By: West S.B. No. 1544

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT

- 2 relating to the purchasing and contracting practices of public
- 3 junior college districts; providing criminal penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Subsection (a), Section 44.0311, Education Code,
- 6 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (a) This subchapter <u>does not apply</u> [applies] to junior
- 8 college districts.
- 9 SECTION 2. Subdivision (2), Section 51.776, Education Code,
- 10 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 (2) "Board" means the governing body of an institution
- 12 other than a junior college or junior college district.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter A, Chapter 130, Education Code, is
- 14 amended by adding Section 130.0103 to read as follows:
- 15 Sec. 130.0103. POLICY AND REPORT REGARDING HISTORICALLY
- 16 <u>UNDERUTILIZED BUSINESSES</u>. (a) In this section, "historically
- 17 underutilized business" has the meaning assigned by Section
- 18 2161.001, Government Code.
- (b) This section applies only to a junior college district
- 20 located wholly or partially in a county with a population of one
- 21 million or more.
- (c) Each junior college district shall adopt a policy
- 23 stating its commitment to developing, maintaining, and enhancing
- 24 participation by historically underutilized businesses in all

phases of the district's procurement processes in order to support, 1 to the greatest extent feasible, the efforts of historically 2 3 underutilized businesses to compete for purchases of equipment, supplies, and services and for construction project contracts. 4 5 (d) Annually, each junior college district shall publish a report of the total number of contracts awarded by the district in 6 7 the preceding fiscal year and the number of those contracts awarded to historically underutilized businesses. The report must be 8 published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in 9 10 which the majority of the territory or population of the district is located not later than the 60th day following the last day of the 11 district's fiscal year. 12 SECTION 4. Chapter 130, Education Code, is amended by 13 adding Subchapters K, L, and M to read as follows: 14 SUBCHAPTER K. PURCHASING CONTRACTS OTHER THAN 15 16 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS 17 Sec. 130.251. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter: 18 (1) "Board of trustees" means the governing board of a 19 district. 20 (2) "District" means a public junior college district. (3) "Purchase of goods": 21 22 (A) includes: 23 (i) contracting for the rights to use rather than own goods; and 24 25 (ii) purchase of the materials and labor 26 incidental to the delivery and installation of personal property;

27

and

1	(B) does not include the purchase or lease of
2	real property.
3	(4) "Services" does not include:
4	(A) construction services; or
5	(B) professional services, including services of
6	an architect, engineer, auditor, accountant, attorney, or fiscal
7	agent.
8	Sec. 130.2511. USE OF TERMS "BIDDER," "VENDOR," AND "BID."
9	(a) The terms "bidder" and "vendor" may be used interchangeably to
10	identify an entity that responds to a request for competitive bids
11	or proposals, or for offers or qualifications.
12	(b) The term "bid" may be used to refer to a competitive bid
13	or proposal, or to an offer, or to a statement of qualifications.
14	Sec. 130.252. CONFLICT WITH OTHER LAW. To the extent of any
15	conflict, this subchapter prevails over any other law relating to
16	the purchase of goods and services by a district other than a law
17	relating to contracting with historically underutilized
18	businesses.
19	Sec. 130.253. PURCHASE METHODS. (a) Except as otherwise
20	provided by this subchapter, all contracts for the purchase by a
21	district of goods or services valued at \$35,000 or more in the
22	aggregate for each 12-month fiscal year shall be made by the method,
23	of the following methods, that provides the best value for the
24	district:
25	(1) competitive sealed bids;
26	(2) competitive sealed proposals;
27	(3) a catalog purchase as provided by Subchapter B,

- 1 Chapter 2157, Government Code;
- 2 (4) the reverse auction procedure defined by Section
- 3 2155.062(d), Government Code; or
- 4 (5) the formation of a political subdivision
- 5 corporation under Section 304.001, Local Government Code.
- 6 (b) Only one of the methods listed in Subsection (a) may be
- 7 used for any individual contract. The district must determine
- 8 which method provides the best value for the district before
- 9 publishing the notice required by Section 130.258.
- 10 (c) If the district uses the competitive sealed proposal
- 11 method, the district shall:
- 12 (1) reveal when the proposals are opened the names of
- 13 the companies submitting proposals; and
- 14 (2) keep the contents of the proposals confidential
- until the district concludes negotiations and awards a contract.
- (d) For professional services not covered by Subchapter A,
- 17 Chapter 2254, Government Code, including services rendered by a
- 18 financial consultant, an auctioneer, a personnel services
- 19 contractor, a travel agent, a technology or educational consultant,
- 20 or a business engaged to teach approved courses, a district may
- 21 contract for the professional services in the manner provided by
- 22 <u>Section 2254.003, Government Code, in lieu of the methods provided</u>
- 23 by Subsection (a).
- 24 (e) A district may purchase an item or service that is
- 25 <u>available from only one source without complying with Subsection</u>
- 26 (a), including:
- 27 (1) an item for which competition is precluded because

- 1 of the existence of a patent, copyright, secret process, or
- 2 monopoly;
- 3 (2) a film, recording, periodical, manuscript, or book
- 4 <u>or computer software;</u>
- 5 (3) a utility service, including gas or water;
- 6 (4) a captive replacement part or component for
- 7 equipment;
- 8 <u>(5) a product needed to match or work with like</u>
- 9 products; and
- 10 (6) technical or specialized services, including
- 11 advertising, audio/video production, and the repair and
- 12 maintenance of specialized equipment.
- (f) Without complying with Subsection (a), a district may
- 14 purchase advertising services, meeting and catering services, and
- 15 travel services, including airfare, ground transportation, and
- 16 lodging. The district shall exercise reasonable and prudent care
- 17 <u>to determine whether a contract with a company will provide the best</u>
- 18 value to the district. The district shall document the process for
- 19 selecting the provider of the services and shall maintain a list of
- 20 companies contacted and the basis for selecting the provider. Any
- 21 company that has provided written notice to the district that it is
- 22 <u>interested in being considered as a supplier of services covered by</u>
- this subsection shall be given the opportunity to make an offer to
- 24 provide the services. After rating and ranking the offers, the
- 25 district shall attempt to negotiate a contract with the highest
- 26 ranked company. If a contract cannot be negotiated with the highest
- 27 ranked company, the next highest ranked company shall be contacted.

- 1 (g) Without complying with Subsection (a), a district may
- purchase an item or service under:
- 3 (1) an interlocal contract under Chapter 791,
- 4 Government Code; or

27

Program.

