By: PittsH.J.R. No. 50Substitute the following for H.J.R. No. 50:By: PaxtonC.S.H.J.R. No. 50

## A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment to authorize a state property 1 2 tax for public education and a school district property tax for educational enrichment. 3 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 SECTION 1. Section 1-e, Article VIII, Texas Constitution, 5 6 is amended to read as follows: 7 Sec. 1-e. Except as provided by Section 3-a, Article VII, of this con<u>stitution, no</u> [No] State ad valorem taxes shall be levied 8 9 upon any property within this State. SECTION 2. Article VII, Texas Constitution, is amended by 10 11 adding Section 3-a to read as follows: 12 Sec. 3-a. (a) The legislature by general law may authorize 13 the state to impose ad valorem taxes for elementary and secondary 14 public free school purposes on all taxable property at a rate not to exceed \$0.75 for each \$100 of taxable value. 15 (b) Notwithstanding Section 23, Article VIII, of this 16 constitution, the legislature may provide for the appraisal of 17 property subject to state ad valorem taxes, for the equalization of 18 the taxable values of that property, and for the collection of the 19 state ad valorem taxes imposed on that property. 20

(c) State ad valorem taxes shall be assessed on the valuation of property subject to those taxes as determined by the appraisal officials in the county in which the property is located. If an appraisal official uses generally accepted appraisal

1	standards and practices to appraise property subject to the state
2	ad valorem tax and the valuation of the property subject to that tax
3	conforms to or is equalized by the local appraisal review process to
4	conform to the accepted standards and practices, the assessment of
5	a state ad valorem tax on that valuation is not invalid. This
6	subsection expires at the end of the 2006 ad valorem tax year.
7	SECTION 3. Section 3, Article VII, Texas Constitution, is
8	amended by amending Subsections (d) and (e) and adding Subsections
9	(f)-(i) to read as follows:
10	(d) The Legislature may provide for the formation of school
11	districts by general laws, and all such school districts may
12	embrace parts of two or more counties.
13	[ <del>(e)</del> ] The Legislature <u>by general law may provide</u> [ <del>shall be</del>
14	authorized to pass laws for the assessment and collection of taxes
15	in all school districts and] for the management and control of the
16	public [ <del>school or</del> ] schools of such districts <u>.</u>
17	(e) The Legislature by general law may authorize a school
18	district to impose:
19	(1) an ad valorem tax on taxable property in the
20	district for the maintenance of the public schools in the district
21	at a rate not to exceed \$0.25 for each \$100 of taxable value; and
22	(2) an ad valorem tax on taxable property in the
23	district for the purpose of providing an enriched educational
24	program.
25	(f) The Legislature may provide for school districts to
26	impose an additional ad valorem tax on all taxable property in the
27	district[, whether such districts are composed of territory wholly

1	within a county or in parts of two or more counties, and the
2	Legislature may authorize an additional ad valorem tax to be levied
3	and collected within all school districts for the further
4	maintenance of public free schools, and] for the erection and
5	equipment of school buildings <u>.</u>
6	(g) A school district may not impose a tax under Subsection
7	(e) or (f) of this section unless the tax is approved by [therein;
8	provided that] a majority of the qualified voters of the district
9	voting at an election to be held for that $purpose[$ , shall approve
10	the tax]. An election held before January 1, 2006, to authorize an
11	ad valorem tax for the maintenance of the public schools of a
12	district does not authorize the imposition of an enrichment tax
13	under Subsection (e)(2) of this section.
14	(h) The Legislature may pass laws for the creation of junior
15	college districts, the management and control of those districts,
16	and the imposition of ad valorem taxes in those districts. A junior
17	college district may not impose a tax under this subsection unless
18	the tax is approved by a majority of the qualified voters of the
19	district voting at an election held for that purpose. A junior
20	college district is not a school district for purposes of this
21	section.
22	(i) An ad valorem tax approved by the voters of a junior
23	college district under this section before November 8, 2005, is not
24	affected by the amendment of this section approved by the voters at
25	an election held on November 8, 2005, and the junior college
26	district is not required to hold a new election to authorize the
27	existing tax. This subsection expires January 1, 2006.

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SECTION 4. Section 3-b, Article VII, Texas Constitution, is amended to read as follows:

3 Sec. 3-b. No tax for the maintenance or enrichment of public 4 free schools voted in any independent school district and no tax for 5 the maintenance of a junior college voted by a junior college district, nor any bonds voted in any such district, but unissued, 6 7 shall be abrogated, cancelled, or invalidated by change of any kind in the boundaries thereof. After any change in boundaries, the 8 governing body of any such district, without the necessity of an 9 additional election, shall have the power to assess, levy, and 10 collect ad valorem taxes on all taxable property within the 11 boundaries of the district as changed, for the purposes of the 12 maintenance or enrichment of public free schools or the maintenance 13 14 of a junior college, as the case may be, and the payment of 15 principal of and interest on all bonded indebtedness outstanding against, or attributable, adjusted, or allocated to, such district 16 17 or any territory therein, in the amount, at the rate, or not to exceed the rate, and in the manner authorized in the district prior 18 19 to the change in its boundaries, and further in accordance with the laws under which all such bonds, respectively, were voted; and such 20 21 governing body also shall have the power, without the necessity of an additional election, to sell and deliver any unissued bonds 22 voted in the district prior to any such change in boundaries, and to 23 24 assess, levy, and collect ad valorem taxes on all taxable property in the district as changed, for the payment of principal of and 25 26 interest on such bonds in the manner permitted by the laws under 27 which such bonds were voted. In those instances where the

boundaries of any such independent school district are changed by 1 2 the annexation of, or consolidation with, one or more whole school districts, the taxes to be levied for the purposes hereinabove 3 4 authorized may be in the amount or at not to exceed the rate theretofore voted in the district having at the time of such change 5 6 the greatest scholastic population according to the latest scholastic census and only the unissued bonds of such district 7 8 voted prior to such change, may be subsequently sold and delivered and any voted, but unissued, bonds of other school districts 9 involved in such annexation or consolidation shall not thereafter 10 be issued. 11

SECTION 5. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 8, 2005. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment to authorize a state property tax for public education and a school district property tax for educational enrichment."