relating to conditions of employment for police officers employed				
by certain municipalities.				
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:				
SECTION 1. Chapter 142, Local Government Code, is amended				
by designating Sections 142.001-142.013 as Subchapter A and adding				
a heading for Subchapter A to read as follows:				
SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS				
SECTION 2. Chapter 142, Local Government Code, is amended				
by adding Subchapter B to read as follows:				
SUBCHAPTER B. LOCAL CONTROL OF POLICE OFFICER EMPLOYMENT MATTERS				
IN CERTAIN MUNICIPALITIES				
Sec. 142.051. APPLICABILITY. (a) Except as provided by				
Subsection (b), this subchapter applies only to a municipality:				
(1) with a population of 50,000 or more; or				
(2) that has adopted Chapter 143.				
(b) This subchapter does not apply to a municipality that:				
(1) has adopted Chapter 174;				
(2) is covered by Subchapter H, I, or J, Chapter 143;				
<u>or</u>				
(3) has a population of one million or more and has not				
2 adopted Chapter 143.				
Sec. 142.052. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:				
(1) "Police officer" means a person who is a peace				

AN ACT

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- officer under Article 2.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, or other
- 2 law, and who is employed by a municipality.
- 3 (2) "Police officers association" means an employee
- 4 organization in which police officers employed by a municipality
- 5 participate that exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of
- 6 dealing with the municipality or public employer concerning
- 7 grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of work, or
- 8 conditions of work affecting police officers.
- 9 (3) "Public employer" means a municipality or a law
- 10 enforcement agency of the municipality that is required to
- 11 establish the wages, salaries, rates of pay, hours of work, working
- 12 conditions, and other terms and conditions of employment of police
- officers employed by the municipality.
- 14 Sec. 142.053. PETITION FOR RECOGNITION: ELECTION OR ACTION
- 15 BY GOVERNING BODY. (a) Not later than the 30th day after the date
- 16 the governing body of a municipality receives from a police
- 17 officers association a petition signed by the majority of all
- 18 police officers, excluding the head of the law enforcement agency
- 19 for the municipality and excluding the employees exempt under
- 20 Section 142.058(b), that requests recognition of the association as
- 21 the sole and exclusive bargaining agent for all the police officers
- 22 employed by the municipality, excluding the head of the law
- 23 enforcement agency for the municipality and excluding the exempt
- 24 employees, the governing body shall:
- 25 (1) grant recognition of the association as requested
- 26 <u>in the petition and determine by majority vote that a public</u>
- 27 employer may meet and confer under this subchapter without

- 1 conducting an election by the voters in the municipality under
- 2 Section 142.055;
- 3 (2) defer granting recognition of the association and
- 4 order an election by the voters in the municipality under Section
- 5 142.055 regarding whether a public employer may meet and confer
- 6 under this subchapter; or
- 7 (3) order a certification election under Section
- 8 142.054 to determine whether the association represents a majority
- 9 of the affected police officers.
- 10 (b) If the governing body of a municipality orders a
- 11 certification election under Subsection (a)(3) and the association
- 12 named in the petition is certified to represent a majority of the
- 13 affected police officers of the municipality, the governing body
- shall, not later than the 30th day after the date that results of
- 15 <u>that election are certified:</u>
- 16 (1) grant recognition of the association as requested
- in the petition for recognition and determine by majority vote that
- a public employer may meet and confer under this subchapter without
- 19 conducting an election by the voters in the municipality under
- 20 Section 142.055; or
- 21 (2) defer granting recognition of the association and
- order an election by the voters in the municipality under Section
- 23 <u>142.055</u> regarding whether a public employer may meet and confer
- 24 under this subchapter.
- Sec. 142.054. CERTIFICATION ELECTION. (a) Except as
- 26 provided by Subsection (b), a certification election ordered under
- 27 Section 142.053(a)(3) to determine whether a police officers

