By: Smith of Tarrant

H.B. No. 2929

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

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- 2 relating to the payment of fines, court costs, and restitution
- 3 imposed on a defendant in a criminal case.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Article 42.037(g), Code of Criminal Procedure,
- 6 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (g)(1) The court may require a defendant to make restitution
- 8 under this article within a specified period or in specified
- 9 installments.
- 10 $\left[\frac{(2)}{2}\right]$ The end of the period or the last installment may
- 11 not be later than:
- 12 (A) the end of the period of community
- 13 <u>supervision</u> [probation], if <u>community supervision</u> [probation] is
- 14 ordered;
- 15 (B) five years after the end of the term of
- 16 imprisonment imposed, if the court does not order community
- 17 supervision [probation]; or
- 18 (C) five years after the date of sentencing in
- 19 any other case.
- 20 (2) The court may require a defendant to report to an
- 21 <u>in-house or other collection department to establish an agreement</u>
- 22 to make restitution under this article.
- 23 (3) If the court does not provide otherwise, the
- 24 defendant shall make restitution immediately.

(4) Except as provided by Subsection (n), the order of restitution must require the defendant to make restitution directly to the victim or other person eligible for restitution under this article or to deliver the amount or property due as restitution to a community supervision and corrections department for transfer to the victim or person.

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- 7 SECTION 2. Section 5(c), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal 8 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
 - On expiration of a community supervision period imposed under Subsection (a) of this section, if the judge has not proceeded to adjudication of guilt, the judge shall dismiss the proceedings against the defendant and discharge him, except that the judge may not dismiss the proceedings and discharge a defendant under this subsection if the defendant fails to pay a previously assessed fine, costs, or restitution and the judge determines that continuing the period of supervision increases the likelihood that the defendant will fully pay the fine, costs, or restitution. judge may dismiss the proceedings and discharge a defendant, other than a defendant charged with an offense requiring the defendant to register as a sex offender under Chapter 62 or a defendant who fails to fully pay any applicable fine, costs, or restitution the defendant has the ability and is likely to pay[, as added by Chapter 668, Acts of the 75th Legislature, Regular Session, 1997], prior to the expiration of the term of community supervision if in the judge's opinion the best interest of society and the defendant will be served. The judge may not dismiss the proceedings and discharge a defendant charged with an offense requiring the defendant to

- register under Chapter 62, or discharge a defendant who fails to 1 2 fully pay any applicable fine, costs, or restitution the defendant has the ability and is likely to pay [as added by Chapter 668, Acts 3 4 of the 75th Legislature, Regular Session, 1997]. Except as 5 provided by Section 12.42(g), Penal Code, a dismissal and discharge 6 under this section may not be deemed a conviction for the purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law for conviction 7 8 of an offense. For any defendant who receives a dismissal and discharge under this section: 9
- 10 (1) upon conviction of a subsequent offense, the fact
 11 that the defendant had previously received community supervision
 12 with a deferred adjudication of guilt shall be admissible before
 13 the court or jury to be considered on the issue of penalty;
- 14 (2) if the defendant is an applicant for a license or
 15 is a licensee under Chapter 42, Human Resources Code, the Texas
 16 Department of Human Services may consider the fact that the
 17 defendant previously has received community supervision with a
 18 deferred adjudication of guilt under this section in issuing,
 19 renewing, denying, or revoking a license under that chapter; and

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- (3) if the defendant is a person who has applied for registration to provide mental health or medical services for the rehabilitation of sex offenders, the Interagency Council on Sex Offender Treatment may consider the fact that the defendant has received community supervision under this section in issuing, renewing, denying, or revoking a license or registration issued by that council.
- 27 SECTION 3. Section 15(b), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal

- 1 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
- 2 (b)(1) The minimum period of community supervision a judge may impose under this section is two years. The maximum period of 3 4 community supervision a judge may impose under this section is five 5 years, except that the judge may extend the maximum period of community supervision under this section to not more than 10 years 6 or to the period required by Subdivision (2). A judge may extend a 7 8 period of community supervision under this section at any time 9 during the period of community supervision, or if a motion for revocation of community supervision is filed before the period of 10 community supervision ends, before the first anniversary of the 11 12 expiration of the period of community supervision.
- 13 (2) The judge shall extend the period of community

 14 supervision under this section for any period the judge determines

 15 is necessary if:
- 16 <u>(A) the defendant fails to pay a previously</u>
 17 assessed fine, costs, or restitution; and
- 18 <u>(B) the judge determines that extending the</u>
 19 period of supervision increases the likelihood that the defendant
 20 will fully pay the fine, costs, or restitution.
- 21 SECTION 4. Section 20(a), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal 22 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) At any time, after the defendant has satisfactorily completed one-third of the original community supervision period or two years of community supervision, whichever is less, the period of community supervision may be reduced or terminated by the judge.

