Amend HB 1763 by adding the following sections and renumber accordingly:

SECTION ____. Section 16.053, Water Code, is amended by amending Subsection (e) and (p) and adding Subsections (p-1), (p-2), (p-3) and (p-4) to read as follows:

- (e) Each regional water planning group shall submit to the development board a regional water plan that:
- (1) is consistent with the guidance principles for the state water plan adopted by the <u>development</u> board under Section 16.051(d);
- (2) provides information based on data provided or approved by the <u>development</u> board in a format consistent with the guidelines provided by the development board under Subsection (d);

(3) identifies:

- (A) each source of water supply in the regional water planning area, including information supplied by the executive administrator on the amount of managed available groundwater in accordance with the guidelines provided by the development board under Subsections (d) and (f);
- (B) factors specific to each source of water supply to be considered in determining whether to initiate a drought response; and
 - (C) actions to be taken as part of the response;
- (4) has specific provisions for water management strategies to be used during a drought of record;
- (5) includes but is not limited to consideration of the following:
- (A) any existing water or drought planning efforts addressing all or a portion of the region;
- (B) <u>approved</u> <u>certified</u> groundwater conservation district management plans and other plans submitted under Section 16.054;
- (C) all potentially feasible water management strategies, including but not limited to improved conservation, reuse, and management of existing water supplies, conjunctive use, acquisition of available existing water supplies, and development of new water supplies;

- (D) protection of existing water rights in the region;
- (E) opportunities for and the benefits of developing regional water supply facilities or providing regional management of water supply facilities;
- (F) appropriate provision for environmental water needs and for the effect of upstream development on the bays, estuaries, and arms of the Gulf of Mexico and the effect of plans on navigation;
- (G) provisions in Section 11.085(k)(1) if interbasin transfers are contemplated;
- (H) voluntary transfer of water within the region using, but not limited to, regional water banks, sales, leases, options, subordination agreements, and financing agreements; and
- (I) emergency transfer of water under Section 11.139, including information on the part of each permit, certified filing, or certificate of adjudication for nonmunicipal use in the region that may be transferred without causing unreasonable damage to the property of the nonmunicipal water rights holder;
- (6) identifies river and stream segments of unique ecological value and sites of unique value for the construction of reservoirs that the regional water planning group recommends for protection under Section 16.051;
- (7) assesses the impact of the plan on unique river and stream segments identified in Subdivision (6) if the regional water planning group or the legislature determines that a site of unique ecological value exists; and
- (8) describes the impact of proposed water projects on water quality.
- (p) If a groundwater conservation district files a petition with the <u>development</u> board stating that a conflict requiring resolution may exist between the district's <u>approved</u> <u>certified</u> <u>groundwater conservation district</u> management plan developed under Section 36.1071 and <u>an</u> <u>the</u> approved <u>state</u> <u>regional</u> water plan, the <u>development</u> board shall <u>provide technical assistance to and facilitate coordination between the district and the involved region to resolve the conflict. <u>Not later than the 45th day after</u></u>

the date the groundwater conservation district files a petition with the development board, if the conflict has not been resolved, the district and the involved region shall mediate the conflict. The district and the involved region may seek the assistance of the Center for Public Policy Dispute Resolution at The University of Texas School of Law or an alternative dispute resolution system established under Chapter 152, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, in obtaining a qualified impartial third party to mediate the conflict. The cost of the mediation services must be specified in the agreement between the parties and the Center for Public Policy Dispute Resolution or the alternative dispute resolution system. If the district and the involved region cannot resolve the conflict remains, the development board shall resolve through mediation the conflict not later than the 60th day after the date the mediation is completed as provided by Subsections (p-1) and (p-2).