- 5 (2) a contract established by the Texas Building and
- 6 Procurement Commission or Department of Information Resources,
- 7 <u>including a contract for the purchase of travel services, telephone</u>
- 8 <u>service</u>, computers, and computer-related equipment and software.
- (h) If the Texas Building and Procurement Commission, an 9 institution of higher education as defined by Section 61.003, or a 10 political subdivision of this state has entered into a contract 11 with a company to provide goods or services other than construction 12 services, then during the term of the contract a district may 13 purchase the goods or services directly from the company if the 14 15 company agrees to sell the goods or services to the district in 16 accordance with the terms and conditions of the original contract 17 at the same or at a lower cost than that stated in the original 18 contract. The purchase satisfies the requirements of this subchapter if the original contract was awarded in compliance with 19 20 the statutory requirements applicable to the governmental entity that awarded the contract and the district's purchase order 21 22 references the original contract and identifies the parties to the contract. If the Texas Building and Procurement Commission is a 23 party to the original contract, the district may use the contract 24 25 under this section only if the district is a member of the Texas

Building and Procurement Commission Cooperative Purchasing

Sec. 130.254. PURCHASE OF INSURANCE. (a) A district may 1 2 acquire insurance using a two-step request for proposals process. 3 In the first step, the district shall determine which insurance companies are represented by agents interested in providing 4 insurance for the district. If more than one agent indicates a 5 6 desire to represent the same company, the agent with the longest and 7 most substantial relationship with the insurance company shall be 8 authorized to submit a proposal for the designated insurance company. In the second step, the district shall notify the 9 interested agents as to which insurance companies the agents 10 11 represent and request the agents to submit proposals for providing 12 insurance. 13 (b) In notifying the interested agents to begin the second step, the district is not required to comply with Section 130.258. 14 15 However, the district in the request for proposals shall give the 16 interested agents notice of the date, time, and place where 17 proposals are to be submitted. Proposals received after the date 18 and time stated in the request for proposals may not be considered. Sec. 130.255. MULTIYEAR CONTRACTS. A multiyear contract 19 must include a provision that permits termination at the end of each 20 fiscal year. 21 22 Sec. 130.256. EVALUATION AND AWARD OF \_\_CONTRACT. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this subchapter, a district 23 shall award a contract to the lowest responsible bidder offering 24 25 the best value to the district according to the selection criteria established by the district. The district shall publish in the 26

request for bids, proposals, or qualifications the criteria the

1	<u>district wi</u>	ll use to evaluate the offers and the relative weights						
2	given to the criteria that are known at the time of the publication.							
3	(b)	In determining the lowest responsible bidder, the						
4	district may consider:							
5		(1) the purchase price;						
6		(2) the reputation of the bidder and of the bidder's						
7	goods or se	rvices;						
8		(3) the quality of the bidder's goods or services;						
9		(4) the extent to which the offered goods or services						
10	meet the district's needs;							
11		(5) the bidder's past relationship with the district;						
12		(6) the total long-term cost to the district to						
13	acquire the vendor's goods or services;							
14		(7) the extent to which the offers comply with the						
15	requirement	es of the request for bids, proposals, or qualifications;						
16		(8) the sufficiency of the bidder's financial						
17	resources	and ability to perform the contract or provide						
18	the service	<u>;</u>						
19		(9) the bidder's ability to provide future						
20	maintenance	e, repair parts, and service;						
21		(10) the installation cost;						
22		(11) the cost of operation and maintenance;						
23		(12) any other relevant factor specifically listed in						
24	the request	for bids or proposals;						
25		(13) the impact on the ability of the district to						

comply with laws and rules relating to historically underutilized

26

27

businesses;

1	(14) the bidder's compliance with a requirement for
2	attendance at a mandatory site visit or pre-bid conference; and
3	(15) the bidder's safety record, if:
4	(A) the district has adopted a written definition
5	and criteria for accurately determining the safety record of a
6	<pre>bidder;</pre>
7	(B) the district has given notice to prospective
8	bidders in the request for bids that the safety record of a bidder
9	may be considered in determining the responsibility of the bidder;
10	and
11	(C) the district's determinations are not
12	arbitrary and capricious.
13	(c) A district may reject all bids, proposals, or parts of
14	bids or proposals if the rejection serves the district's interest.
15	(d) The district shall provide all bidders with the
16	opportunity to bid on the same items or services on equal terms and
17	have bids judged according to the same standards as those set forth
18	in the request for bids.
19	(e) The district shall receive bids under this subchapter in
20	a fair and confidential manner.
21	(f) Bids may be opened only by the district at a public
22	meeting in a district-owned or district-controlled facility. At
23	the time the district opens a competitive bid, the district shall
24	read aloud the name of the bidder and the total bid amount if a
25	member of the public is present and the bid is of a type that should
26	contain a bid amount. At least two district employees or trustees
27	must be present at the bid opening. When opening proposals or

qualifications, the district shall read aloud only the name of the respondents and may not disclose the contents of a proposal on opening the proposal or during negotiations with competing bidders.

- (g) A bid that has been opened may not be changed for the purpose of correcting an error in the bid price. If there is a discrepancy between the total price and the unit price of a bid, the unit price prevails. If there is a discrepancy between the written price and the numerical price of a bid, the written price prevails.
- 9 (h) This subchapter does not change the common law right of a bidder to withdraw a bid due to a material mistake in the bid.
- 11 (i) The district shall document the basis of its selection
  12 and shall make its evaluations public not later than the seventh day
  13 after the date the contract is awarded. The district shall state in
  14 writing in the contract file the reasons for making an award.
- (j) A contract awarded in violation of this subchapter is
  void.
  - with independently accredited junior colleges, and the district delegates purchasing decisions to the campus level, this section applies only to the campus and this subchapter does not require the district to aggregate and jointly award the different campus purchasing contracts. A district that adopts site-based purchasing under this subsection shall adopt a policy to ensure that campus purchases achieve the best value to the district and are not intended or used to avoid the requirement that a district aggregate purchases under Section 130.253(a).
    - (1) If district property is destroyed, stolen, or severely

- damaged, a building or equipment undergoes major operational or structural failure, or a contractor is unable to fulfill its obligations in providing goods or services, and the board of trustees determines that the delay posed by using the methods required by Section 130.253(a) would pose a material threat to personal safety or potential damage to other property or would prevent or substantially impair the conduct of classes or other essential district activities, then contracts for the replacement or repair of the property may be made by methods other than those required by Section 130.253(a).
- Sec. 130.257. RULES AND PROCEDURES; AUDITS BY STATE

  AUDITOR. (a) The board of trustees may adopt rules and procedures

  for the acquisition of goods or services by the district.
- 14 <u>(b) The state auditor may audit purchases of goods or</u> 15 services by the district.

Sec. 130.258. NOTICE. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this subchapter, for any method of contracting selected under Section 130.253(a), the district shall publish the notice required by this section in at least two successive issues of any newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the district's central administrative office is located. The deadline for receiving bids or proposals may not be less than 10 business days after the date of the publication of the last newspaper notice. The deadline for receiving responses to a request for qualifications may not be less than five business days after the date of the publication of the last newspaper notice. If there is not a newspaper in the county in which the district's central

- 1 administrative office is located, the notice shall be published in
- 2 a newspaper in the county nearest the county seat of the county in
- 3 which the district's central administrative office is located. In
- 4 a two-step procurement process, the time and place where the
- 5 second-step bids, proposals, or responses will be received are not
- 6 required to be published separately.
- 7 (b) The district may, as an alternative to publishing
- 8 individual notices in a newspaper, publish on a publicly accessible
- 9 Internet site the notices required by this section, provided the
- 10 <u>district publishes in a newspaper of general circulation at least</u>
- one time per week the Internet address where district notices may be
- 12 found. Notice posted on the Internet under this subsection must be
- 13 posted every day for at least 10 business days before the deadline
- 14 for receiving the bids, proposals, or responses to a request for
- 15 qualifications.
- 16 (c) The notice required by this section must include:
- 17 <u>(1) the date, time, and place for receiving and</u>
- opening bids, proposals, or statements of qualifications;
- 19 (2) a description of the goods or services;
- 20 (3) the location of any mandatory site inspections or
- 21 pre-bid meetings at which bid, proposal, or qualification documents
- 22 may be obtained or examined; and
- 23 (4) the amount of any required bid bond, payment bond,
- 24 or performance bond.
- Sec. 130.259. DISCUSSION AND REVISION OF PROPOSALS.
- 26 (a) As provided in a request for proposals and under rules adopted
- 27 by the district, the district may discuss acceptable or potentially