 27 except that the judge may not reduce or terminate the period of

community supervision under this subsection if the defendant fails 1 2 to pay a previously assessed fine, costs, or restitution and the judge determines that continuing the period of supervision 3 increases the likelihood that the defendant will fully pay the 4 5 fine, costs, or restitution. Upon the satisfactory fulfillment of 6 the conditions of community supervision, the full payment of any applicable fine, costs, or restitution the defendant has the 7 ability and is likely to pay, and the expiration of the period of 8 9 community supervision, the judge, by order duly entered, shall 10 amend or modify the original sentence imposed, if necessary, to conform to the community supervision period and shall discharge the 11 If the judge discharges the defendant under this 12 defendant. section, the judge may set aside the verdict or permit the defendant 13 14 to withdraw his plea, and shall dismiss the accusation, complaint, 15 information or indictment against the defendant, who shall thereafter be released from all penalties and disabilities 16 17 resulting from the offense or crime of which he has been convicted or to which he has pleaded guilty, except that: 18

- 19 (1) proof of the conviction or plea of guilty shall be 20 made known to the judge should the defendant again be convicted of 21 any criminal offense; and
- is a licensee under Chapter 42, Human Resources Code, the Texas
 Department of Human Services may consider the fact that the
 defendant previously has received community supervision under this
 article in issuing, renewing, denying, or revoking a license under
 that chapter.

- 1 SECTION 5. Section 22(c), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal 2 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
- 3 The judge may extend a period of community supervision 4 under this section as often as the judge determines is necessary, 5 but the period of community supervision in a first, second, or third degree felony case may not exceed 10 years and [, except as otherwise 6 7 provided by this subsection, | the period of community supervision 8 in a misdemeanor case may not exceed three years, except as The judge shall [may] 9 otherwise provided by this subsection. extend the period of community supervision in a misdemeanor $\underline{\text{or}}$ 10 first, second, or third degree felony case for any period the judge 11 determines is necessary[, not to exceed an additional two years 12 beyond the three-year limit, if the defendant fails to pay a 13 previously assessed fine, costs, or restitution and the judge 14 15 determines that extending the period of supervision increases the likelihood that the defendant will fully pay the fine, costs, or 16 17 restitution. A court may extend a period of community supervision under this section at any time during the period of supervision or, 18 19 if a motion for revocation of community supervision is filed before the period of supervision ends, before the first anniversary of the 20 21 date on which the period of supervision expires.
- 22 SECTION 6. Section 22A(c), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal 23 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
- (c) A judge may extend a period of community supervision under this section only once; however, the judge may extend a period of community supervision for a defendant under both Section 27 22(c) and this section, and the <u>general</u> prohibition in Section

- 1 22(c) against a period of community supervision in a felony case
- 2 exceeding 10 years does not apply to a defendant for whom community
- 3 supervision is increased under this section or under both Section
- 4 22(c) and this section.
- 5 SECTION 7. Article 42.15(b), Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 (b) When imposing a fine and costs a court may direct a
- 8 defendant:
- 9 (1) to pay the entire fine and costs when sentence is
- 10 pronounced; [or]
- 11 (2) to pay the entire fine and costs at some later
- 12 date; [or]
- 13 (3) to pay a specified portion of the fine and costs at
- 14 designated intervals; or
- 15 (4) to report to an in-house or other collection
- department to establish an agreement to pay the fine and costs.
- 17 SECTION 8. Section 508.155(c), Government Code, is amended
- 18 to read as follows:
- 19 (c) The division may allow a releasee to serve the remainder
- 20 of the releasee's sentence without supervision and without being
- 21 required to report if:
- 22 (1) the releasee has been under supervision for at
- least one-half of the time that remained on the releasee's sentence
- 24 when the releasee was released from imprisonment;
- 25 (2) during the period of supervision the releasee's
- 26 parole or release to mandatory supervision has not been revoked;
- 27 and

(3) the division determines:

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- (A) that the releasee has made a good faith

 getfort to comply with any court [restitution] order requiring

 [imposed on] the releasee to pay a fine, court costs, or restitution

 [by a court]; and
- 6 (B) that allowing the releasee to serve the 7 remainder of the releasee's sentence without supervision and 8 reporting is in the best interest of society.
 - SECTION 9. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), the change in law made by this Act applies only to a person placed on community supervision, released on parole, or released to mandatory supervision for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. A person placed on community supervision, released on parole, or released to mandatory supervision for an offense that was committed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- (b) The change in law made by this Act in amending Articles
 42.037 and 42.15, Code of Criminal Procedure, applies only to an
 offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An
 offense committed before the effective date of this Act is covered
 by the law in effect when the offense was committed, and the former
 law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 24 (c) For purposes of this section, an offense was committed 25 before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense 26 was committed before that date.
- 27 SECTION 10. This Act takes effect September 1, 2005.