By: Gonzalez Toureilles

H.R. No. 855

RESOLUTION

1 WHEREAS, J. Frank Dobie, a writer and chronicler of the 2 folklore of Texas and the Southwest, published some 25 books in his 3 distinguished career, and it is indeed a pleasure to recognize his 4 important role in Texas literature; and

5 WHEREAS, Born in 1888 on a ranch in South Texas, Mr. Dobie 6 earned his bachelor's degree from Southwestern University in Georgetown, where he also met Bertha McKee, a fellow student who 7 would become his wife and lifelong companion; after college, he 8 taught at a high school in Alpine and worked as a newspaper reporter 9 during the summers, but soon felt a longing to teach poetry at a 10 11 more advanced level and enrolled in graduate school at Columbia 12 University in New York; and

WHEREAS, After pursuing his master's degree at Columbia, Mr.
Dobie returned to Texas and joined the English department at The
University of Texas at Austin; his teaching career was temporarily
interrupted by a stint in the U.S. Army at the end of World War I,
but he returned to UT after his discharge; and

18 WHEREAS, Remembering the stories of his uncle's vaqueros that 19 he had enjoyed as a boy, he settled on a scholarly pursuit that 20 would satisfy his interests both as a writer and as a student of 21 Texas history; he decided that he would collect and tell the 22 legendary tales of the Lone Star State much as the famed 23 musicologist and fellow Texan John Lomax had collected the folk 24 songs of the South; from that point on, Mr. Dobie actively pursued

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1 the folk legends of the Southwest in his travels, readings, and 2 writings, and in 1921, he became editor of the Texas Folklore 3 Society; and

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4 WHEREAS, His book Coronado's Children received national 5 attention and significantly broadened the writer's audience; while continuing to teach, he traveled, lectured, published articles and 6 7 books, including Apache Gold and Yaqui Silver and The Longhorns, 8 and began a syndicated newspaper column called "My Texas"; in 1930, he introduced his course, Life and Literature of the Southwest, and 9 10 it soon became the most popular offering on campus; he also enjoyed a two-year stint as a lecturer on American history in Cambridge, 11 12 England; and

WHEREAS, An ardent individualist, Mr. Dobie often spoke out 13 14 on social issues and other causes that captured his attention; he 15 argued against censorship and demagoguery and championed black voting rights and organized labor's right to strike; his formal 16 17 teaching days ended when he resigned from the university in 1947, but he continued to meet with students and colleagues in informal 18 19 literary salons held in the backyard of his home, which was adjacent to campus; and 20

21 WHEREAS, After his death in 1964, his wife saw to the 22 publication of two books under his name based on his notes; she and 23 friends also established a most fitting memorial to him with the 24 Dobie Paisano Fellowship, which provides money for writers and 25 artists to work on their projects during a six-month stay on Mr. 26 Dobie's Paisano Ranch in the Texas Hill Country; today, his Austin 27 residence is home to the Michener Center for Writers, an

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interdisciplinary creative writing graduate program at UT; and WHEREAS, Although more than 40 years have passed since his death, J. Frank Dobie continues to enhance the lives of countless readers with the rich legacy of writings that he left behind, and we may consider ourselves fortunate that he chose to focus his extraordinary talent on the bountiful stories and traditions of our state; now, therefore, be it

8 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives of the 79th Texas 9 Legislature hereby pay special tribute to the life of J. Frank Dobie 10 and acknowledge his remarkable contributions to Texas letters.