By: Fraser S.B. No. 5

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to furthering competition in the communications industry.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 4 SECTION 1. Section 33.001, Utilities Code, is amended to
- 5 read as follows:
- 6 Sec. 33.001. MUNICIPAL JURISDICTION. (a) To provide fair,
- 7 just, and reasonable rates and adequate and efficient services, the
- 8 governing body of a municipality has exclusive original
- 9 jurisdiction over the rates, operations, and services of an
- 10 electric utility in areas in the municipality, subject to the
- 11 limitations imposed by this title.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), the governing body of a
- municipality shall not have jurisdiction over the BPL system, BPL
- 14 services, telecommunications using BPL services, or the rates,
- operations, or services of the electric utility or transmission and
- distribution utility to the extent that such rates, operations, or
- 17 services are related, wholly or partly, to the construction,
- 18 maintenance, or operation of a BPL system used to provide BPL
- 19 services to affiliated or unaffiliated entities.
- 20 SECTION 2. Subtitle B, Title 2, Utilities Code, is amended
- 21 by adding Chapter 43 to read as follows:

1 CHAPTER 43. USE OF ELECTRIC DELIVERY SYSTEM FOR ACCESS TO BROADBAND

2 AND OTHER ENHANCED SERVICES, INCLUDING COMMUNICATIONS

3 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 43.001. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. (a) The legislature

 finds that broadband over power lines, also known as BPL, is an

 emerging technology platform that offers a means of providing

 broadband services to reach homes and businesses. BPL services can

 also be used to enhance existing electric delivery systems, which

 can result in improved service and reliability for electric

 customers.
 - broadband services is important to this state. BPL deployment in Texas has the potential to extend broadband service to customers where broadband access is currently not available and may provide an additional option for existing broadband consumers in Texas, resulting in a more competitive market for broadband services. The legislature further finds that BPL development in Texas is fully dependent upon the participation of electric utilities in this state that own and operate power lines and related facilities that are necessary for the construction of BPL systems and the provision of BPL services.
 - (c) Consistent with the goal of increasing options for telecommunications in this state, the legislature finds that it is in the public interest to encourage the deployment of BPL by permitting affiliates of the electric utility, or permitting unaffiliated entities, to own or operate all or a portion of such BPL systems. The purpose of this chapter is to provide the

- 1 appropriate framework to support the deployment of BPL.
- 2 (d) The legislature finds that an electric utility may
- 3 choose to implement BPL under the procedures set forth in this
- 4 chapter, but is not required to do so. The electric utility shall
- 5 have the right to decide, in its sole discretion, whether to
- 6 implement BPL and may not be penalized for deciding to implement or
- 7 <u>not to implement BPL.</u>
- 8 Sec. 43.002. APPLICABILITY. (a) This chapter applies to
- 9 an electric utility whether or not the electric utility is offering
- 10 <u>customer choice under Chapter 39.</u>
- 11 (b) If there is a conflict between the specific provisions
- 12 of this chapter and any other provisions of this title, the
- 13 provisions of this chapter control.
- 14 (c) No provision of this title shall impose an obligation on
- 15 an electric utility to implement BPL, to provide broadband
- services, or to allow others to install BPL facilities or use the
- 17 electric utility's facilities for the provision of broadband
- 18 services.
- 19 Sec. 43.003. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 20 (1) "BPL," "broadband over power lines," and "BPL
- 21 <u>services" mean the provision of broadband services over electric</u>
- 22 power lines and related facilities, whether above ground or in
- 23 underground conduit.
- 24 (2) "BPL access" means the ability to access broadband
- 25 <u>services via a BPL operator or BPL Internet service provider.</u>
- 26 (3) "BPL operator" means an entity that owns or
- 27 operates a BPL system on the electric power lines and related

- 1 <u>facilities of an electric utility.</u>
- 2 (4) "BPL Internet service provider" and "BPL ISP" mean
- 3 an entity that provides Internet services to others on a wholesale
- 4 basis or to end-use customers on a retail basis.
- 5 (5) "BPL system" means the materials, equipment, and
- 6 other facilities installed on electric utility property to
- 7 <u>facilitate the provision of BPL services.</u>
- 8 (6) "BPL electric utility applications" means
- 9 services and technologies that are used and useful and designed to
- 10 improve the operational performance and service reliability of an
- 11 electric utility including, but not limited to, automated meter
- 12 reading, real time system monitoring and meter control, remote
- 13 service control, outage detection and restoration, predictive
- 14 maintenance and diagnostics, and monitoring and enhancement of
- 15 power quality.
- 16 (7) "Electric delivery system" means the power lines
- 17 and related transmission and distribution facilities used by an
- 18 electric utility to deliver electric energy.
- 19 (8) "Electric utility" shall include an electric
- 20 utility and a transmission and distribution utility as defined in
- 21 <u>Section 31.002(6) or (19).</u>
- [Sections 43.004-43.050 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER B. DEVELOPMENT OF BPL SYSTEMS
- Sec. 43.051. AUTHORIZATION FOR BPL SYSTEM. An affiliate of
- 25 an electric utility or a person unaffiliated with an electric
- 26 utility may own, construct, maintain, and operate a BPL system and
- 27 provide BPL services on an electric utility's electric delivery

- 1 system consistent with the requirements of this chapter. Nothing
- 2 in this chapter shall prohibit an entity defined in Section
- 3 11.003(9) from providing BPL service or owning and operating a BPL
- 4 system. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit an electric utility
- 5 from providing construction or maintenance services to a BPL
- 6 operator or BPL ISP provided that the costs of these services are
- 7 properly accounted for between the electric utility and the BPL
- 8 operator or BPL ISP.
- 9 Sec. 43.052. OWNERSHIP AND OPERATION OF BPL SYSTEM.
- 10 (a) An electric utility may elect to:
- 11 (1) allow an affiliate to own or operate a BPL system
- on the utility's electric delivery system;
- 13 (2) allow an unaffiliated entity to own or operate a
- 14 BPL system on the electric utility's electric delivery system; or
- 15 (3) allow an affiliate or unaffiliated entity to
- 16 provide Internet service over a BPL system.
- 17 (b) The BPL operator and the electric utility shall
- determine what BPL Internet service providers may have access to
- 19 broadband capacity on the BPL system.
- Sec. 43.053. FEES AND CHARGES. (a) An electric utility
- 21 that allows an affiliate or an unaffiliated entity to own a BPL
- 22 system on the electric utility's electric delivery system shall
- 23 charge the owner of the BPL system for the use of the electric
- 24 utility's electric delivery system.
- 25 (b) An electric utility may pay a BPL owner, a BPL operator,
- or a BPL ISP for the use of the BPL system required to operate BPL
- 27 utility applications.

- (c) If all or part of a BPL system is installed on poles or other structures of a telecommunications utility as that term is defined in Section 51.002, the owner of the BPL system shall be required to pay the telecommunications utility an annual fee consistent with the usual and customary charges for access to the space occupied by that portion of the BPL system so installed.
- 7 (d) Notwithstanding Subsections (a)-(c):

- 8 (1) an electric utility may not charge an affiliate
 9 under this section an amount less than the electric utility would
 10 charge an unaffiliated entity for the same item or class of items;
- 11 (2) an electric utility may not pay an affiliate under
 12 this section an amount more than the affiliate would charge an
 13 unaffiliated entity for the same item or class of items; and
- (3) an electric utility or an affiliate of an electric utility may not discriminate against a retail electric provider that is not affiliated with the utility in the terms or availability of BPL services.
 - Sec. 43.054. NO ADDITIONAL EASEMENTS OR CONSIDERATION REQUIRED. Because BPL systems provide benefits to electric delivery systems, the installation of a BPL system on an electric delivery system shall not require the electric utility or the owner of the BPL system or an entity defined in Section 11.003(9) to obtain or expand easements or other rights-of-way for the BPL system or to give additional consideration as a result of the installation or the operation of a BPL system. For purposes of this section, installation of a BPL system shall be deemed to be consistent with installation of an electric delivery system.

1	Sec. 43.055. RELIABILITY OF ELECTRIC SYSTEMS MAINTAINED.
2	An electric utility that allows the installation and operation of a
3	BPL system on its electric delivery system shall employ all
4	reasonable measures to ensure that the operation of the BPL system
5	does not interfere with or diminish the reliability of the
6	utility's electric delivery system. Should a disruption in the
7	provision of electric service occur, the electric utility shall be
8	governed by the terms and conditions of the retail electric
9	delivery service tariff. At all times, the provision of broadband
10	services shall be secondary to the reliable provision of electric
11	delivery services.
12	[Sections 43.056-43.100 reserved for expansion]
13	SUBCHAPTER C. IMPLEMENTATION OF BPL SYSTEM BY
14	ELECTRIC UTILITY
15	Sec. 43.101. PARTICIPATION BY ELECTRIC UTILITY. (a) An
16	electric utility, through an affiliate or through an unaffiliated
17	entity, may elect to install and operate a BPL system on some or all
18	of its electric delivery system in any part or all of its
19	certificated service area.
20	(b) The installation, operation, and use of a BPL system and
21	the provision of BPL services shall not be regulated by any state
22	agency, a municipality, or local government other than as provided
23	for in this chapter.
24	(c) The commission or a state or local government or a
25	regulatory or quasi-governmental or a quasi-regulatory authority
26	may not:
27	(1) require an electric utility, either through an

- 1 affiliate or an unaffiliated entity, to install a BPL system on its
- 2 power lines or offer BPL services in all or any part of the electric
- 3 utility's certificated service area;
- 4 (2) require an electric utility to allow others to
- 5 install a BPL system on the utility's electric delivery system in
- 6 any part or all of the electric utility's certificated service
- 7 <u>area; or</u>
- 8 (3) prohibit an electric utility from having an
- 9 affiliate or unaffiliated entity install a BPL system or offering
- 10 BPL services in any part or all of the electric utility's
- 11 certificated service area.
- 12 (d) If a municipality or local government is already
- 13 collecting a charge or fee from the electric utility for the use of
- 14 the public rights-of-way for the delivery of electricity to retail
- 15 electric customers, the municipality or local government is
- 16 prohibited from requiring a franchise or an amendment to a
- 17 franchise or from requiring a charge, fee, or tax from any entity
- 18 for use of the public rights-of-way for a BPL system.
- 19 (e) The state or a municipality may impose a charge on the
- 20 provision of BPL services, but the charge may not be greater than
- 21 the lowest charge that the state or municipality imposes on other
- 22 providers of broadband services for use of the public rights-of-way
- 23 <u>in its respective jurisdiction.</u>
- Sec. 43.102. COST RECOVERY FOR DEPLOYMENT OF BPL AND
- 25 UTILITY APPLICATIONS. (a) Where an electric utility permits the
- 26 installation of a BPL system on its electric delivery system under
- 27 Section 43.052(a), the electric utility's investment in that BPL

- system to directly support the BPL electric utility applications 1 2 and other BPL services consumed by the electric utility that are used and useful in providing electric utility service shall be 3 4 eligible for inclusion in the electric utility's invested capital, and any fees or operating expenses that are reasonable and 5 6 necessary shall be eligible for inclusion as operating expenses for 7 purposes of any proceeding under Chapter 36. The invested capital and expenses described in this section must be allocated to the 8 9 customer classes directly receiving the services.
- 10 (b) In any proceeding under Chapter 36, just and reasonable

 11 charges for the use of the electric utility's electric delivery

 12 system by a BPL owner or operator shall be limited to the usual and

 13 customary pole attachment charges paid to the electric utility for

 14 comparable space by cable television operators.
- 15 <u>(c) The revenues of an affiliated BPL operator or an</u>
 16 <u>affiliated BPL ISP shall not be deemed the revenues of an electric</u>
 17 utility for purposes of setting rates under Chapter 36.
- [Sections 43.103-43.150 reserved for expansion]
- 19 SUBCHAPTER D. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
- 20 <u>Sec. 43.151. AFFILIATES OF ELECTRIC UTILITY.</u> (a) Subject
 21 to the limitations of this chapter, an electric utility may have a
 22 <u>full or partial ownership interest in a BPL operator or a BPL ISP.</u>
 23 <u>Whether a BPL operator or a BPL ISP is an affiliate of the electric</u>
 24 <u>utility shall be determined under Section 11.003(2) or Section</u>
 25 11.006.
- 26 (b) Neither a BPL operator nor a BPL ISP shall be considered 27 a "competitive affiliate" of an electric utility as that term is

- 1 <u>defined in Section 39.157.</u>
- 2 Sec. 43.152. COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL LAW. BPL operators
- 3 shall comply with all applicable federal laws, including those
- 4 protecting licensed spectrum users from interference by BPL
- 5 systems. The operator of a radio frequency device shall be required
- 6 to cease operating the device upon notification by a Federal
- 7 Communications Commission or Public Utilities Commission
- 8 representative that the device is causing harmful interference.
- 9 Operation shall not resume until the condition causing the harmful
- 10 <u>interference</u> has been corrected.
- 11 SECTION 3. Section 52.155, Utilities Code, is amended by
- 12 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (c) to read as
- 13 follows:
- 14 (a) A telecommunications utility that holds a certificate
- 15 of operating authority or a service provider certificate of
- operating authority may not charge a higher amount for originating
- or terminating intrastate switched access than the prevailing rates
- 18 charged by the holder of the certificate of convenience and
- 19 necessity or the holder of a certificate of operating authority
- 20 issued under Chapter 65 in whose territory the call originated or
- 21 terminated unless:
- 22 (1) the commission specifically approves the higher
- 23 rate; or
- 24 (2) subject to commission review, the
- 25 telecommunications utility establishes statewide average composite
- originating and terminating intrastate switched access rates based
- 27 on a reasonable approximation of traffic originating and