(p-1) If the <u>development</u> board determines that resolution of <u>the</u> conflict requires a revision of an approved regional water plan, the <u>development</u> board shall suspend the approval of that plan and provide information to the regional water planning group. The regional water planning group shall prepare any revisions to its plan specified by the <u>development</u> board and shall hold, after notice, at least one public hearing at some central location within the regional water planning area. The regional water planning group shall consider all public and <u>development</u> board comments, prepare, revise, and adopt its plan, and submit the revised plan to the <u>development</u> board for approval and inclusion in the state water plan.

(p-2) If the <u>development</u> board determines that resolution of <u>the</u> conflict requires a revision of the district's <u>approved</u> certified groundwater conservation district management plan, the <u>development</u> board shall <u>suspend the certification of that plan and</u> provide information to the district. The groundwater district shall prepare any revisions to its plan <u>based on the information provided</u> specified by the <u>development</u> board and shall hold, after notice, at least one public hearing at some central location within the district. The groundwater district shall consider all public and <u>development</u> board comments, prepare, revise, and adopt its

plan, and submit the revised plan to the <u>development</u> board for certification.

- (p-3) If the groundwater conservation district disagrees with the decision of the development board under Subsection (p), the district may appeal the decision to a district court in Travis County. Costs for the appeal shall be set by the court hearing the appeal. An appeal under this subsection is by trial de novo.
- (p-4) On the request of the involved region or groundwater conservation district, the <u>development</u> board shall include discussion of the conflict and its resolution in the state water plan that the <u>development</u> board provides to the governor, the lieutenant governor, and the speaker of the house of representatives under Section 16.051(e).

SECTION ____. Section 36.001, Water Code, is amended by striking Subdivision (17) amending and adding Subdivisions (4-a) and (24) through (29) to read as follows:

- (4-a) "Federal conservation program" means the Conservation Reserve Program of the United States Department of Agriculture.
- (17) "Applicant" means a newly confirmed district applying for a loan from the loan fund.
- (24) "Total aquifer storage" means the total calculated volume of groundwater that an aquifer is capable of producing.
- (25) "Managed available groundwater" means the amount of water that may be permitted by a district for beneficial use in accordance with the desired future condition of the aquifer as determined under Section 36.108.
- (26) "Recharge" means the amount of water that infiltrates to the water table of an aquifer.
- (27) "Inflows" means the amount of water that flows into an aquifer from another formation.
- (28) "Discharge" means the amount of water that leaves an aquifer by natural or artificial means.
- (29) "Evidence of historic or existing use" means evidence that is material and relevant to a determination of the amount of groundwater beneficially used without waste by a permit

applicant during the relevant time period set by district rule that regulates groundwater based on historic use. Evidence in the form of oral or written testimony shall be subject to cross-examination. The Texas Rules of Evidence govern the admissibility and introduction of evidence of historic or existing use, except that evidence not admissible under the Texas Rules of Evidence may be admitted if it is of the type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of their affairs.

SECTION ____. Subsections (a), (b), and (d) through (h), Section 36.1071, Water Code, are amended to read as follows:

- (a) Following notice and hearing, the district shall, in coordination with surface water management entities on a regional basis, develop a comprehensive management plan which addresses the following management goals, as applicable:
 - (1) providing the most efficient use of groundwater;
 - (2) controlling and preventing waste of groundwater;
 - (3) controlling and preventing subsidence;
- (4) addressing conjunctive surface water management issues;
 - (5) addressing natural resource issues;
 - (6) addressing drought conditions; and
- (7) addressing conservation, recharge enhancement, rainwater harvesting, precipitation enhancement, or brush control, where appropriate and cost-effective; and
- (8) addressing in a quantitative manner the desired future conditions of the groundwater resources;
- (b) After January 5, 2002, a \underline{A} district management plan, or any amendments to a district management plan, shall be developed by the district using the district's best available data and forwarded to the regional water planning group for \underline{use} $\underline{consideration}$ in their planning process.
- (d) The commission shall provide technical assistance to a district during its initial operational phase. If requested by a district, the Texas Water Development Board shall train the district on basic data collection methodology and provide technical assistance to districts as provided by Section 16.0122.
 - (e) In the management plan described under Subsection (a),

the district shall:

- (1) identify the performance standards and management objectives under which the district will operate to achieve the management goals identified under Subsection (a);
- (2) specify, in as much detail as possible, the actions, procedures, performance, and avoidance that are or may be necessary to effect the plan, including specifications and proposed rules;
 - (3) include estimates of the following:
- (A) <u>managed available</u> the existing total usable amount of groundwater in the district <u>based on the desired</u> future condition established under Section 36.108;
- (B) the amount of groundwater being used within the district on an annual basis;
- (C) the annual amount of recharge <u>from</u> <u>precipitation</u>, if any, to the groundwater resources within the district and how natural or artificial recharge may be increased; and
- (D) <u>for each aquifer</u>, the <u>annual volume of water</u> that discharges from the aquifer to springs and any surface water bodies, including lakes, streams, and rivers;
- (E) the annual volume of flow into and out of the district within each aquifer and between aquifers in the district, if a groundwater availability model is available;
- (F) the projected surface water supply in the district according to the most recently adopted state water plan; and
- (G) the projected total demand for water in the district according to the most recently adopted state water plan projected water supply and demand for water within the district; and
- (4) consider the address water supply needs and water management strategies included in a manner that is not in conflict with the adopted state appropriate approved regional water plan if a regional water plan has been approved under Section 16.053.
- (f) The district shall adopt rules necessary to implement the management plan. Prior to the development of the management

plan and its approval under Section 36.1072, the district may not adopt rules other than rules pertaining to the registration and interim permitting of new and existing wells and rules governing spacing and procedure before the district's board; however, the district may not adopt any rules limiting the production of wells, except rules requiring that groundwater produced from a well be put to a non-wasteful, beneficial use a district may accept applications for permits under Section 36.113, provided the district does not act on any such application until the district's management plan is approved as provided in Section 36.1072.

- (g) The <u>district</u> board shall adopt amendments to the management plan as necessary. Amendments to the management plan shall be adopted after notice and hearing and shall otherwise comply with the requirements of this section.
- (h) In developing its management plan, the district shall use the groundwater availability modeling information provided by the executive administrator together in conjunction with any available site-specific information that has been provided by the district to the executive administrator for review and comment before being used in the plan [and acceptable to the executive administrator.

SECTION ____. Section 36.1072, Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

- APPROVAL CERTIFICATION OF MANAGEMENT PLAN. (a) A district shall, not later than three two years after the creation of the district or, if the district required confirmation, after the election confirming the district's creation, submit the management plan required under Section 36.1071 to the executive administrator for review and approval certification.
- (b) Within 60 days of receipt of a management plan adopted under Section 36.1071, readopted under Subsection (e) or (g) of this section, or amended under Section 36.1073, the executive administrator shall approve certify a management plan if the plan is administratively complete. A management plan is administratively complete when it contains the information required to be submitted under Section 36.1071(a) and (e).

The executive administrator may determine $\underline{\text{whether}}$ that conditions justify waiver of the requirements under Section 36.1071(e)(4).

- (c) Once the executive administrator has approved a determination that a management plan is administratively complete has been made:
- (1) the executive administrator may not revoke <u>but may</u>

 <u>suspend</u> the <u>approval as provided by Subsection (g)</u> <u>determination</u>

