By: Cook of Colorado H.B. No. 2833

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to regulatory takings.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 4 SECTION 1. Section 2007.002(5), Government Code, is amended
- 5 to read as follows:
- 6 (5) "Taking" means:
- 7 (A) a governmental action or series of actions
- 8 that affects private real property, in whole or in part or
- 9 temporarily or permanently, in a manner that requires the
- 10 governmental entity to compensate the private real property owner
- 11 as provided by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United
- 12 States Constitution or Section 17 or 19, Article I, Texas
- 13 Constitution; [or]
- 14 (B) a governmental action or series of actions
- 15 that:
- 16 (i) affects an owner's private real
- 17 property that is the subject of the governmental action, in whole or
- in part or temporarily or permanently, in a manner that restricts or
- 19 limits the owner's right to the property that would otherwise exist
- in the absence of the governmental action; and
- 21 (ii) is the producing cause of a reduction
- 22 of at least 25 percent in the market value of the affected private
- 23 real property, determined by comparing the market value of the
- 24 property as if the governmental action is not in effect and the

- 1 market value of the property determined as if the governmental
- 2 action is in effect; or
- 3 <u>(C) a governmental action or series of actions</u>
- 4 that has the effect of limiting the overall impervious cover of any
- 5 development or use of an owner's private real property to less than
- 6 45 percent of the surface area of the property, excluding any
- 7 portion of the property that is within the 100-year flood plain as
- 8 determined by the most recent maps published by the Federal
- 9 Emergency Management Agency or that slopes more than 35 degrees.
- SECTION 2. Section 2007.003, Government Code, is amended to
- 11 read as follows:
- 12 Sec. 2007.003. APPLICABILITY. (a) This chapter applies
- 13 only to the following governmental actions:
- 14 (1) the adoption or issuance of an ordinance, rule,
- 15 regulatory requirement, resolution, policy, guideline, or similar
- 16 measure;
- 17 (2) an action that imposes a physical invasion or
- 18 requires a dedication or exaction of private real property; and
- 19 (3) [an action by a municipality that has effect in the
- 20 extraterritorial jurisdiction of the municipality, excluding
- 21 annexation, and that enacts or enforces an ordinance, rule,
- 22 regulation, or plan that does not impose identical requirements or
- 23 restrictions in the entire extraterritorial jurisdiction of the
- 24 municipality; and
- 25 $\left[\frac{(4)}{2}\right]$ enforcement of a governmental action listed in
- 26 Subdivisions (1) and (2) [through (3)], whether the enforcement of
- 27 the governmental action is accomplished through the use of

- 1 permitting, citations, orders, judicial or quasi-judicial
- 2 proceedings, or other similar means.
- 3 (b) This chapter does not apply to the following
- 4 governmental actions:
- 5 (1) [an action by a municipality except as provided by
- 6 Subsection (a)(3);
- 7 $\left[\frac{(2)}{2}\right]$ a lawful forfeiture or seizure of contraband as
- 8 defined by Article 59.01, Code of Criminal Procedure;
- 9 (2) $[\frac{(3)}{(3)}]$ a lawful seizure of property as evidence of
- 10 a crime or violation of law;
- 11 (3) [(4) an action, including an action of a political
- 12 subdivision, that is reasonably taken to fulfill an obligation
- 13 mandated by federal law or an action of a political subdivision that
- 14 is reasonably taken to fulfill an obligation mandated by state law;
- 15 $\left[\frac{(5)}{}\right]$ the discontinuance or modification of a program
- or regulation that provides a unilateral expectation that does not
- 17 rise to the level of a recognized interest in private real property;
- 18 (4) [(6) an action taken to prohibit or restrict a
- 19 condition or use of private real property if the governmental
- 20 entity proves that the condition or use constitutes a public or
- 21 private nuisance as defined by background principles of nuisance
- 22 and property law of this state;
- [(7) an action taken out of a reasonable good faith
- 24 belief that the action is necessary to prevent a grave and immediate
- 25 threat to life or property;
- [(8)] a formal exercise of the power of eminent
- 27 domain;

Τ	(5) [(9)] an action taken under a state mandate to
2	prevent waste of oil and gas, protect correlative rights of owners
3	of interests in oil or gas, or prevent pollution related to oil and
4	gas activities;
5	(6) $[(10)$] a rule or proclamation adopted for the
6	purpose of regulating water safety, hunting, fishing, or control of
7	nonindigenous or exotic aquatic resources;
8	(7) [(11) an action taken by a political subdivision:
9	[(A) to regulate construction in an area
10	designated under law as a floodplain;
11	[(B) to regulate on-site sewage facilities;
12	(C) under the political subdivisions's
13	statutory authority to prevent waste or protect rights of owners of
14	interest in groundwater; or
15	[(D) to prevent subsidence;
16	$[\frac{(12)}{(12)}]$ the appraisal of property for purposes of ad
17	valorem taxation; <u>or</u>
18	(8) [(13) an action that:
19	[(A) is taken in response to a real and
20	substantial threat to public health and safety;
21	[(B) is designed to significantly advance the
22	health and safety purpose; and
23	[(C) does not impose a greater burden than is
24	necessary to achieve the health and safety purpose; or
25	$[rac{(14)}{}]$ an action or rulemaking undertaken by the
26	Public Utility Commission of Texas to order or require the location
27	or placement of telecommunications equipment owned by another party