- 1 terminating between all holders of certificates of convenience and
- 2 necessity in this state.
- 3 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), Chapter 65 governs the
- 4 switched access rates of a company that holds a certificate of
- 5 operating authority issued under Chapter 65.
- 6 SECTION 4. Subchapter D, Chapter 52, Utilities Code, is
- 7 amended by adding Section 52.156 to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 52.156. RETAIL RATES, TERMS, AND CONDITIONS. A
- 9 telecommunications utility may not:
- 10 <u>(1) establish a retail rate, term, or condition that</u>
- 11 <u>is anticompetitive or unreasonably preferential</u>, prejudicial, or
- 12 discriminatory; or
- 13 (2) engage in predatory pricing or attempt to engage
- in predatory pricing.
- 15 SECTION 5. Section 54.202, Utilities Code, is amended by
- 16 adding Subsection (c) to read as follows:
- 17 (c) This section may not be construed to prevent a
- 18 municipally owned utility from providing to its energy customers,
- 19 either directly or indirectly, any energy related service involving
- 20 the transfer or receipt of information or data concerning the use,
- 21 <u>measurement, monitoring, or management of energy utility services</u>
- 22 provided by the municipally owned utility, including services such
- 23 <u>as load management or automated meter reading.</u>
- SECTION 6. Subsections (a), (b), and (c), Section 54.204,
- 25 Utilities Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 26 (a) Notwithstanding Section 14.008, a municipality or a
- 27 municipally owned utility may not discriminate against a

- 1 <u>certificated telecommunications provider</u> [telecommunications
- 2 utility] regarding:
- 3 (1) the authorization or placement of a 4 [telecommunications] facility in a public right-of-way;
- 5 (2) access to a building; or
- 6 (3) a municipal utility pole attachment rate or term[$_{ au}$ 7 to the extent not addressed by federal law].
- 8 In granting consent, a franchise, or a permit for the 9 use of a public street, alley, or right-of-way within its municipal boundaries, a municipality or municipally owned utility may not 10 discriminate favor of 11 in or against certificated а telecommunications provider [telecommunications utility that holds 12 or has applied for a certificate of convenience and necessity, a 13
- 14 certificate of operating authority, or a service provider
- 15 certificate of operating authority] regarding:
- (1) municipal utility pole attachment or underground conduit rates or terms[, to the extent not addressed by federal
- 18 law]; or
- 19 (2) the authorization, placement, replacement, or 20 removal of a [telecommunications] facility in a public right-of-way 21 and the reasonable compensation for the authorization, placement,
- 22 replacement, or removal regardless of whether the compensation is
- 23 in the form of:
- 24 (A) money;
- 25 (B) services;
- 26 (C) use of facilities; or
- 27 (D) another kind of consideration.

Subsection (b)(1), a municipal) utility may not charge any entity, regardless of the nature of the services provided by that entity, a pole attachment rate or underground conduit rate that exceeds the fee the municipality or municipally owned utility would be permitted to charge under rules adopted by the Federal Communications Commission under 47 U.S.C. Section 224(e) if the municipality's or municipally owned utility's rates were regulated under federal law and the rules of the Federal Communications Commission. In addition, not later than September 1, 2006, a municipality or municipally owned utility shall charge a single, uniform pole attachment or underground conduit rate to all entities that are not affiliated with the municipality or municipally owned utility regardless of the services carried over the networks attached to the poles or underground conduit.

- SECTION 7. Section 54.251, Utilities Code, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (c) to read as follows:
 - (b) Except as specifically determined otherwise by the commission under this subchapter or Subchapter G, the holder of a certificate of convenience and necessity, or the holder of a certificate of operating authority issued under Chapter 65, for an area has the obligations of a provider of last resort regardless of whether another provider has a certificate of operating authority or service provider certificate of operating authority for that area.
 - (c) A certificate holder may meet the holder's provider of

- last resort obligations using any available technology. 1 2 Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 56, the commission may adjust disbursements from the universal service fund to companies 3 4 using technologies other than traditional wireline or landline technologies to meet provider of last resort obligations. As 5 6 determined by the commission, the certificate holder shall meet minimum quality of service standards, including standards for 911 7 service, comparable to those established for traditional wireline 8 9 or landline technologies and shall offer services at a price comparable to the monthly service charge for comparable services in 10 that exchange or the provider's nearest exchange. 11
- SECTION 8. Subchapter G, Chapter 54, Utilities Code, is amended by adding Section 54.3015 to read as follows:
- Sec. 54.3015. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter

 applies to a holder of a certificate of operating authority issued

 under Chapter 65 in the same manner and to the same extent this

 subchapter applies to a holder of a certificate of convenience and

 necessity.
- SECTION 9. Section 55.015, Utilities Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (c), and (d) and adding Subsections (b-1), (d-1), and (d-2) to read as follows:
- 22 (a) The commission shall adopt rules prohibiting a
 23 certificated provider of local exchange telephone service
 24 [telecommunications provider] from discontinuing basic network
 25 services listed in Section 58.051 [local exchange telephone
 26 service] to a consumer who receives lifeline service because of
 27 nonpayment by the consumer of charges for other services billed by

- the provider, including interexchange telecommunications [long
 distance] service.
- (b-1) The commission shall adopt rules requiring 3 4 certificated providers of local exchange telephone service to implement procedures to ensure that all consumers are clearly 5 6 informed both orally and in writing of the existence of the lifeline service program when they request or initiate service or change 7 service locations or providers. On or before June 1, 2006, the 8 9 commission shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Health and Human Services Commission and, to the maximum extent 10 feasible, housing authorities in the principal cities of each 11 12 metropolitan statistical area, to improve enrollment rates in the lifeline service program. 13
 - (c) A <u>certificated provider of local exchange telephone</u>

 <u>service</u> [telecommunications provider] may block a lifeline service

 participant's access to all <u>interexchange telecommunications</u> [long

 <u>distance</u>] service except toll-free numbers when the participant

 owes an outstanding amount for that service. The <u>provider</u>

 [telecommunications provider] shall remove the block without

 additional cost to the participant on payment of the outstanding

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22 (d) A <u>certificated provider of local exchange telephone</u>
23 <u>service</u> [telecommunications provider] shall offer a consumer who
24 applies for or receives lifeline service the option of blocking all
25 toll calls or, if technically capable, placing a limit on the amount
26 of toll calls. The provider may not charge the consumer an
27 administrative charge or other additional amount for the blocking

1 service.

- 2 (d-1) A certificated provider of local exchange telephone
 3 service shall provide access to lifeline service to a customer
 4 whose income is not more than 150 percent of the applicable income
 5 level established by the federal poverty guidelines or in whose
 6 household resides a person who receives or has a child who receives:
- 7 <u>(1) Medicaid;</u>
- 8 (2) food stamps;
 - (3) Supplemental Security Income;
- 10 (4) federal public housing assistance;
- 11 (5) Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
- 12 assistance; or

- 13 (6) health benefits coverage under the state child 14 health plan under Chapter 62, Health and Safety Code.
- 15 (d-2) A certificated provider of local exchange telephone

 16 service shall provide consumers who apply for or receive lifeline

 17 service access to available vertical services or custom calling

 18 features, including caller ID, call waiting, and call blocking, at

 19 the same price as other consumers. Lifeline discounts shall only

 20 apply to that portion of the bill that is for basic network service.
- 21 SECTION 10. Subchapter H, Chapter 55, Utilities Code, is 22 amended by adding Section 55.1735 to read as follows:
- Sec. 55.1735. CHARGE FOR PAY PHONE ACCESS LINE. The charge
 or surcharge a local exchange company imposes for an access line
 used to provide pay telephone service in an exchange may not exceed
 the amount of the charge or surcharge the company imposes for an
 access line used for regular business purposes in that exchange.

- 1 SECTION 11. Section 56.021, Utilities Code, is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 Sec. 56.021. UNIVERSAL SERVICE FUND ESTABLISHED. The
- 4 commission shall adopt and enforce rules requiring local exchange
- 5 companies to establish a universal service fund to:
- 6 (1) assist telecommunications providers in providing
- 7 basic local telecommunications service at reasonable rates in high
- 8 cost rural areas;
- 9 (2) reimburse the telecommunications carrier that
- 10 provides the statewide telecommunications relay access service
- 11 under Subchapter D;
- 12 (3) finance the specialized telecommunications
- assistance program established under Subchapter E;
- 14 (4) reimburse the department, the Texas Commission for
- the Deaf and Hard of Hearing, and the commission for costs incurred
- in implementing this chapter and Chapter 57;
- 17 (5) reimburse a telecommunications carrier providing
- 18 lifeline service as provided by 47 C.F.R. Part 54, Subpart E, as
- 19 amended;
- 20 (6) finance the implementation and administration of
- 21 an integrated eligibility process created under Section 17.007 for
- 22 customer service discounts relating to telecommunications
- 23 services, including outreach expenses the commission determines
- 24 are reasonable and necessary;
- 25 (7) reimburse a designated provider under Subchapter
- 26 F; [and]
- 27 (8) reimburse a successor utility under Subchapter G;

- 1 <u>and</u>
- 2 (9) finance the program established under Subchapter
- $3 \quad \underline{H}$.
- 4 SECTION 12. Section 56.025(a), Utilities Code, is amended
- 5 to read as follows:
- 6 (a) In addition to the authority provided by Section 56.021,
- 7 for each local exchange company that serves fewer than 31,000 [five
- 8 million] access lines and each cooperative, the commission:
- 9 (1) may adopt a mechanism necessary to maintain
- 10 reasonable rates for local exchange telephone service; and
- 11 (2) shall adopt rules to expand the universal service
- 12 fund in the circumstances prescribed by this section.
- 13 SECTION 13. Section 56.026, Utilities Code, is amended by
- 14 adding Subsection (e) to read as follows:
- (e) This subsection and Subsections (c) and (d) expire
- 16 August 31, 2007.
- 17 SECTION 14. Subchapter B, Chapter 56, Utilities Code, is
- amended by adding Sections 56.029, 56.030, and 56.031 to read as
- 19 follows:
- Sec. 56.029. UNIVERSAL SERVICE FUND STUDY; ATTESTATION
- 21 REQUIREMENT. (a) The commission shall conduct a review and
- 22 evaluation of whether the universal service fund accomplishes the
- 23 fund's purposes as prescribed by Section 56.021 and the
- commission's final orders issued in Docket No. 18515 and Docket No.
- 25 18516. The evaluation shall determine whether the fund's purposes
- 26 <u>have been sufficiently achieved</u>, whether the fund should be
- 27 abolished or phased out, whether the fund should be brought within

- 1 the state treasury, and whether the entities receiving those funds
- 2 are spending the money for its intended purposes. The evaluation
- 3 must include a forward-looking, comprehensive assessment of the
- 4 appropriate use of the money in the fund and the manner in which
- 5 that money is collected and disbursed.
- 6 (b) Not later than January 1, 2006, the commission shall
- 7 require telecommunications providers receiving disbursements under
- 8 the universal service fund to provide to the commission the
- 9 information that the commission determines is necessary to
- 10 discharge the commission's duties under this section, including
- information necessary to review and evaluate how money is collected
- 12 for the universal service fund and expended.
- 13 (c) Information provided under Subsection (b) is
- 14 confidential and is not subject to disclosure under Chapter 552,
- 15 Government Code.
- 16 (d) The commission may classify telecommunications
- 17 providers as the commission considers appropriate for efficiency
- 18 and may permit providers to share the cost of developing
- information the commission determines is necessary to discharge the
- 20 commission's responsibilities under this section.
- (e) Not later than January 5, 2007, the commission shall
- 22 deliver to the legislature a report for the legislature's revision
- 23 and approval on the results of the review and evaluation. The
- 24 report must:
- 25 (1) include recommendations that are consistent with
- 26 the policies provided by this title;
- 27 (2) include the commission's assessment of the

- 1 <u>universal service fund, including:</u>
- 2 (A) how the money in the fund should be
- 3 collected;
- 4 (B) how the money in the fund should be disbursed
- 5 and the purposes for which the money should be used by the
- 6 telecommunications provider receiving the money; and
- 7 (C) any recommendations the commission has in
- 8 relation to accountability for use of the money in the fund,
- 9 including the usefulness of the attestation required by Subsection
- 10 (g); and
- 11 (3) include recommendations that ensure that a
- 12 telecommunications provider's support from the universal service
- 13 fund for a geographic area is consistent with Section 56.021 and the
- commission's final orders issued in Docket No. 18515 and Docket No.
- 15 18516.
- 16 (f) The evaluation shall determine whether the fund's
- 17 purposes have been sufficiently achieved, whether the fund should
- 18 be abolished or phased out, whether the fund should be brought
- 19 within the state treasury, and whether the entities receiving those
- 20 funds are spending the money for its intended purposes.
- 21 (g) Not later than December 31, 2005, each
- 22 <u>telecommunications provider receiving universal service fund money</u>
- 23 shall file with the commission an affidavit attesting that the
- 24 money from the fund has been used in a manner that is consistent
- 25 with the purposes provided by Section 56.021 and the commission's
- 26 final orders issued in Docket No. 18515 and Docket No. 18516.
- (h) In addition to the study required by this section, the

commission shall compile information necessary to determine 1 2 whether the current funding mechanism for the universal service fund will be adequate in the future to sustain the purposes for 3 4 which the fund was created considering the development of new 5 technologies that are not subject to the existing funding mechanism 6 and the shift in jurisdictional control from this state to the federal government. The commission shall also review and make 7 recommendations on any mechanisms adopted under Section 56.025. 8 Not later than January 5, 2007, the commission shall deliver to the 9 legislature a report on these issues. If the commission determines 10 that the <u>existing funding mechanism is not adequate</u>, or proposes to 11 12 change the manner or level of current funding, the commission must include recommendations for alternative funding and basic service 13 14 pricing methods that will be adequate and are consistent with a 15 policy of technology and competitive neutrality in the assessment of fees and other state-imposed economic burdens. 16

17 (i) This section expires September 1, 2007.

