LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE, 79TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

March 15, 2005

TO: Honorable Jane Nelson, Chair, Senate Committee on Health & Human Services

FROM: John S. O'Brien, Deputy Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: SB521 by Madla (Relating to exemptions from the law governing emergency medical services for certain transfer vehicles and staff and to the minimum qualifications for obtaining an emergency medical services provider license.), Committee Report 1st House, Substituted

Estimated Two-year Net Impact to General Revenue Related Funds for SB521, Committee Report 1st House, Substituted: an impact of \$0 through the biennium ending August 31, 2007.

The bill would make no appropriation but could provide the legal basis for an appropriation of funds to implement the provisions of the bill.

General Revenue-Related Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Net Positive/(Negative) Impact to General Revenue Related Funds	
2006	\$0	
2007	\$0	
2008	\$0	
2009	\$0	
2010	\$0	

All Funds, Five-Year Impact:

Fiscal Year	Probable Revenue Gain from EMERGENCY MGMT ACCT 512	Probable (Cost) from EMERGENCY MGMT ACCT 512	Change in Number of State Employees from FY 2005
2006	\$128,000	(\$91,715)	2.0
2007	\$67,000	(\$103,285)	2.0
2008	\$171,000	(\$103,285)	2.0
2009	\$119,000	(\$103,285)	2.0
2010	\$247,000	(\$103,285)	2.0

Fiscal Analysis

The bill would require licensing (and compliance with other requirements of the Health and Safety Code) of currently unlicensed entities that transport patients via stretcher between medical facilities or between residences and medical facilities, by removing current exemptions to the licensing requirement. Licensed entities would also be required to include vehicles currently exempted from requirements under their license upon renewal.

Methodology

Revenue: According to the Department of State Health Services, revenue would be generated from increases in: the number of providers required to be licensed, the number of vehicles required to be included in licenses, and the number of EMS personnel certified by the Department. DSHS estimates increased revenue to the Emergency Management Account (General Revenue-Dedicated) would be \$195,000 for the biennium based on the estimated number of licenses and the current fee structure set in Chapter 773 of the Health and Safety Code.

Costs: DSHS reports additional FTE resources would be necessary to review applications, conduct surveys and inspections, and to investigate complaints associated with the new licensing requirements if the bill were to be implemented. It is assumed that 2 new FTE positions would be necessary to implement the provisions of the bill, and that the costs associated with 2 FTE positions would be offset by the amount of revenue estimated to be generated by DSHS. DSHS costs for complaint hearings at the State Office of Administrative Hearings are also included in the estimate. The biennial cost associated with implementation of the bill, assuming a phase-in of FTEs (75%) in fiscal year 2006, is estimated to be \$195,000.

Local Government Impact

The bill could result in increased revenue and workload in cities that regulate EMS providers under municipal ordinances or other regulations, due to the increased number of licensed providers.

Source Agencies: 537 Department of State Health Services

LBB Staff: JOB, CL, KF, BW