Amend **CSSB 228** (House Committee Printing) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTIONS to the bill and renumbering subsequent SECTIONS of the bill appropriately:

SECTION ____. Subsection (d), Section 153.007, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

(d) If the court finds the agreed parenting plan is not in the child's best interest, the court may request the parties to submit a revised parenting plan. If the parties do not submit a revised parenting plan satisfactory to the court, [or] the court may, after notice and hearing, [render an] order a parenting plan that the court finds to be in the best interest of [for the conservatorship and possession of] the child.

SECTION ____. Section 153.0071, Family Code, is amended by adding Subsection (g) to read as follows:

(g) The provisions for confidentiality of alternative dispute resolution procedures under Chapter 154, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, apply equally to the work of a parenting coordinator, as defined by Section 153.601, and to the parties and any other person who participates in the parenting coordination. This subsection does not affect the duty of a person to report abuse or neglect under Section 261.101.

SECTION ____. Subsection (b), Section 153.133, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The agreed parenting plan <u>may</u> [must] contain an alternative dispute resolution procedure that the parties agree to use before requesting enforcement or modification of the terms and conditions of the joint conservatorship through litigation, except in an emergency.

SECTION ____. Subchapter J, Chapter 153, Family Code, is amended by amending Sections 153.601, 153.602, and 153.603 and adding Section 153.6031 to read as follows:

Sec. 153.601. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:

(1) "Dispute resolution process" means:

(A) a process of alternative dispute resolution conducted in accordance with Section 153.0071 of this chapter and Chapter 154, Civil Practice and Remedies Code<u>; or</u>

(B) any other method of voluntary dispute

resolution.

(2) "High-conflict case" means a suit affecting the parent-child relationship in which the <u>court finds that the</u> parties <u>have demonstrated an unusual degree</u> [demonstrate a pattern] of:

(A) repetitiously resorting to the adjudicative process [repetitious litigation];

(B) anger and distrust; and

(C) difficulty in communicating about and cooperating in the care of their children[; or

[(D) other behaviors that in the discretion of the court warrant the appointment of a parenting coordinator].

(3) "Parenting coordinator" means an impartial third party appointed by the court <u>on its own motion or on a motion or</u> <u>agreement of the parties</u> to assist parties in resolving [issues relating to] parenting [and other family] issues [arising from an order in a suit affecting the parent-child relationship].

(4) "Parenting plan" means <u>the provisions of</u> a
[temporary or] final court order that:

(A) set [sets] out [the] rights and duties <u>of a</u> parent or a person acting as a parent in relation to the child;

(B) provide for periods of possession of and access to the child, which may be the terms set out in the standard possession order under Subchapter F and any amendments to the standard possession order agreed to by the parties or found by the court to be in the best interest of the child;

(C) provide for [of parents in a suit affecting the parent-child relationship and includes provisions relating to conservatorship, possession of and access to a child, and] child support; and

(D) optimize the development of a close and continuing relationship between each parent and the child [, and a dispute resolution process to minimize future disputes].

Sec. 153.602. [REQUIREMENT FOR TEMPORARY] PARENTING PLAN <u>NOT REQUIRED IN TEMPORARY ORDER</u>. [(a)] A temporary order [that establishes a conservatorship] in a suit affecting the parent-child relationship <u>rendered in accordance with Section 105.001 is not</u> required to include [must incorporate] a temporary parenting plan.

The court may not require the submission of a temporary parenting plan in any case or by local rule or practice. [The temporary parenting plan must comply with the requirements for a final parenting plan under Section 153.603.

[(b) Subject to Subsection (c), if the parties cannot agree to a temporary parenting plan, the court may, on the motion of a party or on the court's own motion, order the parties to participate in a dispute resolution process to establish a temporary parenting plan.

[(c) At any time before the court orders the parties to participate in a dispute resolution process under Subsection (b), a party may file a written objection to the referral of the suit to a dispute resolution process on the basis of family violence having been committed by another party against the objecting party or a child who is the subject of the suit. After an objection is filed, the suit may not be referred to a dispute resolution process unless, on the request of a party, a hearing is held and the court finds that a preponderance of the evidence does not support the objection. If the suit is referred to a dispute resolution process, the court shall order appropriate measures be taken to ensure the physical and emotional safety of the party who filed the objection. The order may provide that the parties not be required to have face-to-face contact and that the parties be placed in separate rooms during the dispute resolution process.

[(d) If a dispute resolution process is not available or is not successful, a party may request and the court may order an expedited hearing to establish a temporary parenting plan.]

Sec. 153.603. REQUIREMENT OF [FINAL] PARENTING PLAN <u>IN</u> <u>FINAL ORDER</u>. (a) <u>Except as provided by Subsection (b), a</u> [A] final order in a suit affecting the parent-child relationship must <u>include</u> [incorporate] a [final] parenting plan. [A final parenting plan must:

[(1) establish the rights and duties of each parent with respect to the child, consistent with the criteria in this chapter;

[(2) minimize the child's exposure to harmful parental conflict;

[(3) provide for the child's changing needs as the

child grows and matures, in a way that minimizes the need for further modifications to the final parenting plan; and

[(4) provide for a dispute resolution process or other voluntary dispute resolution procedures, before court action, unless precluded or limited by Section 153.0071.]

(b) The following orders are not required to include a parenting plan:

(1) an order that only modifies child support;

(2) an order that only terminates parental rights; or

(3) a final order described by Section 155.001(b) [In

providing for a dispute resolution process, the parenting plan must state that:

[(1) preference shall be given to carrying out the parenting plan; and

[(2) the parties shall use the designated process to resolve disputes].

