By: Crownover

H.B. No. 2701

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to higher education authorities.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Chapter 53, Education Code, as amended by
5	Chapters 1266 and 1310, Acts of the 78th Legislature, Regular
6	Session, 2003, is reenacted and amended to read as follows:
7	CHAPTER 53. HIGHER EDUCATION <u>FACILITY</u> AUTHORITIES <u>FOR PUBLIC</u>
8	SCHOOLS
9	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
10	Sec. 53.01. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the
11	Higher Education <u>Facility</u> Authority <u>for Public Schools</u> Act.
12	Sec. 53.02. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
13	(1) "City" means an incorporated city or town in this
14	state.
15	(2) "Governing body" means the council, commission, or
16	other governing body of a city.
17	(3) "Authority" means a higher education <u>facility</u>
18	authority created under this chapter.
19	(4) "Board" means the board of directors of an
20	authority.
21	(5) "Institution of higher education" means [(i)] any
22	institution of higher education as defined by Subdivision (8) of
23	Section 61.003 [of this code, or (ii) a degree-granting college or
24	university corporation accredited by the Texas Education Agency or

by a recognized accrediting agency, as defined by Subdivision (13) of Section 61.003 of this code, or (iii) a postsecondary career school or college accredited by the Association of Independent Colleges and Schools, the National Association of Trade and Technical Schools, or the National Accrediting Commission of Cosmetology Arts and Sciences].

7 (6) "Educational facility" means a classroom 8 building, laboratory, science building, faculty or administrative 9 office building, or other facility used exclusively for the conduct 10 of the educational and administrative functions of an institution 11 of higher education.

12 (7) "Housing facility" means a single- or multi-family 13 residence used exclusively for housing or boarding, or housing and 14 boarding students, faculty, or staff members of an institution of 15 higher learning. The term includes infirmary and student union 16 building, but does not include a housing or boarding facility for 17 the use of a fraternity, sorority, or private club.

18 (8) "Bond resolution" means the resolution19 authorizing the issuance of revenue bonds.

(9) "Trust indenture" means the mortgage, deed of
trust, or other instrument pledging revenue <u>or</u> [of] property, or
creating a mortgage lien on property, or both, to secure the revenue
bonds issued by the authority.

24 (10) ["Trustee" means the trustee under the trust
25 indenture.

26 [(11) "Repurchase agreement" means a simultaneous
27 agreement between a higher education authority and another entity

in which one of the parties has agreed to purchase investment 1 securities on a specified date and the other party has agreed to 2 repurchase the investment securities at the same price plus accrued 3 interest on a later date, in which the market value of the 4 5 investment securities purchased is in excess of the amount of the 6 repurchase agreement, and in which the investment securities are so purchased and held separately from all other investment securities, 7 8 in trust, in order to complete the contractual commitment. 9 [(12) "Accredited primary or secondary school" means a primary or secondary school, including a preschool, that is 10 accredited by an accreditation body that is a member of the Texas 11 Private School Accreditation Commission. 12 [(13)] "Authorized charter school" 13 means an 14 open-enrollment charter school that holds a charter granted under 15 Subchapter D, Chapter 12. (11) [(14)] "Borrower" means any of the following 16 17 entities that is the recipient of a loan made under Section 53.34: (A) an institution of higher education; 18 a nonprofit corporation: 19 (B) incorporated by and under the exclusive 20 (i) control of an institution of higher education; or 21 22 (ii) incorporated and operating for the exclusive benefit of an institution of higher education and 23 24 authorized by the governing board of the institution to enter into a 25 transaction as a borrower under this chapter; or

26 (C) [an accredited primary or secondary school; 27 or

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SUBCHAPTER B. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

4 Sec. 53.11. CREATION OF AUTHORITY. When the governing body 5 of a city finds that it is to the best interest of the city and its inhabitants to create a higher education <u>facility</u> authority, it 6 7 shall pass an ordinance creating the authority and designating the name by which it shall be known. If the governing bodies of two or 8 more cities find that it is to the best interest of the cities to 9 create an authority to include those cities, each governing body 10 shall pass an ordinance creating the authority and designating the 11 name by which it shall be known. 12

Sec. 53.12. TERRITORY. The authority comprises only the territory included within the boundaries of the city or cities creating it.

Sec. 53.13. CORPORATE POWERS. An authority is a body politic and corporate having the power of perpetual succession. It shall have a seal; it may sue and be sued; and it may make, amend, and repeal its bylaws.

20 Sec. 53.131. AUTHORITY'S EARNINGS. A private person may 21 not share in any of an authority's earnings.

Sec. 53.14. BOARD OF DIRECTORS. (a) The authority shall be governed by a board of directors consisting of not less than 7 nor more than 11 members to be determined at the time of creating the authority. The directors shall be appointed by the governing body of the city or by the governing bodies of the cities, and they shall serve until their successors are appointed as provided by this

section. If the authority includes more than one city, each
 governing body shall appoint an equal number of directors unless
 otherwise agreed by the cities.

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(b) The members of the board serve for two-year terms.

5 (c) No officer or employee of any such city is eligible for 6 appointment as a director. Directors are not entitled to 7 compensation for services but are entitled to reimbursement for 8 expenses incurred in performing such service.

Sec. 53.15. ORGANIZATION OF QUORUM; EMPLOYEES; 9 BOARD; The board shall elect from among its members a 10 COUNSEL. (a) president and vice president, and shall elect a secretary and a 11 treasurer who may or may not be directors, and may elect other 12 officers as authorized by the authority's bylaws. The offices of 13 14 secretary and treasurer may be combined.

(b) The president has the same right to vote on all mattersas other members of the board.

17 (c) A majority constitutes a quorum, and when a quorum is18 present action may be taken by a majority vote of directors present.

19 (d) The board may employ a manager or executive director of 20 the facilities and other employees, experts, and agents as it sees 21 fit. It may delegate to the manager the power to employ and 22 discharge employees.

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(e) The board may employ legal counsel.

SUBCHAPTER C. POWERS AND DUTIES

25 Sec. 53.31. NO TAXING POWER. An authority has no power to 26 tax.

Sec. 53.32. NO POWER OF EMINENT DOMAIN. The authority does

1 not have the power of eminent domain.

Sec. 53.33. LIMITED POWER TO ACQUIRE, OWN, AND OPERATE 2 EDUCATIONAL AND HOUSING FACILITIES. (a) 3 An authority or a nonprofit instrumentality created under Section 53.35(b) may 4 acquire, own, hold title to, lease, or operate an educational 5 6 facility or housing facility or any facility incidental, subordinate, or related to or appropriate in connection with an 7 8 educational facility or housing facility, but only if:

9 (1) the facility is or will be located within the 10 corporate limits of the city that created the authority or 11 nonprofit instrumentality;

12 (2) the governing body of an institution of higher 13 education officially requests the authority or nonprofit 14 instrumentality to acquire and own the facility for the benefit of 15 the institution of higher education;

16 (3) the institution of higher education officially 17 agrees to accept, and has authority to receive legal title to, the 18 facility not later than the date on which any bonds or other 19 obligations issued to acquire the facility are paid in full; and

20 (4) the ownership of the facility by the authority or 21 the nonprofit instrumentality is approved by official action of the 22 governing body of:

(A) the city that created the authority ornonprofit instrumentality;

(B) the school district in which the facility isor will be located; and

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(C) the county in which the facility is or will be

1 located.

2 (b) An authority or instrumentality that exercises the 3 powers granted by Subsection (a) may contract for the operation of 4 the facility by public or private entities or persons on the terms 5 and conditions set forth in a contract relating to the operation of 6 the facility.

The changes in law made by the amendment of this section 7 (c) 8 by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, do not affect the 9 acquisition, ownership, construction, or improvement of a facility, or the acquisition and ownership of land that were 10 approved by official action of the authority or nonprofit corporate 11 instrumentality before March 15, 2003, and the law in effect 12 immediately before the effective date of the amendment of this 13 14 section by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, is 15 continued in effect for that purpose.

Sec. 53.331. REFINANCING FACILITIES. The authority may refinance any educational or housing facility acquired, constructed, or improved.

Sec. 53.34. REVENUE BONDS. (a) An authority or a nonprofit instrumentality created under Section 53.35(b), including an authority or nonprofit instrumentality authorized to own facilities under Section 53.33(a), may issue and execute revenue bonds or other obligations to loan or otherwise provide funds to a borrower if:

(1) the governing body of the borrower by official action requests the issuer of the bonds or other obligations to loan the proceeds under this subsection;

1 (2) the purpose of the loan is to enable the borrower 2 to acquire, construct, enlarge, extend, repair, renovate, or 3 otherwise improve an educational facility or housing facility or any facility incidental, subordinate, or related to or appropriate 4 5 in connection with an educational facility or housing facility, or 6 for acquiring land to be used for those purposes, or to create operating and debt service reserves for and to pay issuance costs 7 8 related to the bonds or other obligations; and

9 (3) under the terms of the loan, and unless a mortgage 10 lien granted to secure the loan is in default, the ownership of the 11 facility is required to be at all times under the exclusive control, 12 and held for the exclusive benefit, of the borrower.