 <u>that a management plan is administratively complete;</u> and
- (2) the executive administrator may request additional information from the district if the information is necessary to clarify, modify, or supplement previously submitted material, but; and
- (3) a request for additional information does not render the management plan <u>unapproved</u> <u>incomplete</u>.
- (d) A management plan takes effect on <u>approval</u> certification by the executive administrator or, if appealed, on <u>approval</u> certification by the Texas Water Development Board.
- (e) The <u>district</u> board may review the plan annually and must review and readopt the plan with or without revisions at least once every five years. <u>The district shall provide the readopted plan to the executive administrator not later than the 60th day after the date on which the plan was readopted. Approval of the preceding management plan remains in effect until:</u>
- (1) the district fails to timely readopt a management plan;
- (2) the district fails to timely submit the district's readopted management plan to the executive administrator; or
- (3) the executive administrator determines that the readopted management plan does not meet the requirements for approval, and the district has exhausted all appeals to the Texas Water Development Board or appropriate court.
- certify the management plan, the executive administrator shall provide to the district, in writing, the reasons for the action. Not later than the 180th day after the date a district receives notice that its management plan has not been approved certified,

the district may submit a revised management plan for review and approval certification. The executive administrator's decision Water Development Board decides not to approve the management plan on appeal, the district may request that the conflict be mediated. The district and the board may seek the assistance of the Center for Public Policy Dispute Resolution at The University of Texas School of Law or an alternative dispute resolution system established under Chapter 152, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, in obtaining a qualified impartial third party to mediate the conflict. The cost of the mediation services must be specified in the agreement between the parties and the Center for Public Policy Dispute Resolution or the alternative dispute resolution system. If the parties do not resolve the conflict through mediation, the The decision of the Texas Water Development Board not on whether to certify the management plan may not be appealed to a approve district court in Travis County. Costs for the appeal shall be set by the court hearing the appeal. An appeal under this subsection is by trial de novo. The commission shall not take enforcement action against a district under Subchapter I until the later of the expiration of the 180-day period, or the date the Texas Water Development Board has taken final action withholding approval certification of a revised management plan, the date the mediation is completed, or the date a final judgment upholding the board's decision is entered by a district court. An enforcement action may not be taken against a district by the commission or the state auditor under Subchapter I because the district's management plan and the approved regional water plan are in conflict while the parties are attempting to resolve the conflict before the development board, in mediation, or in court. Rules of the district continue in full force and effect until all appeals under this subsection have been exhausted and the final judgment is adverse to the district.

(g) In this subsection, "development board" means the Texas Water Development Board. A person with a legally defined interest in groundwater in a district or the regional water planning group may file a petition with the development board stating that a

conflict requiring resolution may exist between the district's certified groundwater conservation district management approved plan developed under Section 36.1071 and the state water plan. If a conflict exists, the development board shall provide technical assistance to and facilitate coordination between the involved person or regional water planning group and the district to resolve the conflict. Not later than the 45th day after the date the person or the regional water planning group files a petition with the development board, if the conflict has not been resolved, the district and the involved person or regional planning group may mediate the conflict. The district and the involved person or regional planning group may seek the assistance of the Center for Public Policy Dispute Resolution at The University of Texas School of Law or an alternative dispute resolution system established under Chapter 152, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, in obtaining a qualified impartial third party to mediate the conflict. The cost of the mediation services must be specified in the agreement between the parties and the Center for Public Policy Dispute Resolution or the alternative dispute resolution system. If the district and the involved person or regional planning group cannot resolve the conflict through mediation remains, the development board shall resolve the conflict not later than the 60th day after the date the mediation is completed. The development board action under this provision may be consolidated, at the option of the board, with related action under Section 16.053(p). development board determines that resolution of the conflict requires a revision of the approved certified groundwater conservation district management plan, the development board shall suspend the certification of the plan and provide information to the district. The district shall prepare any revisions to the plan based on the information provided specified by the development board and shall hold, after notice, at least one public hearing at some central location within the district. The district shall consider all public and <u>development</u> board comments, prepare, revise, and adopt its plan, and submit the revised plan to the development board for approval certification. On the request of the district or the regional water planning group, the development board shall include discussion of the conflict and its resolution in the state water plan that the <u>development</u> board provides to the governor, the lieutenant governor, and the speaker of the house of representatives under Section 16.051(e). <u>If the groundwater conservation district disagrees with the decision of the development board under this subsection, the district may appeal the decision to a district court in Travis County. Costs for the appeal shall be set by the court hearing the appeal. An appeal under this subsection is by trial de novo.</u>