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Sec. 56.030. AFFIDAVITS OF COMPLIANCE. On or before September 1 of each year, a telecommunications provider that receives disbursements from the universal service fund shall file with the commission an affidavit certifying that the telecommunications provider is in compliance with the requirements for receiving money from the universal service fund and requirements regarding the use of money from each universal service fund program for which the telecommunications provider receives disbursements.

Sec. 56.031. ADJUSTMENTS. The commission may revise the

- 1 monthly per line support amounts to be made available from the Texas
- 2 High Cost Universal Service Plan and from the Small and Rural
- 3 Incumbent Local Exchange Company Universal Service Plan at any time
- 4 after September 1, 2007, after notice and an opportunity for
- 5 hearing. In determining appropriate monthly per line support
- 6 amounts, the commission shall consider the adequacy of basic rates
- 7 to support universal service.
- 8 SECTION 15. Subchapter B, Chapter 56, Utilities Code, is
- 9 amended by adding Section 56.032 to read as follows:
- 10 Sec. 56.032. COMMISSION REVIEW AND EVALUATION OF DISTANCE
- 11 LEARNING DISCOUNTS AND PRIVATE NETWORK SERVICES FOR CERTAIN
- 12 ENTITIES. (a) On or before October 1, 2005, the commission shall
- 13 initiate a study for the purpose of evaluating a new funding
- 14 mechanism to provide financial support to all telecommunications
- 15 <u>utilities that provide discounts or private network services at</u>
- 16 prescribed rates to the entities identified in Subchapter B,
- 17 Chapter 57, Subchapter G, Chapter 58, and Subchapter D, Chapter 59.
- (b) The study must include an evaluation of alternative
- 19 sources of funding such support, including utilizing federal E-rate
- 20 <u>funding</u>, and an evaluation of alternative funding mechanisms that
- 21 would result in support being made available to all
- 22 <u>telecommunications utilities on a nondiscriminatory basis and on a</u>
- 23 technology neutral basis in exchange for providing services at
- 24 rates comparable to those preferred rates being paid by the
- 25 entities identified under Subchapter B, Chapter 57, Subchapter G,
- 26 Chapter 58, and Subchapter D, Chapter 59, provisions.
- (c) The commission shall conduct necessary proceedings to

- 1 evaluate the appropriate funding mechanism and the appropriate
- 2 method for determining the amount of support to be made available to
- 3 telecommunications utilities that provide discounts to entities
- 4 listed in Subsection (b).
- 5 (d) On or before November 15, 2006, the commission shall
- 6 issue a report to the speaker of the house of representatives and
- 7 the lieutenant governor on the viability of establishing a new
- 8 program or funding mechanism through which support shall be funded
- 9 and disbursed in exchange for providing discounts to the entities
- 10 <u>listed in Subsection (b). The commission shall include in the</u>
- 11 report its findings regarding the cost of any new funding
- 12 mechanism, the benefit of establishing a new program or funding
- mechanism, and any other relevant information the commission deems
- 14 appropriate to assist the legislature in its review of discounts
- for distance learning and private network services.
- (e) This section expires September 1, 2007.
- 17 SECTION 16. Chapter 56, Utilities Code, is amended by
- 18 adding Subchapter H to read as follows:
- 19 SUBCHAPTER H. AUDIO NEWSPAPER PROGRAM
- Sec. 56.301. AUDIO NEWSPAPER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. The
- 21 commission by rule shall establish a program to provide from the
- 22 <u>universal service fund financial assistance for a free telephone</u>
- 23 service for blind and visually impaired persons that offers the
- 24 text of newspapers using synthetic speech. The commission may
- 25 adopt rules to implement the program.
- SECTION 17. Section 58.051, Utilities Code, is amended by
- 27 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (a-1), (c), and (d)

- 1 to read as follows:
- 2 (a) Unless reclassified under Section 58.024, the following
- 3 services are basic network services:
- 4 (1) flat rate residential local exchange telephone
- 5 service, including primary directory listings and the receipt of a
- 6 directory and any applicable mileage or zone charges;
- 7 (2) residential tone dialing service;
- 8 (3) lifeline and tel-assistance service;
- 9 (4) service connection for basic residential
- 10 services;
- 11 (5) direct inward dialing service for basic
- 12 residential services;
- 13 (6) private pay telephone access service;
- 14 (7) call trap and trace service;
- 15 (8) access for all residential and business end users
- 16 to 911 service provided by a local authority and access to dual
- 17 party relay service;
- 18 (9) mandatory residential extended area service
- 19 arrangements; and
- 20 (10) mandatory residential extended metropolitan
- 21 service or other mandatory residential toll-free calling
- 22 arrangements[; and
- 23 [(11) residential call waiting service].
- 24 (a-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (a) and Section 58.151,
- 25 basic network services include residential caller identification
- 26 services if the customer to whom the service is billed is at least
- 27 65 years of age.

- 1 (c) At the election of the affected incumbent local exchange
 2 company, the price for basic network service shall also include the
 3 fees and charges for any mandatory extended area service
 4 arrangements, mandatory expanded toll-free calling plans, and any
- 6 (d) A non-permanent expanded toll-free local calling
 7 service surcharge established by the commission to recover the
 8 costs of mandatory expanded toll-free local calling service:

other service included in the definition of basic network service.

9 (1) is considered a part of basic network service;

- 10 (2) may not be aggregated under Subsection (c); and
- 11 (3) continues to be transitioned in accordance with 12 commission orders and substantive rules.
- SECTION 18. Section 58.151, Utilities Code, is amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 58.151. SERVICES INCLUDED. The following services are classified as nonbasic services:
- (1) flat rate business local exchange telephone service, including primary directory listings and the receipt of a directory, and any applicable mileage or zone charges, except that the prices for this service shall be capped until September 1, 2005, at the prices in effect on September 1, 1999;
- 22 (2) business tone dialing service, except that the 23 prices for this service shall be capped until September 1, 2005, at 24 the prices in effect on September 1, 1999;
- 25 (3) service connection for all business services, 26 except that the prices for this service shall be capped until 27 September 1, 2005, at the prices in effect on September 1, 1999;

- 1 (4) direct inward dialing for basic business services,
- 2 except that the prices for this service shall be capped until
- 3 September 1, 2005, at the prices in effect on September 1, 1999;
- 4 (5) "1-plus" intraLATA message toll services;
- 5 (6) 0+ and 0- operator services;
- 6 (7) call waiting, call forwarding, and custom calling,
- 7 except that:
- 8 (A) residential call waiting service shall be
- 9 classified as a basic network service until July 1, 2006; and
- 10 (B) for an electing company subject to Section
- 11 58.301, prices for residential call forwarding and other custom
- 12 calling services shall be capped at the prices in effect on
- 13 September 1, 1999, until the electing company implements the
- reduction in switched access rates described by Section 58.301(2);
- 15 (8) call return, caller identification, and call
- 16 control options, except that, for an electing company subject to
- 17 Section 58.301, prices for residential call return, caller
- 18 identification, and call control options shall be capped at the
- 19 prices in effect on September 1, 1999, until the electing company
- 20 implements the reduction in switched access rates described by
- 21 Section 58.301(2);
- 22 (9) central office based PBX-type services;
- 23 (10) billing and collection services, including
- 24 installment billing and late payment charges for customers of the
- 25 electing company;
- 26 (11) integrated services digital network (ISDN)
- 27 services, except that prices for Basic Rate Interface (BRI) ISDN

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- 1 services, which comprise up to two 64 Kbps B-channels and one 16
- 2 Kbps D-channel, shall be capped until September 1, 2005, at the
- 3 prices in effect on September 1, 1999;
- 4 (12) new services;
- 5 (13) directory assistance services, except that an
- 6 electing company shall provide to a residential customer the first
- 7 three directory assistance inquiries in a monthly billing cycle at
- 8 no charge until July 1, 2006;
- 9 (14) services described in the WATS tariff as the
- 10 tariff existed on January 1, 1995;
- 11 (15) 800 and foreign exchange services;
- 12 (16) private line service;
- 13 (17) special access service;
- 14 (18) services from public pay telephones;
- 15 (19) paging services and mobile services (IMTS);
- 16 (20) 911 services provided to a local authority that
- 17 are available from another provider;
- 18 (21) speed dialing;
- 19 (22) three-way calling; and
- 20 (23) all other services subject to the commission's
- 21 jurisdiction that are not specifically classified as basic network
- 22 services in Section 58.051, except that nothing in this section
- 23 shall preclude a customer from subscribing to a local flat rate
- 24 residential or business line for a computer modem or a facsimile
- 25 machine.
- SECTION 19. Subsection (a), Section 58.258, Utilities Code,
- 27 is amended to read as follows:

- (a) Notwithstanding the pricing flexibility authorized by 1 2 this subtitle, an electing company's rates for private network 3 services may not be increased [on or] before January 1, 2012 [the sixth anniversary of the company's date of election]. However, an 4 5
- electing company may increase a rate in accordance with the
- provisions of a customer specific contract. 6
- 7 SECTION 20. Subchapter G, Chapter 58, Utilities Code, is 8 amended by adding Section 58.268 to read as follows:
- 9 Sec. 58.268. CONTINUATION OF OBLIGATION. Notwithstanding
- any other provision of this title, an electing company shall 10
- continue to comply with this subchapter until January 1, 2012, 11
- 12 regardless of:
- 13 (1) the date the company elected under this chapter;
- 14 or
- 15 (2) any action taken in relation to that company under
- Chapter 65. 16
- 17 SECTION 21. Subsection (a), Section 59.077, Utilities Code,
- is amended to read as follows: 18
- Notwithstanding the pricing flexibility authorized by 19
- this subtitle, an electing company's rates for private network 20
- 21 services may not be increased [on or] before January 1, 2012 [the
- sixth anniversary of the company's election date]. 22
- SECTION 22. Subchapter D, Chapter 59, Utilities Code, is 23
- 24 amended by adding Section 59.083 to read as follows:
- 25 Sec. 59.083. CONTINUATION OF OBLIGATION. Notwithstanding
- 26 any other provision of this title, an electing company shall
- 27 continue to comply with this subchapter until January 1, 2012,

2	(1) the date the company elected under this chapter;
3	<u>or</u>
4	(2) any action taken in relation to that company under
5	Chapter 65.
6	SECTION 23. Chapter 60, Utilities Code, is amended by
7	adding Subchapter J to read as follows:
8	SUBCHAPTER J. WHOLESALE CODE OF CONDUCT
9	Sec. 60.201. STATEMENT OF POLICY. It is the policy of this
10	state that providers of telecommunications services operate in a
11	manner that is consistent with minimum standards to provide
12	customers with continued competitive choices.
13	Sec. 60.202. APPLICABILITY OF SUBCHAPTER. A provision of
14	this subchapter applies only to the extent the provision has not
15	been preempted by federal law or a rule, regulation, or order of the
16	Federal Communications Commission.
17	Sec. 60.203. MINIMUM SERVICE REQUIREMENTS. A
18	telecommunications provider may not unreasonably:
19	(1) discriminate against another provider by refusing
20	access to an exchange;
21	(2) refuse or delay an interconnection to another
22	provider;
23	(3) degrade the quality of access the
24	telecommunications provider provides to another provider;
25	(4) impair the speed, quality, or efficiency of a line
26	used by another provider;
27	(5) fail to fully disclose in a timely manner on

1 regardless of:

- 1 request all available information necessary to design equipment
- 2 that will meet the specifications of the network; or
- 3 (6) refuse or delay access by a person to another
- 4 provider.
- 5 Sec. 60.204. INTERCONNECTION. A telecommunications provider
- 6 shall provide interconnection with other telecommunications
- 7 providers' networks for the transmission and routing of telephone
- 8 <u>exchange service and exchange access.</u>
- 9 Sec. 60.205. NUMBER PORTABILITY. A telecommunications
- 10 provider shall provide number portability in accordance with
- 11 federal requirements.
- Sec. 60.206. DUTY TO NEGOTIATE. A telecommunications
- 13 provider shall negotiate in good faith the terms and conditions of
- 14 any agreement.
- Sec. 60.207. DIALING PARITY. (a) A telecommunications
- 16 provider shall provide dialing parity to competing
- 17 telecommunications providers of telephone exchange service and
- 18 telephone toll service.
- 19 (b) A telecommunications provider shall provide
- 20 nondiscriminatory access to telephone numbers, operator services,
- 21 directory assistance, and directory listings and may not delay that
- 22 access unreasonably.
- Sec. 60.208. ACCESS TO RIGHTS-OF-WAY. A telecommunications
- 24 provider shall provide access to poles, ducts, conduits, and
- 25 rights-of-way to competing providers of telecommunications service on
- 26 rates, terms, and conditions that are just, reasonable, and
- 27 nondiscriminatory.