(b) In issuing revenue bonds or other obligations under this chapter, the issuer of the bonds or other obligations is considered to be acting on behalf of the city by which it was created.

16 (c) Bonds or other obligations issued under Subsection (a) 17 shall be payable from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, 18 income, or assets pledged for the purpose by the borrower. The 19 bonds or other obligations may be additionally secured by a 20 mortgage, deed of trust, or chattel mortgage on real or personal 21 property, or on both real and personal property, if granted by the 22 borrower.

(d) A facility financed with the proceeds of a loan or loans made to a borrower under Subsection (a) is not required to be located within the corporate limits of the city that created the issuer of the bonds or other obligations.

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(e) An authority or a nonprofit instrumentality that is

authorized to acquire and own educational facilities and housing facilities under Section 53.33(a) may issue and execute revenue bonds and other obligations for the purpose of acquiring, owning, and operating the educational and housing facilities, to create operating reserves for the facilities, and to create debt service reserves for and to pay issuance costs related to the bonds or other obligations.

8 (f) Bonds or other obligations issued under Subsection (e) 9 shall be payable from and secured by a pledge of all or any part of the gross or net revenues to be derived from the operation of the 10 educational facilities and housing facilities being acquired and 11 any other revenues, income, or assets, including the revenues and 12 income of the educational facilities or housing facilities 13 14 previously acquired or subsequently to be acquired. The bonds or 15 other obligations may be additionally secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or chattel mortgage on real or personal property, or on 16 17 both real and personal property, if granted by the authority or nonprofit instrumentality issuing the bonds or other obligations. 18

19 (q) The changes in law made by the amendment of this section by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, affect and apply 20 21 only to transactions involving bonds or other obligations that are issued or executed under this chapter on or after March 15, 2003. 22 Bonds or other obligations that are issued or executed under this 23 24 chapter before March 15, 2003, are governed by the law in effect 25 immediately before the amendment of this section by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, and that former 26 law is continued in effect for that purpose. 27

Sec. 53.35. ISSUANCE OF BONDS; PROCEDURE; ETC. (a) 1 The 2 bonds shall be authorized by resolution adopted by a majority vote of a quorum of the board. Bonds authorized under this section shall 3 4 be issued in accordance with Chapter 1201, Government Code. The 5 bonds shall mature serially or otherwise in not to exceed 50 years. 6 The rate of interest to be borne by the bonds shall not exceed the 7 maximum rate prescribed by Chapter 1204, Government Code.

8 (b) In addition to or in lieu of establishing an authority 9 under the provisions of this chapter, the governing body of a city or cities may request or order created one or more nonprofit 10 corporations to act on its behalf and as its duly constituted 11 authority and instrumentality to exercise the powers granted to an 12 authority under the provisions of Sections 53.33 and 53.34. 13 If a 14 nonprofit corporation is created for such purposes or agrees to 15 such request, the directors thereof shall thereafter be appointed and be subject to removal by the governing body of the city or 16 17 cities. In addition to the powers granted under, and subject to the limitations provided by, Sections 53.33 and 53.34, the corporation 18 shall have all powers granted under the Texas Non-Profit 19 Corporation Act for the purpose of aiding institutions of higher 20 education in providing educational facilities and 21 housing facilities and facilities incidental, subordinate, or related 22 thereto or appropriate in connection therewith. In addition to 23 24 Sections 53.33 and 53.34 and the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act, 25 as amended (Article 1396-1.01 et seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), Sections 53.131, 53.14, 53.15, 53.31, 53.32, 53.331, 26 53.34, 53.35, 53.38, and 53.41 of this code apply to and govern such 27

1 corporation and its procedures, bonds, and other obligations.

2 Sec. 53.351. BONDS FOR OPEN-ENROLLMENT CHARTER SCHOOL 3 FACILITIES. (a) The Texas Public Finance Authority shall establish a nonprofit corporation to issue revenue bonds on behalf 4 5 of authorized open-enrollment charter schools for the acquisition, construction, repair, or renovation of educational facilities of 6 7 those schools.

8 (b) The Texas Public Finance Authority shall appoint the 9 directors of the corporation in consultation with the commissioner 10 of education. Directors serve without compensation but are 11 entitled to reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in attending 12 board meetings. The board shall meet at least once a year.

The corporation has all powers granted under the Texas 13 (c) Non-Profit Corporation Act (Article 1396-1.01 et seq., Vernon's 14 15 Texas Civil Statutes) for the purpose of aiding authorized open-enrollment charter schools in providing educational 16 17 facilities. In addition, Sections 53.131, 53.15, 53.31, 53.32, 53.331, 53.34, 53.35, 53.36(a), and 53.37-53.42 apply to and govern 18 19 the corporation and its procedures and bonds.

20 (d) The corporation shall adopt rules governing the 21 issuance of bonds on behalf of an authorized open-enrollment 22 charter school.

(e) The comptroller shall establish a fund dedicated to the credit enhancement of bonds issued under this section. The fund may receive donations. The obligation of the fund is limited to an amount equal to the balance of the fund.

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(f) A revenue bond issued under this section is not a debt of

the state or any state agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the state and is not a pledge of the faith and credit of any of these entities. A revenue bond is payable solely from the revenue of the authorized open-enrollment charter school on whose behalf the bond is issued. A revenue bond issued under this section must contain on its face a statement to the effect that:

7 (1) neither the state nor a state agency, political
8 corporation, or political subdivision of the state is obligated to
9 pay the principal of or interest on the bond; and

10 (2) neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power 11 of the state or any state agency, political corporation, or 12 political subdivision of the state is pledged to the payment of the 13 principal of or interest on the bond.

14 (g) An educational facility financed in whole or in part 15 under this section is exempt from taxation if the facility:

16 (1) is owned by an authorized open-enrollment charter 17 school;

18 (2) is held for the exclusive benefit of the school;19 and

(3) is held for the exclusive use of the students,faculty, and staff members of the school.

Sec. 53.36. BOND RESOLUTION; NOTICE; ELECTION. (a) Before authorizing the issuance of bonds, other than refunding bonds, the board shall cause a notice to be issued stating that it intends to adopt a resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds, the maximum amount thereof, and the maximum maturity thereof. The notice shall be published once each week for two consecutive weeks

1 in a newspaper or newspapers having general circulation in the 2 authority. The first publication shall be at least 14 days prior to 3 the day set for adopting the bond resolution.

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4 If, prior to the day set for the adoption of the bond (b) 5 resolution, there is presented to the secretary or president of the board a petition signed by not less than 10 percent of the qualified 6 7 voters residing in the city or cities comprising the authority, who 8 own taxable property in the authority and who have duly rendered it 9 for taxation to the city in which such property is located or situated, requesting an election on the proposition for the 10 issuance of the bonds, the bonds shall not be issued unless an 11 election is held and a majority vote is in favor of the bonds. The 12 election shall be called and held in accordance with the procedure 13 prescribed in Chapter 1251, Government Code, with the board and the 14 15 president and secretary performing the functions there assigned to the governing body of the city, the mayor and city secretary, 16 17 respectively. If no such petition is filed, the bonds may be issued without an election. However, the board may call an election on its 18 own motion without the filing of the petition. 19

20 Sec. 53.37. JUNIOR LIEN BONDS; PARITY BONDS. Bonds 21 constituting a junior lien on the net revenue or properties may be 22 issued unless prohibited by the bond resolution or trust indenture. 23 Parity bonds may be issued under conditions specified in the bond 24 resolution or trust indenture.

25 Sec. 53.38. RESERVES FOR OPERATING AND OTHER EXPENSES. 26 Money for the payment of not more than two years' interest on the 27 bonds and an amount estimated by the board to be required for

operating expenses during the first year of operation may be set aside for those purposes out of the proceeds from the sale of the bonds.

Sec. 53.39. REFUNDING BONDS. Bonds may be issued for the purpose of refunding outstanding bonds in the manner provided in this chapter for other bonds, and may be exchanged by the comptroller or sold and the proceeds applied in accordance with the procedure prescribed by Subchapter B or C, Chapter 1207, Government Code.