SECTION ____. Section 36.1073, Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 36.1073. AMENDMENT TO MANAGEMENT PLAN. Any amendment to the management plan shall be submitted to the executive administrator within 60 days following adoption of the amendment by the district's board. The executive administrator shall review and approve certify any amendment which substantially affects the management plan in accordance with the procedures established under Section 36.1072.

SECTION ____. Subchapter D, Chapter 36, Water Code, is amended by amending Section 36.108 to read as follows:

Sec. 36.108. JOINT PLANNING IN MANAGEMENT AREA. (a) <u>In this</u> section, "development board" means the Texas Water Development Board.

(a)(b) If two or more districts are located within the boundaries of the same management area, each district shall prepare a comprehensive management plan as required by Section 36.1071 covering that district's respective territory. On completion and approval certification of the plan as required by Section 36.1072, each district shall forward a copy of the new or revised management plan to the other districts in the management area. The boards of the districts shall consider the plans individually and shall compare them to other management plans then in force in the management area.

(b)(c) The board of directors of The presiding officer, or their designee, of each district located in whole or in part in the management area shall meet at least annually to conduct may, by resolution, call for joint planning with the other districts in

the management area <u>and</u> to review the management plans and accomplishments for the management area. In reviewing the management plans, the <u>districts</u> <u>boards</u> shall consider:

- (1) the goals of each management plan and its impact on planning throughout the management area;
- (2) the effectiveness of the measures established by each management plan for conserving and protecting groundwater and preventing waste, and the effectiveness of these measures in the management area generally; and
- (3) any other matters that the boards consider relevant to the protection and conservation of groundwater and the prevention of waste in the management area; and \cdot
- (4) the degree to which each management plan achieves the desired future conditions established during the joint planning process.
- (d) Not later than five years after the effective date of this subsection and every five years thereafter, During the joint planning process, the districts shall consider groundwater availability models and other data or information for the management area and shall establish desired future conditions for the relevant aquifers within the management area. In establishing the desired future conditions of the aquifers under this section, the districts shall consider uses or conditions of an aquifer within the management area that differ substantially from one geographic area to another. The districts may establish different desired future conditions for:
- (1) each aquifer, subdivision of an aquifer, or geologic strata located in whole or in part within the boundaries of the management area; or
- (2) each geographic area overlying an aquifer in whole or in part or subdivision of an aquifer within the boundaries of the management area.
- (d-1) The desired future conditions established under Subsection (d) must be adopted by two-thirds vote of the district representatives present at a meeting.
- (1) at which at least two-thirds of the districts located in whole or in part in the management area have a voting

representative in attendance; and

- (2) for which all districts located in whole or in part in the management area provide public notice in accordance with Chapter 551, Government Code.
- its management plan contains goals and objectives consistent with achieving the desired future conditions of the relevant aquifers as adopted during the joint planning process.
- (e) If a A joint meeting of the boards of directors is called, the meeting must be under this section must be held in accordance with Chapter 551, Government Code. Each district shall comply with Chapter 552, Government Code. Notice of the meeting shall be given in accordance with the requirements for notice of district board of directors meetings under that Act.
- (d)(f) A district or person with a legally defined interest in the groundwater within the management area may file [with good cause] a petition with the commission requesting an inquiry if the petitioner district adopted a resolution calling for joint planning and the other a district or districts refused to join in the planning process or the process failed to result in adequate planning, including the establishment of reasonable future desired conditions of the aquifers, and the petition provides evidence that:
- (1) $\frac{a}{a}$ district in the $\frac{a}{a}$ management area has failed to adopt rules;
- (2) the rules adopted by a district are not designed to achieve the desired future condition of the groundwater resources in the groundwater management area established during the joint planning process;
- $\underline{(3)}$ the groundwater in the management area is not adequately protected by the rules adopted by \underline{a} district; or
- (4) the groundwater in the groundwater management area is not adequately protected due to the failure of <u>a</u> another district to enforce substantial compliance with its rules.
- $\frac{(e)}{(g)}$ Not later than the 90th day after the date the petition is filed, the commission shall review the petition and

either:

- (1) dismiss the petition if the commission it if it finds that the evidence is not adequate to show that any of the conditions alleged in the petition exist; or
- (2) select a review panel as provided in Subsection $\frac{(f)(h)}{(h)}$.
- $\frac{(f)}{(h)}$ If the petition is not dismissed under Subsection $\frac{(e)}{(g)}$, the commission shall appoint a review panel consisting of a chairman and four other members. A director or general manager of a district located outside the <u>groundwater</u> management area that is the subject of the petition may be appointed to the review panel.

The commission may not appoint more than two members of the review panel from any one district. The commission also shall appoint a disinterested person to serve as a nonvoting recording secretary for the review panel. The recording secretary may be an employee of the commission. The recording secretary shall record and document the proceedings of the panel.

(g)(i) Not later than the 120th day after appointment, the review panel shall review the petition and any evidence relevant to the petition and, in a public meeting, consider and adopt a report to be submitted to the commission. The commission may direct the review panel to conduct public hearings at a location in the groundwater management area to take evidence on the petition. The review panel may attempt to negotiate a settlement or resolve the dispute by any lawful means.

(h)(j) In its report, the review panel shall include:

- (1) a summary of all evidence taken in any hearing on the petition;
- (2) a list of findings and recommended actions appropriate for the commission to take and the reasons it finds those actions appropriate; and
- (3) any other information the panel considers appropriate.
- $\frac{\text{(i)}(\text{k})}{\text{(k)}}$ The review panel shall submit its report to the commission. The commission may take action under Section 36.3011.
- (1) A person with a legally defined interest in the groundwater in the groundwater management area, a district in or

adjacent to the groundwater management area, or a regional water planning group for a region in the groundwater management area may file a petition with the development board appealing the approval of the desired future conditions of the groundwater resources established under this section. The petition must provide evidence that the districts did not establish a reasonable desired future condition of the groundwater resources in the groundwater management area.

- (m) The development board shall review the petition and any evidence relevant to the petition. The development board shall hold at least one hearing at a central location in the management area to take testimony on the petition. The development board may delegate responsibility for a hearing to the executive administrator or to a person designated by the executive administrator. If the development board finds that the conditions require revision, the development board shall submit a report to the districts that includes a list of findings and recommended revisions to the desired future conditions of the groundwater resources.
- (n) The districts shall prepare a revised plan in accordance with development board recommendations and hold, after notice, at least one public hearing at a central location in the groundwater management area. After consideration of all public and development board comments, the districts shall revise the conditions and submit it to the development board for review.
- (j) (o) The districts shall submit the conditions established under this section to the executive administrator. The executive administrator shall provide each district and regional water planning group located wholly or partly in the management area with the managed available groundwater in the management area based upon the desired future condition of the groundwater resources established under this section.
- (p) Districts located within the same groundwater management areas or in adjacent management areas may contract to jointly conduct studies or research, or to construct projects, under terms and conditions that the districts consider beneficial. These joint efforts may include studies of groundwater availability and

quality, aquifer modeling, and the interaction of groundwater and surface water; educational programs; the purchase and sharing of equipment; and the implementation of projects to make groundwater available, including aquifer recharge, brush control, weather modification, desalination, regionalization, and treatment or conveyance facilities. The districts may contract under their existing authorizations including those of Chapter 791, Government Code, if their contracting authority is not limited by Sections 791.011(c)(2) and (d)(3) and Section 791.014, Government Code.

