Amend HB 1887 (house committee printing) as follows:

- (1) On page 1, strike lines 5-20 and substitute the following:
- SECTION 1. Section 30.04, Penal Code, is amended by amending Subsection (d) and adding Subsections (d-1), (f), and (g) to read as follows:
  - (d) An offense under this section is:
- (1) a Class B misdemeanor if the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is less than \$500;
- (2) a Class A misdemeanor <u>if the amount of pecuniary</u> loss to tangible personal property is \$500 or more but less than \$1,500;
  - (3) a state jail felony if:
- (A) the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is \$1,500 or more but less than \$20,000;
- (B) the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is less than \$1,500 and the actor has previously been convicted two or more times under this section;
- (C) the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is less than \$1,500 and the actor commits theft of an official ballot or official carrier envelope for an election in the course of committing the offense; or
- (D) the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is less than \$1,500 and [unless] the vehicle or part of the vehicle broken into or entered is a rail car;
- (4) a felony of the third degree if the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000;
- (5) a felony of the second degree if the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is \$100,000 or more but less than \$200,000; or
- (6) a felony of the first degree if the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is \$200,000 or more [ $\tau$  in which event the offense is a state jail felony].
  - (2) On page 2, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:
- (f) If the actor, pursuant to one scheme or continuing course of conduct, commits three or more offenses under this

section in a 24-hour period, the conduct may be considered as one offense and the amounts of pecuniary loss aggregated in determining the grade of offense.

- (g) For the purposes of Subsection (d), the amount of pecuniary loss to tangible personal property is the sum of:
- (1) the cost of repairing or restoring the vehicle, if the actor damaged the vehicle in the course of committing the offense; and
- (2) the fair market value of any tangible personal property the actor stole from the vehicle, if the actor committed theft in the course of committing the offense.
- (3) Strike SECTIONS 2 and 3 of the bill (page 2, lines 4-15) and renumber subsequent SECTIONS of the bill accordingly.