- 1 <u>acceptable proposals with bidders to assess a bidder's ability to</u>
- 2 meet the solicitation requirements.
- 3 (b) After receiving a proposal but before making an award,
- 4 the district may permit the bidder to revise the proposal to obtain
- 5 the best final offer.
- 6 (c) The district may not disclose information derived from
- 7 proposals submitted from competing bidders in conducting
- 8 <u>discussions under this section.</u>
- 9 (d) The district shall provide each bidder an equal
- 10 opportunity to discuss and revise the bidder's proposal.
- Sec. 130.260. PRE-BID CONFERENCE. (a) The district may
- 12 require a principal, officer, or employee of each prospective
- 13 bidder to attend a mandatory pre-bid conference conducted for the
- 14 purpose of discussing contract requirements and answering
- 15 questions from prospective bidders. Notice under this subsection
- must be included in the notice published under Section 130.258.
- 17 (b) After the district conducts a mandatory pre-bid
- 18 conference, the district may send any additional required notice
- for the proposed contract only to prospective bidders who attended
- the conference.
- Sec. 130.261. IDENTICAL BIDS. If, after considering the
- factors described by Section 130.256, the district determines that
- 23 the district has received identical bids, the district shall cast
- lots to determine which bidder will be awarded the contract. The
- 25 district shall invite the bidders to witness the selection process
- 26 <u>under this section.</u> The selection process must be conducted by at
- 27 least two district employees or members of the district's board of

- 1 <u>trustees.</u>
- Sec. 130.262. BID DEPOSIT. (a) The district may, as the
- 3 district determines necessary, require a bid deposit in an amount
- 4 determined by the district. The amount of the deposit, if any, must
- 5 be stated in the notice required by Section 130.258 of the
- 6 <u>invitation to bid</u>.
- 7 (b) On the award of a contract or the rejection of all bids,
- 8 the district shall refund the bid deposit of an unsuccessful
- 9 bidder.
- 10 (c) For public work contracts, the bid deposit required by
- 11 the district, if any, may only be in the form of a bid bond written
- by a surety authorized to conduct business in this state.
- 13 (d) For contracts other than public work contracts, the bid
- deposit required by the district, if any, may only be in the form of
- a bid bond written by a surety authorized to conduct business in
- 16 <u>this state or a cashier's check.</u>
- Sec. 130.263. PERFORMANCE BOND. A district may require a
- 18 contractor to provide a performance bond in the amount of the
- 19 contract before executing a contract for the purchase of goods or
- services with a value of \$100,000 or more. The bond must be written
- 21 by a surety authorized to conduct business in this state.
- 22 <u>Sec. 130.264. ENFORCEMENT OF PURCHASING PROCEDURES:</u>
- 23 CRIMINAL PENALTIES; REMOVAL; INELIGIBILITY; INJUNCTION. (a) In
- 24 this section:
- 25 (1) "Component purchases" means purchases of the
- 26 component parts of an item that in normal purchasing practices
- 27 would be purchased in one purchase.

- 1 (2) "Separate purchases" means purchases, made
  2 separately, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be
  3 purchased in one purchase.
- (3) "Sequential purchases" means purchases, made over

  a period, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be

  purchased in one purchase.
- (b) An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an offense if the person with criminal negligence makes or authorizes separate, sequential, or component purchases for the purpose of avoiding the requirements of Section 130.253 or 130.256. An offense under this subsection is a Class B misdemeanor and is an offense involving moral turpitude that causes a forfeiture of an officer's public office.

15

16

17

18

19

24

25

26

- (c) An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an offense if the person with criminal negligence violates Section 130.253 or 130.256 other than by conduct described by Subsection (b). An offense under this subsection is a Class B misdemeanor and is an offense involving moral turpitude that causes a forfeiture of an officer's public office.
- 20 (d) An officer or employee of a district commits an offense 21 if the officer or employee knowingly violates Section 130.253 or 22 Section 130.256 other than by conduct described by Subsection (b) 23 or (c). An offense under this subsection is a Class C misdemeanor.
  - (e) The final conviction of a person other than a trustee of a district for an offense under Subsection (b) or (c) results in the immediate removal from office or employment of that person. A trustee who is convicted of an offense under this section is subject

to removal as provided by Chapter 66, Civil Practice and Remedies 1 2 Code. For four years after the date of the final conviction, the 3 removed person is ineligible to be a candidate for or to be appointed or elected to a public office in this state, is ineligible 4 5 to be employed by or act as an agent for this state or a political subdivision of this state, and is ineligible to receive any 6 7 compensation through a contract with this state or a political 8 subdivision of this state. This subsection does not prohibit the 9 payment of retirement benefits to the removed person or the payment 10 of workers' compensation benefits to the removed person for an injury that occurred before the commission of the offense for which 11 the person was removed. This subsection does not make a person 12 13 ineligible for an office for which the federal or state constitution prescribes exclusive eligibility requirements. 14

(f) A court may enjoin performance of a contract made in violation of this subchapter. A county attorney, district attorney, criminal district attorney, citizen of the county in which the district is located, or interested party may bring an action for an injunction. A party who prevails in an action brought under this subsection is entitled to reasonable attorney's fees as approved by the court.

Sec. 130.265. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PURCHASING
SERVICES AND CERTAIN COMMODITIES. (a) This section applies only
to:

(1) the purchase of tangible personal property,
including produce, gasoline, and fuel oil, where the cost of the
commodity is expected to exceed \$35,000 during a fiscal year and

- 1 must be determined at the time the need for the commodity arises;
- 2 and
- 3 (2) the purchase of services other than construction
- 4 <u>services or professional services.</u>
- 5 (b) The notice requirements of Section 130.258 apply to
- 6 purchases made under this section, except that the notice must
- 7 specify the categories of property or services to be purchased
- 8 under this section and solicit the names, addresses, and telephone
- 9 numbers of vendors that are interested in supplying the property or
- 10 services to the district. For each category specified by the
- 11 <u>district</u>, the district shall create a vendor list consisting of
- 12 each qualified vendor that responds to the notice and any other
- 13 vendors the district elects to include.
- 14 (c) Before the district makes a purchase subject to this
- 15 section in a category specified by the district, the district must
- obtain written or telephone price quotations from at least three
- 17 vendors from the list created by the district for that category. If
- 18 fewer than three vendors are on the list, the district shall contact
- 19 each vendor on the list. Whenever possible, the district shall
- 20 confirm telephone quotes in writing, including electronic mail or
- 21 facsimile transmission. The bidding records must be retained with
- 22 the district's competitive bidding records and are subject to
- 23 audit. In determining from whom to purchase the property or
- 24 services, the district may consider the provisions of Section
- 25 130.256.
- 26 Sec. 130.266. NOTIFICATION OF CRIMINAL HISTORY OF
- 27 CONTRACTOR. (a) A person or business entity that enters into a

- 1 contract with a district must give advance notice to the district if
- 2 the person or an owner or operator of the business entity has been
- 3 convicted of a felony. The notice must include a general
- 4 description of the conduct resulting in the conviction of a felony.
- 5 (b) A district may terminate a contract with a person or
- 6 business entity if the district determines that the person or
- 7 business entity failed to give notice as required by Subsection (a)
- 8 or misrepresented the conduct resulting in the conviction. The
- 9 <u>district must compensate the person or business entity for services</u>
- 10 performed before the termination of the contract.
- 11 <u>(c) This section does not apply to a publicly held</u>
- 12 corporation.
- 13 SUBCHAPTER L. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS
- Sec. 130.281. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
- 15 (1) "Architect" means an individual registered as an
- architect under Chapter 1051, Occupations Code.
- 17 (2) "Board of trustees" means the governing board of a
- 18 district.
- 19 (3) "Construction" means the construction,
- 20 rehabilitation, alteration, or repair of a facility, including all
- 21 goods and labor incidental to the construction.
- 22 (4) "Contractor" in the context of a contract for the
- 23 construction, rehabilitation, alteration, or repair of a facility
- 24 means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or other
- 25 legal entity that assumes the risk for constructing,
- 26 rehabilitating, altering, or repairing all or part of the facility
- 27 at the contracted price.

