By: Paxton H.B. No. 860

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to management, investment, and expenditure of
3	institutional funds and adoption of the Uniform Prudent Management
4	of Institutional Funds Act.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6	SECTION 1. Chapter 163, Property Code, is amended to read as
7	follows:
8	CHAPTER 163. MANAGEMENT, INVESTMENT, AND EXPENDITURE OF
9	INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS
10	Sec. 163.001. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as the
11	Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act.
12	Sec. 163.002. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. (a) The
13	<pre>legislature finds that:</pre>
14	(1) institutions organized and operated exclusively
15	for a charitable purpose perform essential and needed services in
16	the state;
17	(2) uncertainty exists regarding the prudence
18	standards for the management and investment of charitable funds and
19	for endowment spending by institutions described by Subdivision
20	(1); and
21	(3) the institutions, their officers, directors, and

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trustees, and the citizens of this state will benefit from removal

of the uncertainty regarding applicable prudence standards and by

permitting endowment funds to be invested for the long-term goals

- 1 of achieving growth and maintaining purchasing power without
- 2 adversely affecting the availability of funds for current
- 3 expenditure.
- 4 (b) The purpose of this chapter is to provide guidance and
- 5 authority through modern articulations of prudence standards for
- 6 the management and investment of charitable funds and for endowment
- 7 spending by institutions organized and operated exclusively for a
- 8 charitable purpose in order to provide uniformity and remove
- 9 <u>uncertainty regarding those standards.</u>
- 10 Sec. 163.003. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 11 (1) "Charitable purpose" means the promotion of a
- 12 scientific, educational, philanthropic, or environmental purpose,
- 13 social welfare, the arts and humanities, or another civic or public
- 14 purpose described by Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
- 15 of 1986.
- 16 (2) "Endowment fund" means an institutional fund or
- 17 part thereof that, under the terms of a gift instrument, is not
- 18 wholly expendable by the institution on a current basis. The term
- 19 does not include assets that an institution designates as an
- 20 endowment fund for its own use.
- 21 (3) "Gift instrument" means a record or records,
- 22 including an institutional solicitation, under which property is
- 23 granted to, transferred to, or held by an institution as an
- 24 institutional fund.
- 25 (4) "Institution" means:
- 26 (A) a person, other than an individual, organized
- 27 and operated exclusively for charitable purposes;

1	(B) a government or governmental subdivision,
2	agency, or instrumentality, to the extent that it holds funds
3	exclusively for a charitable purpose; and
4	(C) a trust that had both charitable and
5	noncharitable interests, after all noncharitable interests have
6	terminated.
7	(5) "Institutional fund" means a fund held by an
8	institution exclusively for charitable purposes. The term does not
9	<pre>include:</pre>
10	(A) program-related assets;
11	(B) a fund held for an institution by a trustee
12	that is not an institution; or
13	(C) a fund in which a beneficiary that is not an
14	institution has an interest, other than an interest that could
15	arise upon violation or failure of the purposes of the fund.
16	(6) "Person" means an individual, corporation,
17	business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability
18	company, association, joint venture, public corporation,
19	government or governmental subdivision, agency, or
20	instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
21	(7) "Program-related asset" means an asset held by an
22	institution primarily to accomplish a charitable purpose of the
23	institution and not primarily for investment.
24	(8) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a

tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium

Sec. 163.004. STANDARD OF CONDUCT IN MANAGING AND INVESTING

and is retrievable in perceivable form.

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- 1 INSTITUTIONAL FUND. (a) Subject to the intent of a donor expressed
- 2 in a gift instrument, an institution, in managing and investing an
- 3 institutional fund, shall consider the charitable purposes of the
- 4 institution and the purposes of the institutional fund.
- 5 (b) In addition to complying with the duty of loyalty
- 6 imposed by law other than this chapter, each person responsible for
- 7 managing and investing an institutional fund shall manage and
- 8 invest the fund in good faith and with the care an ordinarily
- 9 prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar
- 10 circumstances.
- 11 (c) In managing and investing an institutional fund, an
- 12 institution:
- 13 (1) may incur only costs that are appropriate and
- 14 reasonable in relation to the assets, the purposes of the
- institution, and the skills available to the institution; and
- 16 (2) shall make a reasonable effort to verify facts
- 17 relevant to the management and investment of the fund.
- (d) An institution may pool two or more institutional funds
- 19 for purposes of management and investment.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided by a gift instrument, the
- 21 following rules apply:
- (1) In managing and investing an institutional fund,
- 23 the following factors, if relevant, must be considered:
- 24 (A) general economic conditions;
- 25 <u>(B) the possible effect of infla</u>tion or
- 26 deflation;
- 27 (C) the expected tax consequences, if any, of