SECTION ___. Section 36.109, Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 36.109. COLLECTION OF INFORMATION. A district may collect any information the board deems necessary, including information regarding the use of groundwater, water conservation, and the practicability of recharging a groundwater reservoir. At the request of the executive administrator, the district shall provide any data collected by the district in a format acceptable to the executive administrator.

SECTION ___. Subchapter D, Chapter 36, Water Code, is amended by adding Section 36.1132 to read as follows:

Sec. 36.1132. PERMITS BASED ON MANAGED AVAILABLE GROUNDWATER. A district, to the extent possible, shall issue permits up to the point that the total volume of groundwater permitted equals the managed available groundwater, if administratively complete permit applications are submitted to the district.

SECTION ____. Section 36.3011, Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 36.3011. FAILURE OF A DISTRICT TO CONDUCT JOINT PLANNING. (a) If the board of a district within a common management area fails to forward a copy of its new or revised certified management plan under Section 36.108, the commission shall take appropriate action under Section 36.303.

(b) Not later than the 45th day after receiving the review panel's report under Section 36.108, the executive director or the commission shall take action to implement any or all of the panel's recommendations. The commission may take any action against a

<u>district it considers necessary in accordance with Section 36.303</u> <u>if</u> <u>If</u> the commission finds that:

- $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ a district in the joint planning area has failed to submit its plan to the executive administrator;
 - (2) a district has failed to adopt rules;
- (3) the rules adopted by the district are not designed to achieve the desired future condition of the groundwater resources in the groundwater management area; or
- (4) the groundwater in the management area is not adequately protected by the rules adopted by the district, or the groundwater in the management area is not adequately protected because of the district's failure to enforce substantial compliance with its rules, the commission may take any action it considers necessary in accordance with Section 36.303.

SECTION ___. Subsection (d), Section 36.302, Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

(d) The state auditor may perform the review under Subsection (a) following the first anniversary of the initial approval certification of the plan by the Texas Water Development Board under Section 36.1072 and at least as often as once every seven years after that date, subject to a risk assessment and to the legislative audit committee's approval of including the review in the audit plan under Section 321.013, Government Code.

SECTION ___. Subsection (a), Section 36.304, Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (a) The commission may dissolve a district that \div
- (1) is not operational, as determined under Section 36.302; and
 - (2) has no outstanding bonded indebtedness.

SECTION ___. Subsection (a) and (b), Section 36.116, Water Code is amended as follows:

- (a) In order to minimize as far as practicable the drawdown of the water table or the reduction of artesian pressure, to control subsidence, to prevent interference between wells, to prevent degradation of water quality, or to prevent waste, a district by rule may regulate:
 - (1) the spacing of water wells by:

- (A) requiring all water wells to be spaced a certain distance from property lines or adjoining wells;
- (B) requiring wells with a certain production capacity, pump size, or other characteristic related to the construction or operation of and production from a well to be spaced a certain distance from property lines or adjoining wells; or
- (C) imposing spacing requirements adopted by the board; and
 - (2) the production of groundwater by:
 - (A) setting production limits on wells;
- (B) limiting the amount of water produced based on acreage or tract size;
- (C) limiting the amount of water that may be produced from a defined number of acres assigned to an authorized well site;
- (D) limiting the maximum amount of water that may be produced on the basis of acre-feet per acre or gallons per minute per well site per acre; $\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}$
 - (E) managed depletion; or
- $\underline{\text{(F)}}$ any combination of the methods listed above in Paragraphs (A) through $\underline{\text{(E)}}$ $\underline{\text{(D)}}$.
- (b) In promulgating any rules limiting groundwater production, the district may preserve historic or existing use before the effective date of the rules to the maximum extent practicable consistent with the district's comprehensive management plan under Section 36.1071 and as provided by Section 36.113.

SECTION ___. Section 9.017, Water Code, is repealed.