Sec. 53.40. APPROVAL 10 OF BONDS; REGISTRATION; NEGOTIABILITY. Bonds issued under this chapter and the record 11 relating to their issuance shall be submitted to the attorney 12 general, and if he finds that they have been issued in accordance 13 14 with this chapter and constitute valid and binding obligations of 15 the authority and are secured as recited therein he shall approve them, and they shall be registered by comptroller of public 16 17 accounts who shall certify the registration thereon. Thereafter they are incontestable. The bonds shall be negotiable and shall 18 contain the following provision: "The holder hereof shall never 19 have the right to demand payment thereof out of money raised or to 20 be raised by taxation." 21

Sec. 53.41. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS. All bonds issued under this chapter are legal and authorized investments for all banks, savings banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, and insurance companies of all kinds and types, and for the interest and sinking funds and other public funds of any issuer. The bonds are also eligible and lawful

security for all deposits of public funds of the State of Texas and of any issuer, to the extent of the value of the bonds, when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons appurtenant to them.

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4 Sec. 53.42. INVESTMENT OF FUNDS; SECURITY. To the extent it 5 is applicable, the law as to the security for and the investment of 6 funds, applicable to cities, controls the investment of funds 7 belonging to authority. The bond resolution or the indenture or 8 both may further restrict the making of investments. The authority may invest the proceeds of its bonds, until the money is needed, in 9 direct obligations of or obligations unconditionally 10 the guaranteed by the United States, to the extent authorized in the 11 bond resolution or indenture or in both. 12

13 Sec. 53.43. DEPOSITORIES. The authority may select a 14 depository or depositories according to the procedures provided by 15 law for the selection of city depositories, or it may award its 16 depository contract to the same depository or depositories selected 17 by the city or cities and on the same terms.

Sec. 53.44. OPERATION OF FACILITIES; RATES CHARGED; RESERVE FUNDS. (a) The facilities may be operated by the authority without the intervention of private profit for the use and benefit of the public, or may be leased to an institution of higher education, or may be operated by the institution under a contract with the authority, the lease or contract to be in effect until any revenue bonds issued in connection with it have been finally retired.

25 (b) The board shall charge rates for the use of the 26 facilities, or for their lease or operation, that are fully 27 sufficient to pay all expenses in connection with the ownership,

operation, and upkeep of the facilities, to pay the interest on the bonds as it becomes due, to create a sinking fund to pay the bonds as they become due, and to create and maintain a bond reserve fund and other funds and reserves that may be provided in the bond resolution or trust indenture. The bond resolution or trust indenture may prescribe systems, methods, routines, and procedures under which the facilities shall be operated.

8 Sec. 53.45. TRANSACTIONS WITH OTHER AGENCIES AND PERSONS. 9 The authority may borrow money and accept grants from, and enter 10 into contracts, leases, or other transactions with the United 11 States, the State of Texas, any municipal corporation in the state, 12 and any public or private person or corporation resident or 13 authorized to do business in the state.

Sec. 53.46. AUTHORITY EXEMPT FROM TAXATION. Because the property owned by authority will be held for educational purposes only and will be devoted exclusively to the use and benefit of the students, faculty, and staff members of an accredited institution of higher education, it is exempt from taxation of every character.

19 [Sec. 53.47. GUARANTEED STUDENT LOANS AND ALTERNATE 20 EDUCATION LOANS; BONDS FOR THE PURCHASE OF EDUCATION LOAN NOTES. 21 (a) In this section:

[(1) "Accredited institution" means an institution that has either been recognized by a recognized accrediting agency, as defined by Section 61.003, or accredited by the Accrediting Commission for Independent Colleges and Schools, the Accrediting Commission for Career Schools and Colleges of Technology, or the National Accrediting Commission of Cosmetology Arts and Sciences.

1	[(2) "Alternative education loan" means a loan other
2	than a guaranteed student loan that is made to or for the benefit of
3	a student for the purpose of financing all or part of the student's
4	cost of attendance at an accredited institution.
5	[(3) "Cost of attendance" means all costs of a student
6	incurred in connection with a program of study at an accredited
7	institution, as determined by the institution, including tuition
8	and instructional fees, the cost of room and board, books,
9	computers, and supplies, and other related fees, charges, and
10	expenses.
11	[(4) "Guaranteed student loan" means a loan made by an
12	eligible lender under the Higher Education Act of 1965 (Pub. L. No.
13	89-329), as amended.
14	[(5) "Qualified alternative education loan lender"
15	means a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of this
16	state that:
17	[(A) is a qualified nonprofit corporation;
18	[(B) has serviced education loans made under the
19	Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, for a qualified nonprofit
20	corporation for a period of not less than 10 years; or
21	[(C) is a charitable organization qualified
22	under Section 509(a)(2), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
23	that provides services to a qualified nonprofit corporation.
24	[(6) "Qualified nonprofit corporation" means a
25	nonprofit corporation:
26	[(A) that issued bonds on or after January 1 ,
27	1990, and before January 1, 2001, that qualified as qualified

1	student loan bonds under Section 144(b), Internal Revenue Code of
2	1986, as amended; or
3	[(B) that the office of the governor, in
4	consultation with the state student loan guaranty agency or any
5	other public or private entity the office of the governor considers
6	appropriate, has determined meets a need for student loan financing
7	that existing qualified nonprofit corporations cannot meet, which
8	determination may include information provided by the nonprofit
9	corporation's plan for doing business that should include
10	documented limitations in:
11	[(i) the geographic coverage of existing
12	qualified nonprofit corporations in the nonprofit corporation's
13	proposed area of service;
14	[(ii) the willingness of existing qualified
15	nonprofit corporations to serve the eligible lenders in the
16	proposed area of service; and
17	[(iii) the ability of existing qualified
18	nonprofit corporations to serve the eligible lenders in the
19	proposed area of service.
20	[(b) An authority may, upon approval of the city or cities
21	which created the same, issue revenue bonds or otherwise borrow
22	money to obtain funds to purchase or to make guaranteed student
23	loans. Revenue bonds issued for such purpose shall be issued in
24	accordance with and with the effect provided in this chapter,
25	except Section 53.36 shall not apply, as this chapter has been
26	modified by Chapter 1204, Government Code, and Subchapters A and D,
27	Chapter 1207, Government Code. Such bonds shall be payable from and

1	secured by a pledge of revenues derived from or by reason of the
2	ownership of guaranteed student loans and investment income after
3	deduction of such expenses of operating the loan program as may be
4	specified by the bond resolution or trust indenture.
5	[(c) An authority may cause money to be expended to make or
6	purchase for its account guaranteed student loans that are
7	guaranteed by the Texas Guaranteed Student Loan Corporation or that
8	are executed by or on behalf of students who (1) are residents of
9	this state or (2) have been admitted to attend an accredited
10	institution within this state.
11	[(d) The authority shall contract with a nonprofit
12	corporation, organized under the laws of this state, whereby such
13	corporation will provide the reports and other information required
14	for continued participation in the federally guaranteed loan
15	program provided by the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.
16	[(e) The authority, as a municipal corporation of the state,
17	is charged with a portion of the responsibility of the state to
18	provide educational opportunities in keeping with all applicable
19	state and federal laws. Nothing in this section shall be construed
20	as a prohibition against establishing policies to limit the
21	purchase of guaranteed student loans to guaranteed student loans
22	executed by students attending school in a certain geographical
23	area or by students who are residents of the area.