- 1 (5) "District" means a public junior college district.
- 2 (6) "Engineer" means an individual licensed as a
- 3 professional engineer under Chapter 1001, Occupations Code.
- 4 (7) "Facility" means real property or a public work,
- 5 <u>including buildings and associated systems, structures, and</u>
- 6 components, and improved or unimproved land.
- 7 (8) "Fee" in the context of a contract for the
- 8 construction, rehabilitation, alteration, or repair of a facility
- 9 means the payment a construction manager receives for its overhead
- 10 and profit in performing its services.
- 11 (9) "General conditions" in the context of a contract
- 12 for the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, or repair of a
- 13 facility means on-site management, administrative personnel,
- 14 insurance, bonds, equipment, utilities, and incidental work,
- including minor field labor and materials.
- Sec. 130.2811. USE OF TERMS "BIDDER," "OFFEROR," "VENDOR,"
- 17 AND "BID." (a) The terms "bidder," "offeror," and "vendor" may be
- 18 used interchangeably to identify an entity that responds to a
- 19 request for competitive bids or proposals, or for offers or
- 20 qualifications.
- 21 (b) The term "bid" may be used to refer to a competitive bid
- or proposal, to an offer, or to a statement of qualifications.
- Sec. 130.282. METHODS OF CONTRACTING. (a) Except as
- 24 otherwise provided by this subchapter, all contracts for
- construction valued at \$35,000 or more in the aggregate shall be
- 26 made by the method, of the following methods, that provides the best
- 27 value for the district:

1	(1)	competitive	sealed	bids;
<b>n</b>	(2)	aomnotitivo	~~1~4	2000

- (2) competitive sealed proposals;
- 3 (3) a design-build contract;
- 4 (4) a contract to construct, rehabilitate, alter, or
- repair facilities that involves using a construction manager agent; 5
- (5) a contract to construct, rehabilitate, alter, or 6
- 7 repair facilities that involves using a construction manager at
- 8 risk; or
- 9 (6) a job order contract for the minor construction,
- repair, rehabilitation, or alteration of facilities. 10
- (b) Only one of the methods listed in Subsection (a) may be 11
- used for any individual contract. A district must determine which 12
- method provides the best value for the district before providing 13
- the notice required by Section 130.285. 14
- 15 (c) If the district uses the competitive sealed proposal
- 16 method, the district shall:
- 17 (1) reveal when the proposals are opened the names of
- 18 the companies submitting proposals; and
- (2) keep the contents of the proposals confidential 19
- 20 until the district concludes negotiations and awards a contract.
- (d) This section does not apply to a contract for 21
- 22 consultants or professional services, including services of an
- architect, engineer, auditor, accountant, attorney, or fiscal 23
- agent. For professional services and consultants not covered by 24
- Subchapter A or B, Chapter 2254, Government Code, a district may 25
- contract for the professional services in the manner provided by 26
- 27 Section 2254.003, Government Code, or by Subchapter K.

Τ	Sec. 130.283. EVALUATION AND AWARD OF CONTRACT.
2	(a) Except as otherwise provided by this subchapter, a district
3	shall award a contract to the lowest responsible bidder offering
4	the best value to the district according to the selection criteria
5	established by the district. The district shall publish in the
6	request for bids, proposals, or qualifications the criteria the
7	district will use to evaluate the offers and the relative weights
8	given to the criteria that are known at the time of the publication.
9	(b) In determining the lowest responsible bidder, the
10	district may consider:
11	(1) the immediate and long-term cost of the service;
12	(2) the reputation of the bidder;
13	(3) the quality of the bidder's services;
14	(4) the extent to which the offered services meet the
15	district's needs;
16	(5) the bidder's past relationship with the district;
17	(6) the extent to which the offers comply with the
18	requirements of the request for bids, proposals, or qualifications;
19	(7) the sufficiency of the bidder's financial
20	resources and ability to perform the contract or provide the
21	service;
22	(8) the bidder's ability to provide future
23	maintenance, repair parts, and service;
24	(9) the installation cost;
25	(10) the cost of operation and maintenance;
26	(11) any other relevant factor specifically listed in
27	the request for bids or proposals;

1 (	(12)	the	impact	on	the	ability	of	the	district	to

- 2 comply with laws and rules relating to historically underutilized
- 3 businesses;
- 4 (13) the bidder's compliance with a requirement for
- 5 attendance at a mandatory site visit or pre-bid conference; and
- 6 (14) the bidder's safety record, if:
- 7 (A) the district has adopted a written definition
- 8 and criteria for accurately determining the safety record of a
- 9 bidder;
- 10 (B) the district has given notice to prospective
- bidders in the request for bids that the safety record of a bidder
- 12 may be considered in determining the responsibility of the bidder;
- 13 and
- 14 <u>(C) the district's determinations are not</u>
- 15 arbitrary and capricious.
- 16 (c) A district may reject all bids, proposals,
- 17 qualifications, or parts of bids, proposals, or qualifications if
- 18 the rejection <u>serves the district's interest.</u>
- 19 (d) The district shall provide all bidders with the
- 20 opportunity to bid on the same items or services on equal terms and
- 21 have bids judged according to the same standards as those set forth
- in the request for bids.
- (e) The district shall receive bids under this subchapter in
- 24 a fair and confidential manner.
- 25 (f) Bids may be opened only by the district at a public
- 26 meeting in a district-owned or district-controlled facility. At
- 27 the time the district opens a competitive bid, the district shall

- read aloud the name of the bidder and the total bid amount if a
  member of the public is present and the bid is of a type that should

  contain a bid amount. At least two district employees or trustees

  must be present at the bid opening. When opening proposals or

  qualifications, the district shall read aloud only the name of the
  respondents and may not disclose the contents of a proposal on
  opening the proposal or during negotiations with competing bidders.
  - (g) A bid that has been opened may not be changed for the purpose of correcting an error in the bid price.