- 1 Sec. 60.209. RECIPROCAL COMPENSATION. A telecommunications
- 2 provider shall establish reciprocal compensation arrangements for the
- 3 transport and termination of telecommunications.
- 4 Sec. 60.210. ACCESS TO SERVICES. A telecommunications
- 5 provider shall provide access to:
- 6 (1) 911 and E-911 service;
- 7 (2) directory assistance service to allow other
- 8 telecommunications providers' customers to obtain telephone
- 9 numbers; and
- 10 <u>(3) operator call completion service.</u>
- 11 SECTION 24. Subchapter A, Chapter 62, Utilities Code, is
- amended by adding Section 62.003 to read as follows:
- 13 Sec. 62.003. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO AUDIO AND VIDEO
- 14 PROGRAMMING. (a) This section applies only to a provider of
- 15 <u>advanced services or local exchange telephone service that has more</u>
- than 500,000 access lines in service in this state and that delivers
- 17 audio programming with localized content or video programming to
- 18 its subscribers.
- 19 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a
- 20 provider of advanced services or local exchange telephone service
- 21 shall provide subscribers access to the signals of the local
- 22 broadcast television and radio stations licensed by the Federal
- 23 <u>Communications Commission to serve those subscribers over the air;</u>
- 24 provided with respect to low power television stations, this
- 25 section shall only apply to those low power television stations
- that are "qualified low power stations" as defined in 47 U.S.C.
- 27 Section 534(h)(2).

- 1 (c) To facilitate access by subscribers of a provider of
 2 advanced services or local exchange telephone service to the
 3 signals of local broadcast stations, a station either shall be
 4 granted mandatory carriage or may request retransmission consent
 5 with the provider.
- 6 (d) This title does not require a provider of advanced
 7 services or local exchange telephone service to provide a
 8 television or radio station valuable consideration in exchange for
 9 carriage.
- 10 (e) A provider of advanced services or local exchange
 11 telephone service shall transmit without degradation the signals a
 12 local broadcast station delivers to the provider. The transmission
 13 quality offered a broadcast station may not be lower than the
 14 quality made available to another broadcast station or video or
 15 audio programming source.
- (f) A provider of advanced services or local exchange
 telephone service that delivers audio or video programming to its
 subscribers may not:
- 19 (1) discriminate among broadcast stations or between
 20 broadcast stations on the one hand and programming providers on the
 21 other with respect to transmission of their signals, taking into
 22 account any consideration afforded a provider of advanced services
 23 or local exchange telephone service by any such programming
 24 provider or broadcast station; or
- 25 (2) delete, change, or alter a copyright
 26 identification transmitted as part of a broadcast station's signal.
- 27 (g) A provider of advanced services or local exchange

- 1 telephone service that delivers audio or video programming shall be
- 2 subject to any applicable network non-duplication or syndicated
- 3 <u>exclusivity</u> rules promulgated by the Federal Communications
- 4 Commission to the extent applicable to cable systems as defined by
- 5 the commission.
- 6 (h) A provider of advanced services or local exchange
- 7 <u>telephone service that delivers audio or video programming to its</u>
- 8 subscribers shall include all programming providers in a subscriber
- 9 programming guide, if any, that lists program schedules.
- 10 SECTION 25. Chapter 64, Utilities Code, is amended by
- 11 adding Subchapter F to read as follows:
- 12 SUBCHAPTER F. TRUTH IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS BILLING
- Sec. 64.251. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "commercial
- 14 mobile service provider" means a provider of commercial mobile
- 15 service as defined by Section 332(d), Communications Act of 1934
- 16 (47 U.S.C. Section 151 et seq.), Federal Communications Commission
- 17 rules, and the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Pub. L.
- 18 No. 103-66).
- 19 Sec. 64.252. BILLING STATEMENT. (a) A commercial mobile
- 20 service provider or a provider of voice service, as defined in
- 21 <u>Section 283.002, Local Government Code, may include only the</u>
- 22 following in an end-user customer's bill:
- 23 <u>(1) applicable charges for service and options</u>
- 24 requested by the end-user customer; and
- 25 (2) taxes imposed by a governmental entity
- 26 specifically on the end-user customer.
- (b) An end-user customer's bill may not contain a fee,

1	charge,	or	tax	unless	а	contract	provision,	tariff,	or	state	or
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			_		T	,	-		-

- 2 federal law:
- 3 (1) requires the end-user customer to pay the fee,
- 4 charge, or tax; or
- 5 (2) authorizes a commercial mobile service provider or
- 6 a provider of voice service, as defined in Section 283.002, Local
- 7 Government Code, to include the fee, charge, or tax in an end-user
- 8 customer's bill.
- 9 (c) This section shall not apply to a billing utility, as
- 10 defined in Section 64.002, that bills for goods or services
- 11 provided by another entity.
- 12 (d) A violation of this section is a false, misleading, or
- 13 deceptive act or practice within the meaning of Section 17.46,
- 14 Business & Commerce Code, but shall only be actionable by the
- 15 <u>attorney general</u>.
- SECTION 26. Subtitle C, Title 2, Utilities Code, is amended
- 17 by adding Chapter 65 to read as follows:

18 CHAPTER 65. DEREGULATION OF CERTAIN INCUMBENT LOCAL EXCHANGE

- 19 COMPANY MARKETS
- SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 21 Sec. 65.001. STATEMENT OF POLICY. It is the policy of this
- 22 state to provide for full rate and service competition in the
- 23 telecommunications market of this state so that customers may
- 24 benefit from innovations in service quality and market-based
- 25 pricing.
- Sec. 65.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 27 (1) "Deregulated company" means an incumbent local

1	exchange company for which all of the company's markets have beer
2	deregulated.
3	(2) "Market" means an exchange in which an incumbent
4	local exchange company provides residential local exchange
5	telephone service.
6	(3) "Regulated company" means an incumbent local
7	exchange company for which none of the company's markets have been
8	deregulated.
9	(4) "Stand-alone residential local exchange voice
10	<pre>service" means:</pre>
11	(A) residential tone dialing service;
12	(B) services and functionalities supported under
13	the lifeline program;
14	(C) access for all residential end users to 911
15	service provided by a local authority and access to dual party relay
16	service;
17	(D) at the election of the incumbent local
18	exchange company, mandatory residential extended area service
19	arrangements, mandatory residential extended metropolitan service
20	or other mandatory residential toll-free calling arrangements,
21	mandatory expanded local calling service arrangements, or another
22	service that a company is required under a tariff to provide to a
23	customer who subscribes or may subscribe to basic network services;
24	(E) flat rate residential local exchange
25	telephone service delivered by landline, but only if the service is
26	ordered and received independent of:

27

(i) a service classified as a nonbasic

- 1 service under Section 58.151 or residential call waiting service;
- 2 (ii) a package of services that includes a
- 3 service classified as a nonbasic service under Section 58.151; or
- 4 (iii) another flat rate residential local
- 5 exchange service delivered by landline; and
- 6 <u>(F) residential caller identification services</u>
- 7 <u>if the customer to whom the service is billed is at least 65 years of</u>
- 8 age.
- 9 (5) "Transitioning company" means an incumbent local
- 10 exchange company for which at least one, but not all, of the
- 11 company's markets has been deregulated.
- Sec. 65.003. COMMISSION AUTHORITY. (a) Notwithstanding
- any other provisions of this title, the commission has authority to
- implement and enforce this chapter.
- 15 (b) The commission may adopt rules and conduct proceedings
- 16 necessary to administer and enforce this chapter, including rules
- 17 to determine whether a market should remain regulated, should be
- deregulated, or should be reregulated.
- 19 Sec. 65.004. INFORMATION. (a) The commission may collect
- 20 and compile information from all telecommunications providers as
- 21 necessary to implement and enforce this chapter.
- 22 (b) The commission shall maintain the confidentiality of
- 23 information collected under this chapter that is claimed to be
- 24 confidential for competitive purposes. Information that is claimed
- 25 to be confidential is exempt from disclosure under Chapter 552,
- 26 Government Code.
- Sec. 65.005. CUSTOMER PROTECTION. This chapter does not

- 1 affect a customer's right to complain to the commission regarding a
- 2 telecommunications provider.
- 3 [Sections 65.006-65.050 reserved for expansion]
- 4 SUBCHAPTER B. DETERMINATION OF WHETHER MARKET SHOULD BE REGULATED
- 5 Sec. 65.051. MARKETS DEREGULATED. (a) Except as provided
- 6 by Subsection (b), all markets of all incumbent local exchange
- 7 companies are deregulated on January 1, 2006, unless the commission
- 8 determines under Section 65.052(a) that a market or markets should
- 9 remain regulated.
- 10 (b) A market of an incumbent local exchange company in which
- 11 the population in the area included in the market is less than
- 12 30,000 is deregulated on January 1, 2007, unless the commission
- determines under Section 65.052(f) that the market should remain
- 14 regulated.
- 15 Sec. 65.052. DETERMINATION OF WHETHER A MARKET SHOULD
- 16 REMAIN REGULATED. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (f), the
- 17 commission shall:
- 18 (1) determine whether each market of an incumbent
- 19 local exchange company should remain regulated on and after January
- 20 1, 2006; and
- 21 (2) issue a final order classifying the company in
- accordance with this section effective January 1, 2006.
- (b) In making a determination under Subsection (a), the
- commission may not determine that a market should remain regulated
- 25 if:
- 26 (1) the population in the area included in the market
- 27 is at least 100,000; or

1	(2) the population in the area included in the market
2	is at least 30,000 but less than 100,000 and, in addition to the
3	incumbent local exchange company, there are at least three
4	<pre>competitors of which:</pre>
5	(A) at least one is a telecommunications provider
6	that holds a certificate of operating authority or service provider
7	certificate of operating authority and provides residential local
8	exchange telephone service in the market;
9	(B) at least one is an entity providing
10	residential telephone service in the market using facilities that
11	the entity or its affiliate owns; and
12	(C) at least one is a provider in that market of
13	commercial mobile service as defined by Section 332(d),
14	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. Section 151 et seq.), Federal
15	Communications Commission rules, and the Omnibus Budget
16	Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Pub. L. No. 103-66), that is not
17	
	affiliated with the incumbent local exchange company.
18	(c) The commission shall issue an order classifying an
19	incumbent local exchange company as a deregulated company that is
20	<pre>subject to Subchapter C if:</pre>
21	(1) the company does not have any markets in which the
22	population in the area included in the market is less than 30,000;

incumbent local exchange company's markets, the commission shall

the company should remain regulated on and after January 1, 2006.

