By: Geren
H.J.R. No. 78

## A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment authorizing casino gaming and requiring creation of a Texas Gaming Commission to regulate gaming and casino-based development projects in this state and authorizing the state to operate video lottery games at racetracks and on Indian lands.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Subsection (a), Section 47, Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended to read as follows:
(a) The Legislature shall pass laws prohibiting lotteries and gift enterprises in this State other than those authorized by Subsections (b), (d), [ad] (e), and (f) of this section and Section 47a of this article.
(f) The Legislature by general law in accordance with this section may authorize this state to control and operate a video lottery system under which individuals may play lottery games of chance on video lottery terminals owned and operated by persons licensed or otherwise authorized by this state, and may authorize other games of chance to be conducted to supplement lottery games at licensed or authorized locations, in order to generate revenue for public purposes. The law authorizing a video lottery system must:
(1) except as otherwise provided by this section, require this state to continually monitor the activity of each video lottery terminal and remotely terminate the operation of a terminal as necessary to protect the public health, welfare, or
safety or the integrity of the state lottery or to prevent financial loss to the state;
(2) include a comprehensive registration program to govern a person that manufactures, distributes, sells, or leases video lottery terminals for use or play in this state and a process to approve terminals for us in the video lottery system in accordance with technical standards established by this state;
(3) provide for a comprehensive licensing program govern a person that owns, manages, or maintains video lottery terminals operated in this state;
(4) limit the operation of video lottery games on behalf of this state to only the following legal entities:
(A) a person that is licensed in this state on January 1, 2005, to conduct wagering on a horse race or greyhound race or that has submitted on or before that date an application to be licensed by this state to conduct wagering on a horse race or greyhound race, provided that the person may be licensed to conduct video lottery games only at a location licensed for conducting horse races or greyhound races; or
(B) a federally recognized Indian tribe, which, under an agreement with this state in the form prescribed by general law or negotiated by the governor and ratified by the Legislature, may conduct the games only on land:
(i) held in trust by the United States for the tribe pursuant to federal law and designated by the applicable tribe for video lottery activity; or
(ii) held in trust by the United States for
the benefit of the tribe on which Class III gaming is permitted under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-497, codified at 18 U.S.C. Section 1166 et seq. and 25 U.S.C. Section 2701 et. seq.) and designated by the tribe for lottery activity;
(5) prescribe the method for allocating video lottery terminals that may be operated by an entity listed under Subdivision (4) of this subsection, which method must include consideration of demographic, public health and safety, and optimization of state revenue;
(6) authorize this state to impose and collect state taxes on the purchase, use, or other consumption of a good or service at a video lottery facility on tribal land by a person who is not a member of the Indian tribe operating the facility;
(7) prohibit and impose criminal penalties for the possession and operation of all electronic and mechanical gaming devices other than video lottery system or gaming devices authorized by a law enacted under this section; and
(8) prohibit the operation or possession of a video lottery terminal or other similar gaming device that is not subject to this state's measures for monitoring and terminating operation of the terminal required by this subsection and does not generate revenue for this state, except that the law may provide for limited storage of video lottery terminals as authorized and supervised by this state and for possession of video lottery terminals by this state for testing and evaluation.
(f-1) After an election of the voters approving Section 47a of this article and until such time as the Legislature enacts laws
under Subsection (f), the Texas Lottery Commission may collect a fee of $\$ 15,000$ for each video lottery, terminal that a person described in Subsection (4) may apply for. The commission shall adopt rules to allow for the operation of the a video lottery system. This subsection expires January 1, 2008.
(f-2) Net revenue generated from video lottery terminals located at a racetrack shall be distributed as follows:
(A) 30 percent to the racetrack; and
(B) 70 percent to this state.