- 10 (h) This subchapter does not change the common law right of
  11 a bidder to withdraw a bid due to a material mistake in the bid.
  - (i) The district shall document the basis of its selection and shall make its evaluations public not later than the seventh day after the date the contract is awarded. The district shall state in writing in the contract file the reasons for making an award.
- - (k) If district property is destroyed, stolen, or severely damaged, a building or equipment undergoes major operational or structural failure, or a contractor is unable to fulfill its obligations in providing goods or services, and the board of trustees determines that the delay posed by using the methods required by Section 130.282(a) would pose a material threat to personal safety or potential damage to other property or would prevent or substantially impair the conduct of classes or other essential district activities, then contracts for the replacement or repair of the property may be made by methods other than those

- 1 required by Section 130.282(a).
- 2 <u>Sec. 130.284. RULES AND PROCEDURES. The board of trustees</u>
- 3 may adopt rules and procedures for the acquisition of construction
- 4 services.
- Sec. 130.285. NOTICE. (a) Except as otherwise provided by
  this subchapter, for any method of contracting selected under
  Section 130.282(a), the district shall publish the notice required
  by this section in at least two successive issues of any newspaper
- 9 of general circulation in the county in which the district's
- 10 central administrative office is located. The deadline for
- 11 receiving bids, proposals, or responses to a request for
- 12 qualifications may not be less than 10 business days after the date
- of the publication of the last newspaper notice. If there is not a
- 14 newspaper in the county in which the district's central
- administrative office is located, the notice shall be published in
- 16 a newspaper in the county nearest the county seat of the county in
- 17 which the district's central administrative office is located. In
- 18 a two-step procurement process, the time and place where the
- 19 second-step bids, proposals, or responses will be received are not
- 20 required to be published separately.
- (b) The district may, as an alternative to publishing
- 22 <u>individual notices in a newspaper, publish on a publicly accessible</u>
- 23 <u>Internet site the notices required by this section, provided the</u>
- 24 <u>district publishes in a newspaper of general circulation at least</u>
- one time per week the Internet address where district notices may be
- 26 found. Notice posted on the Internet under this subsection must be
- 27 posted every day for at least 10 business days before the deadline

- 1 for receiving bids, proposals, or responses to a request for
- 2 <u>qualifications.</u>
- 3 (c) The notice required by this section must include:
- 4 (1) the date, time, and place for receiving and
- 5 opening bids, proposals, or statements of qualifications;
- 6 (2) a description of the work to be performed;
- 7 (3) the location of any mandatory site inspections or
- 8 pre-bid meetings at which bid, proposal, or qualification documents
- 9 may be obtained or examined; and
- 10 (4) the amount of any required bid bond, payment bond,
- or performance bond.
- 12 Sec. 130.286. DISCUSSION AND REVISION OF PROPOSALS.
- 13 (a) As provided in a request for proposals and under rules adopted
- 14 by the district, the district may discuss acceptable or potentially
- acceptable proposals with bidders to assess a bidder's ability to
- 16 meet the solicitation requirements.
- 17 (b) After receiving a proposal but before making an award,
- 18 the district may permit the bidder to revise the proposal to obtain
- 19 the best final offer.
- 20 (c) The district may not disclose information derived from
- 21 proposals submitted from competing bidders in conducting
- 22 discussions under this section.
- 23 <u>(d) The district shall provide each bidder an equal</u>
- 24 opportunity to discuss and revise the bidder's proposal.
- 25 Sec. 130.287. PRE-BID CONFERENCE. (a) The district may
- 26 require a principal, officer, or employee of each prospective
- 27 bidder to attend a mandatory pre-bid conference conducted for the

- 1 purpose of discussing contract requirements and answering
- 2 questions from prospective bidders. Notice under this subsection
- 3 must be included in the notice published under Section 130.285.
- 4 (b) After the district conducts a mandatory pre-bid
- 5 conference, the district may send any additional required notice
- 6 for the proposed contract only to prospective bidders who attended
- 7 the conference.
- 8 Sec. 130.288. IDENTICAL BIDS. If, after considering the
- 9 factors described by Section 130.283, the district determines that
- 10 the district has received identical bids, the district shall cast
- 11 lots to determine which bidder will be awarded the contract. The
- 12 district shall invite the bidders to witness the selection process
- 13 under this section. The selection process must be conducted by at
- 14 least two district employees or members of the district's board of
- 15 trustees.
- Sec. 130.289. BID DEPOSIT. (a) The district may, as the
- 17 <u>district determines necessary, require a bid deposit in an amount</u>
- determined by the district. The amount of the deposit, if any, must
- 19 be stated in the notice required by Section 130.285 of the
- 20 invitation to bid.
- (b) On the award of a contract or the rejection of all bids,
- 22 the district shall refund the bid deposit of an unsuccessful
- 23 bidder.
- 24 (c) For public work contracts, the bid deposit required by
- 25 the district, if any, may only be in the form of a bid bond written
- 26 by a surety authorized to conduct business in this state.
- Sec. 130.290. PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BONDS. For a

- 1 contract for construction, the contractor must execute a good and
- 2 sufficient payment bond if the contract is for \$25,000 or more and a
- 3 performance bond if the contract is \$100,000 or more. Each bond
- 4 must be executed with a surety company authorized to conduct
- 5 business in this state in accordance with Chapter 2253, Government
- 6 Code.
- 7 Sec. 130.291. DELEGATION. (a) Except as provided by
- 8 Subsection (b), the board of trustees of a district may, as
- 9 appropriate, delegate its authority under this subchapter to a
- 10 <u>designated person, representative, or committee. In procuring</u>
- 11 construction services, the district shall provide notice of the
- delegation and the limits of the delegation in the request for bids,
- 13 proposals, or qualifications or in an addendum to the request. If
- 14 the district fails to provide that notice, a ranking, selection, or
- evaluation of bids, proposals, or qualifications for construction
- 16 services other than by the board of trustees in an open public
- meeting is advisory only.
- 18 (b) The board may not delegate the authority to act
- 19 regarding an action specifically authorized or required by this
- 20 subchapter to be taken by the board of trustees of a district.
- Sec. 130.292. ENFORCEMENT OF CONTRACT SOLICITATION
- 22 PROCEDURES: CRIMINAL PENALTIES; REMOVAL; INELIGIBILITY;
- 23 INJUNCTION. (a) In this section:
- 24 (1) "Component procurements" means procuring the
- 25 component parts of an item or service that in normal practice would
- 26 be made in one procurement.
- 27 (2) "Separate procurements" means procurements, made

- 1 separately, of items or services that in normal practice would be
- 2 made in one procurement.
- 3 "Sequential procurement" means procurements, made
- 4 over a period, of items or services that in normal practice would be
- 5 made in one procurement.
- 6 (b) An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an
- 7 offense if the person with criminal negligence makes or authorizes
- 8 separate, sequential, or component procurements for the purpose of
- 9 avoiding the requirements of Section 130.282 or 130.283. An
- 10 offense under this subsection is a Class B misdemeanor and is an
- 11 offense involving moral turpitude that causes a forfeiture of an
- 12 officer's public office.
- 13 (c) An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an
- 14 offense if the person with criminal negligence violates Section
- 15 130.282 or 130.283 other than by conduct described by Subsection
- 16 (b). An offense under this subsection is a Class B misdemeanor and
- is an offense involving moral turpitude that causes a forfeiture of
- 18 an officer's public office.
- 19 (d) An officer or employee of a district commits an offense
- 20 <u>if the officer or employee knowingly violates Section 130.282 or</u>
- 21 130.283 other than by conduct described by Subsection (b) or (c).
- 22 An offense under this subsection is a Class C misdemeanor.
- (e) The final conviction of a person other than a trustee of
- 24 <u>a district for an offense under Subsection (b) or (c) results in the</u>
- 25 immediate removal from office or employment of that person. A
- trustee who is convicted of an offense under this section is subject
- 27 to removal as provided by Chapter 66, Civil Practice and Remedies

Code. For four years after the date of the final conviction, the removed person is ineligible to be a candidate for or to be appointed or elected to a public office in this state, is ineligible to be employed by or act as an agent for this state or a political subdivision of this state, and is ineligible to receive any compensation through a contract with this state or a political subdivision of this state. This subsection does not prohibit the payment of retirement benefits to the removed person or the payment of workers' compensation benefits to the removed person for an injury that occurred before the commission of the offense for which the person was removed. This subsection does not make a person ineligible for an office for which the federal or state constitution prescribes exclusive eligibility requirements.

