By: Leibowitz H.B. No. 70

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 70:

C.S.H.B. No. 70 By: Solomons

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2	relating	to	restrictions	on	the	prices	of	certain	consumer	goods

- and services during an abnormal disruption of the market. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4
- 5 SECTION 1. Title 4, Business & Commerce Code, is amended by 6 adding Chapter 51 to read as follows:

## CHAPTER 51. RESTRICTED PRICING DURING ABNORMAL DISRUPTION OF 7

8 MARKET

- Sec. 51.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- (1) "Essential consumer good or service" means a good 10
- or service that is purchased or provided primarily for personal, 11
- 12 family, or household purposes and that is necessary for the health,
- safety, or welfare of a consumer. The term includes residential 13
- 14 construction.

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- (2) "Merchant" or "wholesaler" does not include a 15
- governmental entity. 16
- Sec. 51.002. UNCONSCIONABLE PRICES PROHIBITED; 17
- 18 DETERMINATION OF UNCONSCIONABLE PRICE. (a) If an abnormal
- disruption of the market for any consumer good or service occurs in 19
- an area, a merchant or wholesaler may not sell or offer for sale an 20
- 21 essential consumer good or service in the area for a price that is
- 22 unconscionably excessive.
- 23 (b) A price charged by a merchant or wholesaler for an
- essential consumer good or service is unconscionably excessive as a 24

- 1 matter of law if the price exceeds by 20 percent or more the price at
- 2 which the good or service was sold or offered for sale by the
- 3 merchant or wholesaler in the usual course of business, or was
- 4 readily obtainable by consumers in the trade area, immediately
- 5 before the abnormal disruption of the market that prevents
- 6 essential consumer goods or services from being readily available.
- 7 (c) A price charged by a merchant or wholesaler for an
- 8 <u>essential consumer good or service is not considered unconscionably</u>
- 9 <u>excessive as a matter of law if the price is attributable to and</u>
- 10 consistent with the price charged for the good or service during a
- 11 special event or traditional high demand period that is unrelated
- 12 to the abnormal disruption of the market.
- (d) A violation of this section is considered a false,
- 14 misleading, or deceptive act or practice for purposes of Section
- 15 17.46(a), and is subject to action only by the consumer protection
- 16 <u>division of the attorney general's office as provided by Section</u>
- 17 17.46(a).
- 18 (e) It is an affirmative defense to liability under this
- 19 section that the price charged by the merchant or wholesaler is:
- 20 (1) attributable to additional costs imposed by the
- 21 merchant's or wholesaler's suppliers or otherwise necessarily
- 22 incurred in procuring the goods or providing the services during
- the abnormal disruption of the market; or
- 24 (2) the result of increased costs unrelated to the
- 25 abnormal disruption of the market.
- 26 (f) This chapter does not apply to a service that is:
- 27 (1) monitored by the Public Utility Commission of

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- 1 Texas under Section 39.157, Utilities Code;
- 2 (2) provided by a retail electric provider as defined
- 3 by Section 31.002, Utilities Code;
- 4 (3) provided by an electric utility as defined by
- 5 Section 31.002, Utilities Code; or
- 6 (4) provided by a gas utility whose rates are
- 7 established under Subchapter B, Chapter 104, Utilities Code.
- 8 SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007.