- 1 association represents a majority of the covered police officers
- 2 shall be conducted according to procedures agreeable to the
- 3 parties.
- 4 (b) If the parties are unable to agree on procedures for the
- 5 certification election, either party may request the American
- 6 Arbitration Association to conduct the election and to certify the
- 7 <u>results of the election.</u>
- 8 <u>(c) Certification of the results of an election under this</u>
- 9 section resolves the question concerning representation.
- 10 (d) The association is liable for the expenses of the
- 11 certification election, except that if two or more associations
- 12 seeking recognition as the sole and exclusive bargaining agent
- 13 submit a petition signed by at least 30 percent of the police
- 14 officers eligible to sign the petition for recognition, all the
- associations named in any petition shall share equally the costs of
- 16 <u>the election</u>.
- 17 Sec. 142.055. ELECTION TO AUTHORIZE OPERATING UNDER THIS
- 18 SUBCHAPTER. (a) The governing body of a municipality that receives
- 19 a petition for recognition under Section 142.053 may order an
- 20 election to determine whether a public employer may meet and confer
- 21 under this subchapter.
- (b) An election ordered under this section must be held as
- 23 part of the next regularly scheduled general election for municipal
- 24 officials that is held after the date the governing body of the
- 25 municipality orders the election and that allows sufficient time to
- 26 prepare the ballot in compliance with other requirements of law.
- 27 (c) The ballot for an election ordered under this section

- 1 shall be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition:
- 2 "Authorizing \_\_\_\_\_ (name of the municipality) to operate under
- 3 the state law allowing a municipality to meet and confer and make
- 4 agreements with the association representing municipal police
- 5 officers as provided by state law, preserving the prohibition
- 6 against strikes and organized work stoppages, and providing
- 7 penalties for strikes and organized work stoppages."
- 8 (d) An election called under this section must be held and
- 9 the returns prepared and canvassed in conformity with the Election
- 10 <u>Code</u>.
- (e) If an election authorized under this section is held,
- 12 the municipality may operate under the other provisions of this
- 13 subchapter only if a majority of the votes cast at the election
- 14 favor the proposition.
- (f) If an election authorized under this section is held, an
- 16 association may not submit a petition for recognition to the
- 17 governing body of the municipality under Section 142.053 before the
- 18 second anniversary of the date of the election.
- 19 Sec. 142.056. CHANGE OR MODIFICATION OF RECOGNITION. (a)
- 20 The police officers may modify or change the recognition of the
- 21 association granted under this subchapter by filing with the
- 22 governing body of the municipality a petition signed by a majority
- 23 of all covered police officers.
- 24 (b) The governing body of the municipality may:
- 25 (1) recognize the change or modification as provided
- 26 by the petition; or
- 27 (2) order a certification election in accordance with

- 1 Section 142.054 regarding whether to do so.
- 2 Sec. 142.057. STRIKES PROHIBITED. (a) A police officer
- 3 <u>employed by a municipality may not engage in a strike or organized</u>
- 4 work stoppage against this state or the municipality.
- 5 (b) A police officer who participates in a strike forfeits
- 6 any civil service rights, reemployment rights, and other rights,
- 7 benefits, or privileges the police officer may have as a result of
- 8 the officer's employment or prior employment with the municipality.
- 9 (c) This section does not affect the right of a person to
- 10 cease work if the person is not acting in concert with others in an
- 11 organized work stoppage.
- 12 Sec. 142.058. RECOGNITION OF POLICE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION.
- 13 (a) A public employer in a municipality that chooses to meet and
- 14 confer under this subchapter shall recognize an association that is
- 15 recognized under Section 142.053 or 142.054 as the sole and
- 16 <u>exclusive</u> bargaining agent for the covered police officers
- 17 described in the petition for recognition, excluding the head of
- 18 the law enforcement agency and excluding the employees exempt under
- 19 Subsection (b), in accordance with this subchapter and the
- 20 petition.
- 21 (b) For the purposes of Subsection (a), exempt employees are
- the employees appointed by the head of the law enforcement agency of
- 23 the municipality under Section 143.014 or that are exempt by the
- 24 mutual agreement of the recognized police officers association and
- 25 the public employer.
- 26 (c) The public employer shall recognize the police officers
- 27 association until recognition of the association is withdrawn, in