24 [(f) In addition to establishing an authority under the 25 provisions of this chapter, the governing body of a city or cities 26 may request a qualified nonprofit corporation to exercise the 27 powers enumerated and provided in this section for and on its

behalf. If the qualified nonprofit corporation agrees to exercise 1 such powers, the directors of such corporation shall thereafter be 2 appointed by and be subject to removal by the governing body of the 3 city or cities, and except as provided in this section, Sections 4 53.14, 53.15, 53.31, 53.32, 53.38, and 53.41 through 53.43 apply to 5 and govern such corporation, its procedures, and bonds. 6 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 53.42, a gualified 7 8 nonprofit corporation which has been requested to exercise the 9 powers enumerated and requested in this section may invest or cause a trustee or custodian on behalf of such qualified nonprofit 10 corporation to invest its funds, including the proceeds of any 11 bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by such gualified 12 nonprofit corporation and any monies which are pledged to the 13 payment thereof, in: 14

15 [(1) certificates of deposit or other time or demand 16 accounts of banks and savings and loan associations which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, provided the 17 amount of any certificate of deposit in excess of that covered by 18 such insurance must be secured by a first and prior pledge of 19 government obligations having a market value of not less than 100 20 percent of the excess unless a nationally recognized rating agency 21 has given the senior securities of the bank issuing the certificate 22 of deposit the highest or next to the highest investment rating 23 24 available;

- [(2) repurchase agreements;
- [(3) guaranteed student loans and alternative 26 27 education loans; or

[(4) a security issued by another nonprofit 1 corporation acting under this section. 2 [(q) A nonprofit corporation, whether acting at the request 3 of a city or cities under Subsection (f) or acting as a servicer or 4 administrator for another corporation that purchases guaranteed 5 student loans, or that on its own behalf issues securities or 6 otherwise obtains funds to purchase or make guaranteed student 7 loans or alternative education loans, may: 8 [(1) exercise the powers granted by the Texas 9 Non-Profit Corporation Act (Article 1396-1.01 et seq., Vernon's 10 Texas Civil Statutes); 11 [(2) service loans purchased or made from its funds or 12 contract with another person to service the loans; 13 [(3) grant a security interest in a trust estate 14 15 securing its securities; and [(4) make investments as authorized by Subsection (f). 16 [(h) A security interest in a trust estate granted under 17 Subsection (q)(3) is attached and perfected at the time the 18 security interest is executed and delivered by the nonprofit 19 corporation. The security interest grants to the secured party a 20 first prior perfected security interest in the trust estate for the 21 22 benefit of the secured party without regard to the location of the assets that constitute the trust estate. 23 24 [(i) An alternative education loan may be made under this section only by a qualified alternative education loan lender. An 25 alternative education loan may not be in an amount in excess of the 26 difference between the cost of attendance and the amount of other 27

1	student assistance to the student, other than loans under Section
2	428B(a)(1), Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Section 1078-2)
3	(relating to parent loans), for which the student borrower may be
4	eligible. An alternative education loan covered by this subsection
5	is subject to Chapter 342, Finance Code, as applicable, except
6	that:
7	[(1) the maximum interest rate on the loan may not
8	exceed the rate permitted under Subchapter A, Chapter 303, Finance
9	Code; and
10	[(2) application and origination fees may be agreed to
11	by the parties and assessed at the inception of the loan, provided
12	that if any such fees constitute additional interest under
13	applicable law, the effective rate of interest agreed to over the
14	stated term of the loan may not exceed the rate allowed by
15	Subchapter A, Chapter 303, Finance Code, and accrued unpaid
16	interest may be added to unpaid principal at the beginning of the
17	agreed repayment period at the borrower's option and in accordance
18	with the terms of the agreement for purposes of determining the
19	total principal amount due at the inception of the repayment
20	period.
21	[(j) An authority or nonprofit corporation making education
22	loans under this section is exempt from the licensing requirements
23	of Chapter 342, Finance Code.]

24 Sec. 53.48. BONDS FOR <u>AUTHORIZED CHARTER</u> [ACCREDITED 25 PRIMARY OR SECONDARY] SCHOOLS. In the same manner that a 26 corporation may issue and execute bonds or other obligations under 27 this chapter for an institution of higher education, a corporation

created under Section 53.35(b) may issue and execute bonds or other obligations to finance or refinance educational facilities [or housing facilities] to be used by [an accredited primary or secondary school or by] an authorized charter school.

5 [Sec. 53.49. BONDS FOR CERTAIN SCHOOLS OWNED AND OPERATED 6 BY NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS. (a) In the same manner that a 7 corporation may issue bonds under this chapter for an institution 8 of higher education, a corporation created under Section 53.35(b) 9 may issue bonds to finance or refinance educational facilities to 10 be used by a school that:

11 [(1) is located in a county with a population of more
12 than 1,800,000;

13 [(2) is located within three miles of an area 14 designated as an enterprise zone under Chapter 2303, Government 15 Code;

16 [(3) provides primary and secondary education to at 17 least 1,000 students;

18 [(4) is accredited by an organization approved by the
 19 Texas Education Agency for private school accreditation; and

20 [(5) is owned and operated by a corporation created 21 under the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act (Article 1396-1.01 et 22 seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).

23 [(b) Notwithstanding Section 53.34(b), bonds issued under 24 this section may be payable from and secured by a pledge of any 25 revenue or assets pledged for that purpose.]

26 SECTION 2. Subtitle A, Title 3, Education Code, is amended 27 by adding Chapters 53A and 53B to read as follows:

1 CHAPTER 53A. HIGHER EDUCATION FACILITY AUTHORITIES FOR PRIVATE 2 SCHOOLS SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS 3 Sec. 53A.01. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the 4 5 Higher Education Facility Authority for Private Schools Act. 6 Sec. 53A.02. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 7 (1) "City" means an incorporated city or town in this 8 state. 9 (2) "Governing body" means the council, commission, or 10 other governing body of a city. (3) "Authority" means a higher education facility 11 12 authority created under this chapter. (4) "Board" means the board of directors of an 13 14 authority. 15 (5) "Institution of higher education" means (i) a degree-granting college or university corporation accredited by 16 17 the Texas Education Agency or by a recognized accrediting agency, as defined by Section 61.003(13), or (ii) a postsecondary career 18 school or college accredited by the Association of Independent 19 Colleges and Schools, the National Association of Trade and 20 21 Technical Schools, or the National Accrediting Commission of Cosmetology Arts and Sciences. 22 (6) "Educational facility" means a classroom 23 24 building, laboratory, science building, faculty or administrative 25 office building, or other facility used exclusively for the conduct 26 of the educational and administrative functions of an institution 27 of higher education.

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1	(7) "Housing facility" means a single- or multi-family
2	residence used exclusively for housing or boarding, or housing and
3	boarding students, faculty, or staff members of an institution of
4	higher learning. The term includes infirmary and student union
5	building, but does not include a housing or boarding facility for
6	the use of a fraternity, sorority, or private club.
7	(8) "Bond resolution" means the resolution
8	authorizing the issuance of revenue bonds.
9	(9) "Trust indenture" means the mortgage, deed of
10	trust, or other instrument pledging revenue or property, or
11	creating a mortgage lien on property, or both, to secure the revenue
12	bonds issued by the authority.
13	(10) "Accredited primary or secondary school" means a
14	primary or secondary school, including a preschool, that is
15	accredited by an accreditation body that is a member of the Texas
16	Private School Accreditation Commission.
17	(11) "Borrower" means any of the following entities
18	that is the recipient of a loan made under Section 53A.34:
19	(A) an institution of higher education;
20	(B) a nonprofit corporation:
21	(i) incorporated by and under the exclusive
22	control of an institution of higher education; or
23	(ii) incorporated and operating for the
24	exclusive benefit of an institution of higher education and
25	authorized by the governing board of the institution to enter into a
26	transaction as a borrower under this chapter; or
27	(C) an accredited primary or secondary school.

1	[Sections 53A.03-53A.10 reserved for expansion]
2	SUBCHAPTER B. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS
3	Sec. 53A.11. CREATION OF AUTHORITY. When the governing
4	body of a city finds that it is to the best interest of the city and
5	its inhabitants to create a higher education facility authority, it
6	shall pass an ordinance creating the authority and designating the
7	name by which it shall be known. If the governing bodies of two or
8	more cities find that it is to the best interest of the cities to
9	create an authority to include those cities, each governing body
10	shall pass an ordinance creating the authority and designating the
11	name by which it shall be known.
12	Sec. 53A.12. TERRITORY. The authority comprises only the
13	territory included within the boundaries of the city or cities
14	creating it.
15	Sec. 53A.13. CORPORATE POWERS. An authority is a body
16	politic and corporate having the power of perpetual succession. It
17	shall have a seal; it may sue and be sued; and it may make, amend,
18	and repeal its bylaws.
19	Sec. 53A.131. AUTHORITY'S EARNINGS. A private person may
20	not share in any of an authority's earnings.
21	Sec. 53A.14. BOARD OF DIRECTORS. (a) The authority shall
22	be governed by a board of directors consisting of not less than 7
23	nor more than 11 members to be determined at the time of creating
24	the authority. The directors shall be appointed by the governing
25	body of the city or by the governing bodies of the cities, and they
26	shall serve until their successors are appointed as provided by
27	this section. If the authority includes more than one city, each