(f) A court may enjoin performance of a contract made in violation of this subchapter. A county attorney, district attorney, criminal district attorney, citizen of the county in which the district is located, or interested party may bring an action for an injunction. A party who prevails in an action brought under this subsection is entitled to reasonable attorney's fees as approved by the court.

Sec. 130.293. NOTIFICATION OF CRIMINAL HISTORY OF CONTRACTOR. (a) A person or business entity that enters into a contract with a district must give advance notice to the district if the person or an owner or operator of the business entity has been convicted of a felony. The notice must include a general description of the conduct resulting in the conviction of a felony.

(b) A district may terminate a contract with a person or

- 1 business entity if the district determines that the person or
- 2 business entity failed to give notice as required by Subsection (a)
- 3 or misrepresented the conduct resulting in the conviction. The
- 4 district must compensate the person or business entity for services
- 5 performed before the termination of the contract.
- 6 <u>(c) This section does not apply to a publicly held</u>
  7 corporation.
- 8 Sec. 130.294. CHANGE ORDERS. (a) After performance of a
- 9 <u>construction contract begins, a district may approve change orders</u>
- 10 <u>if necessary</u> to:
- 11 (1) make changes in plans or specifications; or
- (2) decrease or increase the quantity of work to be
- 13 performed or materials, equipment, or supplies to be furnished.
- (b) The total price of a contract may not be increased by a
- change order unless provision has been made for the payment of the
- 16 added cost by the appropriation of current funds or bond funds for
- 17 <u>that purpose</u>, by the authorization of the issuance of certificates,
- or by a combination of those procedures. The original contract
- 19 price may not be increased by more than 25 percent. The original
- 20 price may not be decreased by more than 25 percent without the
- 21 consent of the contractor.
- 22 Sec. 130.295. ERRORS AND OMISSIONS INSURANCE. For any
- 23 public work contract awarded under this subchapter, to protect the
- 24 <u>interest of the district, the architect or engineer who prepared</u>
- 25 the plans and specifications for the public work shall, at the
- 26 <u>architect's or engineer's expense, carry an errors and omissions</u>
- insurance policy in an amount not less than the amount of the public

- 1 work contract.
- 2 Sec. 130.296. DESIGN-BUILD CONTRACTS FOR FACILITIES.
- 3 (a) In this section:
- 4 (1) "Design-build contract" means a single contract
- 5 with a design-build firm for the design and construction of a
- 6 facility.
- 7 (2) "Design-build firm" means a partnership,
- 8 corporation, or other legal entity or team that includes an
- 9 engineer or architect and a builder qualified to engage in building
- 10 construction in this state.
- 11 (3) "Design criteria package" means a set of documents
- 12 that provides sufficient information, including criteria for
- 13 selection, to permit a design-build firm to prepare a response to a
- 14 district's request for qualifications and to the district's request
- 15 for any additional information. The design criteria package must
- 16 specify criteria the district considers necessary to describe the
- 17 project and may include, as appropriate, the legal description of
- 18 the site, survey information concerning the site, interior space
- 19 requirements, special material requirements, material quality
- 20 standards, conceptual criteria for the project, special equipment
- 21 requirements, cost or budget estimates, time schedules, quality
- 22 <u>assurance and quality control requirements</u>, site development
- 23 requirements, applicable codes and ordinances, provisions for
- 24 utilities, parking requirements, or any other requirement, as
- 25 applicable.
- 26 (b) A district may use the design-build method for the
- 27 construction, rehabilitation, alteration, or repair of a facility.

- 1 In using that method and in entering into a contract for the
- 2 services of a design-build firm, the contracting district and the
- 3 design-build firm shall follow the procedures provided by
- 4 Subsections (c)-(j).
- 5 (c) The district may designate an engineer or architect to
- 6 act as its representative. If the district's engineer or architect
- 7 is not a full-time employee of the district, any engineer or
- 8 architect designated shall be selected on the basis of demonstrated
- 9 competence and qualifications in accordance with Subchapter A,
- 10 Chapter 2254, Government Code.
- 11 (d) The district shall prepare a request for qualifications
- 12 that includes general information on the project site, project
- 13 scope, budget, special systems, selection criteria, and other
- 14 information that may assist potential design-build firms in
- 15 <u>submitting proposals for the project.</u> The district shall also
- 16 prepare a design criteria package that includes more detailed
- 17 <u>information on the project.</u> If the preparation of the design
- 18 criteria package requires engineering or architectural services
- 19 that constitute the practice of engineering within the meaning of
- 20 Chapter 1001, Occupations Code, or the practice of architecture
- 21 within the meaning of Chapter 1051, Occupations Code, those
- 22 services shall be provided in accordance with the applicable law.
- (e) The district shall evaluate statements of
- 24 qualifications and select a design-build firm in two phases:
- 25 (1) In phase one, the district shall prepare a request
- 26 for qualifications and evaluate each offeror's experience,
- 27 technical competence, and capability to perform, the past

performance of the offeror's team and members of the team, and other 1 2 appropriate factors submitted by the team or firm in response to the 3 request for qualifications, except that cost-related or 4 price-related evaluation factors are not permitted. Each offeror must certify to the district that each engineer or architect who is 5 6 a member of its team was selected based on demonstrated competence 7 and qualifications. The district shall qualify a maximum of five offerors to submit additional information and, if the district 8 9 chooses, to interview for final selection.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

(2) In phase two, the district shall evaluate the information submitted by the offerors on the basis of the selection criteria stated in the request for qualifications and the results of any interview. The district may request additional information regarding demonstrated competence and qualifications, considerations of the safety and long-term durability of the project, the feasibility of implementing the project as proposed, the ability of the offeror to meet schedules, costing methodology, or other factors as appropriate. The district may not require offerors to submit detailed engineering or architectural designs as part of the proposal. The district shall rank each proposal submitted on the basis of the criteria set forth in the request for qualifications. The district shall select the design-build firm that submits the proposal offering the best value for the district on the basis of the published selection criteria and on its ranking evaluations. The district shall first attempt to negotiate a contract with the selected offeror. If the district is unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the selected offeror, the

- 1 district shall, formally and in writing, end negotiations with that
- 2 offeror and proceed to negotiate with the next offeror in the order
- 3 of the selection ranking until a contract is reached or
- 4 <u>negotiations with all ranked offerors end.</u>
- 5 <u>(f) Following selection of a design-build firm under</u>
- 6 Subsection (e), that firm's engineers or architects shall complete
- 7 the design, submitting all design elements for review and
- 8 determination of scope compliance to the district or to the
- 9 <u>district's engineer or architect before or concurrently with</u>
- 10 construction.
- 11 (g) An engineer shall have responsibility for compliance
- with the engineering design requirements and all other applicable
- 13 requirements of Chapter 1001, Occupations Code. An architect shall
- 14 have responsibility for compliance with the requirements of Chapter
- 15 1051, Occupations Code.
- 16 (h) The district shall provide or contract for,
- independently of the design-build firm, the inspection services,
- 18 testing of construction materials engineering, and verification
- 19 testing services necessary for acceptance of the facility by the
- 20 district. The district shall select those services for which it
- 21 contracts in accordance with Section 2254.004, Government Code.
- (i) The design-build firm shall supply a signed and sealed
- 23 set of construction documents for the project to the district at the
- 24 conclusion of construction.
- 25 (j) A payment or performance bond is not required for, and
- 26 may not provide coverage for, the portion of a design-build
- 27 contract under this section that includes design services only. If

a fixed contract amount or guaranteed maximum price has not been determined at the time a design-build contract is awarded, the penal sums of the performance and payment bonds delivered to the district must each be in an amount equal to the project budget, as specified in the design criteria package. The design-build firm shall deliver the bonds not later than the 10th day after the date the design-build firm executes the contract unless the design-build firm furnishes a bid bond or other financial security acceptable to the district to ensure that the design-build firm will furnish the required performance and payment bonds when a guaranteed maximum price is established.