1	on the premises of a certificated local exchange company.
2	(c) This chapter does not apply to the following
3	governmental actions, if the actions do not affect building size,
4	lot size, impervious cover, or the timing of the development or
5	<pre>improvement of private real property:</pre>
6	(1) an action that is reasonably taken to fulfill an
7	obligation mandated by federal or state law;
8	(2) an action taken to prohibit or restrict a
9	condition or use of private real property if the governmental
10	entity proves that the condition or use constitutes a public or
11	private nuisance as defined by background principles of nuisance
12	and property law of this state as they existed on September 1, 2005;
13	(3) an action taken based on reasonable evidence that
14	the action is necessary to prevent a grave and immediate threat to
15	life or property;
16	(4) an action taken by a political subdivision:
17	(A) to regulate construction in an area
18	designated under law as a flood plain;
19	(B) to regulate on-site sewage facilities;
20	(C) under the political subdivision's statutory
21	authority to prevent waste or protect rights of owners of interest
22	in groundwater; or
23	(D) to prevent subsidence; or
24	(5) an action that:
25	(A) is taken in response to a threat to public
26	health and safety;
27	(B) is designed to significantly advance the

health and safety purpose; and

- (C) does not impose a greater burden than is necessary to achieve the health and safety purpose. 2007.021 and 2007.022 do not apply to the enforcement or implementation of a statute, ordinance, order, rule, regulation, requirement, resolution, policy, guideline, or similar measure that was in effect September 1, 1995, and that prevents the pollution of a reservoir or an aquifer designated as a sole source aguifer under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. Section 300h-3(e)).
 - of zoning authority unless the exercise of zoning authority results in a taking under Section 2007.002(5)(C) [applies to a governmental action taken by a county only if the action is taken on or after September 1, 1997].
 - (e) This chapter does not apply to the enforcement or implementation of Subchapter B, Chapter 61, Natural Resources Code, as it existed on September 1, 1995, or to the enforcement or implementation of any rule or similar measure that was adopted under that subchapter and was in existence on September 1, 1995.
 - (f) Subsection (d) does not apply to a governmental action affecting the zoning classification of an owner's private real property that is undertaken without the owner's consent within the three-year period following the date of the filing of an application pertaining to an owner's private real property under Chapter 242 or 245, Local Government Code.
- SECTION 3. Section 2007.041(a), Government Code, is amended

- 1 to read as follows:
- 2 (a) The attorney general shall prepare guidelines to assist
- 3 governmental entities in identifying and evaluating those
- 4 governmental actions described in Section 2007.003(a)(1) and (2)
- 5 [through (3)] that may result in a taking.
- 6 SECTION 4. Section 2007.042(a), Government Code, is amended
- 7 to read as follows:
- 8 (a) A political subdivision that proposes to engage in a
- 9 governmental action described in Section 2007.003(a)(1) or (2)
- 10 [through (3)] that may result in a taking shall provide at least 30
- 11 days' notice of its intent to engage in the proposed action by
- 12 providing a reasonably specific description of the proposed action
- 13 in a notice published in a newspaper of general circulation
- 14 published in the county in which affected private real property is
- 15 located. If a newspaper of general circulation is not published in
- 16 that county, the political subdivision shall publish a notice in a
- 17 newspaper of general circulation located in a county adjacent to
- 18 the county in which affected private real property is located. The
- 19 political subdivision shall, at a minimum, include in the notice a
- 20 reasonably specific summary of the takings impact assessment that
- 21 was prepared as required by this subchapter and the name of the
- official of the political subdivision from whom a copy of the full
- 23 assessment may be obtained.
- SECTION 5. Section 2007.044, Government Code, is amended by
- 25 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (d) to read as
- 26 follows:
- 27 (a) A governmental action requiring a takings impact

H.B. No. 2833

assessment is void if an assessment is not prepared <u>in compliance</u>
with the evaluation guidelines developed by the attorney general
under Section 2007.041. A private real property owner affected by a
governmental action taken without the preparation of a takings
impact assessment as required by this subchapter may bring suit for

a declaration of the invalidity of the governmental action.

- (d) A proposed governmental action described by Section 2007.003(a)(1) or (2) that requires a takings impact assessment may be stayed if an assessment is not prepared or if the assessment is not in compliance with the evaluation guidelines developed by the attorney general under Section 2007.041. A private real property owner affected by the proposed governmental action may bring suit to enforce the preparation of a takings impact assessment in compliance with those guidelines. If the trier of fact in a suit filed under this subchapter finds that the takings impact assessment is not prepared or is not in compliance with the evaluation guidelines, the court shall stay the proposed governmental action.
- SECTION 6. The change in law made by this Act applies only to a governmental action or series of actions that commences on or after the effective date of this Act. A governmental action or series of actions that commences before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect immediately before that date, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 25 SECTION 7. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives 26 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as 27 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this

H.B. No. 2833

- 1 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 2 Act takes effect September 1, 2005.