By: Eltife

S.B. No. 1215

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to financial records and to audits or reviews of certain 3 charitable nonprofit corporations; providing a penalty.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

5 SECTION 1. Sections A and B, Article 2.23A, Texas 6 Non-Profit Corporation Act (Article 1396-2.23A, Vernon's Texas 7 Civil Statutes), are amended to read as follows:

A. A corporation shall maintain current true and accurate financial records with full and correct entries made with respect to all financial transactions of the corporation, including all <u>revenue</u> [income] and expenditures, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles [practices].

13 Β. Based on these records, the board of directors shall 14 annually prepare and [or] approve [a report of] the financial 15 statements [activity] of the corporation for the preceding year. The financial statements [report] must conform with generally 16 accepted [to] accounting principles [standards as promulgated by 17 the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants] and must 18 include a statement of financial position and the related 19 statements of activities by functional classifications, a cash flow 20 statement [support, revenue, and expenses and changes in fund 21 22 balances], and a statement of functional expenses[, and balance sheets for all funds]. 23

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SECTION 2. The Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act (Article

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1 1396-1.01 et seq., Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes) is amended by 2 adding Article 2.23C to read as follows:

3 Art. 2.23C. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDIT OF CERTAIN CHARITABLE CORPORATIONS. A. A charitable corporation shall have 4 the corporation's financial statements required by Section B, 5 6 Article 2.23A of this Act, for the preceding fiscal year audited or 7 reviewed by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. An audit 8 9 is required for a charitable corporation that receives or accrues a total gross revenue of \$750,000 or more. A review is required for a 10 charitable corporation that receives or accrues a total gross 11 revenue of \$500,000 or more but less than \$750,000. For the 12 13 purposes of this section, a corporation's total gross revenue does not include grants from and proceeds of contracts with a 14 15 governmental agency or entity that requires an accounting for money 16 received. A charitable corporation not required by this section to have the corporation's financial statements audited or reviewed may 17 18 choose to have such an audit or review conducted.

B. If a charitable corporation is under the control of another corporation, the controlling corporation may prepare consolidated financial statements to satisfy the requirements of Section B, Article 2.23A of this Act, for the controlled corporation.

24 <u>C. A charitable corporation required to have an audit or</u> 25 <u>review of the corporation's financial statements under Section A of</u> 26 <u>this article shall make the financial statements and the audit or</u> 27 <u>review report available for inspection by the attorney general and</u>

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1	the public at the corporation's registered office or principal
2	office in this state as provided by Article 2.23A of this Act and in
3	the manner prescribed for Internal Revenue Service Form 990 by
4	Section 6104(d), Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The financial
5	statements and audit or review report must be completed and made
6	available before or by the following deadline:
7	(1) for financial statements, not later than nine
8	months subsequent to the end of the fiscal year for which the
9	financial statements relate; and
10	(2) for the audit or review report, not later than nine
11	months subsequent to the end of the fiscal year for which the audit

12 or review report relates.

D. The board of directors of a charitable corporation required to have an audit or review of the corporation's financial statements under Section A of this article shall review and determine whether to accept the audit or review.

E. A corporation that does not have an audit or review conducted as provided by Section A of this article commits an offense. An offense under this section may be punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$1,000. Each day the violation continues constitutes a separate offense.

22 SECTION 3. Section 22.352, Business Organizations Code, is 23 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 22.352. FINANCIAL RECORDS AND ANNUAL REPORTS. (a) A corporation shall maintain current and accurate financial records with complete entries as to each financial transaction of the corporation, including <u>revenue</u> [<u>income</u>] and expenditures, in

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1 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) Based on the records maintained under Subsection (a),
the board of directors of the corporation shall annually prepare or
approve [a] financial statements [report] for the corporation for
the preceding year. The <u>financial statements</u> [report] must conform
to <u>generally accepted</u> accounting <u>principles</u> [standards as adopted
by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants] and must
include:

9 (1) a statement of <u>financial position</u> [support, 10 revenue, and expenses];

11 (2) a statement of <u>activities by functional</u> 12 classifications [changes in fund balances];

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(3) <u>a cash flow statement; and</u>

(4) a statement of functional expenses[; and

[(4) a balance sheet for each fund].

SECTION 4. Subchapter H, Chapter 22, Business Organizations
 Code, is amended by adding Section 22.3551 to read as follows:

18 Sec. 22.3551. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDIT OF CERTAIN CHARITABLE CORPORATIONS. (a) A charitable corporation shall have 19 20 the corporation's financial statements required by Section 22.352 for the preceding fiscal year audited or reviewed by an independent 21 22 certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. An audit is required for a charitable 23 corporation that receives or accrues a total gross revenue of 24 25 \$750,000 or more. A review is required for a charitable corporation that receives or accrues a total gross revenue of \$500,000 or more 26 but less than \$750,000. For the purposes of this subsection, a 27

1 corporation's total gross revenue does not include grants from and 2 proceeds of contracts with a governmental agency or entity that 3 requires an accounting for money received. A charitable 4 corporation not required by this subsection to have the 5 corporation's financial statements audited or reviewed may choose 6 to have such an audit or review conducted.

- 7 (b) If a charitable corporation is under the control of 8 another corporation, the controlling corporation may prepare 9 consolidated financial statements to satisfy the requirements of 10 Section 22.352 for the controlled corporation.
- (c) A charitable corporation required to have an audit or 11 review of the corporation's financial statements under Subsection 12 (a) shall make the financial statements and the audit or review 13 report available for inspection by the attorney general and the 14 15 public at the corporation's registered office or principal office 16 in this state as provided by Section 22.352 and in the manner prescribed for Internal Revenue Service Form 990 by Section 17 18 6104(d), Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The financial statements and audit or review report must be completed and made available 19 20 before or by the following deadline:
- 21 (1) for financial statements, not later than nine 22 months subsequent to the end of the fiscal year for which the 23 financial statements relate; and
- 24 (2) for the audit or review report, not later than nine 25 months subsequent to the end of the fiscal year for which the audit 26 or review report relates.
- 27 (d) The board of directors of a charitable corporation

1	required to have an audit or review of the corporation's financial
2	statements under Subsection (a) shall review and determine whether
3	to accept the audit or review.
4	(e) A corporation that does not have an audit or review
5	conducted as provided by Subsection (a) commits an offense. An
6	offense under this subsection may be punishable by a fine of not
7	less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000. Each day the violation
8	continues constitutes a separate offense.
9	SECTION 5. This Act applies to a nonprofit corporation

beginning on the date of the end of the corporation's first fiscal year ending on or after September 1, 2005.

12 SECTION 6. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of 13 this section, this Act takes effect September 1, 2005.

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(b) Sections 3 and 4 of this Act take effect January 1, 2006.