(c) [If the parties cannot reach agreement on a final parenting plan, the court, on the motion of a party or on the court's own motion, may order appropriate dispute resolution proceedings under Section 153.0071 to determine a final parenting plan.

[(d)] If the parties have not reached agreement on a final parenting plan on or before the 30th day before the date set for trial <u>on the merits</u>, <u>a</u> [each] party <u>may</u> [shall] file with the court and serve a proposed [final] parenting plan. [Failure by a party to comply with this subsection may result in the court's adoption of the proposed final parenting plan filed by the opposing party if the court finds that plan to be in the best interest of the child.]

(d) This section does not preclude the parties from requesting the appointment of a parenting coordinator to resolve parental conflicts. [(e) Each party filing a proposed final parenting plan must attach:

[(1) a verified statement of income determined in accordance with the child support guidelines and related provisions prescribed by Chapter 154; and

[(2) a verified statement that the plan is proposed in

good faith and is in the best interest of the child.]

Sec. 153.6031. EXCEPTION TO DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS REQUIREMENT. A requirement in a parenting plan that a party initiate or participate in a dispute resolution process before filing a court action does not apply to an action:

(1) to modify the parenting plan in an emergency;

(2) to modify child support;

(3) alleging that the child's present circumstances will significantly impair the child's physical health or significantly impair the child's emotional development;

(4) to enforce; or

(5) in which the party shows that enforcement of the requirement is precluded or limited by Section 153.0071.

SECTION ____. Section 153.605, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 153.605. APPOINTMENT OF PARENTING COORDINATOR. (a) In a suit affecting the parent-child relationship, the court may, on its own motion or on a motion or agreement of the parties, appoint a parenting coordinator to assist the parties in resolving [issues related to] parenting [or other family] issues [in the suit].

(b) The court may not appoint a parenting coordinator [if any party objects] unless, after notice and hearing, the court makes <u>a specific finding</u> [findings] that:

(1) the case is [or is likely to become] a high-conflict case; or

(2) <u>there is good cause shown for</u> the appointment of a parenting coordinator <u>and the appointment</u> is in the best interest of any minor child in the suit.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, a party may at any time [prior to the appointment of a parenting coordinator] file a written objection to the appointment of a parenting coordinator on the basis of family violence having been committed by another party against the objecting party or a child who is the subject of the suit. After an objection is filed, a parenting coordinator may not be appointed unless, on the request of a party, a hearing is held and the court finds that a

preponderance of the evidence does not support the objection. If a parenting coordinator is appointed, the court shall order appropriate measures be taken to ensure the physical and emotional safety of the party who filed the objection. The order may provide that the parties not be required to have face-to-face contact and that the parties be placed in separate rooms during the parenting coordination.

SECTION ____. The heading to Section 153.606, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 153.606. <u>DUTIES</u> [AUTHORITY] OF PARENTING COORDINATOR.

SECTION ____. Subsections (a) and (c), Section 153.606, Family Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) The <u>duties</u> [authority] of a parenting coordinator must be specified in the order appointing the parenting coordinator. <u>The duties of the parenting coordinator are</u> [and] limited to matters that will aid the parties in:

- (1) identifying disputed issues;
- (2) reducing misunderstandings;
- (3) clarifying priorities;
- (4) exploring possibilities for problem solving;
- (5) developing methods of collaboration in parenting;

(6) <u>understanding parenting plans and reaching</u> agreements about parenting issues to be included in a parenting <u>plan</u> [developing a parenting plan]; and

(7) complying with the court's order regarding conservatorship or possession of and access to the child.

(c) The parenting coordinator may not modify any order, judgment, or decree [but may urge or suggest that the parties agree to minor temporary departures from a parenting plan if the parenting coordinator is authorized by the court to do so]. If a suit is pending, any [Any] agreement made by the parties with the assistance of [and] the parenting coordinator <u>must</u> [may] be reduced to writing, signed by the parties and their attorneys, if any, and filed with [presented to] the court [for approval].

SECTION ____. Subsection (b), Section 153.607, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The court <u>shall</u> [may] remove the parenting coordinator:

(1) on the request and agreement of both parties; or

(2) on the motion of a party, if good cause is shown.

SECTION ____. Section 153.608, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 153.608. REPORT OF PARENTING COORDINATOR. A parenting coordinator shall submit a written report to the court and to the parties as often as ordered by the court. <u>The</u> [In the] report <u>must</u> <u>be limited to a statement of</u>[, the parenting coordinator may give only an opinion regarding] whether the parenting coordination [is <u>succeeding and</u>] should continue.

SECTION ____. Subsections (a) and (c), Section 153.609, Family Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) A court may not appoint a parenting coordinator, other than <u>a domestic relations office or a comparable county agency</u> <u>appointed under</u> [an employee described by] Subsection (c) or a volunteer appointed under Subsection (d), unless, <u>after notice and</u> <u>hearing</u>, the court finds that the parties have the means to pay the fees of the parenting coordinator.

(c) Public funds may not be used to pay the fees of a parenting coordinator. Notwithstanding this prohibition, a court may appoint [an employee of the court,] the domestic relations office[τ] or a comparable county agency to act as a parenting coordinator if personnel are available to serve that function.

SECTION ____. The following are repealed:

(1) Section 153.604, Family Code; and

(2) Subsections (e) and (f), Section 153.606, Family Code.

SECTION _____. The changes in law made by this Act to Chapter 153, Family Code, relating to the use of a parenting plan or a parenting coordinator apply to a suit affecting the parent-child relationship that is pending in a trial court on the effective date of this Act or that is filed on or after the effective date of this Act.