BILL ANALYSIS

C.S.S.B. 1658 By: Nichols Public Health Committee Report (Substituted)

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

In the wake of hurricanes Katrina and Rita, it became apparent that continued access to healthcare services in an emergency is vital, particularly access to prescription medications. Existing statute authorizes pharmacists to refill medications without a doctor's prescription. However, such a refill may only be made for a three-day period.

C.S.S.B. 1658 extends the three-day period to 30 days to provide more time for a patient to access his or her doctor in the event of a natural or manmade disaster.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution.

ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. Amends Section 562.054, Occupations Code, as follows:

Sec. 562.054. EMERGENCY REFILLS. (a) Creates this subsection from existing text. Authorizes a pharmacist to exercise the pharmacist's professional judgment in refilling a prescription for a prescription drug, other than a controlled substance listed in Schedule II as established by the commissioner of state health services, rather than the commissioner of public health services, under Chapter 481 (Texas Controlled Substances Act), Health and Safety Code, without the authorization of the prescribing practitioner under certain circumstances.

(b) Authorizes a pharmacist, in the event of a natural or manmade disaster, to dispense not more than a 30-day supply of a prescription drug, other than a controlled substance listed in Schedule II as established by the commissioner of state health services under Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, without the authorization of the prescribing practitioner under certain circumstances, notwithstanding Subsection (a).

(c) Provides that the prescribing practitioner is not liable for an act or omission by a pharmacist in dispensing a prescription drug under Subsection (b).

SECTION 2. Amends Section 481.074, Health and Safety Code, by adding Subsections (1) and (1-2), as follows:

(1-1) Authorizes a pharmacist, in the event of a natural or manmade disaster, to dispense not more than a 30-day supply of a prescription drug, other than a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, without the authorization of the prescribing practitioner under certain circumstances, notwithstanding Subsection (l).

(1-2) Provides that the prescribing practitioner is not liable for an act or omission by a pharmacist in dispensing a prescription drug under Subsection (1-1).

EFFECTIVE DATE

September 1, 2007.

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COMPARISON OF ORIGINAL TO SUBSTITUTE

There are no differences between the original and the substitute.