- 1 accordance with Section 142.056, by a majority of the police
- 2 officers eligible to sign a petition for recognition.
- 3 Sec. 142.059. GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO AGREEMENTS.
- 4 (a) A municipality acting under this subchapter may not be denied
- 5 local control over the wages, salaries, rates of pay, hours of work,
- 6 or other terms and conditions of employment to the extent the public
- 7 <u>employer and the police officers association recognized as the sole</u>
- 8 and exclusive bargaining agent under this subchapter agree as
- 9 provided by this subchapter, if the agreement is ratified and not
- 10 withdrawn in accordance with this subchapter. Applicable statutes
- 11 and applicable local orders, ordinances, and civil service rules
- 12 apply to an issue not governed by the meet and confer agreement.
- (b) A meet and confer agreement under this subchapter must
- 14 be written.
- 15 <u>(c) This subchapter does not require a public employer or a</u>
- 16 recognized police officers association to meet and confer on any
- issue or reach an agreement.
- 18 (d) A public employer and the recognized police officers
- 19 association may meet and confer only if the association does not
- 20 advocate an illegal strike by public employees.
- (e) While a meet and confer agreement under this subchapter
- 22 between the public employer and the recognized police officers
- 23 association is in effect, the public employer may not accept a
- 24 petition, with regard to the police officers of the municipality
- 25 requesting an election to adopt:
- 26 (1) municipal civil service under Chapter 143; or
- 27 (2) collective bargaining under Chapter 174.

- Sec. 142.060. SELECTION OF BARGAINING AGENT; BARGAINING
  UNIT. (a) The public employer's chief executive officer or the
  chief executive officer's designee shall select one or more persons
  to represent the public employer as its sole and exclusive
  bargaining agent to meet and confer on issues related to the wages,
  hours of employment, and other terms and conditions of employment
- 8 (b) A police officers association may designate one or more
  9 persons to negotiate or bargain on the association's behalf.

of police officers by the municipality.

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- 10 <u>(c) A municipality's bargaining unit is composed of all the</u>
  11 <u>police officers of the municipality who are not the head of the law</u>
  12 enforcement agency or exempt under Section 142.058(b).
- Sec. 142.061. PROTECTED RIGHTS OF POLICE OFFICER. (a) For
  any disciplinary appeal, a member of the municipality's bargaining
  unit may be represented by the police officers association or by any
  person the member selects.
- 17 (b) A meet and confer agreement ratified under this

  18 subchapter may not interfere with the right of a member of a

  19 bargaining unit to pursue allegations of discrimination based on

  20 race, creed, color, national origin, religion, age, sex, or

  21 disability with the Texas Workforce Commission civil rights

  22 division or the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or

  23 to pursue affirmative action litigation.
- Sec. 142.062. OPEN RECORDS. (a) A proposed meet and confer agreement and a document prepared and used by the municipality, including a public employer, in connection with the proposed agreement are available to the public under Chapter 552, Government

- 1 Code, only after the agreement is ready to be ratified by the
- 2 governing body of the municipality.
- 3 (b) This section does not affect the application of
- 4 Subchapter C, Chapter 552, Government Code, to a document prepared
- 5 and used in connection with the agreement.
- 6 Sec. 142.063. OPEN DELIBERATIONS. (a) Deliberations
- 7 relating to a meet and confer agreement or proposed agreement under
- 8 this subchapter between representatives of the public employer and
- 9 representatives of the police officers association elected by a
- 10 majority vote of the officers to be the sole and exclusive
- 11 bargaining agent of the covered officers must be open to the public
- 12 and comply with state law.
- (b) Subsection (a) may not be construed to prohibit the
- 14 representatives of the public employer or the representatives of
- 15 the police officers association from conducting private caucuses
- that are not open to the public during meet and confer negotiations.
- 17 Sec. 142.064. RATIFICATION AND ENFORCEABILITY OF
- 18 AGREEMENT. (a) An agreement under this subchapter is enforceable
- 19 and binding on the public employer, the recognized police officers
- 20 association, and the police officers covered by the meet and confer
- 21 agreement only if:
- (1) the governing body of the municipality ratified
- the agreement by a majority vote; and
- 24 <u>(2) the recognized police officers association</u>
- 25 ratified the agreement by conducting a secret ballot election at
- 26 which the majority of the police officers who would be covered by
- the agreement favored ratifying the agreement.