1	investment decisions or strategies;
2	(D) the role that each investment or course of
3	action plays within the overall investment portfolio of the fund;
4	(E) the expected total return from income and the
5	appreciation of investments;
6	(F) other resources of the institution;
7	(G) the needs of the institution and the fund to
8	make distributions and to preserve capital; and
9	(H) an asset's special relationship or special
10	value, if any, to the charitable purposes of the institution.
11	(2) Management and investment decisions about an
12	individual asset must be made not in isolation but rather in the
13	context of the institutional fund's portfolio of investments as a
14	whole and as a part of an overall investment strategy having risk
15	and return objectives reasonably suited to the fund and to the
16	institution.
17	(3) Except as otherwise provided by law other than
18	this chapter, an institution may invest in any kind of property or
19	type of investment consistent with this section.
20	(4) An institution shall diversify the investments of
21	an institutional fund unless the institution reasonably determines
22	that, because of special circumstances, the purposes of the fund
23	are better served without diversification.
24	(5) Within a reasonable time after receiving property,
25	an institution shall make and carry out decisions concerning the
26	retention or disposition of the property or to rebalance a
27	portfolio, in order to bring the institutional fund into compliance

- 1 with the purposes, terms, and distribution requirements of the
- 2 institution as necessary to meet other circumstances of the
- 3 institution and the requirements of this chapter.
- 4 (6) A person that has special skills or expertise, or
- 5 is selected in reliance upon the person's representation that the
- 6 person has special skills or expertise, has a duty to use those
- 7 skills or that expertise in managing and investing institutional
- 8 funds.
- 9 Sec. 163.005. APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENDITURE OR
- 10 ACCUMULATION OF ENDOWMENT FUND; RULES OF CONSTRUCTION. (a)
- 11 Subject to the intent of a donor expressed in the gift instrument,
- 12 <u>an institution may appropriate for expenditure or accumulate so</u>
- much of an endowment fund as the institution determines is prudent
- 14 for the uses, benefits, purposes, and duration for which the
- 15 <u>endowment fund is established. Unless stated otherwise in the gift</u>
- instrument, the assets in an endowment fund are donor-restricted
- 17 assets until appropriated for expenditure by the institution. In
- 18 making a determination to appropriate or accumulate, the
- 19 institution shall act in good faith, with the care that an
- 20 ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under
- 21 <u>similar circumstances</u>, and shall consider, if relevant, the
- 22 following factors:
- (1) the duration and preservation of the endowment
- 24 fund;
- 25 (2) the purposes of the institution and the endowment
- 26 fund;
- 27 <u>(3)</u> general economic conditions;

1	(4) the possible effect of inflation or deflation;
2	(5) the expected total return from income and the
3	appreciation of investments;
4	(6) other resources of the institution; and
5	(7) the investment policy of the institution.
6	(b) To limit the authority to appropriate for expenditure or
7	accumulate under Subsection (a), a gift instrument must
8	specifically state the limitation.
9	(c) Terms in a gift instrument designating a gift as an
10	endowment, or a direction or authorization in the gift instrument
11	to use only "income," "interest," "dividends," or "rents, issues,
12	or profits," or "to preserve the principal intact," or words of
13	similar import:
14	(1) create an endowment fund of permanent duration
15	unless other language in the gift instrument limits the duration or
16	purpose of the fund; and
17	(2) do not otherwise limit the authority to
18	appropriate for expenditure or accumulate under Subsection (a).
19	Sec. 163.006. DELEGATION OF MANAGEMENT AND INVESTMENT
20	FUNCTIONS. (a) Subject to any specific limitation set forth in a
21	gift instrument or in law other than this chapter, an institution
22	may delegate to an external agent the management and investment of
23	an institutional fund to the extent that an institution could
24	prudently delegate under the circumstances. An institution shall
25	act in good faith, with the care that an ordinarily prudent person
26	in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances, in:
27	(1) selecting an agent;

