By: Howard

H.B. No. 530

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to prohibiting discrimination in awarding state 3 scholarships or other financial aid for higher education based on a person's high school attendance or achievement. 4 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Subchapter A, Chapter 56, Education Code, is 6 amended by adding Section 56.005 to read as follows: 7 Sec. 56.005. NONDISCRIMINATION IN FINANCIAL AID AWARDS 8 BASED ON HIGH SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OR ACHIEVEMENT. (a) 9 An institution of higher education or state agency that awards 10 11 financial aid of any kind to students to attend public or private 12 institutions of higher education may not require a person to have attended a public high school or an accredited private high school 13 to be eligible for any form of financial aid the institution or 14 agency awards. A requirement that a person have graduated from high 15 school to be eligible for financial aid must treat a person who 16 presents evidence that the person graduated from an unaccredited 17 private high school or successfully completed a secondary school 18 program in a home school setting the same as a person who graduated 19 from a pub<u>lic high school.</u> 20 21 (b) An institution of higher education or state agency may 22 not award a scholarship or other financial aid based on a person's

23 <u>high school grade point average or other measure of a person's</u> 24 academic performance before attending an institution of higher

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education, other than the person's score on the Scholastic Assessment Test (SAT) or the American College Test (ACT), or a separately scored portion of one of those tests. An institution of higher education or state agency that awards scholarships or other financial aid based on those test scores must consider a person's score on either of those tests, or on comparable portions of either of those tests, and may not limit eligibility or consideration to persons who have test scores for only one of those tests. SECTION 2. Section 56.304(a), Education Code, is amended to read as follows: (a) To be eligible initially for a TEXAS grant, a person must: (1) be a resident of this state as determined by coordinating board rules; (2) meet either of the following academic requirements: (A) be a graduate of a public high school or an accredited or unaccredited private high school, including a home school, in this state who graduated not earlier than the 1998-1999 school year [and who completed the recommended or advanced high

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21 school curriculum established under Section 28.002 or 28.025 or its
22 equivalent]; or

(B) have received an associate degree from an
eligible institution not earlier than May 1, 2001;

(3) meet financial need requirements as defined by thecoordinating board;

27 (4) be enrolled in an undergraduate degree or

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1 certificate program at an eligible institution;

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(5) be enrolled as:

3 (A) an entering undergraduate student for at 4 least three-fourths of a full course load for an entering 5 undergraduate student, as determined by the coordinating board, not 6 later than the 16th month after the date of the person's graduation 7 from high school; or

8 (B) an entering student for at least 9 three-fourths of a full course load for an undergraduate student as determined by the coordinating board, not later than the 12th month 10 after the month the person receives an associate degree from an 11 eligible institution; 12

13 (6) have applied for any available financial aid or14 assistance; and

15 (7) comply with any additional nonacademic 16 requirement adopted by the coordinating board under this 17 subchapter.

18 SECTION 3. Section 56.304(f), Education Code, is repealed.

19 SECTION 4. The change in law made by this Act applies 20 beginning with student financial aid awarded for the 2006-2007 21 academic year. The change in law does not affect student financial 22 aid awarded for an academic period before that academic year, and 23 the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 5. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this

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1 Act takes effect September 1, 2005.