Sec. 130.297. CONTRACTS FOR FACILITIES: CONSTRUCTION MANAGER-AGENT. (a) A district may use the construction manager-agent method for the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, or repair of a facility. In using that method and in entering into a contract for the services of a construction manager-agent, a district shall follow the procedures prescribed by this section.

(b) A construction manager-agent is a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity that provides consultation to the district regarding construction, rehabilitation, alteration, or repair of a facility. A district using the construction manager-agent method may, under the contract between the district and the construction manager-agent, require the construction manager-agent to provide administrative personnel, equipment necessary to perform duties under this section, and on-site management and other services specified in the

- contract. A construction manager-agent represents the district in
  a fiduciary capacity.
- 3 (c) Before or concurrently with selecting a construction manager-agent, the district shall select or designate an engineer 4 or architect who shall prepare the construction documents for the 5 6 project and who has full responsibility for complying with Chapter 7 1001 or 1051, Occupations Code, as applicable. If the engineer or architect is not a full-time employee of the district, the district 8 9 shall select the engineer or architect on the basis of demonstrated 10 competence and qualifications as provided by Section 2254.004, Government Code. The district's engineer or architect may not 11 serve, alone or in combination with another person, as the 12 13 construction manager-agent unless the engineer or architect is hired to serve as the construction manager-agent under a separate 14 or concurrent procurement conducted in accordance with this 15 16 subchapter. This subsection does not prohibit the district's engineer or architect from providing customary construction phase 17 18 services under the engineer's or architect's original professional service agreement with the district and in accordance with 19 20 applicable licensing laws.
  - (d) A district shall select a construction manager-agent on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications in the same manner as provided for the selection of engineers or architects under Section 2254.004, Government Code.

22

23

24

26 <u>(e) A district using the construction manager-agent method</u>
26 <u>shall procure, in accordance with applicable law and in any manner</u>
27 <u>authorized by this chapter, a general contractor, trade</u>

- 1 contractors, or subcontractors who will serve as the prime
- 2 contractor for their specific portion of the work.
- 3 (f) The district or the construction manager-agent shall
- 4 procure in accordance with Section 2254.004, Government Code, all
- 5 of the testing of construction materials engineering, the
- 6 inspection services, and the verification testing services
- 7 necessary for acceptance of the facility by the district.
- 8 Sec. 130.298. CONTRACTS FOR FACILITIES: CONSTRUCTION
- 9 MANAGER-AT-RISK. (a) A district may use the construction
- 10 manager-at-risk method for the construction, rehabilitation,
- 11 alteration, or repair of a facility. In using that method and in
- 12 entering into a contract for the services of a construction
- 13 manager-at-risk, a district shall follow the procedures prescribed
- 14 by this section.
- 15 (b) A construction manager-at-risk is a sole
- 16 proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity
- 17 that assumes the risk for construction, rehabilitation,
- 18 alteration, or repair of a facility at the contracted price as a
- 19 general contractor and provides consultation to the district
- 20 regarding construction during and after the design of the facility.
- 21 (c) Before or concurrently with selecting a construction
- 22 <u>manager-at-risk</u>, the district shall select or designate an engineer
- 23 or architect who shall prepare the construction documents for the
- 24 project and who has full responsibility for complying with Chapter
- 25 1001 or 1051, Occupations Code, as applicable. If the engineer or
- 26 architect is not a full-time employee of the district, the district
- 27 shall select the engineer or architect on the basis of demonstrated

- 1 competence and qualifications as provided by Section 2254.004,
- 2 Government Code. The district's engineer, architect, or
- 3 construction manager-agent for a project may not serve, alone or in
- 4 combination with another, as the construction manager-at-risk.
- 5 (d) The district shall provide or contract for,
- 6 independently of the construction manager-at-risk, the inspection
- 7 services, testing of construction materials engineering, and
- 8 verification testing services necessary for acceptance of the
- 9 facility by the district. The district shall select those services
- 10 for which it contracts in accordance with Section 2254.004,
- 11 Government Code.
- 12 (e) The district shall select the construction
- 13 manager-at-risk in either a one-step or two-step process. The
- district shall prepare a request for proposals, in the case of a
- one-step process, or a request for qualifications, in the case of a
- 16 two-step process, that includes general information on the project
- 17 <u>site, project scope, schedule, selection criteria, estimated</u>
- 18 budget, the time and place for receipt of, as applicable, proposals
- or qualifications, a statement as to whether the selection process
- 20 is a one-step or two-step process, and other information that may
- 21 assist the district in its selection of a construction
- 22 manager-at-risk. The district shall state the selection criteria
- in the request for proposals or qualifications, as applicable. The
- 24 <u>selection criteria may include the offeror's experience, past</u>
- 25 performance, safety record, proposed personnel and methodology,
- 26 and other appropriate factors that demonstrate the capability of
- 27 the construction manager-at-risk. If a one-step process is used,

- the district may request, as part of the offeror's proposal, 1 2 proposed fees and prices for fulfilling the general conditions. If 3 a two-step process is used, the district may not request fees or prices in step one. In step two, the district may request that five 4 or fewer offerors, selected solely on the basis of qualifications, 5 6 provide additional information, including the construction 7 manager-at-risk's proposed fee and its price for fulfilling the 8 general conditions.
- 9 (f) At each step, the district shall receive, publicly open,
  10 and read aloud the names of the offerors. At the appropriate step,
  11 the district shall also read aloud the fees and prices, if any,
  12 stated in each proposal as the proposal is opened. Within 45 days
  13 after the date of opening the proposals, the district shall
  14 evaluate and rank each proposal submitted in relation to the
  15 criteria set forth in the request for proposals.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- g) The district shall select the offeror that submits the proposal that offers the best value for the district based on the published selection criteria and on its ranking evaluation. The district shall first attempt to negotiate a contract with the selected offeror. If the district is unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the selected offeror, the district shall, formally and in writing, end negotiations with that offeror and proceed to negotiate with the next offeror in the order of the selection ranking until a contract is reached or negotiations with all ranked offerors end.
- 26 <u>(h) A construction manager-at-risk shall publicize notice,</u> 27 in accordance with Section 130.285, and receive bids or proposals

from trade contractors or subcontractors for the performance of all major elements of the work other than the minor work that may be included in the general conditions. A construction manager-at-risk may seek to perform portions of the work itself if the construction manager-at-risk submits its bid or proposal for those portions of the work in the same manner as all other trade contractors or subcontractors and if the district determines that the construction manager-at-risk's bid or proposal provides the best value for the district.