(1) selecting an agent;

- 1 (2) establishing the scope and terms of the
- delegation, consistent with the purposes of the institution and the
- 3 institutional fund; and
- 4 (3) periodically reviewing the agent's actions in
- 5 order to monitor the agent's performance and compliance with the
- 6 scope and terms of the delegation.
- 7 (b) In performing a delegated function, an agent owes a duty
- 8 to the institution to exercise reasonable care to comply with the
- 9 scope and terms of the delegation.
- 10 <u>(c) An institution that complies with Subsection (a) is not</u>
- 11 liable for the decisions or actions of an agent to which the
- 12 function was delegated.
- 13 (d) By accepting delegation of a management or investment
- 14 function from an institution that is subject to the laws of this
- 15 state, an agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this
- 16 state in all proceedings arising from or related to the delegation
- or the performance of the delegated function.
- (e) An institution may delegate management and investment
- 19 functions to its committees, officers, or employees as authorized
- 20 by law of this state other than this chapter.
- Sec. 163.007. RELEASE OR MODIFICATION OF RESTRICTIONS ON
- 22 MANAGEMENT, INVESTMENT, OR PURPOSE. (a) If the donor consents in a
- 23 record, an institution may release or modify, in whole or in part, a
- 24 restriction contained in a gift instrument on the management,
- 25 investment, or purpose of an institutional fund. A release or
- 26 modification may not allow a fund to be used for a purpose other
- than a charitable purpose of the institution.

(b) The court, upon application of an institution, may modify a restriction contained in a gift instrument regarding the management or investment of an institutional fund if the restriction has become impracticable or wasteful, if it impairs the management or investment of the fund, or if, because of circumstances not anticipated by the donor, a modification of a restriction will further the purposes of the fund. Chapter 123 applies to a proceeding under this subsection. To the extent practicable, any modification must be made in accordance with the donor's probable intention.

- (c) If a particular charitable purpose or a restriction contained in a gift instrument on the use of an institutional fund becomes unlawful, impracticable, impossible to achieve, or wasteful, the court, upon application of an institution, may modify the purpose of the fund or the restriction on the use of the fund in a manner consistent with the charitable purposes expressed in the gift instrument. Chapter 123 applies to a proceeding under this subsection.
- (d) If an institution determines that a restriction contained in a gift instrument on the management, investment, or purpose of an institutional fund is unlawful, impracticable, impossible to achieve, or wasteful, the institution, 60 days after receipt of notice by the attorney general, may release or modify the restriction, in whole or part, if:
- 25 (1) the institutional fund subject to the restriction 26 has a total value of less than \$25,000;
- 27 (2) more than 20 years have elapsed since the fund was

- 1 <u>established; and</u>
- 2 (3) the institution uses the property in a manner
- 3 consistent with the charitable purposes expressed in the gift
- 4 instrument.
- 5 (e) The notification to the attorney general under
- 6 Subsection (d) must be accompanied by a copy of the gift instrument
- 7 and a statement of facts sufficient to evidence compliance with
- 8 Subsections (d)(1), (2), and (3).
- 9 Sec. 163.008. REVIEWING COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this
- 10 chapter is determined in light of the facts and circumstances
- 11 existing at the time a decision is made or action is taken, and not
- 12 by hindsight.
- 13 Sec. 163.009. RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL
- 14 AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT. This chapter modifies, limits, and
- 15 supersedes the provisions of the Electronic Signatures in Global
- and National Commerce Act (15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq.) but does
- 17 not modify, limit, or supersede Section 101 of that Act (15 U.S.C.
- 18 Section 7001(a)) or authorize electronic delivery of any of the
- 19 notices described in Section 103 of that Act (15 U.S.C. Section
- 20 7003(b)).
- Sec. 163.010. UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.
- 22 In applying and construing this chapter, consideration must be
- 23 given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to
- 24 the subject matter of this chapter among states that enact a law
- 25 substantially similar to this chapter.
- Sec. 163.011. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER PARTS OF CODE.
- 27 Subtitle B, Title 9 (the Texas Trust Code), does not apply to any

