## BILL ANALYSIS

Senate Research Center 79R2689 JMM-D S.B. 788 By: Williams Business & Commerce 4/11/2005 As Filed

## AUTHOR'S/SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT

Current state law requires the Texas Workforce Commission (TWC) to pay for the first seven consecutive days of unemployment (the "waiting week") after the worker has collected benefits for three subsequent weeks of unemployment. However, this discourages people from returning to work during the fourth week because those who remain unemployed will receive benefits both for this week and the waiting week.

Most states do not treat the waiting week as a period of unemployment for which workers are later paid. Those states use the first week of unemployment to validate that workers are truly unemployed and the claimants are not eligible to receive benefits for that week. However, the total amount of benefits that workers are eligible to receive remains the same; only the starting point for receiving benefits is delayed.

S.B. 788 removes an incentive to remain unemployed and will help motivate claimants to return to work more quickly. This will be accomplished by following the examples of 29 other states and making the waiting week noncompensable. S.B. 788 protects the unemployment benefit trust fund by reducing benefit payouts.

## **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY**

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

## SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. Amends Section 207.021(c), Labor Code, to provide that, notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an individual is eligible to receive benefits on the individual's waiting period claim in accordance with this subtitle if the individual has been paid benefits in the individual's current benefit year equal to the amount of, rather than equal to or exceeding three times, the individual's maximum benefit amount minus the amount of the individual's weekly benefit. Deletes existing text relating to the individual's waiting period claim.

SECTION 2. Makes application of this Act prospective.

SECTION 3. September 1, 2005.