- (i) The construction manager-at-risk and the district or its representative shall review all trade contractor or subcontractor bids or proposals in a manner that does not disclose the contents of the bid or proposal during the selection process to a person not employed by the construction manager-at-risk, engineer, architect, or district. All bids or proposals shall be made public after the award of the contract or within seven days after the date of final selection of bids or proposals, whichever is later.
- (j) If the construction manager-at-risk reviews, evaluates, and recommends to the district a bid or proposal from a trade contractor or subcontractor but the district requires another bid or proposal to be accepted, the district shall compensate the construction manager-at-risk by a change in price, time, or guaranteed maximum cost for any additional cost and risk that the construction manager-at-risk may incur because of the district's requirement that another bid or proposal be accepted.
- 27 (k) If a selected trade contractor or subcontractor

- defaults in the performance of its work or fails to execute a 1
- 2 subcontract after being selected in accordance with this section,
- 3 the construction manager-at-risk may, without advertising, fulfill
- 4 the contract requirements or select a replacement trade contractor
- or subcontractor to fulfill the contract requirements. 5
- 6 (1) If a fixed contract amount or guaranteed maximum price 7 has not been determined at the time the contract is awarded, the 8 penal sums of the performance and payment bonds delivered to the
- 9 district must each be in an amount equal to the project budget, as
- 10 specified in the request for qualifications. The construction
- manager-at-risk shall deliver the bonds not later than the 10th day after the date the construction manager-at-risk executes the 12
- 13 contract unless the construction manager-at-risk furnishes a bid
- bond or other financial security acceptable to the district to 14
- 15 ensure that the construction manager will furnish the required
- 16 performance and payment bonds when a guaranteed maximum price is
- 17 established.

- 18 Sec. 130.299. SELECTING CONTRACTOR FOR CONSTRUCTION
- SERVICES THROUGH COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS. (a) In selecting a 19
- contractor for construction, rehabilitation, alteration, or repair 20
- services for a facility through competitive sealed proposals, a 21
- 22 district shall follow the procedures prescribed by this section.
- (b) The district shal<u>l select or designate an engineer or</u> 23
- architect to prepare construction documents for the project. The 24
- 25 selected or designated engineer or architect has
- responsibility for complying with Chapter 1001 or 1051, Occupations 26
- 27 Code, as applicable. If the engineer or architect is not a

- 1 <u>full-time</u> employee of the district, the district shall select the
- 2 <u>engineer or architect on the basis of demonstrated competence and</u>
- 3 qualifications as provided by Section 2254.004, Government Code.
- 4 (c) The district shall provide or contract for,
- 5 independently of the contractor, the inspection services, testing
- 6 of construction materials engineering, and verification testing
- 7 services necessary for acceptance of the facility by the district.
- 8 The district shall select those services for which it contracts in
- 9 accordance with Section 2254.004, Government Code, and shall
- 10 identify them in the request for proposals.
- 11 (d) The district shall prepare a request for competitive
- 12 sealed proposals that includes construction documents, selection
- 13 criteria, estimated budget, project scope, schedule, and other
- 14 <u>information that contractors may require to respond to the request.</u>
- 15 (e) The district shall receive, publicly open, and read
- 16 aloud the names of the offerors and if any are required to be stated
- in the request for proposals, all prices stated in each proposal.
- 18 Within 45 days after the date of opening the proposals, the district
- 19 shall evaluate and rank each proposal submitted in relation to the
- 20 published selection criteria.
- 21 <u>(f) The district shall first attempt to negotiate a contract</u>
- 22 with the selected offeror. The district and its engineer or
- 23 architect may discuss with the selected offeror options for a scope
- 24 or time modification and any price change associated with the
- 25 modification. If the district is unable to negotiate a contract
- 26 with the selected offeror, the district shall, formally and in
- 27 writing, end negotiations with that offeror and proceed to the next

- 1 offeror in the order of the selection ranking until a contract is
- 2 reached or all proposals are rejected.
- 3 Sec. 130.300. SELECTING CONTRACTOR FOR CONSTRUCTION
- 4 SERVICES THROUGH COMPETITIVE BIDDING. Except to the extent
- 5 prohibited by other law and to the extent consistent with this
- 6 subchapter, a district may use competitive bidding to select a
- 7 contractor to perform construction, rehabilitation, alteration, or
- 8 <u>repair services for a facility.</u>
- 9 Sec. 130.301. JOB ORDER CONTRACTS FOR CONSTRUCTION
- 10 SERVICES. (a) A district may award job order contracts for the
- 11 minor construction, repair, rehabilitation, or alteration of a
- 12 <u>facility if the work is of a recurring nature but the delivery times</u>
- 13 are indefinite and indefinite quantities and orders are awarded
- 14 substantially on the basis of predescribed and prepriced tasks.
- 15 (b) The district may establish contractual unit prices for a
- job order contract by:
- 17 (1) specifying one or more published construction unit
- 18 price books and the applicable divisions or line items; or
- 19 <u>(2) providing a list of work items and requiring the</u>
- 20 offerors to bid or propose one or more coefficients or multipliers
- 21 to be applied to the price book or work items as the price proposal.
- (c) The district shall advertise for, receive, and publicly
- open sealed proposals for job order contracts.
- 24 (d) The district may require offerors to submit additional
- 25 information besides rates, including experience, past performance,
- and proposed personnel and methodology.
- (e) The district may award job order contracts to one or

- 1 more job order contractors in connection with each solicitation of
  2 bids or proposals.
- (f) An order for a job or project under the job order contract must be signed by the district's representative and the contractor. The order may be a fixed price, lump-sum contract based substantially on contractual unit pricing applied to estimated quantities or may be a unit price order based on the quantities and
- 9 (g) The contractor shall provide payment and performance
  10 bonds, if required by law, based on the amount or estimated amount
  11 of any order.

line items delivered.

8

17

18

19

20

21

- 12 (h) The base term of a job order contract is for the period
  13 and with any renewal option that the district sets forth in the
  14 request for proposals. If the district fails to advertise that
  15 term, the base term may not exceed two years and is not renewable
  16 without further advertisement and solicitation of proposals.
  - (i) If a job order contract or an order issued under the contract requires engineering or architectural services that constitute the practice of engineering within the meaning of Chapter 1001, Occupations Code, or the practice of architecture within the meaning of Chapter 1051, Occupations Code, those services shall be provided in accordance with applicable law.
- SUBCHAPTER M. SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
- 24 BY DISTRICT AND AWARD OF MISCELLANEOUS CONTRACTS FOR SERVICES
- Sec. 130.311. SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY BY DISTRICT. A sale
  of personal property by a junior college district that is not
  covered by Chapter 791, Government Code, shall be solicited and

- S.B. No. 1544
- 1 awarded in the same manner as a contract for a purchase of personal
- 2 property or services under Subchapter K.
- 3 Sec. 130.312. AWARD OF MISCELLANEOUS CONTRACTS FOR
- 4 SERVICES. Miscellaneous contracts for services, including
- 5 contracts for bookstore services, food services, and vending
- 6 services, shall be solicited and awarded in the same manner as a
- 7 contract for a purchase of personal property or services under
- 8 Subchapter K.
- 9 SECTION 5. Section 271.023, Local Government Code, is
- 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 Sec. 271.023. CONFLICT OF LAWS. To the extent of any
- 12 conflict, the provisions of Subchapter B, Chapter 44, Education
- 13 Code, relating to the purchase of goods and services under contract
- 14 by a school district and the provisions of Subchapters K and L,
- 15 Chapter 130, Education Code, relating to the purchase of goods and
- 16 services and construction services under contract by a junior
- 17 college prevail over this subchapter.
- SECTION 6. Subsection (b), Section 44.0311, and Sections
- 19 130.010 and 130.0101, Education Code, are repealed.
- 20 SECTION 7. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to
- 21 a contract for which requests for bids, requests for proposals, or
- 22 requests for qualifications are published or distributed on or
- 23 after the effective date of this Act.
- SECTION 8. This Act takes effect September 1, 2005.