## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT
relating to the powers of an associate judge under the Family Code. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Sections 201.007(a) and (c), Family Code, are amended to read as follows:
(a) Except as limited by an order of referral, an associate judge may:
(1) conduct a hearing;
(2) hear evidence;
(3) compel production of relevant evidence;
(4) rule on the admissibility of evidence;
(5) issue a summons for the appearance of witnesses;
(6) examine a witness;
(7) swear a witness for a hearing;
(8) make findings of fact on evidence;
(9) formulate conclusions of law;
(10) recommend an order to be rendered in a case;
(11) regulate all proceedings in a hearing before the associate judge;
(12) order the attachment of a witness or party who fails to obey a subpoena;
(13) order the detention of a witness or party found guilty of contempt, pending approval by the referring court as provided by Section 201.013;
(14) render and sign:
(A) a final order agreed to in writing as to both form and substance by all parties;
(B) a final default order; [өx]
(C) a temporary order; or
(D) a final order in a case in which a party files
a waiver; and
(15) take action as necessary and proper for the efficient performance of the associate judge's duties.
(c) An [ order described by Subsection (a) (14) that is [, a default oxdex, or a temporary oxdex] rendered and signed by an associate judge [undex subsection (a)] constitutes an order of the referring court.

SECTION 2. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2007.