- 1 (b) A meet and confer agreement ratified as described by
  2 Subsection (a) may establish a procedure by which the parties agree
  3 to resolve disputes related to a right, duty, or obligation
  4 provided by the agreement, including binding arbitration on a
  5 question involving interpretation of the agreement.
- 6 (c) A state district court of a judicial district in which 7 the municipality is located has jurisdiction to hear and resolve a dispute under the ratified meet and confer agreement on the 8 9 application of a party to the agreement aggrieved by an action or omission of the other party when the action or omission is related 10 to a right, duty, or obligation provided by the agreement. The 11 12 court may issue proper restraining orders, temporary and permanent injunctions, or any other writ, order, or process, including 13 14 contempt orders, that are appropriate to enforcing the agreement.
- Sec. 142.065. ACTION OR ELECTION TO REPEAL AUTHORIZATION TO

  OPERATE UNDER THIS SUBCHAPTER. (a) The governing body of a

  municipality that granted recognition of a police officers

  association under Section 142.053 without conducting an election

  under Section 142.055 may withdraw recognition of the association

  by providing to the association not less than 90 days' written

  notice that:
- 22 (1) the governing body is withdrawing recognition of the association; and
- 24 (2) any agreement between the governing body and the 25 association will not be renewed.
- 26 <u>(b) The governing body of a municipality that granted</u>
  27 recognition of a police officers association after conducting an

- 1 election under Section 142.055 may order an election to determine
- 2 whether a public employer may continue to meet and confer under this
- 3 subchapter. The governing body may not order an election under this
- 4 subsection until the second anniversary of the date of the election
- 5 under Section 142.055.
- 6 (c) An election ordered under Subsection (b) must be held
- 7 as part of the next regularly scheduled general election for
- 8 municipal officers that occurs after the date the governing body of
- 9 the municipality orders the election and that allows sufficient
- 10 time to prepare the ballot in compliance with other requirements of
- 11 law.
- 12 (d) The ballot for an election ordered under Subsection (b)
- 13 shall be printed to allow voting for or against the proposition:
- 14 "Authorizing \_\_\_\_\_ (name of the municipality) to continue to
- 15 operate under the state law allowing a municipality to meet and
- 16 confer and make agreements with the association representing
- 17 municipal police officers as provided by state law, preserving the
- 18 prohibition against strikes and organized work stoppages, and
- 19 providing penalties for strikes and organized work stoppages."
- 20 (e) An election ordered under Subsection (b) must be held
- 21 and the returns prepared and canvassed in conformity with the
- 22 Election Code.
- 23 (f) If an election ordered under Subsection (b) is held, the
- 24 municipality may continue to operate under this subchapter only if
- 25 a majority of the votes cast at the election favor the proposition.
- 26 (g) If an election ordered under Subsection (b) is held, an
- 27 association may not submit a petition for recognition to the

- 1 governing body of the municipality under Section 142.053 before the
- 2 <u>second anniversary of the date of the election.</u>
- 3 Sec. 142.066. ELECTION TO REPEAL AGREEMENT. (a) Not later
- 4 than the 60th day after the date a meet and confer agreement is
- 5 ratified by the governing body of the municipality and the
- 6 recognized police officers association, a petition calling for the
- 7 repeal of the agreement signed by a number of registered voters
- 8 residing in the municipality equal to at least 10 percent of the
- 9 votes cast at the most recent general election held in the
- 10 municipality may be presented to the person charged with ordering
- an election under Section 3.004, Election Code.
- (b) If a petition is presented under Subsection (a), the
- 13 governing body of the municipality shall:
- (1) repeal the meet and confer agreement; or
- 15 (2) certify that it is not repealing the agreement and
- 16 call an election to determine whether to repeal the agreement.
- (c) An election called under Subsection (b)(2) may be held
- 18 as part of the next regularly scheduled general election for the
- 19 municipality. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for
- 20 or against the proposition: "Repeal the meet and confer agreement
- 21 ratified on \_\_\_\_\_ (date agreement was ratified) by the \_\_\_\_\_
- 22 (name of the governing body of the municipality) and the police
- officers employed by the City of \_\_\_\_\_ (name of municipality)
- 24 concerning wages, salaries, rates of pay, hours of work, and other
- 25 terms of employment."
- 26 (d) If a majority of the votes cast at the election favor the
- 27 repeal of the agreement, the agreement is void.