institutional fund subject to this chapter. 1 [Sec. 163.001. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be cited as 2 the Uniform Management of Institutional Funds Act. 3 [Sec. 163.002. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. (a) The 4 5 legislature finds that: 6 [(1) publicly and privately supported educational, religious, and charitable organizations perform essential and 7 8 needed services in the state; [(2) uncertainty regarding legal restrictions on the 9 management, investment, and expenditure of endowment funds of the 10 organizations has in many instances precluded obtaining the highest 11 available return on endowment funds; and 12 [(3) the organizations, their officers, directors, 13 and trustees, and the citizens of this state will benefit from 14 15 removal of the uncertainty and by permitting endowment funds to be invested for the long-term goals of achieving growth and 16 maintaining purchasing power without adversely affecting 17 availability of funds for current expenditure. 18 [(b) The purpose of this chapter is to provide quidelines 19 for the management, investment, and expenditure of endowment funds 20 21 of publicly and privately supported educational, religious, and charitable organizations in order to eliminate the uncertainty 22 regarding legal restrictions on the management, investment, and 23 24 expenditure of the funds and to enable the organizations to 25 maximize their resources. [Sec. 163.003. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: 26

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(1) "Endowment fund" means an institutional fund,

any part of such a fund, not wholly expendable by the institution on 1 a current basis under the terms of the applicable gift instrument. 2 [(2) "Gift instrument" means a will, deed, grant, 3 conveyance, agreement, memorandum, writing, or other governing 4 5 document, including the terms of any institutional solicitations from which an institutional fund resulted, under which property is 6 transferred to or held by an institution as an institutional fund. 7 8 [(3) "Governing board" means the body responsible for 9 the management of an institution or of an institutional fund. [(4) "Historic dollar value" means the aggregate fair 10 market value in dollars of: 11 12 [(A) an endowment fund at the time it became an 13 endowment fund; 14 (B) each subsequent donation to the fund at the 15 time it is made; and [(C) each accumulation made pursuant to 16 17 direction in the applicable gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. 18 [(5) "Institution" means an incorporated or 19 unincorporated organization organized and operated exclusively for 20 21 educational, religious, or charitable purposes, an institution of higher education, or a foundation chartered for the benefit of an 22 institution of higher education. The term does not include a 23 24 private foundation as defined by Section 509(a) of the Internal 25 Revenue Code of 1986. [(6) "Institutional fund" means a fund held by 26 institution for its exclusive use, benefit, or purposes, except a 27

- fund held for an institution by a trustee that is not an institution
 or a fund in which a beneficiary that is not an institution has an
 interest other than possible rights that could arise on violation
- 4 or failure of the purposes of the fund.

- [(7) "Institution of higher education" has the meaning assigned by Section 61.003, Education Code.
 - [Sec. 163.004. EXPENDITURES. (a) A governing board may appropriate for expenditure, for the uses and purposes for which the fund is established, the net appreciation, realized and unrealized, in the fair market value of the assets of an endowment fund over the historic dollar value of the fund to the extent prudent under the standard provided by Section 163.007.
- [(b) A determination of the historic dollar value made in qood faith by the governing board is conclusive.
 - [(c) Subsection (a) does not limit the authority of the governing board to expend funds as permitted under other law, the terms of the applicable gift instrument, or the charter or articles of incorporation of the institution.
 - [(d) Subsection (a) does not apply if the applicable gift instrument indicates the donor's intention that the net appreciation not be expended. A restriction on the expenditure of net appreciation may not be implied from a designation of a gift as an endowment or from a direction or authorization in the applicable gift instrument to use only "income." This rule of construction applies to gift instruments executed or in effect before, on, or after the effective date of this chapter.
- 27 [Sec. 163.005. INVESTMENT AUTHORITY. In addition to an

investment authorized by other law or by the applicable gift instrument, and without restriction to investments a fiduciary may make, the governing board, subject to any specific limitations in the applicable gift instrument or the applicable law other than law relating to investments by a fiduciary, may: (1) invest an institutional fund in any real personal property, including mortgages, stocks, bonds, debentures,

