By: Wentworth S.J.R. No. 13

1 SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

2 proposing a constitutional amendment increasing the amount of the

residence homestead exemption from ad valorem taxation for public

school purposes and providing for a corresponding adjustment of the

5 limitation on the amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed for

those purposes on the homesteads of certain persons.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

8 SECTION 1. Section 1-b, Article VIII, Texas Constitution,

is amended by amending Subsections (c) and (d) and adding

Subsection (h-1) to read as follows:

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[Fifteen Thousand Dollars (c) The amount of \$22,500 (\$15,000)] of the market value of the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including one living alone, is exempt from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary public school purposes. The legislature by general law may provide that all or part of the exemption does not apply to a district or political subdivision that imposes ad valorem taxes for public education purposes but is not the principal school district providing general elementary and secondary public education throughout its territory. In addition to this exemption, the legislature by general law may exempt an amount not to exceed [Ten Thousand Dollars (]\$10,000[) of the market value of the residence homestead of a person who is disabled as defined in Subsection (b) of this section and of a person sixty-five (65) years of age or

older from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary 1 2 public school purposes. The legislature by general law may base the 3 amount of and condition eligibility for the additional exemption 4 authorized by this subsection for disabled persons and for persons sixty-five (65) years of age or older on economic need. An eliqible 5 6 disabled person who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older may not receive both exemptions from a school district but may choose 7 An eligible person is entitled to receive both the 8 either. 9 exemption required by this subsection for all residence homesteads 10 and any exemption adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this 11 section, but the legislature shall provide by general law whether an eligible disabled or elderly person may receive both the 12 additional exemption for the elderly and disabled authorized by 13 this subsection and any exemption for the elderly or disabled 14 15 adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section. 16 valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the taxing officers of a school district may continue to levy and 17 18 collect the tax against the value of homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy 19 20 would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was The legislature shall provide for formulas to protect 21 created. 22 school districts against all or part of the revenue loss incurred by the implementation of Article VIII, Sections 1-b(c), 1-b(d), and 23 1-d-1, of this constitution. The legislature by general law may 24 25 define residence homestead for purposes of this section.

(d) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if a person receives a residence homestead exemption prescribed by

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Subsection (c) of this section for homesteads of persons who are sixty-five (65) years of age or older or who are disabled, the total amount of ad valorem taxes imposed on that homestead for general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it remains the residence homestead of that person or that person's spouse who receives the exemption. If a person sixty-five (65) years of age or older dies in a year in which the person received the exemption, the total amount of ad valorem taxes imposed on the homestead for general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it remains the residence homestead of that person's surviving spouse if the spouse is fifty-five (55) years of age or older at the time of the person's death, subject to any exceptions provided by general law. person receives the limitation provided by this subsection for the person's residence homestead and the person or the person's spouse received the limitation in the preceding tax year for that homestead and the tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school purposes applicable to the homestead for the current tax year is higher or lower than the tax rate for those purposes applicable to that homestead for the preceding tax year, the limitation provided by this subsection on the total amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed for those purposes on the homestead is increased or reduced, as applicable, in proportion to the increase or reduction in the tax rate, except that the total amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed for those purposes on the homestead may not exceed the amount of taxes imposed for those purposes for the tax year in which the limitation took effect. The

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legislature, by general law, may provide for the transfer of all or 1 2 a proportionate amount of a limitation provided by this subsection 3 for a person who qualifies for the limitation and establishes a different residence homestead. However, taxes otherwise limited by 4 5 this subsection may be increased to the extent the value of the 6 homestead is increased by improvements other than repairs or improvements made to comply with governmental requirements and 7 except as may be consistent with the transfer of a limitation under 8 9 this subsection. For a residence homestead subject to the 10 limitation provided by this subsection in the 2005 [1996] tax year 11 or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall reduce [provide for a reduction in] the amount of the limitation for the 2006 [1997] tax 12 13 year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$7,500 [\$10,000] multiplied by the 2006 [1997] tax rate for general elementary and 14 15 secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence 16 homestead.

(h-1) TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2005, increasing the amount of the residence homestead exemption from ad valorem taxation for public school purposes and providing for a corresponding adjustment of the limitation on the amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed for those purposes on the homesteads of certain persons and increasing or reducing, as applicable, the amount of the limitation on the total amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed by a school district on the residence homestead of an elderly or disabled person in proportion to any increase or reduction in the tax rate of

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- 1 the school district but not to exceed the amount of the limitation
- 2 for the tax year in which the limitation took effect and expires
- 3 January 1, 2007.

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- 4 (b) The amendment to Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII,
- of this constitution takes effect January 1, 2006, and applies only
- 6 to a tax year beginning on or after that date.
  - SECTION 2. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 8, 2005, but only if House Bill No. 3, Acts of the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2005, is enacted and becomes law. If House Bill No. 3, Acts of the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2005, does not become law, this proposed constitutional amendment shall not be submitted to the voters. If House Bill No. 3, Acts of the 79th Legislature, 1st Called Session, 2005, becomes law, the ballot for the election shall be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment increasing the amount of the residence homestead exemption from ad valorem taxation for public school purposes from \$15,000 to \$22,500 and providing for an adjustment of the limitation on the amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed for those purposes on the homestead of a disabled person, an elderly person, or an elderly person's surviving spouse to reflect the increased exemption amount and increasing or reducing, as applicable, the amount of the limitation on the total amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed by a school district on the residence homestead of an elderly or disabled person in proportion to any increase or reduction in the tax rate of the school district but not to exceed the amount of the limitation for

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1 the tax year in which the limitation took effect."