This subsection expires January 1, 2008
(f-3) The law enacted under Subsection (f) must abolish the Texas Racing Commission and the Texas Lottery Commission and merge the functions of those agencies into the Texas Gaming Commission not later than January 1, 2007. This subsection expires January 1, $\underline{2008}$
(g) An applicant for a license, registration, or other affirmative regulatory approval under a law enacted under Subsection (f) of this section is a revocable privilege, and the person does not acquire any vested right in or under the privilege. The courts of this state do not have jurisdiction to review a decision to deny, limit, or condition a license, registration, or request for approval unless the judicial review is sought on the ground that the denial, limitation, or condition is based on a suspect classification, such as race, color, religion, sex, or national origin, in violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution. The court must affirm the denial, limitation, or condition unless the
violation is proven by clear and convincing evidence.
SECTION 2. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by adding Section 47a to read as follows:

Sec. 47a. (a) The legislature by general law shall authorize and regulate casino gaming conducted by a person licensed by this state.
(b) The legislature by general law shall establish a Texas Gaming Commission to administer the laws regulating gaming activities authorized by this section or Section 47 of this article.
(b-i) The law enacted under Subsection (b) must abolish the Texas Racing Commission and the Texas Lottery Commission and merge the functions of those agencies into the Texas Gaming Commission not later than January 1, 2007. This subsection expires January 1, 2008.
(c) The Texas Gaming Commission established under this section must consist of five members appointed as follows:
(1) one member appointed by the governor;
(2) one member appointed by the lieutenant governor;
(3) one member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
(4) one member appointed by the attorney general; and
(5) one member appointed by the comptroller of public accounts.
(c-1) Not later than January 1, 2006, the initial members of the gaming commission shall be appointed as provided by Subsection (c) of this section to terms as follows:
(1) the initial term of the member appointed under Subsection (c) (1) of this section expires January 1, 2008;
(2) the initial terms of the members appointed under Subsections (c) (2) and (4) of this section expire January 1, 2010; and
(3) the initial terms of the members appointed under Subsections (c) (3) and (5) of this section expire January 1, 2012.
(c-2) Subsection (c-i) of this section and this subsection expire January 1, 2013.
(d) Members of the commission appointed under Subsection (c) of this section serve staggered terms of six years, with the terms of one or two members expiring January 1 of each even numbered year.
(e) A vacancy in a commission membership shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
(f) The general law enacted under Subsection (a) of this section must authorize the licensing by the commission of 12 casino-anchored destination attraction development projects in this state as follows:
(1) seven projects in urban areas, allocated population;
(2) three projects in counties adjacent to the coast that are tourist destinations with at least 1,000 guest rooms available for visitors; and
(3) two additional projects, at locations to be determined by the commission to achieve targeted economic development or permanent new job creation, or based on other
considerations determined appropriate by the commission.
(g) The commission may not award a license for a casino-anchored destination attraction development project unless the project meets the major economic development qualifications established by this subsection. The minimum total land and development costs for a project to qualify for a license are as follows:
(1) $\$ 400$ million for an urban area project;
(2) $\$ 200$ million for a tourist destination project in
a coastal area; and
(3) $\$ 150$ million for an additional project.
(h) A political subdivision of this state may not offer or award a tax abatement, tax credit, tax subsidy, tax exemption or any other form of publicly funded incentive to assist, develop, or aide in the establishment or operation of a casino-anchored destination attraction development project.
(i) A facility or land used in connection with the operation of a casino-anchored destination attraction shall be subject to all applicable state and local taxation, including ad valorem taxation.
(j) A local option election shall be held in the manner determined by the commission in each county in which a person applies for a license for a casino-anchored destination attraction development project. The commission may not award a license for a project unless a majority of the voters of the county voting in the election favor selection of that county as the site for a project. The commission may not award a license for a project located in a municipality unless a majority of the voters of the municipality
voting in the local option election favor the proposition to allow a casino-anchored destination attraction development project in the county.
(k) The commission may not award a license for a casino anchored destination attraction development project to a person unless at least 51 percent of the development project will be owned by residents of this state who have maintained their principal residence in this state for not less than the two years preceding September 1, 2005.
(1) the legislature shall provide the initial funding for the commission through a loan from the Texas Enterprise Fund in the amount of $\$ 2.5$ million. The commission shall repay the loan with interest from the first money received by the commission from license fees received in connection with licenses for casino-anchored destination attraction development projects. SECTION 3. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 8, 2005. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment authorizing limited casino gaming in Texas, providing local elections for final approval of proposed casino-based development projects, and providing for a Texas Gaming Commission to regulate gaming in this state."