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- and other securities of profit or nonprofit corporations, shares in or obligations of associations, partnerships, or individuals, and obligations of any governmental entity, whether or not the property produces a current return;
- [(2) retain property contributed by a donor to an 12 institutional fund; 13
- [(3) include all or any portion of an institutional 14 15 fund in a pooled or common fund maintained by the institution; and
 - [(4) invest all or any portion of an institutional fund in a pooled or common fund, including shares or interests in regulated investment companies, mutual funds, common trust funds, investment partnerships, real estate investment trusts, or similar organizations in which funds are commingled and investment determinations are made by persons other than the governing board.
 - [Sec. 163.006. DELECATION OF INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT. Except as provided by the applicable gift instrument, the governing board may:
 - [(1) delegate to its committees, officers, employees of the institution or the fund, and other agents, including investment counsel, the authority to act for the board in

investment of institutional funds;

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[(2) contract with independent investment advisors, investment counsel, investment managers, banks, or trust companies to act for the board in investment of institutional funds; and

[(3) authorize payment of compensation for investment advisory or management services.

[Sec. 163.007. STANDARD OF CONDUCT. In the administration of the powers to appropriate appreciation, to make and retain investments, to develop and apply investment and spending policies, and to delegate investment management of institutional funds, members of a governing board shall exercise ordinary business care and prudence under the facts and circumstances prevailing at the time of the action or decision. The members shall consider both the long-term and short-term needs of the institution in carrying out its educational, religious, or charitable purposes, its present and anticipated financial requirements, the expected return on its investments, price level trends, and general economic conditions.

[Sec. 163.008. RELEASE OF RESTRICTIONS ON USE OR INVESTMENT. (a) With the written consent of the donor, the governing board may release, in whole or in part, a restriction imposed by the applicable gift instrument on the use or investment of an institutional fund.

[(b) If written consent of the donor cannot be obtained because of the donor's death, disability, unavailability, or impossibility of identification, the governing board may apply in the name of the institution to the district court for release of a restriction imposed by a gift instrument on the use or investment of

- an institutional fund. The attorney general must be notified of the application and given an opportunity to intervene in the same manner as provided by Chapter 123 for a proceeding involving a charitable trust. If the court finds that the restriction is obsolete, inappropriate, or impracticable, it may by order release the restriction in whole or in part. A release under this subsection may not change an endowment fund to another type of fund.

 [(c) A release under this section may not allow a fund to be used for a purpose other than the educational, religious, or charitable purposes of the affected institution.
- [(d) This section does not limit the application of the doctrine of "cy pres."
- [Sec. 163.009. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER PARTS OF CODE.

 14 Subtitle B, Title 9 (the Texas Trust Code), does not apply to any

 15 institutional fund subject to this chapter.
- SECTION 2. Sections 43.006(a) and (k), Education Code, are amended to read as follows:
 - (a) The State Board of Education may delegate investment authority [and contract] for the investment of the permanent school fund to the same extent as an institution [the governing board of an institution of higher education] with respect to an institutional fund under Chapter 163, Property Code.
- 23 (k) In this section, "institution" [÷

- [(1) "Governing board"] and "institutional fund" have the meanings assigned by Chapter 163, Property Code.
- [(2) "Institution of higher education" has the meaning assigned by Section 61.003.

- 1 SECTION 3. Section 66.08(a), Education Code, is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 (a) The board may delegate investment authority [and
- 4 contract] for the investment of the permanent university fund to
- 5 the same extent as an institution [the governing board of an
- 6 institution of higher education] with respect to an institutional
- 7 fund under Chapter 163, Property Code.
- 8 SECTION 4. Section 66.08(o)(2), Education Code, is amended
- 9 to read as follows:
- 10 (2) "Institution" and "institutional fund"
- 11 ["Governing board," "institutional fund," and "institution of
- 12 higher education"] have the meanings assigned by Chapter 163,
- 13 Property Code.
- 14 SECTION 5. (a) Chapter 163, Property Code, as amended by
- 15 this Act, applies only to an institutional fund existing on or
- 16 established after the effective date of this Act.
- 17 (b) With respect to an institutional fund existing on the
- 18 effective date of this Act, Chapter 163, Property Code, as amended
- 19 by this Act, applies only to an action taken or decision made
- 20 relating to the institutional fund occurring after August 31, 2007.
- 21 An action taken or decision made relating to the institutional fund
- 22 that occurs before the effective date of this Act is governed by
- 23 Chapter 163, Property Code, as that chapter existed before
- 24 amendment by this Act, and that chapter is continued in effect for
- 25 that purpose.
- SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007.