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1	governing body shall appoint an equal number of directors unless
2	otherwise agreed by the cities.
3	(b) The members of the board serve for two-year terms.
4	(c) No officer or employee of any such city is eligible for
5	appointment as a director. Directors are not entitled to
6	compensation for services but are entitled to reimbursement for
7	expenses incurred in performing such service.
8	Sec. 53A.15. ORGANIZATION OF BOARD; QUORUM; EMPLOYEES;
9	COUNSEL. (a) The board shall elect from among its members a
10	president and vice president, and shall elect a secretary and a
11	treasurer who may or may not be directors, and may elect other
12	officers as authorized by the authority's bylaws. The offices of
13	secretary and treasurer may be combined.
14	(b) The president has the same right to vote on all matters
15	as other members of the board.
16	(c) A majority constitutes a quorum, and when a quorum is
17	present action may be taken by a majority vote of directors present.
18	(d) The board may employ a manager or executive director of
19	the facilities and other employees, experts, and agents as it sees
20	fit. It may delegate to the manager the power to employ and
21	discharge employees.
22	(e) The board may employ legal counsel.
23	[Sections 53A.16-53A.30 reserved for expansion]
24	SUBCHAPTER C. POWERS AND DUTIES
25	Sec. 53A.31. NO TAXING POWER. An authority has no power to
26	tax.
27	Sec. 53A.32. NO POWER OF EMINENT DOMAIN. The authority does

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1	not have the power of eminent domain.
2	Sec. 53A.33. LIMITED POWER TO ACQUIRE, OWN, AND OPERATE
3	EDUCATIONAL AND HOUSING FACILITIES. (a) An authority or a
4	nonprofit instrumentality created under Section 53A.35(b) may
5	acquire, own, hold title to, lease, or operate an educational
6	facility or housing facility or any facility incidental,
7	subordinate, or related to or appropriate in connection with an
8	educational facility or housing facility, but only if:
9	(1) the facility is or will be located within the
10	corporate limits of the city that created the authority or
11	nonprofit instrumentality;
12	(2) the governing body of an institution of higher
13	education officially requests the authority or nonprofit
14	instrumentality to acquire and own the facility for the benefit of
15	the institution of higher education;
16	(3) the institution of higher education officially
17	agrees to accept, and has authority to receive legal title to, the
18	facility not later than the date on which any bonds or other
19	obligations issued to acquire the facility are paid in full; and
20	(4) the ownership of the facility by the authority or
21	the nonprofit instrumentality is approved by official action of the
22	governing body of:
23	(A) the city that created the authority or
24	nonprofit instrumentality;
25	(B) the school district in which the facility is
26	or will be located; and
27	(C) the county in which the facility is or will be

1 located.

2 (b) An authority or instrumentality that exercises the 3 powers granted by Subsection (a) may contract for the operation of 4 the facility by public or private entities or persons on the terms 5 and conditions set forth in a contract relating to the operation of 6 the facility.

7 (c) The changes in law made by the amendment of this section by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, do not affect the 8 acquisition, ownership, construction, or improvement of a 9 facility, or the acquisition and ownership of land that were 10 approved by official action of the authority or nonprofit corporate 11 instrumentality before March 15, 2003, and the law in effect 12 immediately before the effective date of the amendment of this 13 section by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, is 14 15 continued in effect for that purpose.

16 <u>Sec. 53A.331. REFINANCING FACILITIES. The authority may</u> 17 <u>refinance any educational or housing facility acquired,</u> 18 constructed, or improved.

19 <u>Sec. 53A.34. REVENUE BONDS. (a) An authority or a</u> 20 <u>nonprofit instrumentality created under Section 53A.35(b),</u> 21 <u>including an authority or nonprofit instrumentality authorized to</u> 22 <u>own facilities under Section 53A.33(a), may issue and execute</u> 23 <u>revenue bonds or other obligations to loan or otherwise provide</u> 24 <u>funds to a borrower if:</u>

25 (1) the governing body of the borrower by official 26 action requests the issuer of the bonds or other obligations to loan 27 the proceeds under this subsection;

(2) the purpose of the loan is to enable the borrower 1 2 to acquire, construct, enlarge, extend, repair, renovate, or otherwise improve an educational facility or housing facility or 3 4 any facility incidental, subordinate, or related to or appropriate 5 in connection with an educational facility or housing facility, or 6 for acquiring land to be used for those purposes, or to create 7 operating and debt service reserves for and to pay issuance costs 8 related to the bonds or other obligations; and 9 (3) under the terms of the loan, and unless a mortgage lien granted to secure the loan is in default, the ownership of the 10 facility is required to be at all times under the exclusive control, 11 and held for the exclusive benefit, of the borrower. 12 (b) In issuing revenue bonds or other obligations under this 13 14 chapter, the issuer of the bonds or other obligations is considered 15 to be acting on behalf of the city by which it was created. 16 (c) Bonds or other obligations issued under Subsection (a) 17 shall be payable from and secured by a pledge of the revenues, income, or assets pledged for the purpose by the borrower. The 18 bonds or other obligations may be additionally secured by a 19 mortgage, deed of trust, or chattel mortgage on real or personal 20 21 property, or on both real and personal property, if granted by the 22 borrower. (d) A facility financed with the proceeds of a loan or loans 23 24 made to a borrower under Subsection (a) is not required to be located within the corporate limits of the city that created the 25 26 issuer of the bonds or other obligations. 27 (e) An authority or a nonprofit instrumentality that is

1	authorized to acquire and own educational facilities and housing
2	facilities under Section 53A.33(a) may issue and execute revenue
3	bonds and other obligations for the purpose of acquiring, owning,
4	and operating the educational and housing facilities, to create
5	operating reserves for the facilities, and to create debt service
6	reserves for and to pay issuance costs related to the bonds or other
7	obligations.
8	(f) Bonds or other obligations issued under Subsection (e)
9	shall be payable from and secured by a pledge of all or any part of
10	the gross or net revenues to be derived from the operation of the
11	educational facilities and housing facilities being acquired and
12	any other revenues, income, or assets, including the revenues and
13	income of the educational facilities or housing facilities
14	previously acquired or subsequently to be acquired. The bonds or
15	other obligations may be additionally secured by a mortgage, deed
16	of trust, or chattel mortgage on real or personal property, or on
17	both real and personal property, if granted by the authority or
18	nonprofit instrumentality issuing the bonds or other obligations.
19	(g) The changes in law made by the amendment of this section
20	by the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, affect and apply
21	only to transactions involving bonds or other obligations that are
22	issued or executed under this chapter on or after March 15, 2003.
23	Bonds or other obligations that are issued or executed under this
24	chapter before March 15, 2003, are governed by the law in effect
25	immediately before the amendment of this section by the 78th
26	Legislature, Regular Session, 2003, and that former law is
27	continued in effect for that purpose.

Sec. 53A.35. ISSUANCE OF BONDS; PROCEDURE; ETC. (a) The bonds shall be authorized by resolution adopted by a majority vote of a quorum of the board. Bonds authorized under this section shall be issued in accordance with Chapter 1201, Government Code. The bonds shall mature serially or otherwise in not to exceed 50 years. The rate of interest to be borne by the bonds shall not exceed the maximum rate prescribed by Chapter 1204, Government Code.

(b) In addition to or in lieu of establishing an authority 8 under the provisions of this chapter, the governing body of a city 9 or cities may request or order created one or more nonprofit 10 corporations to act on its behalf and as its duly constituted 11 12 authority and instrumentality to exercise the powers granted to an authority under the provisions of Sections 53A.33 and 53A.34. If a 13 14 nonprofit corporation is created for such purposes or agrees to 15 such request, the directors thereof shall thereafter be appointed and be subject to removal by the governing body of the city or 16 17 cities. In addition to the powers granted under, and subject to the limitations provided by Sections 53A.33 and 53A.34, the corporation 18 shall have all powers granted under the Texas Non-Profit 19 Corporation Act for the purpose of aiding institutions of higher 20 21 education in providing educational facilities and housing facilities and facilities incidental, subordinate, or related 22 thereto or appropriate in connection therewith. In addition to 23 24 Sections 53A.33 and 53A.34 and the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act, as amended (Article 1396-1.01 et seq., Vernon's Texas Civil 25 Statutes), Sections 53A.131, 53A.14, 53A.15, 53A.31, 53A.32, 26 53A.331, 53A.34, 53A.35, 53A.38, and 53A.41 apply to and govern 27

such corporation and its procedures, bonds, and other obligations. 1 2 Sec. 53A.36. BOND RESOLUTION; NOTICE; ELECTION. (a) Before authorizing the issuance of bonds, other than refunding 3 4 bonds, the board shall cause a notice to be issued stating that it 5 intends to adopt a resolution authorizing the issuance of the 6 bonds, the maximum amount thereof, and the maximum maturity thereof. The notice shall be published once each week for two 7 consecutive weeks in a newspaper or newspapers having general 8 circulation in the authority. The first publication shall be at 9 least 14 days prior to the day set for adopting the bond resolution. 10 (b) If, prior to the day set for the adoption of the bond 11 12 resolution, there is presented to the secretary or president of the board a petition signed by not less than 10 percent of the qualified 13 14 voters residing in the city or cities comprising the authority, who 15 own taxable property in the authority and who have duly rendered it for taxation to the city in which such property is located or 16 17 situated, requesting an election on the proposition for the issuance of the bonds, the bonds shall not be issued unless an 18 election is held and a majority vote is in favor of the bonds. The 19 election shall be called and held in accordance with the procedure 20 21 prescribed in Chapter 1251, Government Code, with the board and the president and secretary performing the functions there assigned to 22 the governing body of the city, the mayor and city secretary, 23 24 respectively. If no such petition is filed, the bonds may be issued without an election. However, the board may call an election on its 25 26 own motion without the filing of the petition. Sec. 53A.37. JUNIOR LIEN BONDS; PARITY BONDS. 27 Bonds