- Sec. 142.067. AGREEMENT SUPERSEDES CONFLICTING PROVISIONS. 1 2 A written meet and confer agreement ratified under this subchapter preempts, during the term of the agreement and to the extent of any 3 4 conflict, all contrary state statutes, local ordinances, executive orders, civil service provisions, or rules adopted by the head of 5 6 the law enforcement agency or municipality or by a division or agent of the municipality, such as a personnel board or a civil service 7 8 commission.
- 9 Sec. 142.068. EFFECT ON EXISTING BENEFITS AND RIGHTS. (a) This subchapter may not be construed as repealing any existing 10 benefit provided by statute or ordinance concerning police 11 12 officers' compensation, pensions, retirement plans, hours of work, conditions of employment, or other emoluments, except as expressly 13 provided in a ratified meet and confer agreement. This subchapter 14 15 is in addition to the benefits provided by existing statutes and ordinances. 16
- 17 (b) This subchapter may not be construed to interfere with a

  18 police officer's constitutionally protected rights of freedom of

  19 speech, freedom of association, and freedom to endorse or dissent

  20 from any agreement.
- 21 SECTION 3. Section 143.3015, Local Government Code, is 22 amended by adding Subsection (i) to read as follows:
- 23 (i) Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (h), a municipality
  24 with a population of less than 560,000 that has not recognized an
  25 association as the sole and exclusive bargaining agent as provided
  26 by Section 143.304 before September 1, 2005, may adopt rules for
  27 police officers converting vacation and sick leave days to hours

- 1 that supercede the provisions of Section 142.0013, Section 143.045,
- 2 and Section 143.046 provided that:
- 3 (A) A police officer is entitled to earn 120 hours of
- 4 vacation leave each year with pay, as a minimum, if the officer has
- 5 been regularly employed in the department or departments for at
- 6 least one year.
- 7 (B) In computing the length of time a police officer
- 8 may be absent from work on vacation leave, only those hours that the
- 9 person would have been required to work if not on vacation may be
- 10 <u>counted as vacation leave.</u>
- 11 (C) A police officer shall be granted the same number
- of vacation hours and holiday hours, or hours in lieu of vacation
- 13 hours or holiday hours, granted to other municipal employees who
- work the same number of hours in a regular work day and have worked
- for the municipality for the same number of years.
- 16 (D) A police officer shall be granted sick leave with
- 17 pay accumulated at the rate of 4.61 hours for each full month
- 18 employed in a calendar year, so as to total 120 hours to the
- 19 person's credit each 12 months.
- 20 (E) A police officer who leaves the classified service
- 21 for any reason is entitled to receive in a lump-sum payment the full
- 22 amount of the person's salary for accumulated sick leave if the
- 23 person has accumulated not more than 720 hours of sick leave, the
- 24 person's employer may limit payment to the amount that the person
- would have received if the person had been allowed to use 720 hours
- of accumulated sick leave during the last six months of employment.
- 27 The lump-sum payment is computed by compensating the police officer

- 1 for the accumulated time at the highest permanent pay
- 2 classification for which the person was eligible during the last
- 3 six months of employment. The police officer is paid for the same
- 4 period for which the person had taken the sick leave but does not
- 5 include additional holidays and any sick leave or vacation time
- 6 that the person might have accrued during the 720 hours.
- 7 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2005.

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Presid	lent of the Senate	Speaker of the House
I ce	rtify that H.B. No.	. 304 was passed by the House on March
3, 2005, B	by a non-record vo	te; and that the House concurred in
Senate ame	ndments to H.B. No.	304 on May 18, 2005, by a non-record
vote.		
		Chief Clerk of the House
I ce	ertify that H.B. No	. 304 was passed by the Senate, with
amendments	s, on May 9, 2005, by	the following vote: Yeas 24, Nays 6.
		Secretary of the Senate
APPROVED:		
	Date	
-	Governor	