Amend **HB 860** by adding the following appropriately numbered sections:

SECTION ____. Section 404.024, Government Code, is amended by amending Subsections (b) and (l) and adding Subsections (m) and (n) to read as follows:

(b) State funds not deposited in state depositories shall be invested by the comptroller in:

direct security repurchase agreements;

(2) reverse security repurchase agreements;

(3) direct obligations of or obligations the principal and interest of which are guaranteed by the United States;

(4) direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States government;

(5) bankers' acceptances that:

(A) are eligible for purchase by the FederalReserve System;

(B) do not exceed 270 days to maturity; and

(C) are issued by a bank <u>whose other comparable</u> <u>short-term obligations are rated in</u> [that has received] the highest short-term [credit] rating <u>category</u>, within which there may be <u>subcategories or gradations indicating relative standing</u>, <u>including such subcategories or gradations as "rating category" or</u> <u>"rated,"</u> by a nationally recognized <u>statistical rating</u> <u>organization</u>, as defined by Rule 2a-7 (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7), promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940 by the Securities and Exchange Commission [investment rating firm];

(6) commercial paper that:

(A) does not exceed 270 days to maturity; and

(B) except as provided by Subsection (i), <u>is</u> <u>issued by an entity whose other comparable short-term obligations</u> <u>are rated in</u> [has received] the highest short-term [credit] rating <u>category</u> by a nationally recognized <u>statistical rating</u> <u>organization</u> [investment rating firm];

(7) contracts written by the treasury in which the treasury grants the purchaser the right to purchase securities in the treasury's marketable securities portfolio at a specified price over a specified period and for which the treasury is paid a fee and

1

specifically prohibits naked-option or uncovered option trading;

(8) direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the Inter-American Development Bank, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (the World Bank), the African Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and the International Finance Corporation that have received the highest <u>long-term</u> [credit] rating <u>categories for debt obligations</u> by a nationally recognized <u>statistical rating organization</u> [investment rating firm];

(9) bonds issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the Stateof Israel;

(10) obligations of a state or an agency, county,city, or other political subdivision of a state;

(11) mutual funds secured by obligations that are described by Subdivisions (1) through (6) <u>or by obligations</u> <u>consistent with Rule 2a-7 (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7), promulgated</u> <u>by the Securities and Exchange Commission</u>, including pooled funds:

(A) established by the Texas TreasurySafekeeping Trust Company;

(B) operated like a mutual fund; and

(C) with portfolios consisting only of dollar-denominated securities; [and]

(12) foreign currency for the sole purpose of facilitating investment by state agencies that have the authority to invest in foreign securities <u>;</u>

(13) asset-backed securities, as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission in Rule 2a-7 (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7), that are rated at least A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and that have a weighted-average maturity of five years or less; and

(14) corporate debt obligations that are rated at least A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and mature in five years or less from the date on which the obligations were "acquired," as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission in Rule 2a-7 (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7).

(1) The comptroller may lend securities under procedures

2

established by the comptroller. The procedures must be consistent with industry practice and must include a requirement to fully secure the loan with cash, obligations <u>described by Subsections</u> (b)(1)-(6), or a combination of cash and <u>the described</u> obligations. <u>Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, cash may be reinvested in</u> <u>the items permitted under Subsection (b) or mutual funds, as</u> <u>defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission in Rule 2a-7 (17</u> <u>C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7)</u> [In this subsection, "obligation" means an <u>item described by Subsections (b)(1)-(6)</u>].

(m) In entering into a direct security repurchase agreement or a reverse security repurchase agreement, the comptroller may agree to accept cash on an overnight basis in lieu of the securities, obligations, or participation certificates identified in Section 404.001(3). Cash held by the state under this subsection is not a deposit of state or public funds for purposes of any statute, including this subchapter or Subchapter D, that requires a deposit of state or public funds to be collateralized by eligible securities.

(n) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any government investment pool created to function as a money market mutual fund and managed by the comptroller or the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company may invest the funds it receives in investments that are "eligible securities," as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission in Rule 2a-7 (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7), if it maintains a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days or less, with the maturity of each portfolio security calculated in accordance with Rule 2a-7 (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7), and meets the diversification requirements of Rule 2a-7.