1	constituting a junior lien on the net revenue or properties may be
2	issued unless prohibited by the bond resolution or trust indenture.
3	Parity bonds may be issued under conditions specified in the bond
4	resolution or trust indenture.
5	Sec. 53A.38. RESERVES FOR OPERATING AND OTHER EXPENSES.
6	Money for the payment of not more than two years' interest on the
7	bonds and an amount estimated by the board to be required for
8	operating expenses during the first year of operation may be set
9	aside for those purposes out of the proceeds from the sale of the
10	bonds.
11	Sec. 53A.39. REFUNDING BONDS. Bonds may be issued for the
12	purpose of refunding outstanding bonds in the manner provided in
13	this chapter for other bonds, and may be exchanged by the
14	comptroller or sold and the proceeds applied in accordance with the
15	procedure prescribed by Subchapter B or C, Chapter 1207, Government
16	Code.
17	Sec. 53A.40. APPROVAL OF BONDS; REGISTRATION;
18	NEGOTIABILITY. Bonds issued under this chapter and the record
19	relating to their issuance shall be submitted to the attorney
20	general, and if he finds that they have been issued in accordance
21	with this chapter and constitute valid and binding obligations of
22	the authority and are secured as recited therein he shall approve
23	them, and they shall be registered by comptroller of public
24	accounts who shall certify the registration thereon. Thereafter,
25	they are incontestable. The bonds shall be negotiable and shall
26	contain the following provision: "The holder hereof shall never
27	have the right to demand payment thereof out of money raised or to

1 be raised by taxation."

2 Sec. 53A.41. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS. All bonds issued under this chapter are legal and authorized investments for all 3 4 banks, savings banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, and insurance 5 6 companies of all kinds and types, and for the interest and sinking funds and other public funds of any issuer. The bonds are also 7 8 eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the State of Texas and of any issuer, to the extent of the value of the 9 bonds, when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons 10 11 appurtenant to them.

Sec. 53A.42. INVESTMENT OF FUNDS; SECURITY. To the extent 12 it is applicable, the law as to the security for and the investment 13 of funds, applicable to cities, controls the investment of funds 14 15 belonging to authority. The bond resolution or the indenture or both may further restrict the making of investments. The authority 16 17 may invest the proceeds of its bonds, until the money is needed, in the direct obligations of or obligations unconditionally 18 guaranteed by the United States, to the extent authorized in the 19 bond resolution or indenture or in both. 20

21 <u>Sec. 53A.43. DEPOSITORIES. The authority may select a</u> 22 <u>depository or depositories according to the procedures provided by</u> 23 <u>law for the selection of city depositories, or it may award its</u> 24 <u>depository contract to the same depository or depositories selected</u> 25 <u>by the city or cities and on the same terms.</u>

26Sec. 53A.44. OPERATION OF FACILITIES; RATES CHARGED;27RESERVE FUNDS. (a) The facilities may be operated by the authority

1 without the intervention of private profit for the use and benefit 2 of the public, or may be leased to an institution of higher education, or may be operated by the institution under a contract 3 4 with the authority, the lease or contract to be in effect until any 5 revenue bonds issued in connection with it have been finally 6 retired. 7 (b) The board shall charge rates for the use of the facilities, or for their lease or operation, that are fully 8 9 sufficient to pay all expenses in connection with the ownership, operation, and upkeep of the facilities, to pay the interest on the 10 bonds as it becomes due, to create a sinking fund to pay the bonds as 11 12 they become due, and to create and maintain a bond reserve fund and other funds and reserves that may be provided in the bond resolution 13 or trust indenture. The bond resolution or trust indenture may 14 15 prescribe systems, methods, routines, and procedures under which the <u>facilities shall be operated</u>. 16 17 Sec. 53A.45. TRANSACTIONS WITH OTHER AGENCIES AND PERSONS. The authority may borrow money and accept grants from, and enter 18 into contracts, leases, or other transactions with the United 19 States, the State of Texas, any municipal corporation in the state, 20 21 and any public or private person or corporation resident or 22 authorized to do business in the state. Sec. 53A.46. AUTHORITY EXEMPT FROM TAXATION. Because the 23

23 <u>sec. 55A.46. AUTHORITY EXEMPT FROM TAXATION. Because the</u> 24 property owned by authority will be held for educational purposes 25 only and will be devoted exclusively to the use and benefit of the 26 students, faculty, and staff members of an accredited institution 27 of higher education, it is exempt from taxation of every character.

1	[Sec. 53A.47 reserved]
2	Sec. 53A.48. BONDS FOR ACCREDITED PRIMARY OR SECONDARY
3	SCHOOLS. In the same manner that a corporation may issue and
4	execute bonds or other obligations under this chapter for an
5	institution of higher education, a corporation created under
6	Section 53A.35(b) may issue and execute bonds or other obligations
7	to finance or refinance educational facilities or housing
8	facilities to be used by an accredited primary or secondary school.
9	Sec. 53A.49. BONDS FOR CERTAIN SCHOOLS OWNED AND OPERATED
10	BY NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS. (a) In the same manner that a
11	corporation may issue bonds under this chapter for an institution
12	of higher education, a corporation created under Section 53A.35(b)
13	may issue bonds to finance or refinance educational facilities to
14	be used by a school that:
15	(1) is located in a county with a population of more
16	<u>than 1,800,000;</u>
17	(2) is located within three miles of an area
18	designated as an enterprise zone under Chapter 2303, Government
19	Code;
20	(3) provides primary and secondary education to at
21	<pre>least 1,000 students;</pre>
22	(4) is accredited by an organization approved by the
23	Texas Education Agency for private school accreditation; and
24	(5) is owned and operated by a corporation created
25	under the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act (Article 1396-1.01 et
26	seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).
27	(b) Notwithstanding Section 53A.34(b), bonds issued under

H.B. No. 2701 1 this section may be payable from and secured by a pledge of any 2 revenue or assets pledged for that purpose. 3 CHAPTER 53B. HIGHER EDUCATION LOAN AUTHORITIES 4 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS Sec. 53B.01. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the 5 6 Higher Education Loan Authority Act. 7 Sec. 53B.02. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: (1) "Accredited institution" means an institution 8 9 that has either been recognized by a recognized accrediting agency, as defined by Section 61.003, or accredited by the Accrediting 10 Commission for Independent Colleges and Schools, the Accrediting 11 Commission for Career Schools and Colleges of Technology, or the 12 National Accrediting Commission of Cosmetology Arts and Sciences. 13 14 (2) "Alternative education loan" means a loan other 15 than a guaranteed student loan that is made to or for the benefit of a student for the purpose of financing all or part of the student's 16 17 cost of attendance at an accredited institution. (3) "Authority" means a higher education loan 18 19 authority created under this chapter. "Board" means the board of directors of an 20 (4) 21 authority. (5) 22 "Bond resolution" means the resolution authorizing the issuance of revenue bonds. 23 24 (6) "City" means an incorporated city or town in this 25 state. 26 (7) "Cost of attendance" means all costs of a student 27 incurred in connection with a program of study at an accredited

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1	institution, as determined by the institution, including tuition
2	and instructional fees, the cost of room and board, books,
3	computers, and supplies, and other related fees, charges, and
4	expenses.
5	(8) "Governing body" means the council, commission, or
6	other governing body of a city.
7	(9) "Guaranteed student loan" means a loan made by an
8	eligible lender under the Higher Education Act of 1965 (Pub. L. No.
9	<u>89-329), as amended.</u>
10	(10) "Qualified alternative education loan lender"
11	means a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of this
12	state that:
13	(A) is a qualified nonprofit corporation;
14	(B) has serviced education loans made under the
15	Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, for a qualified nonprofit
16	corporation for a period of not less than 10 years; or
17	(C) is a charitable organization qualified under
18	Section 509(a)(2), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that
19	provides services to a qualified nonprofit corporation.
20	(11) "Qualified nonprofit corporation" means a
21	nonprofit corporation:
22	(A) that issued bonds on or after January 1,
23	1990, and before January 1, 2001, that qualified as qualified
24	student loan bonds under Section 144(b), Internal Revenue Code of
25	1986, as amended; or
26	(B) that the office of the governor, in
27	consultation with the state student loan guaranty agency or any

