By: McCall H.B. No. 1098

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to using the Internet to obtain identifying information of
3	another person for a fraudulent purpose; providing penalties.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Title 4, Business & Commerce Code, is amended by
6	adding Chapter 48 to read as follows:
7	CHAPTER 48. INTERNET FRAUD
8	Sec. 48.001. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the
9	Anti-Phishing Act.
10	Sec. 48.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
11	(1) "Electronic mail" means a message, file, or other
12	information that is transmitted through a local, regional, or
13	global computer network, regardless of whether the message, file

- 12 1
- or other information is viewed, stored for retrieval at a later 14
- time, printed, or filtered by a computer program that is designed or 15
- intended to filter or screen those items. 16
- (2) "Electronic mail address" means a destination, 17
- commonly expressed as a string of characters, to which electronic 18
- 19 mail may be sent or delivered.
- (3) "Identifying information" has the meaning 20
- assigned by Section 32.51, Penal Code. 21
- (4) "Internet domain name" refers to a globally 22
- 23 unique, hierarchical reference to an Internet host or service,
- assigned through a centralized Internet naming authority and 24

- 1 composed of a series of character strings separated by periods with
- 2 the right-most string specifying the top of the hierarchy.
- 3 (5) "Web page" means a location that has a single
- 4 uniform resource locator (URL) with respect to the world wide web or
- 5 another location that can be accessed on the Internet.
- 6 Sec. 48.003. CREATION OF WEB PAGE OR DOMAIN NAME FOR
- 7 FRAUDULENT PURPOSES. A person may not, with the intent to engage in
- 8 conduct involving the fraudulent use or possession of another
- 9 person's identifying information:
- 10 (1) create a web page or Internet domain name that is
- 11 represented as a legitimate online business without the express
- authority of the registered owner of the business; and
- 13 (2) use that web page or a link to the web page, that
- domain name, or another site on the Internet to induce, request, or
- 15 solicit another person to provide identifying information for a
- 16 purpose that the other person believes is legitimate.
- 17 Sec. 48.004. ELECTRONIC MAIL FRAUD. A person may not, with
- 18 the intent to engage in conduct involving the fraudulent use or
- 19 possession of identifying information, send or cause to be sent to
- 20 an electronic mail address held by a resident of this state an
- 21 <u>electronic mail message that:</u>
- (1) is falsely represented as being sent by a
- 23 legitimate online business;
- 24 (2) refers or links the recipient of the message to a
- 25 web page that is represented as being associated with the
- legitimate online business; and
- 27 (3) directly or indirectly induces, requests, or

- 1 solicits the recipient of the electronic mail message to provide
- 2 identifying information for a purpose that the recipient believes
- 3 is legitimate.
- 4 Sec. 48.005. CIVIL RELIEF. (a) The following persons may
- 5 bring a civil action against a person who violates this chapter:
- 6 (1) a person engaged in the business of providing
- 7 <u>Internet access service to the public who is adversely affected by</u>
- 8 the violation;
- 9 (2) an owner of a web page or trademark who is
- 10 adversely affected by the violation; or
- 11 (3) the attorney general.
- 12 (b) A person bringing an action under this section may:
- 13 (1) seek injunctive relief to restrain the violator
- 14 from continuing the violation;
- 15 (2) recover damages in an amount equal to the greater
- 16 of:
- 17 (A) actual damages arising from the violation; or
- 18 (B) \$500,000 for each violation of the same
- 19 nature; or
- 20 (3) both seek injunctive relief and recover damages as
- 21 provided by this subsection.
- (c) The court may increase an award of actual damages in an
- 23 <u>action brought under this section to an amount not to exceed three</u>
- 24 times the actual damages sustained if the court finds that the
- 25 violations have occurred with a frequency as to constitute a
- 26 pattern or practice.
- 27 (d) A plaintiff who prevails in an action filed under this

- H.B. No. 1098
- 1 section is entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and court
- 2 costs.
- 3 (e) For purposes of this section, violations are of the same
- 4 nature if the violations consist of the same course of conduct or
- 5 action, regardless of the number of times the conduct or act
- 6 <u>occurred.</u>
- 7 Sec. 48.006. CRIMINAL PENALTY. (a) A person commits an
- 8 offense if the person violates this chapter.
- 9 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), an offense under
- 10 this section is a state jail felony.
- 11 (c) An offense under this section is a felony of the third
- degree if it is shown on the trial of the offense that the defendant
- 13 has been previously convicted under this section.
- 14 SECTION 2. Section 48.004, Business & Commerce Code, as
- 15 added by this Act, applies only to an electronic mail message that
- is sent on or after September 1, 2005.
- 17 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2005.