(2) the commission does not determine that a market of

(d) Regardless of the population in the area included in an

23

24

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26

27

and

- 1 issue an order classifying the company as a transitioning company
- 2 that is subject to Subchapter D if the commission determines that
- 3 one or more, but not all, of the markets of the company should
- 4 remain regulated on and after January 1, 2006.
- 5 <u>(e) The commission shall issue an order classifying the</u>
- 6 company as a regulated company that is subject to the provisions of
- 7 this title that applied to the company on September 1, 2005, if the
- 8 commission determines that all of the markets of the company in
- 9 which the population in each area included in the markets is at
- 10 least 30,000 should remain regulated on and after January 1, 2006.
- 11 This subsection does not affect the authority of a regulated
- company to elect under Chapter 58 or 59 after January 1, 2005, and
- to be regulated under the chapter under which the company elected.
- 14 (f) Not later than November 30, 2006, the commission shall
- 15 <u>determine whether a market of an incumbent local exchange company</u>
- 16 <u>in which the population in the area included in the market is less</u>
- than 30,000 should remain regulated on or after January 1, 2007.
- 18 The commission by rule shall determine the market test to be applied
- in determining whether the market should remain regulated. If the
- 20 commission does not determine that the market should remain
- 21 regulated on or after January 1, 2007, and the deregulation of that
- 22 market results in a transitioning or regulated company no longer
- 23 meeting the definition of a transitioning or regulated company, as
- 24 appropriate, the commission shall issue an order reclassifying the
- 25 company appropriately.
- Sec. 65.053. INCUMBENT LOCAL EXCHANGE COMPANY MARKETS.
- 27 (a) Notwithstanding Section 65.052, an incumbent local exchange

- 1 company may elect to have all of the company's markets remain
- 2 regulated on and after January 1, 2006.
- 3 (b) To make an election under Subsection (a), an incumbent
- 4 local exchange company must file an affidavit with the commission
- 5 making that election not later than December 1, 2005.
- 6 (c) If an incumbent local exchange company makes an election
- 7 under this section, the commission shall issue an order classifying
- 8 the company as a regulated company that is subject to the provisions
- 9 of this title that applied to the company on September 1, 2005.
- 10 This subsection does not affect the authority of a regulated
- company to elect under Chapter 58 or 59 after January 1, 2005, and
- to be regulated under the chapter under which the company elected.
- 13 Sec. 65.054. PETITION FOR DEREGULATION. (a) After July 1,
- 14 2007, a company may petition the commission to deregulate a market
- that the commission previously determined should remain regulated.
- 16 (b) If the commission deregulates a market under this
- 17 section and the deregulation results in the transitioning or
- 18 regulated company no longer meeting the definition of a
- 19 transitioning or regulated company, as appropriate, the commission
- 20 shall issue an order reclassifying the company appropriately.
- 21 Sec. 65.055. COMMISSION AUTHORITY TO REREGULATE CERTAIN
- 22 MARKETS. (a) This section applies only to a market of an incumbent
- local exchange company in which the population in the area included
- in the market is less than 100,000.
- 25 (b) The commission, on its own motion or on a complaint that
- 26 the commission considers to have merit, may determine that a market
- 27 that was previously deregulated should again be subject to

1	regulation.
2	(c) The commission by rule shall prescribe the procedures
3	and standards applicable to a determination under this section.
4	[Sections 65.056-65.100 reserved for expansion]
5	SUBCHAPTER C. DEREGULATED COMPANY
6	Sec. 65.101. ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE OF OPERATING
7	AUTHORITY. (a) A deregulated company may petition the commission
8	to relinquish the company's certificate of convenience and
9	necessity and receive a certificate of operating authority.
10	(b) The commission shall issue the deregulated company a
11	certificate of operating authority and rescind the deregulated
12	company's certificate of convenience and necessity if the
13	commission finds that all of the company's markets have been
14	deregulated under Subchapter B.
15	Sec. 65.102. REQUIREMENTS. (a) A deregulated company that
16	holds a certificate of operating authority issued under this
17	subchapter is a nondominant carrier governed in the same manner as a
18	holder of a certificate of operating authority issued under Chapter
19	54, except that the deregulated company:
20	(1) retains the obligations of a provider of last
21	resort under Chapter 54;
22	(2) is subject to the following provisions in the same
23	manner as an incumbent local exchange company that is not
24	deregulated:
25	(A) Sections 54.156, 54.158, and 54.159;
26	(B) Section 55.012; and
27	(C) Chapter 60; and

1	(3) may not increase the company's rates for
2	stand-alone residential local exchange voice service before the
3	date that the commission has the opportunity to revise the monthly
4	per line support under the Texas High Cost Universal Service Plan
5	pursuant to Section 56.031, regardless of whether the company is an
6	electing company under Chapter 58.
7	(b) In each deregulated market, a deregulated company shall
8	make available to all residential customers uniformly throughout
9	that market the same price, terms, and conditions for all basic and
LO	non-basic services, consistent with any pricing flexibility
L1	available to such company on or before August 31, 2005.
L2	[Sections 65.103-65.150 reserved for expansion]
L3	SUBCHAPTER D. TRANSITIONING COMPANY
L4	Sec. 65.151. PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO TRANSITIONING
L5	COMPANY. A transitioning company is governed by this subchapter
L6	and the provisions of this title that applied to the company
L7	immediately before the date the company was classified as a
L8	transitioning company. If there is a conflict between this
L9	subchapter and the other applicable provisions of this title, this
20	subchapter controls.
21	Sec. 65.152. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. (a) A transitioning
22	<pre>company may:</pre>
23	(1) exercise pricing flexibility in a market in the
24	manner provided by Section 58.063 one day after providing an
25	informational notice as required by that section; and
26	(2) introduce a new service in a market in the manner
27	provided by Section 58.153 one day after providing an informational

- 1 notice as required by that section.
- 2 (b) A transitioning company may not be required to comply
- 3 with exchange-specific retail quality of service standards or
- 4 reporting requirements in a market that is deregulated.
- 5 Sec. 65.153. RATE REQUIREMENTS. (a) In a market that
- 6 remains regulated, a transitioning company shall price the
- 7 company's retail services in accordance with the provisions that
- 8 applied to that company immediately before the date the company was
- 9 classified as a transitioning company.
- 10 (b) In a market that is deregulated, a transitioning company
- 11 <u>shall price the company's retail services as follows:</u>
- 12 (1) for all services, other than basic local
- 13 telecommunications service, at any price higher than the service's
- 14 long run incremental cost; and
- 15 (2) for basic local telecommunications service, at any
- 16 price higher than the lesser of the service's long run incremental
- 17 cost or the tariffed price on the date that market was deregulated,
- provided that the company may not increase the company's rates for
- 19 stand-alone residential local exchange voice service before the
- 20 date that the commission has the opportunity to revise the monthly
- 21 per line support under the Texas High Cost Universal Service Plan
- 22 pursuant to Section 56.031, regardless of whether the company is an
- 23 <u>electing company under Chapter 58.</u>
- 24 (c) In each deregulated market, a transitioning company
- 25 shall make available to all residential customers uniformly
- 26 throughout that market the same price, terms, and conditions for
- 27 all basic and non-basic services, consistent with any pricing

- 1 flexibility available to such company on or before August 31, 2005.
- 2 (d) In any market, regardless of whether regulated or
- 3 deregulated, the transitioning company may not:
- 4 (1) establish a retail rate, term, or condition that
- 5 is anticompetitive or unreasonably preferential, prejudicial, or
- 6 discriminatory;
- 7 (2) establish a retail rate for a basic or non-basic
- 8 service in a deregulated market that is subsidized either directly
- 9 or indirectly by a basic or non-basic service provided in an
- 10 exchange that is not deregulated; or
- 11 (3) engage in predatory pricing or attempt to engage
- 12 in predatory pricing.
- 13 (e) A rate that meets the pricing requirements in Subsection
- 14 (b) shall be deemed compliant with Subsection (d)(2).
- [Sections 65.154-65.200 reserved for expansion]
- SUBCHAPTER E. REDUCTION OF SWITCHED ACCESS RATES
- Sec. 65.201. REDUCTION OF SWITCHED ACCESS RATES BY
- 18 DEREGULATED COMPANY. (a) On the date the last market of an
- incumbent local exchange company is deregulated, the company shall
- 20 reduce both the company's originating and terminating per minute of
- 21 <u>use switched access rates in each market to parity with the</u>
- 22 <u>company's respective federal originating and terminating per</u>
- 23 <u>minute of use switched access rates.</u>
- 24 (b) After reducing the rates under Subsection (a), a
- 25 deregulated company shall maintain parity with the company's
- 26 federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched
- 27 access rates. If the company's federal originating and terminating

- 1 per minute of use switched access rates are changed, the company
- 2 shall change the company's per minute of use switched access rates
- 3 in each market as necessary to re-achieve parity with the company's
- 4 <u>federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched</u>
- 5 access rates.
- 6 Sec. 65.202. REDUCTION OF SWITCHED ACCESS RATES BY
- 7 TRANSITIONING COMPANY WITH MORE THAN THREE MILLION ACCESS LINES.
- 8 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a
- 9 transitioning company that has more than three million access lines
- in service in this state on January 1, 2006, shall:
- 11 (1) on July 1, 2006, reduce both the company's
- originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates
- in each market by an amount equal to 33 percent of the difference in
- 14 the rates in effect on June 30, 2006, and the company's respective
- 15 federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched
- 16 access rates;
- 17 (2) on July 1, 2007, reduce both the company's
- originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates
- in each market by an amount equal to 33 percent of the difference in
- 20 the rates in effect on June 30, 2006, and the company's respective
- 21 <u>federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched</u>
- 22 access rates; and
- 23 (3) on July 1, 2008, reduce both the company's
- originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates
- 25 <u>in each market to parity with the company's respective federal</u>
- 26 originating and terminating per minute of use switched access
- 27 rates.

(b) After reducing the rates under Subsection (a), a transitioning company shall maintain parity with the company's federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates. If the company's federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates are changed, the company shall change the company's per minute of use switched access rates in each market as necessary to re-achieve parity with the company's federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates.

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- Sec. 65.203. REDUCTION OF SWITCHED ACCESS RATES BY CERTAIN 10 TRANSITIONING COMPANIES WITH NOT MORE THAN THREE MILLION ACCESS 11 12 LINES. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a company that is classified as a transitioning company effective 13 January 1, 2006, and that has not more than three million access 14 15 lines in service in this state on that date shall reduce both the company's originating and terminating per minute of use switched 16 17 access rates in each market in accordance with this section.
- 18 (b) On July 1, 2006, the transitioning company shall reduce

 19 both the company's originating and terminating per minute of use

 20 switched access rates in each market by an amount equal to the

 21 lesser of:
- 22 (1) 25 percent of the difference in the company's rates
 23 in effect on June 30, 2006, and the company's respective federal
 24 originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates
 25 in effect on that date; or
- 26 (2) an amount derived by multiplying that difference 27 by a percentage derived by dividing the number of the company's

- 1 markets that are not regulated on July 1, 2006, by the total number
- of the company's markets on December 30, 2005.
- 3 (c) On July 1, 2007, the transitioning company shall reduce
- 4 both the company's originating and terminating per minute of use
- 5 switched access rates in each market by an amount equal to the
- 6 lesser of:
- 7 (1) 25 percent of the difference in the company's rates
- 8 in effect on June 30, 2006, and the company's respective federal
- 9 originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates
- in effect on that date; or
- 11 (2) an amount derived by multiplying that difference
- 12 by a percentage derived by dividing the number of the company's
- 13 markets that were deregulated in the prior 12 months by the total
- 14 number of the company's markets on December 30, 2005.
- (d) On July 1, 2008, the transitioning company shall reduce
- 16 both the company's originating and terminating per minute of use
- 17 switched access rates in each market by an amount equal to the
- 18 lesser of:
- 19 (1) 25 percent of the difference in the company's rates
- in effect on June 30, 2006, and the company's respective federal
- 21 originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates
- 22 in effect on that date; or
- (2) an amount derived by multiplying that difference
- 24 by a percentage derived by dividing the number of the company's
- 25 markets that were deregulated in the prior 12 months by the total
- 26 number of the company's markets on December 30, 2005.
- (e) On July 1, 2009, and each succeeding year thereafter on

July 1, the transitioning company shall reduce both the company's originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates in each market by an amount derived by multiplying the difference in the company's rates in effect on June 30, 2006, and the company's respective federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates in effect on that date by a percentage derived by dividing the number of the company's markets that were deregulated in the prior 12 months by the total number of the company's markets on December 30, 2005, except that a transitioning company shall be required to reduce both the company's originating and terminating per minute of use switched access charges to parity with the company's respective federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched access charges if more than 75 percent of the transitioning company's markets are not regulated on July 1 of 2009 or any succeeding year.

(f) After reducing the rates under Subsection (e), a transitioning company shall maintain parity with the company's federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates. If the company's federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates are changed, the company shall change the company's per minute of use switched access rates in each market as necessary to re-achieve parity with the company's federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched access rates.