H.B. No. 2701 other public or private entity the office of the governor considers 1 2 appropriate, has determined meets a need for student loan financing that existing qualified nonprofit corporations cannot meet, which 3 4 determination may include information provided by the nonprofit corporation's plan for doing business that should include 5 6 documented limitations in: 7 (i) the geographic coverage of existing 8 qualified nonprofit corporations in the nonprofit corporation's 9 proposed area of service; 10 (ii) the willingness of existing qualified nonprofit corporations to serve the eligible lenders in the 11 12 proposed area of service; and (iii) the ability of existing qualified 13 nonprofit corporations to serve the eligible lenders in the 14 15 proposed area of service. (12) "Repurchase agreement" means a simultaneous 16 17 agreement between a higher education loan authority and another entity in which one of the parties has agreed to purchase investment 18 19 securities on a specified date and the other party has agreed to repurchase the investment securities at the same price plus accrued 20 21 interest on a later date, in which the market value of the investment securities purchased is in excess of the amount of the 22 repurchase agreement, and in which the investment securities are so 23 24 purchased and held separately from all other investment securities, 25 in trust, in order to complete the contractual commitment. 26 (13) "Trust indenture" means the mortgage, deed of 27 trust, or other instrument pledging revenue or property, or

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1	creating a mortgage lien on property, or both, to secure the revenue
2	bonds issued by the authority.
3	(14) "Trustee" means the trustee under the trust
4	indenture.
5	[Sections 53B.03-53B.10 reserved for expansion]
6	SUBCHAPTER B. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS
7	Sec. 53B.11. CREATION OF AUTHORITY. When the governing
8	body of a city finds that it is to the best interest of the city and
9	its inhabitants to create a higher education loan authority, it
10	shall pass an ordinance creating the authority and designating the
11	name by which it shall be known. If the governing bodies of two or
12	more cities find that it is to the best interest of the cities to
13	create an authority to include those cities, each governing body
14	shall pass an ordinance creating the authority and designating the
15	name by which it shall be known.
16	Sec. 53B.12. TERRITORY. The authority comprises only the
17	territory included within the boundaries of the city or cities
18	creating it.
19	Sec. 53B.13. CORPORATE POWERS. An authority is a body
20	politic and corporate having the power of perpetual succession. It
21	shall have a seal; it may sue and be sued; and it may make, amend,
22	and repeal its bylaws.
23	Sec. 53B.131. AUTHORITY'S EARNINGS. A private person may
24	not share in any of an authority's earnings.
25	Sec. 53B.14. BOARD OF DIRECTORS. (a) The authority shall
26	be governed by a board of directors consisting of not less than 7
27	nor more than 11 members to be determined at the time of creating

1	the authority. The directors shall be appointed by the governing
2	body of the city or by the governing bodies of the cities, and they
3	shall serve until their successors are appointed as provided by
4	this section. If the authority includes more than one city, each
5	governing body shall appoint an equal number of directors unless
6	otherwise agreed by the cities.
7	(b) The members of the board serve for two-year terms.
8	(c) No officer or employee of any such city is eligible for
9	appointment as a director. Directors are not entitled to
10	compensation for services but are entitled to reimbursement for
11	expenses incurred in performing such service.
12	Sec. 53B.15. ORGANIZATION OF BOARD; QUORUM; EMPLOYEES;
13	COUNSEL. (a) The board shall elect from among its members a
14	president and vice president, and shall elect a secretary and a
15	treasurer who may or may not be directors, and may elect other
16	officers as authorized by the authority's bylaws. The offices of
17	secretary and treasurer may be combined.
18	(b) The president has the same right to vote on all matters
19	as other members of the board.
20	(c) A majority constitutes a quorum, and when a quorum is
21	present action may be taken by a majority vote of directors present.
22	(d) The board may employ employees, experts, and agents as
23	it sees fit. It may delegate to the manager the power to employ and
24	discharge employees.
25	(e) The board may employ legal counsel.
26	[Sections 53B.16-53B.30 reserved for expansion]

1	SUBCHAPTER C. POWERS AND DUTIES
2	Sec. 53B.31. NO TAXING POWER. An authority has no power to
3	tax.
4	Sec. 53B.32. NO POWER OF EMINENT DOMAIN. The authority does
5	not have the power of eminent domain.
6	[Secs. 53B.33 and 53B.34 reserved]
7	Sec. 53B.35. ISSUANCE OF BONDS; PROCEDURE; ETC. The bonds
8	shall be authorized by resolution adopted by a majority vote of a
9	quorum of the board. Bonds authorized under this section shall be
10	issued in accordance with Chapter 1201, Government Code. The bonds
11	shall mature serially or otherwise in not to exceed 50 years. The
12	rate of interest to be borne by the bonds shall not exceed the
13	maximum rate prescribed by Chapter 1204, Government Code.
14	[Sec. 53B.36 reserved]
15	Sec. 53B.37. JUNIOR LIEN BONDS; PARITY BONDS. Bonds
16	constituting a junior lien on the net revenue or properties may be
17	issued unless prohibited by the bond resolution or trust indenture.
18	Parity bonds may be issued under conditions specified in the bond
19	resolution or trust indenture.
20	Sec. 53B.38. RESERVES FOR OPERATING AND OTHER EXPENSES.
21	Money for the payment of not more than two years' interest on the
22	bonds and an amount estimated by the board to be required for
23	operating expenses during the first year of operation may be set
24	aside for those purposes out of the proceeds from the sale of the
25	bonds.
26	Sec. 53B.39. REFUNDING BONDS. Bonds may be issued for the
27	purpose of refunding outstanding bonds in the manner provided in

1	this chapter for other bonds, and may be exchanged by the
2	comptroller or sold and the proceeds applied in accordance with the
3	procedure prescribed by Subchapter B or C, Chapter 1207, Government
4	Code.
5	Sec. 53B.40. APPROVAL OF BONDS; REGISTRATION;
6	NEGOTIABILITY. Bonds issued under this chapter and the record
7	relating to their issuance shall be submitted to the attorney
8	general, and if he finds that they have been issued in accordance
9	with this chapter and constitute valid and binding obligations of
10	the authority and are secured as recited therein he shall approve
11	them, and they shall be registered by comptroller of public
12	accounts who shall certify the registration thereon. Thereafter,
13	they are incontestable. The bonds shall be negotiable and shall
14	contain the following provision: "The holder hereof shall never
15	have the right to demand payment thereof out of money raised or to
16	be raised by taxation."
17	Sec. 53B.41. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS. All bonds issued
18	under this chapter are legal and authorized investments for all
19	banks, savings banks, trust companies, building and loan
20	associations, savings and loan associations, and insurance
21	companies of all kinds and types, and for the interest and sinking
22	funds and other public funds of any issuer. The bonds are also
23	eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the
24	State of Texas and of any issuer, to the extent of the value of the
25	bonds, when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons
26	appurtenant to them.
27	Sec. 53B.42. INVESTMENT OF FUNDS; SECURITY. To the extent

it is applicable, the law as to the security for and the investment 1 2 of funds, applicable to cities, controls the investment of funds belonging to authority. The bond resolution or the indenture or 3 4 both may further restrict the making of investments. The authority may invest the proceeds of its bonds, until the money is needed, in 5 6 the direct obligations of or obligations unconditionally 7 guaranteed by the United States, to the extent authorized in the 8 bond resolution or indenture or in both. Sec. 53B.43. DEPOSITORIES. The authority may select a 9

<u>depository or depositories according to the procedures provided by</u> <u>law for the selection of city depositories, or it may award its</u> <u>depository contract to the same depository or depositories selected</u> <u>by the city or cities and on the same terms.</u>

14 [Sec. 53B.44 reserved]

Sec. 53B.45. TRANSACTIONS WITH OTHER AGENCIES AND PERSONS.
The authority may borrow money and accept grants from, and enter
into contracts, leases, or other transactions with the United
States, the State of Texas, any municipal corporation in the state,
and any public or private person or corporation resident or
authorized to do business in the state.

