By: Duncan, Zaffirini

S.B. No. 345

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

⊥	AN ACT	

- 2 relating to the exemption from ad valorem taxation of tangible
- 3 personal property held temporarily at a location in this state for
- 4 assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating
- 5 purposes.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 7 SECTION 1. Subchapter B, Chapter 11, Tax Code, is amended by
- 8 adding Section 11.253 to read as follows:
- 9 Sec. 11.253. TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY IN TRANSIT. (a) In
- 10 this section:
- 11 (1) "Dealer's motor vehicle inventory," "dealer's
- 12 vessel and outboard motor inventory," "dealer's heavy equipment
- inventory," and "retail manufactured housing inventory" have the
- meanings assigned by Subchapter B, Chapter 23.
- 15 (2) "Goods-in-transit" means tangible personal
- 16 property that:
- 17 (A) is acquired in or imported into this state to
- 18 be forwarded to another location in this state or outside this
- 19 state;
- 20 <u>(B) is detained at a location in this state in</u>
- 21 which the owner of the property does not have a direct or indirect
- 22 <u>ownership</u> interest for assembling, storing, manufacturing,
- 23 processing, or fabricating purposes by the person who acquired or
- 24 imported the property;

- 1 (C) is transported to another location in this
- 2 state or outside this state not later than 175 days after the date
- 3 the person acquired the property in or imported the property into
- 4 $\underline{\text{this}}$ state; and
- 5 (D) does not include oil, natural gas, petroleum
- 6 products, aircraft, dealer's motor vehicle inventory, dealer's
- 7 <u>vessel</u> and <u>outboard</u> motor inventory, <u>dealer's</u> heavy equipment
- 8 inventory, or retail manufactured housing inventory.
- 9 <u>(3) "Location" means a physical address.</u>
- 10 (4) "Petroleum product" means a liquid or gaseous
- 11 material that is an immediate derivative of the refining of oil or
- 12 natural gas.
- 13 (b) A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation of
- 14 the appraised value of that portion of the person's property that
- consists of goods-in-transit.
- 16 (c) The exemption provided by Subsection (b) is subtracted
- 17 from the market value of the property determined under Section
- 18 23.01 or 23.12, as applicable, to determine the taxable value of the
- 19 property.
- 20 (d) Except as provided by Subsections (f) and (g), the chief
- 21 appraiser shall determine the appraised value of goods-in-transit
- 22 under this subsection. The chief appraiser shall determine the
- 23 percentage of the market value of tangible personal property owned
- 24 by the property owner and used for the production of income in the
- 25 preceding calendar year that was contributed by goods-in-transit.
- 26 For the first year in which the exemption applies to a taxing unit,
- 27 the chief appraiser shall determine that percentage as if the

exemption applied in the preceding year. The chief appraiser shall
apply that percentage to the market value of the property owner's
tangible personal property used for the production of income for
the current year to determine the appraised value of

goods-in-transit for the current year.

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(e) In determining the market value of goods-in-transit that in the preceding year were assembled, stored, manufactured, processed, or fabricated in this state, the chief appraiser shall exclude the cost of equipment, machinery, or materials that entered into and became component parts of the goods-in-transit but were not themselves goods-in-transit or that were not transported to another location in this state or outside this state before the expiration of 175 days after the date they were brought into this state by the property owner or acquired by the property owner in this state. For component parts held in bulk, the chief appraiser may use the average length of time a component part was held by the owner of the component parts during the preceding year at a location in this state that was not owned by or under the control of the owner of the component parts in determining whether the component parts were transported to another location in this state or outside this state before the expiration of 175 days.

(f) If the property owner was not engaged in transporting goods-in-transit to another location in this state or outside this state for the entire preceding year, the chief appraiser shall calculate the percentage of the market value described in Subsection (d) for the portion of the year in which the property owner was engaged in transporting goods-in-transit to another

1 <u>location in this state or outside this state.</u>

demonstrates that the method provided by Subsection (d) significantly understates or overstates the market value of the property qualified for an exemption under Subsection (b) in the current year, the chief appraiser shall determine the market value of the goods-in-transit to be exempt by determining, according to the property owner's records and any other available information, the market value of those goods-in-transit owned by the property owner on January 1 of the current year, excluding the cost of equipment, machinery, or materials that entered into and became component parts of the goods-in-transit but were not themselves goods-in-transit or that were not transported to another location in this state or outside this state before the expiration of 175 days after the date they were brought into this state by the property owner or acquired by the property owner in this state.

(h) The chief appraiser by written notice delivered to a property owner who claims an exemption under this section may require the property owner to provide copies of property records so the chief appraiser can determine the amount and value of goods-in-transit and that the location in this state where the goods-in-transit were detained for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes was not owned by or under the control of the owner of the goods-in-transit. If the property owner fails to deliver the information requested in the notice before the 31st day after the date the notice is delivered to the property owner, the property owner forfeits the right to claim

