By: Chavez H.B. No. 985

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

L	AN ACT

- 2 relating to the eligibility of certain victims of family violence
- 3 for unemployment compensation.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Section 204.022, Labor Code, is amended by
- 6 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (c) and (d) to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 (a) Benefits computed on benefit wage credits of an employee
- 9 or former employee may not be charged to the account of an employer
- 10 if the employee's last separation from the employer's employment
- 11 before the employee's benefit year:
- 12 (1) was required by a federal statute;
- 13 (2) was required by a statute of this state or an
- 14 ordinance of a municipality of this state;
- 15 (3) would have disqualified the employee under Section
- 16 207.044, 207.045, 207.051, or 207.053 if the employment had been
- 17 the employee's last work;
- 18 (4) imposes a disqualification under Section 207.044,
- 19 207.045, 207.051, or 207.053;
- 20 (5) was caused by a medically verifiable illness of
- 21 the employee or the employee's minor child;
- 22 (6) was based on a natural disaster that results in a
- 23 disaster declaration by the president of the United States under
- 24 the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act

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- 1 (42 U.S.C. Section 5121 et seq.), if the employee would have been
- 2 entitled to unemployment assistance benefits under Section 410 of
- 3 that act (42 U.S.C. Section 5177) had the employee not received
- 4 state unemployment compensation benefits;
- 5 (7) was caused by a natural disaster, fire, flood, or
- 6 explosion that causes employees to be separated from one employer's
- 7 employment; [ex]
- 8 (8) resulted from the employee's resigning from
- 9 partial employment to accept other employment that the employee
- 10 reasonably believed would increase the employee's weekly wage; or
- 11 (9) resulted from the employee leaving the employee's
- workplace to protect the employee from family violence or stalking
- 13 as evidenced by:
- 14 (A) an active or recently issued protective order
- documenting family violence against, or stalking of, the employee
- or the potential for family violence against, or the stalking of,
- 17 the employee;
- 18 (B) a police record documenting family violence
- against, or the stalking of, the employee;
- 20 (C) a physician's statement or other medical
- 21 documentation of family violence against the employee; or
- (D) a statement from a licensed professional
- 23 <u>counselor</u>, <u>social</u> worker, or other medical professional, a member
- of the clergy, an attorney or other legal advocate, a trained staff
- 25 member of a family violence center or another professional who has
- assisted the employee in addressing the effects of family violence
- against, or the stalking of, the employee or the employee's family.

- 1 (c) Except as provided by law, evidence regarding an
- 2 employee described by Subsection (a)(9) may not be disclosed to any
- 3 person without the consent of the employee.
- 4 (d) For purposes of Subsection (a) (9):
- 5 (1) "Family violence" has the meaning assigned by
- 6 Section 71.004, Family Code; and
- 7 (2) "Stalking" means conduct described by Section
- 8 <u>42.072, Penal Code.</u>
- 9 SECTION 2. Section 207.045(d), Labor Code, is amended to
- 10 read as follows:
- 11 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an
- 12 individual who is available to work may not be disqualified for
- 13 benefits because the individual left work because of:
- 14 (1) a medically verified illness of the individual or
- 15 the individual's minor child;
- 16 (2) injury;
- 17 (3) disability; [<del>or</del>]
- 18 (4) pregnancy; or
- 19 <u>(5)</u> an involuntary separation as described by Section
- 20 207.046.
- 21 SECTION 3. Section 207.046, Labor Code, is amended to read
- 22 as follows:
- Sec. 207.046. INVOLUNTARY SEPARATION. (a) An individual
- 24 is not disqualified for benefits under this subchapter if:
- 25 (1) the work-related reason for the individual's
- 26 separation from employment was urgent, compelling, and necessary so
- 27 as to make the separation involuntary; or

1	(2) the individual leaves the workplace to protect the
2	individual from family violence or stalking as evidenced by:
3	(A) an active or recently issued protective order
4	documenting family violence against, or the stalking of, the
5	employee or the potential for family violence against, or the
6	stalking of, the employee;
7	(B) a police record documenting family violence
8	against, or the stalking of, the employee;
9	(C) a physician's statement or other medical
10	documentation of family violence against the employee; or
11	(D) a statement from a licensed professional
12	counselor, social worker, or other medical professional, a member
13	of the clergy, an attorney or other legal advocate, a trained staff
14	member of a family violence center, or another professional who has
15	assisted the employee in addressing the effects of family violence
16	against, or the stalking of, the employee or the employee's family.
17	(b) Except as provided by law, evidence regarding an
18	employee described by Subsection (a)(2) may not be disclosed to any
19	person without the consent of the employee.
20	(c) In this section:
21	(1) "Family violence" has the meaning assigned by
22	Section 71.004, Family Code.
23	(2) "Stalking" means conduct described by Section
24	42.072, Penal Code.
25	SECTION 4. This Act applies only to eligibility for
26	unemployment compensation benefits based on an unemployment

27 compensation claim that is filed with the Texas Workforce

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- 1 Commission on or after the effective date of this Act. A claim
- 2 filed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law
- 3 in effect on the date the claim was filed, and the former law is
- 4 continued in effect for that purpose.
- 5 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 6 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 7 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 8 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 9 Act takes effect September 1, 2005.