21

[Sec. 53B.46 reserved]

22 <u>Sec. 53B.47. GUARANTEED STUDENT LOANS AND ALTERNATE</u> 23 <u>EDUCATION LOANS; BONDS FOR THE PURCHASE OF EDUCATION LOAN NOTES.</u> 24 <u>(a) An authority may, upon approval of the city or cities which</u> 25 <u>created the same, issue revenue bonds or otherwise borrow money to</u> 26 <u>obtain funds to purchase or to make guaranteed student loans.</u> 27 Revenue bonds issued for such purpose shall be issued in accordance

with and with the effect provided in this chapter. Such bonds shall 1 2 be payable from and secured by a pledge of revenues derived from or by reason of the ownership of guaranteed student loans and 3 4 investment income after deduction of such expenses of operating the 5 loan program as may be specified by the bond resolution or trust 6 indenture. 7 (b) An authority may cause money to be expended to make or purchase for its account guaranteed student loans that are 8 9 guaranteed by the Texas Guaranteed Student Loan Corporation or that are executed by or on behalf of students who: 10 11 (1) are residents of this state; or 12 (2) have been admitted to attend an accredited institution within this state. 13 (c) The authority shall contract with a nonprofit 14 15 corporation, organized under the laws of this state, whereby such corporation will provide the reports and other information required 16 17 for continued participation in the federally guaranteed loan program provided by the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. 18 (d) The authority, as a municipal corporation of the state, 19 is charged with a portion of the responsibility of the state to 20 21 provide educational opportunities in keeping with all applicable 22 state and federal laws. Nothing in this section shall be construed as a prohibition against establishing policies to limit the 23 24 purchase of guaranteed student loans to guaranteed student loans 25 executed by students attending school in a certain geographical 26 area or by students who are residents of the area. 27 (e) In addition to establishing an authority under the

H.B. No. 2701 provisions of this chapter, the governing body of a city or cities 1 2 may request a qualified nonprofit corporation to exercise the powers enumerated and provided in this section for and on its 3 4 behalf. If the qualified nonprofit corporation agrees to exercise 5 such powers, the directors of such corporation shall thereafter be 6 appointed by and be subject to removal by the governing body of the 7 city or cities, and except as provided in this section, Sections 53B.14, 53B.15, 53B.31, 53B.32, 53B.38, and 53B.41 through 53B.43 8 apply to and govern such corporation, its procedures, and bonds. 9 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 53B.42, a qualified 10 nonprofit corporation which has been requested to exercise the 11 12 powers enumerated and requested in this section may invest or cause a trustee or custodian on behalf of such qualified nonprofit 13 corporation to invest its funds, including the proceeds of any 14 15 bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by such qualified nonprofit corporation and any monies which are pledged to the 16 17 payment thereof, in:

(1) certificates of deposit or other time or demand 18 accounts of banks and savings and loan associations which are 19 insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, provided the 20 21 amount of any certificate of deposit in excess of that covered by 22 such insurance must be secured by a first and prior pledge of government obligations having a market value of not less than 100 23 24 percent of the excess unless a nationally recognized rating agency 25 has given the senior securities of the bank issuing the certificate 26 of deposit the highest or next to the highest investment rating available; 27

1	(2) repurchase agreements;
2	(3) guaranteed student loans and alternative
3	education loans; or
4	(4) a security issued by another nonprofit corporation
5	acting under this section.
6	(f) A nonprofit corporation, whether acting at the request
7	of a city or cities under Subsection (e) or acting as a servicer or
8	administrator for another corporation that purchases guaranteed
9	student loans, or that on its own behalf issues securities or
10	otherwise obtains funds to purchase or make guaranteed student
11	loans or alternative education loans, may:
12	(1) exercise the powers granted by the Texas
13	Non-Profit Corporation Act (Article 1396-1.01 et seq., Vernon's
14	Texas Civil Statutes);
15	(2) service loans purchased or made from its funds or
16	contract with another person to service the loans;
17	(3) grant a security interest in a trust estate
18	securing its securities; and
19	(4) make investments as authorized by Subsection (e).
20	(g) A security interest in a trust estate granted under
21	Subsection (f)(3) is attached and perfected at the time the
22	security interest is executed and delivered by the nonprofit
23	corporation. The security interest grants to the secured party a
24	first prior perfected security interest in the trust estate for the
25	benefit of the secured party without regard to the location of the
26	assets that constitute the trust estate.
27	(h) An alternative education loan may be made under this

1	section only by a qualified alternative education loan lender. An
2	alternative education loan may not be in an amount in excess of the
3	difference between the cost of attendance and the amount of other
4	student assistance to the student, other than loans under Section
5	428B(a)(1), Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Section 1078-2)
6	(relating to parent loans), for which the student borrower may be
7	eligible. An alternative education loan covered by this subsection
8	is subject to Chapter 342, Finance Code, as applicable, except
9	that:
10	(1) the maximum interest rate on the loan may not
11	exceed the rate permitted under Subchapter A, Chapter 303, Finance
12	Code; and
13	(2) application and origination fees may be agreed to
14	by the parties and assessed at the inception of the loan, provided
15	that if any such fees constitute additional interest under
16	applicable law, the effective rate of interest agreed to over the
17	stated term of the loan may not exceed the rate allowed by
18	Subchapter A, Chapter 303, Finance Code, and accrued unpaid
19	interest may be added to unpaid principal at the beginning of the
20	agreed repayment period at the borrower's option and in accordance
21	with the terms of the agreement for purposes of determining the
22	total principal amount due at the inception of the repayment
23	period.
24	(i) An authority or nonprofit corporation making education
25	loans under this section is exempt from the licensing requirements
26	of Chapter 342, Finance Code.
27	SECTION 3. Section 61.0816(a), Education Code, as added by

Chapter 820, Acts of the 78th Legislature, Regular Session, 2003,
 is amended to read as follows:

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3 (a) The board shall collect and make available to the public 4 on request information regarding higher education authorities 5 operating under <u>Chapters</u> [Chapter] 53, 53A, and 53B and nonprofit 6 corporations carrying out the functions of higher education 7 authorities under <u>those chapters</u> [Chapter 53]. For each authority 8 or corporation, the information must include:

9 (1) the total amount and type of outstanding bonds 10 issued by the authority or corporation;

11 (2) a description of the programs and activities 12 administered by the authority or corporation; and

13 (3) with respect to any real property owned by the14 authority or corporation:

15 (A) the location and description of the property;

16 (B) the current or proposed use of the property, 17 including whether the property is under construction or renovation;

18 (C) the method by which the authority or 19 corporation financed the acquisition, construction, or renovation 20 of the property;

(D) the school, public or private institution of higher education, or other educational institution for which the property is being used or proposed to be used;

(E) whether the property is exempt from advalorem taxes; and

26 (F) the appraised value of the property.
 27 SECTION 4. Section 1371.001(4), Government Code, is amended

1 to read as follows: 2 (4) "Issuer" means: 3 (A) a home-rule municipality that: 4 (i) adopted its charter under Section 5, 5 Article XI, Texas Constitution; 6 (ii) has a population of 50,000 or more; and 7 (iii) has outstanding long-term 8 indebtedness that is rated by a nationally recognized rating agency 9 for municipal securities in one of the four highest rating categories for a long-term obligation; 10 (B) a conservation and reclamation district 11 12 created and organized as a river authority under Section 52, Article III, or Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution; 13 14 (C) a joint powers agency organized and operating 15 under Chapter 163, Utilities Code; a metropolitan rapid transit authority or 16 (D) 17 regional transportation authority created, organized, and operating under Chapter 451 or 452, Transportation Code; 18 a conservation and reclamation district 19 (E) organized or operating as a navigation district under Section 52, 20 21 Article III, or Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution; a district organized or operating under 22 (F) Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution, that has all or part of 23 24 two or more municipalities within its boundaries; 25 (G) a state agency, including a state institution of higher education; 26 a hospital authority created or operating 27 (H)

1 under Chapter 262 or 264, Health and Safety Code, in a county that: 2 (i) has a population of more than 3.3 3 million; or 4 (ii) is included, in whole or in part, in a 5 standard metropolitan statistical area of this state that includes a county with a population of more than 2.2 million; 6 7 (I) a hospital district in a county that has a 8 population of more than two million; a nonprofit 9 (J) corporation organized to exercise the powers of a higher education <u>loan</u> authority under 10 Section 53B.47(e) [53.47(e)], Education Code; 11 12 (K) a county with a population of 3.3 million or 13 more; 14 (L) an independent school district that has an 15 average daily attendance of 50,000 or more as determined under Section 42.005, Education Code; 16 17 (M) a municipality or county operating under Chapter 334, Local Government Code; or 18 a district created under Chapter 335, Local 19 (N) Government Code. 20 21 SECTION 5. The purpose of this Act is to reorganize statutes related to higher education authorities without causing a 22 substantive change in the law. 23 24 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2005.

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