Sec. 65.204. REDUCTION OF SWITCHED ACCESS RATES BY NEWLY
DESIGNATED TRANSITIONING COMPANY. (a) Notwithstanding any other
provision of this title, a company that is classified as a

- 1 transitioning company after January 1, 2006, shall reduce both the
- 2 company's originating and terminating per minute of use switched
- 3 access rates in each market in accordance with this section.
- 4 (b) On the date the company is classified as a transitioning
- 5 company, the company shall reduce both the company's originating
- 6 and terminating per minute of use switched access rates in each
- 7 market by an amount equal to the lesser of:
- 8 (1) 25 percent of the difference in the company's rates
- 9 in effect on the day before the date the company was classified, and
- 10 the company's respective federal originating and terminating per
- 11 minute of use switched access rates in effect on that date; or
- 12 (2) an amount derived by multiplying that difference
- 13 by a percentage derived by dividing the number of the company's
- 14 markets that are not regulated on the date the company is classified
- as a transitioning company by the total number of the company's
- markets on December 30, 2005.
- 17 (c) On the first anniversary of the date the company is
- 18 classified as a transitioning company, the company shall reduce
- 19 both the company's originating and terminating per minute of use
- 20 switched access rates in each market by an amount equal to the
- 21 <u>lesser of:</u>
- 22 (1) 25 percent of the difference in the company's rates
- 23 <u>in effect on the day before the date the company was classified, and</u>
- 24 the company's respective federal originating and terminating per
- 25 minute of use switched access rates in effect on that date; or
- 26 (2) an amount derived by multiplying that difference
- 27 by a percentage derived by dividing the number of the company's

- 1 markets that were deregulated in the prior 12 months by the total
- 2 number of the company's markets on December 30, 2005.
- 3 (d) On the second anniversary of the date the company is
- 4 classified as a transitioning company, the company shall reduce
- 5 both the company's originating and terminating per minute of use
- 6 switched access rates in each market by an amount equal to the
- 7 <u>lesser of:</u>
- 8 (1) 25 percent of the difference in the company's rates
- 9 in effect on the day before the date the company was classified, and
- 10 the company's respective federal originating and terminating per
- 11 minute of use switched access rates in effect on that date; or
- 12 (2) an amount derived by multiplying that difference
- 13 by a percentage derived by dividing the number of the company's
- 14 markets that were deregulated in the prior 12 months by the total
- 15 number of the company's markets on December 30, 2005.
- (e) On the third anniversary of the date the company is
- 17 classified as a transitioning company and each anniversary
- 18 thereafter, the company shall reduce both the company's originating
- 19 and terminating per minute of use switched access rates in each
- 20 market by an amount derived by multiplying the difference in the
- 21 company's rates in effect on the day before the date the company was
- 22 classified as a transitioning company, and the company's respective
- 23 <u>federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched</u>
- 24 access rates in effect on that date by a percentage derived by
- 25 dividing the number of the company's markets that were deregulated
- in the prior 12 months by the total number of the company's markets
- on December 30, 2005, except that a transitioning company shall be

- 1 required to reduce both the company's originating and terminating
- 2 per minute of use switched access charges to parity with the
- 3 company's respective federal originating and terminating per
- 4 minute of use switched access charges if more than 75 percent of the
- 5 transitioning company's markets are not regulated on July 1 of 2009
- 6 or any succeeding year.
- 7 (f) After reducing the rates under Subsection (e), a
- 8 transitioning company shall maintain parity with the company's
- 9 federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched
- 10 access rates. If the company's federal originating and terminating
- 11 per minute of use switched access rates are changed, the company
- 12 shall change the company's per minute of use switched access rates
- in each market as necessary to re-achieve parity with the company's
- 14 <u>federal originating and terminating per minute of use switched</u>
- 15 <u>access rates.</u>
- 16 Sec. 65.205. MAINTENANCE OF REDUCTION OR PARITY.
- 17 (a) After a deregulated or transitioning company reduces the
- 18 company's rates under this subchapter, the company may not increase
- 19 those rates above the applicable rates prescribed by this
- 20 subchapter.
- 21 (b) If a transitioning company's federal per minute of use
- 22 switched access rates are reduced, the company shall reduce the
- 23 company's per minute of use switched access rates to not more than
- the applicable rates prescribed by this subchapter.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (b), a deregulated
- or transitioning company may decrease the company's per minute of
- 27 use switched access rates to amounts that are less than the

1	applicable rates prescribed by this subchapter.
2	[Sections 65.206-65.250 reserved for expansion]
3	SUBCHAPTER F. LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE
4	Sec. 65.251. OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE. (a) In this subchapter,
5	"committee" means the telecommunications competitiveness
6	legislative oversight committee.
7	(b) The committee is composed of nine members as follows:
8	(1) the chair of the Senate Committee on Business and
9	<pre>Commerce;</pre>
10	(2) the chair of the House Committee on Regulated
11	<pre>Industries;</pre>
12	(3) three members of the senate appointed by the
13	<u>lieutenant governor;</u>
14	(4) three members of the house of representatives
15	appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; and
16	(5) the chief executive of the Office of Public
17	<pre>Utility Counsel.</pre>
18	(c) An appointed member of the committee serves at the
19	pleasure of the appointing official.
20	Sec. 65.252. COMMITTEE DUTIES. (a) The committee shall
21	conduct joint public hearings with the commission at least annually
22	regarding the introduction of full competition to
23	telecommunications services in this state.
24	(b) The commission shall:
25	(1) collect and compile information from all
26	telecommunications providers as necessary to conduct a hearing
27	under this section; and

- 1 (2) maintain the confidentiality of information
- 2 collected under this section that is claimed to be confidential for
- 3 <u>competitive purposes.</u>
- 4 (c) Information that is claimed to be confidential under
- 5 Subsection (b) is exempt from disclosure under Chapter 552,
- 6 Government Code.
- 7 (d) The commission shall provide to the committee
- 8 information regarding rules relating to telecommunications
- 9 deregulation proposed by the commission. The committee may submit
- 10 comments to the commission on those proposed rules.
- 11 (e) The committee shall monitor the effectiveness of
- 12 telecommunications deregulation, including the fairness of rates,
- 13 the quality of service, and the effect of regulation on the normal
- 14 forces of competition.
- 15 (f) The committee may request reports and other information
- from the commission as necessary to carry out this subchapter.
- 17 (g) Not later than November 15 of each even-numbered year,
- 18 the committee shall report to the governor, lieutenant governor,
- 19 and speaker of the house of representatives on the committee's
- 20 activities under this subchapter. The report must include:
- 21 (1) an analysis of any problems caused by
- 22 telecommunications deregulation; and
- 23 (2) recommendations for any legislative action
- 24 necessary to address those problems and to further competition
- 25 within the telecommunications industry.
- SECTION 27. Subtitle C, Title 2, Utilities Code, is amended
- 27 by adding Chapter 66 to read as follows:

- 1 CHAPTER 66. STATE-ISSUED CABLE AND VIDEO FRANCHISE
- 2 Sec. 66.001. FRANCHISING AUTHORITY. The commission shall
- 3 be designated as the franchising authority for a state-issued
- 4 franchise for the provision of cable service or video service.
- 5 Sec. 66.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 6 (1) "Actual incremental cost" means only current
- 7 out-of-pocket expenses for labor, equipment repair, equipment
- 8 replacement, and tax expenses directly associated with the labor or
- 9 the equipment of a service provider that is necessarily and
- 10 directly used to provide what were, under a superseded franchise,
- 11 <u>in-kind</u> services, exclusive of any profit or overhead such as
- depreciation, amortization, or administrative expense.
- 13 (2) "Cable service" is defined as set forth in 47
- 14 U.S.C. Section 522(6).
- 15 (3) "Cable service provider" means a person who
- 16 provides cable service.
- 17 (4) "Communications network" means a component or
- 18 facility that is, wholly or partly, physically located within a
- 19 public right-of-way and that is used to provide video programming,
- 20 <u>cable, voice, or data servi</u>ces.
- 21 <u>(5) "Franchise" means an initial authorization, or</u>
- 22 renewal of an authorization, issued by a franchising authority,
- 23 regardless of whether the authorization is designated as a
- 24 franchise, permit, license, resolution, contract, certificate,
- 25 agreement, or otherwise, that authorizes the construction and
- 26 operation of a cable or video services network in the public
- 27 <u>rights-of-way.</u>

(6)(A) "Gross revenues" means all consideration of any 1 2 kind or nature including without limitation cash, credits, property, and in-kind contributions (services or goods) derived by 3 4 the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority from the operation of the cable service provider's or the video 5 6 service provider's network to provide cable service or video 7 service within the municipality. Gross revenue shall include all consideration paid to the holder of a state-issued certificate of 8 9 franchise authority and its affiliates (to the extent either is acting as a provider of a cable service or video service as 10 authorized by this chapter), which shall include but not be limited 11 to the following: (i) all fees charged to subscribers for any and 12 all cable service or video service provided by the holder of a 13 state-issued certificate of franchise authority; (ii) any fee 14 15 imposed on the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority by this chapter that is passed through and paid by 16 subscribers (including without limitation the franchise fee set 17 forth in this chapter); and (iii) compensation received by the 18 holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority or its 19 affiliates that is derived from the operation of the holder of a 20 21 state-issued certificate of franchise authority's network to provide cable service or video service with respect to commissions 22 that are paid to the holder of a state-issued certificate of 23 24 franchise authority as compensation for promotion or exhibition of any products or services on the holder of a state-issued 25 certificate of franchise authority's network, such as a "home 26 shopping" or a similar channel, subject to Paragraph (B)(v). Gross 27

revenue includes a pro rata portion of all revenue derived by the 1 2 holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority or its affiliates pursuant to compensation arrangements for advertising 3 4 derived from the operation of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's network to provide cable 5 6 service or the video service within a municipality, subject to Paragraph (B)(iii). The allocation shall be based on the number of 7 subscribers in the municipality divided by the total number of 8 subscribers in relation to the relevant regional or national 9 compensation arrangement. Advertising commissions paid to third 10 parties shall not be netted against advertising revenue included in 11 12 gross revenue. Revenue of an affiliate derived from the affiliate's provision of cable service or the video service shall 13 14 be gross revenue to the extent the treatment of such revenue as 15 revenue of the affiliate and not of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority has the effect (whether 16 17 intentional or unintentional) of evading the payment of fees which would otherwise be paid to the municipality. In no event shall 18 revenue of an affiliate be gross revenue to the holder of a 19 state-issued certificate of franchise authority if such revenue is 20 21 otherwise subject to fees to be paid to the municipality. 22 (B) For purposes of this section, "gross revenues" does not include: 23 24 (i) any revenue not actually received, even if billed, such as bad debt; 25 26 (ii) non-cable services or non-video

services revenues received by any affiliate or any other person in

exchange for supplying goods or services used by the holder of a 1 2 state-issued certificate of franchise authority to provide cable 3 service or video service; 4 (iii) refunds, rebates, or discounts made 5 to subscribers, leased access providers, advertisers, or a 6 municipality; 7 (iv) any revenues from services classified as non-cable service or non-video service under federal law 8 including without limitation revenue received 9 from telecommunications services; revenue received from information 10 services (but not excluding cable services or video services); and 11 any other revenues attributed by the holder of a state-issued 12 certificate of franchise authority to non-cable service or 13 non-video service in accordance with Federal Communications 14 15 Commission or commission rules, regulations, standards, or orders; 16 (v) any revenue paid by subscribers to home 17 shopping programmers directly from the sale of merchandise through any home shopping channel offered as part of the cable services or 18 video services, but not excluding any commissions that are paid to 19 the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority as 20 21 compensation for promotion or exhibition of any products or services on the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise 22 authority's network, such as a "home shopping" or a similar 23 24 channel; 25 (vi) the sale of cable services or video services for resale in which the purchaser is required to collect 26

this chapter's fees from the purchaser's customer. Nothing under

1 this chapter is intended to limit state's rights pursuant to 47

2 U.S.C. Section 542(h);

(vii) the provision of cable services or

video services to customers at no charge, as required or allowed by

this chapter, including without limitation the provision of cable

services or video services to public institutions, as required or

permitted in this chapter, including without limitation public

schools or governmental entities, as required or permitted in this

chapter;

chapter;

(viii) any tax of general applicability imposed upon the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority or upon subscribers by a city, state, federal, or any other governmental entity and required to be collected by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority and remitted to the taxing entity (including, but not limited to, sales and use tax, gross receipts tax, excise tax, utility users tax, public service tax, communication taxes, and fees not imposed by this chapter);

(ix) any forgone revenue from the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's provision of free or reduced cost cable services or video services to any person including without limitation employees of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority, to the municipality and other public institutions or other institutions as allowed in this chapter; provided, however, that any forgone revenue which the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority chooses not to receive in exchange for trades, barters,

- 1 services, or other items of value shall be included in gross
- 2 revenue;
- 3 (x) sales of capital assets or sales of
- 4 surplus equipment that is not used by the purchaser to receive cable
- 5 services or video services from the holder of a state-issued
- 6 certificate of franchise authority;
- 7 (xi) directory or Internet advertising
- 8 revenue including, but not limited to, yellow pages, white pages,
- 9 banner advertisement, and electronic publishing; and
- 10 <u>(xii)</u> reimbursement by programmers of
- 11 marketing costs incurred by the holder of a state-issued franchise
- 12 for the introduction of new programming that exceed the actual
- 13 costs.
- 14 (C) For purposes of this definition, a provider's
- 15 network consists solely of the optical spectrum wavelengths,
- 16 bandwidth, or other current or future technological capacity used
- for the transmission of video programming over wireline directly to
- 18 subscribers within the geographic area within the municipality as
- 19 designated by the provider in its franchise.
- 20 (7) "Incumbent cable service provider" means the cable
- 21 <u>service provider serving the largest number of cable subscribers in</u>
- 22 a particular municipal franchise area on September 1, 2005.
- 23 (8) "Public right-of-way" means the area on, below, or
- 24 above a public roadway, highway, street, public sidewalk, alley,
- 25 <u>waterway</u>, or utility easement in which a municipality has an
- 26 <u>interest</u>.
- 27 (9) "Video programming" means programming provided

- by, or generally considered comparable to programming provided by,
- 2 a television broadcast station, as set forth in 47 U.S.C. Section
- 3 522(20).
- 4 (10) "Video service" means video programming services
- 5 provided through wireline facilities located at least in part in
- 6 the public right-of-way without regard to delivery technology,
- 7 including Internet protocol technology. This definition does not
- 8 include any video service provided by a commercial mobile service
- 9 provider as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section 332(d).
- 10 <u>(11) "Video service provider" means a video</u>
- 11 programming distributor that distributes video programming
- 12 services through wireline facilities located at least in part in
- 13 the public right-of-way without regard to delivery technology.
- 14 This term does not include a cable service provider.
- 15 Sec. 66.003. STATE AUTHORIZATION TO PROVIDE CABLE SERVICE
- OR VIDEO SERVICE. (a) An entity or person seeking to provide cable
- 17 service or video service in this state after September 1, 2005,
- 18 <u>shall file an application for a state-issued certificate of</u>
- 19 franchise authority with the commission as required by this
- 20 section. An entity providing cable service or video service under a
- 21 <u>franchise agreement with a municipality is not subject to this</u>
- 22 subsection with respect to such municipality until the franchise
- 23 agreement expires, except as provided by Section 66.004.
- 24 (a-1) The commission shall notify an applicant for a
- 25 state-issued certificate of franchise authority whether the
- 26 <u>applicant's affidavit described by Subsection (b) is complete</u>
- 27 before the 15th business day after the applicant submits the

