04, Tax Code, is  
6 amended to read as follows:

7 (c) An officer or employee designated by the governing body  
8 shall calculate the effective tax rate and the rollback tax rate for  
9 the unit, where:

10 (1) "Effective tax rate" means a rate expressed in  
11 dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated according to the  
12 following formula:

13 
$$\text{EFFECTIVE TAX RATE} = (\text{LAST YEAR'S LEVY} - \text{LOST PROPERTY LEVY}) /$$
  
14 
$$(\text{CURRENT TOTAL VALUE} - \text{NEW PROPERTY VALUE})$$

15 ; and

16 (2) "Rollback tax rate" means a rate expressed in  
17 dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated according to the  
18 following formula:

19 
$$\text{ROLLBACK TAX RATE} = (\text{EFFECTIVE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE} \times$$
  
20 
$$\underline{1.05} [\text{~~1.08~~}] + \text{CURRENT DEBT RATE}$$

21 SECTION 2. Subsections (a), (b), and (c), Section 26.041,  
22 Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

23 (a) In the first year in which an additional sales and use  
24 tax is required to be collected, the effective tax rate and rollback

1 tax rate for the unit are calculated according to the following  
2 formulas:

3 EFFECTIVE TAX RATE = (LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY) /  
4 (CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE) - SALES TAX GAIN RATE

5 and

6 ROLLBACK RATE = (EFFECTIVE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS RATE x 1.05  
7 [~~1.08~~]) + CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX GAIN RATE

8 where "sales tax gain rate" means a number expressed in dollars per  
9 \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the revenue that will  
10 be generated by the additional sales and use tax in the following  
11 year as calculated under Subsection (d) [~~of this section~~] by the  
12 current total value.

13 (b) Except as provided by Subsections (a) and (c) [~~of this~~  
14 ~~section~~], in a year in which a taxing unit imposes an additional  
15 sales and use tax the rollback tax rate for the unit is calculated  
16 according to the following formula, regardless of whether the unit  
17 levied a property tax in the preceding year:

18 ROLLBACK RATE = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS EXPENSE X  
19 1.05 [~~1.08~~]) / ([~~TOTAL~~] CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] +  
20 (CURRENT DEBT RATE - SALES TAX REVENUE RATE)

21 where "last year's maintenance and operations expense" means the  
22 amount spent for maintenance and operations from property tax and  
23 additional sales and use tax revenues in the preceding year, and  
24 "sales tax revenue rate" means a number expressed in dollars per  
25 \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the revenue that will  
26 be generated by the additional sales and use tax in the current year  
27 as calculated under Subsection (d) [~~of this section~~] by the current

1 total value.

2 (c) In a year in which a taxing unit that has been imposing  
3 an additional sales and use tax ceases to impose an additional sales  
4 and use tax the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the  
5 unit are calculated according to the following formulas:

6 EFFECTIVE TAX RATE = [(LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY) /  
7 [(CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)] + SALES TAX LOSS RATE

8 and

9 ROLLBACK TAX RATE = [(LAST YEAR'S MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS  
10 EXPENSE X 1.05 [~~1.08~~]) / ([~~TOTAL~~] CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY  
11 VALUE)] + CURRENT DEBT RATE

12 where "sales tax loss rate" means a number expressed in dollars per  
13 \$100 of taxable value, calculated by dividing the amount of sales  
14 and use tax revenue generated in the last four quarters for which  
15 the information is available by the current total value and "last  
16 year's maintenance and operations expense" means the amount spent  
17 for maintenance and operations from property tax and additional  
18 sales and use tax revenues in the preceding year.

19 SECTION 3. Subsection (b), Section 26.07, Tax Code, is  
20 amended to read as follows:

21 (b) A petition is valid only if:

22 (1) it states that it is intended to require an  
23 election in the taxing unit on the question of reducing the tax rate  
24 for the current year;

25 (2) it is signed by a number of registered voters of  
26 the taxing unit equal to at least:

27 (A) seven percent of the number of [~~registered~~]

1 voters of the taxing unit who voted in [~~according to~~] the most  
2 recent gubernatorial election [~~list of registered voters~~] if the  
3 tax rate adopted for the current tax year would impose taxes for  
4 maintenance and operations in an amount of at least \$5 million; or

5 (B) 10 percent of the number of [~~registered~~]  
6 voters of the taxing unit who voted in [~~according to~~] the most  
7 recent gubernatorial election [~~official list of registered voters~~]  
8 if the tax rate adopted for the current tax year would impose taxes  
9 for maintenance and operations in an amount of less than \$5 million;  
10 and

11 (3) it is submitted to the governing body on or before  
12 the 90th day after the date on which the governing body adopted the  
13 tax rate for the current year.

14 SECTION 4. (a) The change in law made by this Act applies  
15 to the ad valorem tax rate of a taxing unit beginning with the 2005  
16 tax year, except as provided by Subsection (b) of this section.

17 (b) If the governing body of a taxing unit adopted an ad  
18 valorem tax rate for the taxing unit for the 2005 tax year before  
19 the effective date of this Act, the change in law made by this Act  
20 applies to the ad valorem tax rate of that taxing unit beginning  
21 with the 2006 tax year, and the law in effect when the tax rate was  
22 adopted applies to the 2005 tax year with respect to that taxing  
23 unit.

24 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives  
25 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as  
26 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this  
27 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this

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1 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the last day of the  
2 legislative session.