- 1 or receive the exemption for that year.
- (i) Property that meets the requirements of this section

 constitutes goods-in-transit regardless of whether the person who

 owns the property on January 1 is the person who transports it to

 another location in this state or outside this state.
- 6 (j) The governing body of a taxing unit, in the manner 7 required for official action by the governing body, may provide for 8 the taxation of goods-in-transit exempt under Subsection (b) and not exempt under other law. The official action to tax the 9 goods-in-transit must be taken before January 1 of the first tax 10 year in which the governing body proposes to tax goods-in-transit. 11 12 Before acting to tax the exempt property, the governing body of the taxing unit must conduct a public hearing as required by Section 13 1-n(d), Article VIII, Texas Constitution. If the governing body of 14 15 a taxing unit provides for the taxation of the goods-in-transit as provided by this subsection, the exemption prescribed by Subsection 16 17 (b) does not apply to that unit. The goods-in-transit remain subject to taxation by the taxing unit until the governing body of 18 the taxing unit, in the manner required for official action, 19 rescinds or repeals its previous action to tax goods-in-transit, or 20 21 otherwise determines that the exemption prescribed by Subsection 22 (b) will apply to that taxing unit.
- 23 <u>(k) A property owner who receives the exemption from</u>
 24 <u>taxation provided by Subsection (b) is not eligible to receive the</u>
 25 <u>exemption from taxation provided by Section 11.251 for the same</u>
 26 <u>property.</u>
- 27 SECTION 2. Section 26.012(15), Tax Code, is amended to read

- 1 as follows:
- 2 (15) "Lost property levy" means the amount of taxes
- 3 levied in the preceding year on property value that was taxable in
- 4 the preceding year but is not taxable in the current year because
- 5 the property is exempt in the current year under a provision of this
- 6 code other than Section 11.251 or 11.253, the property has
- 7 qualified for special appraisal under Chapter 23 [of this code] in
- 8 the current year, or the property is located in territory that has
- 9 ceased to be a part of the unit since the preceding year.
- SECTION 3. Section 403.302(d), Government Code, is amended
- 11 to read as follows:
- 12 (d) For the purposes of this section, "taxable value" means
- 13 the market value of all taxable property less:
- 14 (1) the total dollar amount of any residence homestead
- 15 exemptions lawfully granted under Section 11.13(b) or (c), Tax
- 16 Code, in the year that is the subject of the study for each school
- 17 district;
- 18 (2) one-half of the total dollar amount of any
- 19 residence homestead exemptions granted under Section 11.13(n), Tax
- 20 Code, in the year that is the subject of the study for each school
- 21 district;
- 22 (3) the total dollar amount of any exemptions granted
- 23 before May 31, 1993, within a reinvestment zone under agreements
- 24 authorized by Chapter 312, Tax Code;
- 25 (4) subject to Subsection (e), the total dollar amount
- of any captured appraised value of property that:
- 27 (A) is within a reinvestment zone created on or

- 1 before May 31, 1999, or is proposed to be included within the
- 2 boundaries of a reinvestment zone as the boundaries of the zone and
- 3 the proposed portion of tax increment paid into the tax increment
- 4 fund by a school district are described in a written notification
- 5 provided by the municipality or the board of directors of the zone
- 6 to the governing bodies of the other taxing units in the manner
- 7 provided by Section 311.003(e), Tax Code, before May 31, 1999, and
- 8 within the boundaries of the zone as those boundaries existed on
- 9 September 1, 1999, including subsequent improvements to the
- 10 property regardless of when made;
- 11 (B) generates taxes paid into a tax increment
- 12 fund created under Chapter 311, Tax Code, under a reinvestment zone
- 13 financing plan approved under Section 311.011(d), Tax Code, on or
- 14 before September 1, 1999; and
- 15 (C) is eligible for tax increment financing under
- 16 Chapter 311, Tax Code;
- 17 (5) the total dollar amount of any exemptions granted
- 18 under Section 11.251 or 11.253, Tax Code;
- 19 (6) the difference between the comptroller's estimate
- 20 of the market value and the productivity value of land that
- 21 qualifies for appraisal on the basis of its productive capacity,
- 22 except that the productivity value estimated by the comptroller may
- 23 not exceed the fair market value of the land;
- 24 (7) the portion of the appraised value of residence
- 25 homesteads of individuals who receive a tax limitation under
- 26 Section 11.26, Tax Code, on which school district taxes are not
- 27 imposed in the year that is the subject of the study, calculated as

- 1 if the residence homesteads were appraised at the full value
- 2 required by law;
- 3 (8) a portion of the market value of property not
- 4 otherwise fully taxable by the district at market value because of:
- 5 (A) action required by statute or the
- 6 constitution of this state that, if the tax rate adopted by the
- 7 district is applied to it, produces an amount equal to the
- 8 difference between the tax that the district would have imposed on
- 9 the property if the property were fully taxable at market value and
- 10 the tax that the district is actually authorized to impose on the
- 11 property, if this subsection does not otherwise require that
- 12 portion to be deducted; or
- 13 (B) action taken by the district under Subchapter
- 14 B or C, Chapter 313, Tax Code;
- 15 (9) the market value of all tangible personal
- 16 property, other than manufactured homes, owned by a family or
- individual and not held or used for the production of income;
- 18 (10) the appraised value of property the collection of
- 19 delinquent taxes on which is deferred under Section 33.06, Tax
- 20 Code;
- 21 (11) the portion of the appraised value of property
- 22 the collection of delinquent taxes on which is deferred under
- 23 Section 33.065, Tax Code; and
- 24 (12) the amount by which the market value of a
- 25 residence homestead to which Section 23.23, Tax Code, applies
- 26 exceeds the appraised value of that property as calculated under
- 27 that section.

- 1 SECTION 4. This Act applies only to taxes imposed for a tax
- 2 year beginning on or after the effective date of this Act.
- 3 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect January 1, 2006.