- 1 <u>affidavit.</u>
- 2 (b) The commission shall issue a certificate of franchise
- 3 authority to offer cable service or video service before the 17th
- 4 business day after receipt of a completed affidavit submitted by
- 5 the applicant and signed by an officer or general partner of the
- 6 applicant affirming:
- 7 (1) that the applicant has filed or will timely file
- 8 with the Federal Communications Commission all forms required by
- 9 that agency in advance of offering cable service or video service in
- 10 this state;
- 11 (2) that the applicant agrees to comply with all
- 12 applicable federal and state statutes and regulations;
- 13 (3) that the applicant agrees to comply with all
- 14 applicable municipal regulations regarding the use and occupation
- of public rights-of-way in the delivery of the cable service or
- 16 video service, including the police powers of the municipalities in
- 17 which the service is delivered;
- 18 (4) a description of the service area footprint to be
- 19 served within the municipality, if applicable, otherwise the
- 20 <u>municipality to be served by the applicant, which may include</u>
- 21 <u>certain designations of unincorporated areas, which description</u>
- 22 shall be updated by the applicant prior to the expansion of cable
- 23 <u>service or video service to a previously undesignated service area</u>
- 24 and, upon such expansion, notice to the commission of the service
- area to be served by the applicant; and
- 26 (5) the location of the applicant's principal place of
- 27 business and the names of the applicant's principal executive

- 1 <u>officers.</u>
- 2 (c) The certificate of franchise authority issued by the
- 3 commission shall contain:
- 4 (1) a grant of authority to provide cable service or
- 5 video service as requested in the application;
- 6 (2) a grant of authority to use and occupy the public
- 7 rights-of-way in the delivery of that service, subject to the laws
- 8 of this state, including the police powers of the municipalities in
- 9 which the service is delivered; and
- 10 (3) a statement that the grant of authority is subject
- 11 to lawful operation of the cable service or video service by the
- 12 applicant or its successor in interest.
- 13 (d) The certificate of franchise authority issued by the
- 14 commission is fully transferable to any successor in interest to
- 15 the applicant to which it is initially granted. A notice of
- 16 transfer shall be filed with the commission and the relevant
- 17 municipality within 14 business days of the completion of such
- 18 transfer.
- 19 (e) The certificate of franchise authority issued by the
- 20 commission may be terminated by the cable service provider or video
- 21 service provider by submitting notice to the commission.
- Sec. 66.004. ELIGIBILITY FOR COMMISSION-ISSUED FRANCHISE.
- 23 (a) A cable service provider or a video service provider that
- 24 currently has or had previously received a franchise to provide
- 25 cable service or video service with respect to such municipalities
- 26 is not eligible to seek a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 27 authority under this chapter as to those municipalities until the

- 1 expiration date of the existing franchise agreement, except as
 2 provided by Subsections (b) and (c).
- (b) Beginning September 1, 2005, a cable service provider or video service provider that is not the incumbent cable service provider and serves fewer than 40 percent of the total cable customers in a particular municipal franchise area may elect to terminate that municipal franchise and seek a state-issued certificate of franchise authority by providing written notice to the commission and the affected municipality before January 1, 2006. The municipal franchise is terminated on the date the commission issues the state-issued certificate of franchise authority.

- (c) A cable service provider that serves fewer than 40 percent of the total cable customers in a municipal franchise area and that elects under Subsection (b) to terminate an existing municipal franchise is responsible for remitting to the affected municipality before the 91st day after the date the municipal franchise is terminated any accrued but unpaid franchise fees due under the terminated franchise. If the cable service provider has credit remaining from prepaid franchise fees, the provider may deduct the amount of the remaining credit from any future fees or taxes it must pay to the municipality, either directly or through the comptroller.
- (d) For purposes of this section, a cable service provider or video service provider will be deemed to have or have had a franchise to provide cable service or video service in a specific municipality if any affiliates or successor entity of the cable or

- video provider has or had a franchise agreement granted by that specific municipality.
- (e) The terms "affiliates or successor entity" in this section shall include but not be limited to any entity receiving, obtaining, or operating under a municipal cable or video franchise through merger, sale, assignment, restructuring, or any other type of transaction.

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(f) Except as provided in this chapter, nothing in this chapter is intended to abrogate, nullify, or adversely affect in any way the contractual rights, duties, and obligations existing and incurred by a cable service provider or a video service provider before the enactment of this chapter, and owed or owing to any private person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity including without limitation those obligations measured by and related to the gross revenue hereafter received by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority for services provided in the geographic area to which such prior franchise or permit applies. All liens, security interests, royalties, and other contracts, rights, and interests in effect on September 1, 2005, shall continue in full force and effect, without the necessity for renewal, extension, or continuance, and shall be paid and performed by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority, and shall apply as though the revenue generated by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority continued to be generated pursuant to the permit or franchise issued by the prior local franchising authority or municipality within the geographic area to which the prior permit

or franchise applies. It shall be a condition to the issuance and continuance of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority that the private contractual rights and obligations herein described continue to be honored, paid, or performed to the same extent as though the cable service provider continued to operate under its prior franchise or permit, for the duration of such state-issued certificate of franchise authority and any renewals or extensions thereof, and that the applicant so agrees. Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity holding or claiming rights herein reserved may enforce same by an action brought in a court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 66.005. FRANCHISE FEE. (a) The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall pay each municipality in which it provides cable service or video service a franchise fee of five percent based upon the definition of gross revenues as set forth in this chapter. That same franchise fee structure shall apply to any unincorporated areas that are annexed by a municipality after the effective date of the state-issued certificate of franchise authority.

(b) The franchise fee payable under this section is to be paid quarterly, within 45 days after the end of the quarter for the preceding calendar quarter. Each payment shall be accompanied by a summary explaining the basis for the calculation of the fee. A municipality may review the business records of the cable service provider or video service provider to the extent necessary to ensure compensation in accordance with Subsection (a). Each party shall bear the party's own costs of the examination. A municipality

- may, in the event of a dispute concerning compensation under this 1
- 2 section, bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 3 (c) The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 4 authority may recover from the provider's customers any fee imposed
- 5 by this chapter.
- 6 Sec. 66.006. IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS TO MUNICIPALITY.
- 7 (a) Until the expiration of the incumbent cable service provider's
- 8 agreement, the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 9 authority shall pay a municipality in which it is offering cable
- service or video service the same cash payments on a per subscriber 10
- basis as required by the incumbent cable service provider's 11
- franchise agreement. The holder of a state-issued certificate of
- franchise authority shall report quarterly to the municipality the 13
- 14 total number of subscribers served within the municipality. The
- 15 amount paid by the holder of a state-issued certificate of
- franchise authority shall be calculated quarterly by the 16
- 17 municipality by multiplying the amount of cash payment under the
- incumbent cable service provider's franchise agreement by a number 18
- derived by dividing the number of subscribers served by a video 19
- service provider or cable service provider by the total number of 20
- 21 video or cable service subscribers in the municipality. Such pro
- rata payments are to be paid quarterly to the municipality within 45 22
- days after the end of the quarter for the preceding calendar 23
- 24 quarter.

- 25 (b) On the expiration of the incumbent cable service
- 26 provider's agreement, the holder of a state-issued certificate of
- franchise authority shall pay a municipality in which it is 27

- 1 offering cable service or video service one percent of the
- 2 provider's gross revenues, as defined by this chapter, or at the
- 3 municipality's election, the per subscriber fee that was paid to
- 4 the municipality under the expired incumbent cable service
- 5 provider's agreement, in lieu of in-kind compensation and grants.
- 6 Payments under this subsection shall be paid in the same manner as
- 7 <u>outlined in Section 66.005(b).</u>
- 8 (c) All fees paid to municipalities under this section are
- 9 paid in accordance with 47 U.S.C. Sections 531 and 541(a)(4)(B) and
- 10 may be used by the municipality as allowed by federal law; further,
- 11 these payments are not chargeable as a credit against the franchise
- 12 fee payments authorized under this chapter.
- 13 (d) The following services shall continue to be provided by
- 14 the cable provider that was furnishing services pursuant to its
- municipal cable franchise until January 1, 2008, or until the term
- of the franchise was to expire, whichever is later:
- 17 (1) institutional network capacity, however defined
- 18 or referred to in the municipal cable franchise but generally
- 19 referring to a private line data network capacity for use by the
- 20 municipality for noncommercial purposes, shall continue to be
- 21 provided at the same capacity as was provided to the municipality
- 22 prior to the date of the termination, provided that the
- 23 municipality will compensate the provider for the actual
- 24 incremental cost of the capacity; and
- 25 (2) cable services to community public buildings, such
- 26 as municipal buildings and public schools, shall continue to be
- 27 provided to the same extent provided immediately prior to the date

- of the termination until January 1, 2008, after which a provider that provides the services may deduct from the franchise fee to be paid to the municipality an amount equal to the actual incremental
- 4 cost of the services if the municipality requires the services
- 5 after that date. Such cable service generally refers to the
- 6 existing cable drop connections to such facilities and the tier of
- 7 cable service provided pursuant to the franchise at the time of the
- 8 termination.
- 9 Sec. 66.007. BUILD-OUT. The holder of a state-issued
- 10 certificate of franchise authority shall not be required to comply
- 11 with mandatory build-out provisions.
- 12 Sec. 66.008. CUSTOMER SERVICE STANDARDS. The holder of a
- 13 state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall comply with
- 14 customer service requirements consistent with 47 C.F.R. Section
- 15 76.309(c) until there are two or more providers offering service,
- 16 <u>excluding direct-to-home satellite service</u>, in the relevant
- 17 municipality.
- Sec. 66.009. PUBLIC, EDUCATIONAL, AND GOVERNMENTAL ACCESS
- 19 CHANNELS. (a) Not later than 120 days after a request by a
- 20 municipality, the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 21 <u>authority</u> shall provide the municipality with capacity in its
- 22 communications network to allow public, educational, and
- 23 governmental (PEG) access channels for noncommercial programming.
- 24 (b) The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 25 authority shall provide no fewer than the number of PEG access
- 26 channels a municipality has activated under the incumbent cable
- 27 service provider's franchise agreement as of September 1, 2005.

- 1 (c) If a municipality did not have PEG access channels as of
- 2 September 1, 2005, the cable service provider or video service
- 3 provider shall furnish:
- 4 (1) up to three PEG channels for a municipality with a
- 5 population of at least 50,000; and
- 6 (2) up to two PEG channels for a municipality with a
- 7 population of less than 50,000.
- 8 (d) Any PEG channel provided pursuant to this section that
- 9 is not utilized by the municipality for at least eight hours a day
- shall no longer be made available to the municipality, but may be
- 11 programmed at the cable service provider's or video service
- 12 provider's discretion. At such time as the municipality can
- 13 certify to the cable service provider or video service provider a
- schedule for at least eight hours of daily programming, the cable
- 15 service provider or video service provider shall restore the
- 16 previously lost channel but shall be under no obligation to carry
- 17 that channel on a basic or analog tier.
- (e) In the event a municipality has not utilized the minimum
- 19 number of access channels as permitted by Subsection (c), access to
- 20 the additional channel capacity allowed in Subsection (c) shall be
- 21 provided upon 90 days' written notice if the municipality meets the
- 22 following standard: if a municipality has one active PEG channel
- 23 and wishes to activate an additional PEG channel, the initial
- channel shall be considered to be substantially utilized when 12
- 25 hours are programmed on that channel each calendar day. In
- 26 addition, at least 40 percent of the 12 hours of programming for
- 27 each business day on average over each calendar quarter must be

nonrepeat programming. Nonrepeat programming shall include the first three video-castings of a program. If a municipality is entitled to three PEG channels under Subsection (c) and has in service two active PEG channels, each of the two active channels shall be considered to be substantially utilized when 12 hours are programmed on each channel each calendar day and at least 50 percent of the 12 hours of programming for each business day on average over each calendar quarter is nonrepeat programming for three consecutive calendar quarters.

- (f) The operation of any PEG access channel provided pursuant to this section shall be the responsibility of the municipality receiving the benefit of such channel, and the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority bears only the responsibility for the transmission of such channel. The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall be responsible for providing the connectivity to each PEG access channel distribution point up to the first 200 feet.
- (g) The municipality must ensure that all transmissions, content, or programming to be transmitted over a channel or facility by a holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority are provided or submitted to the cable service provider or video service provider in a manner or form that is capable of being accepted and transmitted by a provider, without requirement for additional alteration or change in the content by the provider, over the particular network of the cable service provider or video service provider, which is compatible with the technology or protocol utilized by the cable service provider or video service

1 provider to deliver services.

interconnection of PEG channels.

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- 2 (h) Where technically feasible, the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority and an incumbent 3 4 cable service provider shall use reasonable efforts to interconnect their cable or video systems for the purpose of providing PEG 5 6 programming. Interconnection may be accomplished by direct cable, microwave link, satellite, or other reasonable method of 7 connection. Holders of a state-issued certificate of franchise 8 9 authority and incumbent cable service providers shall negotiate in good faith and incumbent cable service providers may not withhold 10
- (i) A court of competent jurisdiction shall have exclusive jurisdiction to enforce any requirement under this section.
 - Sec. 66.010. NONDISCRIMINATION BY MUNICIPALITY. (a) A municipality shall allow the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority to install, construct, and maintain a communications network within a public right-of-way and shall provide the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority with open, comparable, nondiscriminatory, and competitively neutral access to the public right-of-way. All use of a public right-of-way by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority is nonexclusive and subject to Section 66.011.
- 24 (b) A municipality may not discriminate against the holder 25 of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority regarding:
- 26 (1) the authorization or placement of a communications 27 network in a public right-of-way;

1 (2) access to a building; or

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- 2 (3) a municipal utility pole attachment term.
- Sec. 66.011. MUNICIPAL POLICE POWER; OTHER AUTHORITY. 3 4 (a) A municipality may enforce police power-based regulations in the management of a public right-of-way that apply to the holder of 5 6 a state-issued certificate of franchise authority within the municipality. A municipality may enforce police power-based 7 regulations in the management of the activities of the holder of a 8 9 state-issued certificate of franchise authority to the extent that they are reasonably necessary to protect the health, safety, and 10 welfare of the public. Police power-based regulation of the holder 11 of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's use of the 12 public right-of-way must be competitively neutral and may not be 13 unreasonable or <u>discriminatory</u>. A municipality may not impose on 14 activiti<u>es of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise</u> 15 16 authority a requirement:
- 17 (1) that particular business offices be located in the municipality;
 - (2) regarding the filing of reports and documents with the municipality that are not required by state or federal law and that are not related to the use of the public right-of-way except that a municipality may request maps and records maintained in the ordinary course of business for purposes of locating the portions of a communications network that occupy public rights-of-way. Any maps or records of the location of a communications network received by a municipality shall be confidential and exempt from disclosure under Chapter 552, Government Code, and may be used by a

- 1 municipality only for the purpose of planning and managing
- 2 construction activity in the public right-of-way. A municipality
- 3 may not request information concerning the capacity or technical
- 4 configuration of the holder of a state-issued certificate of
- 5 franchise authority's facilities;
- 6 (3) for the inspection of the holder of a state-issued
- 7 certificate of franchise authority's business records except to
- 8 extent permitted under Section 66.005(b);
- 9 (4) for the approval of transfers of ownership or
- 10 control of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 11 authority's business, except that a municipality may require that
- 12 the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority
- maintain a current point of contact and provide notice of a transfer
- 14 within a reasonable time; or
- 15 <u>(5) that the holder of a state-issued certificate of</u>
- 16 franchise authority that is self-insured under the provisions of
- 17 state law obtain insurance or bonding for any activities within the
- 18 municipality, except that a self-insured provider shall provide
- 19 substantially the same defense and claims processing as an insured
- 20 provider. A bond may not be required from a provider for any work
- 21 consisting of aerial construction except that a reasonable bond may
- 22 be required of a provider that cannot demonstrate a record of at
- 23 <u>least four years' performance of work in any municipal public</u>
- 24 right-of-way free of currently unsatisfied claims by a municipality
- 25 for damage to the right-of-way.
- 26 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, a municipality may
- 27 require the issuance of a construction permit, without cost, to the

- 1 holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority that is
- 2 locating facilities in or on a public right-of-way in the
- 3 municipality. The terms of the permit shall be consistent with
- 4 construction permits issued to other persons excavating in a public
- 5 right-of-way.
- 6 (c) In the exercise of its lawful regulatory authority, a
- 7 municipality shall promptly process all valid and administratively
- 8 <u>complete applications of the holder of a state-issued certificate</u>
- 9 of franchise authority for a permit, license, or consent to
- 10 <u>excavate</u>, set poles, locate lines, construct facilities, make
- 11 repairs, affect traffic flow, or obtain zoning or subdivision
- 12 regulation approvals or other similar approvals. A municipality
- shall make every reasonable effort not to delay or unduly burden the
- 14 provider in the timely conduct of the provider's business.
- 15 (d) If there is an emergency necessitating response work or
- 16 repair, the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 17 authority may begin the repair or emergency response work or take
- 18 any action required under the circumstances without prior approval
- 19 from the affected municipality, if the holder of a state-issued
- 20 certificate of franchise authority notifies the municipality as
- 21 promptly as possible after beginning the work and later obtains any
- 22 approval required by a municipal ordinance applicable to emergency
- 23 <u>response work.</u>
- 24 (e) The commission shall have no jurisdiction to review such
- 25 police power-based regulations and ordinances adopted by a
- 26 municipality to manage the public rights-of-way.
- Sec. 66.012. INDEMNITY IN CONNECTION WITH RIGHT-OF-WAY;

NOTICE OF LIABILITY. (a) The holder of a state-issued certificate 1 2 of franchise authority shall indemnify and hold a municipality and its officers and employees harmless against any and all claims, 3 4 lawsuits, judgments, costs, liens, losses, expenses, fees (including reasonable attorney's fees and costs of defense), 5 6 proceedings, actions, demands, causes of action, liability, and suits of any kind and nature, including personal or bodily injury 7 (including death), property damage, or other harm for which 8 recovery of damages is sought, that is found by a court of competent 9 jurisdiction to be caused solely by the negligent act, error, or 10 omission of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise 11 12 authority or any agent, officer, director, representative, employee, affiliate, or subcontractor of the holder of a 13 state-issued certificate of franchise authority or their 14 15 respective officers, agents, employees, directors, or representatives, while installing, repairing, or maintaining 16 17 facilities in a public right-of-way. The indemnity provided by this subsection does not apply to any liability resulting from the 18 negligence of the municipality or its officers, employees, 19 contractors, or subcontractors. If the holder of a state-issued 20 21 certificate of franchise authority and the municipality are found jointly liable by a court of competent jurisdiction, liability 22 shall be apportioned comparatively in accordance with the laws of 23 this state without, however, waiving any governmental immunity 24 available to the municipality under state law and without waiving 25 26 any defenses of the parties under state law. This subsection is solely for the benefit of the municipality and the holder of a 27

- 1 state-issued certificate of franchise authority and does not create
- 2 or grant any rights, contractual or otherwise, for or to any other
- 3 person or entity.
- 4 (b) The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 5 authority and a municipality shall promptly advise the other in
- 6 writing of any known claim or demand against the holder of a
- 7 state-issued certificate of franchise authority or the
- 8 municipality related to or arising out of the holder of a
- 9 state-issued certificate of franchise authority's activities in a
- 10 public right-of-way.
- 11 (c) The commission shall have no jurisdiction to review such
- 12 police power-based regulations and ordinances adopted by a
- municipality to manage the public rights-of-way.
- Sec. 66.013. MUNICIPAL AUTHORITY. In addition to a
- 15 <u>municipality's authority to exercise its nondiscriminatory police</u>
- 16 power with respect to public rights-of-way under current law, a
- 17 municipality's authority to regulate the holder of state-issued
- 18 certificate of franchise authority is limited to:
- 19 (1) a requirement that the holder of a state-issued
- 20 certificate of franchise authority who is providing cable service
- 21 or video service within the municipality register with the
- 22 municipality and maintain a point of contact;
- 23 (2) the establishment of reasonable guidelines
- 24 regarding the use of public, educational, and governmental access
- channels; and
- 26 (3) submitting reports within 30 days on the customer
- 27 service standards referenced in Section 66.008 if the provider is

- 1 subject to those standards and has continued and unresolved
- 2 customer service complaints indicating a clear failure on the part
- 3 of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority
- 4 to comply with the standards.
- 5 Sec. 66.014. DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED. (a) The purpose
- 6 of this section is to prevent discrimination among potential
- 7 <u>residential subscribers.</u>
- 8 (b) A cable service provider or video service provider that
- 9 has been granted a state-issued certificate of franchise authority
- 10 may not deny access to service to any group of potential residential
- 11 subscribers because of the income of the residents in the local area
- in which such group resides.
- 13 (c) An affected person may seek enforcement of the
- 14 requirements described by Subsection (b) by initiating a proceeding
- 15 with the commission. A municipality within which the potential
- 16 <u>residential cable service or video service subscribers referenced</u>
- in Subsection (b) may be considered an affected person for purposes
- 18 of this section.
- 19 (d) The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
- 20 authority shall have a reasonable period of time to become capable
- 21 of providing cable service or video service to all households
- 22 within the designated franchise area as defined in Section
- 23 <u>66.003(b)(4)</u> and may satisfy the requirements of this section
- 24 through the use of an alternative technology that provides
- comparable content, service, and functionality.
- (e) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, the
- 27 commission has the authority to make the determination regarding

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- 1 the comparability of the technology and the service provided.
- 2 Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, the commission has
- 3 the authority to monitor the deployment of cable services, video
- 4 services, or alternate technology.
- 5 Sec. 66.015. COMPLIANCE. (a) Should the holder of a
- 6 state-issued certificate of franchise authority be found by a court
- 7 of competent jurisdiction to be in noncompliance with the
- 8 requirements of this chapter, the court shall order the holder a
- 9 state-issued certificate of franchise authority, within a
- 10 specified reasonable period of time, to cure such noncompliance.
- 11 Failure to comply shall subject the holder of the state-issued
- 12 franchise of franchise authority to penalties as the court shall
- 13 reasonably impose, up to and including revocation of the
- 14 state-issued certificate of franchise authority granted under this
- 15 chapter.
- 16 (b) A municipality within which the provider offers cable
- 17 service or video service shall be an appropriate party in any such
- 18 litigation.
- 19 Sec. 66.016. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS. (a) Nothing in
- 20 this chapter shall be interpreted to prevent a voice provider,
- 21 <u>cable service provider or video service provider, or municipality</u>
- 22 from seeking clarification of its rights and obligations under
- 23 <u>federal law or to exercise any right or authority under federal or</u>
- 24 state law.
- 25 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall limit the ability of a
- 26 municipality under existing law to receive compensation for use of
- 27 the public rights-of-way from entities determined not to be subject

- 1 to all or part of this chapter, including but not limited to
- 2 provider of Internet protocol cable or video services, unless such
- 3 payments are expressly prohibited by federal law.
- 4 Sec. 66.017. STUDY. (a) The telecommunications
- 5 competitiveness legislative oversight committee shall conduct a
- 6 joint interim study with the commission regarding the following:
- 7 (1) appropriate alternative forms of competitively
- 8 neutral compensation methodology that should flow to
- 9 municipalities from all sources related to the provision of
- 10 information services, telecommunication services, cable services,
- 11 and video services;
- 12 (2) right-of-way access and fees;
- 13 (3) the transition from local franchise authority to
- 14 state-issued authority, including methods to maintain current
- 15 municipal revenue streams, including franchise fees and in-kind
- 16 contributions; continuation of public, educational, and
- 17 governmental access channels; and build-out requirements; and
- 18 (4) other relevant issues.
- 19 (b) The committee shall report its findings to the
- 20 lieutenant governor and speaker of the House of Representatives no
- 21 later than December 31, 2006.
- (c) This section expires January 1, 2007.
- 23 SECTION 28. Section 283.002, Local Government Code, is
- 24 amended by amending Subdivision (2) and adding Subdivision (7) to
- 25 read as follows:
- 26 (2) "Certificated telecommunications provider" means
- 27 a person who has been issued a certificate of convenience and

- 1 necessity, certificate of operating authority, or service provider
- 2 certificate of operating authority by the commission to offer local
- 3 exchange telephone service or a person who provides voice service.
- 4 (7) "Voice service" means voice communications
- 5 services provided through wireline facilities located at least in
- 6 part in the public right-of-way, without regard to the delivery
- 7 technology, including Internet protocol technology. The term does
- 8 not include voice service provided by a commercial mobile service
- 9 provider as defined by 47 U.S.C. Section 332(d).
- 10 SECTION 29. The following provisions of the Utilities Code
- 11 are repealed:
- 12 (1) Subchapters B through F, Chapter 62; and
- 13 (2) Chapters 61 and 63.
- 14 SECTION 30. The Public Utility Commission of Texas shall
- 15 conduct a study to determine whether Title 2, Utilities Code,
- 16 adequately preserves customer choice in the Internet-enabled
- 17 applications employed in association with broadband service and
- shall report its conclusions and recommendations to the legislature
- 19 not later than January 1, 2007. The study must include
- 20 consultation with and comment from all interested parties.
- 21 SECTION 31. If any provision of this Act or its application
- 22 to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does
- 23 not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be
- 24 given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to
- 25 this end the provisions of this Act are declared to be severable.
- SECTION 32. This Act takes effect September 1, 2005, if it
- 27 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each

- 1 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution.
- 2 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for effect on that
- 3 date, this Act takes effect on the 91st day after the last day of the
- 4 legislative session.