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## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

## AN ACT

relating to the operation of a system of community supervision.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Section $2(a)$, Article 42.03, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
(a) In all criminal cases the judge of the court in which the defendant is [s] convicted shall give the defendant credit on the defendant's [his] sentence for the time that the defendant has spent:
(1) in jail for the case [in said cause], other than confinement served as a condition of community supervision, from the time of his arrest and confinement until his sentence by the trial court; or
(2) in a substance abuse treatment facility operated by the Texas Department of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009, Government Code, or another court-ordered residential program or facility as a condition of deferred adjudication community supervision granted in the case if the defendant successfully completes the treatment program at that facility.

SECTION 2. Section 3(b), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
(b) In [Except as provided by Subsection (f), in] a felony case the minimum period of community supervision is the same as the minimum term of imprisonment applicable to the offense and the maximum period of community supervision is, subject to the extensions provided by Section 22:
(1) 10 years, for a felony other than a third degree felony described by Subdivision (2); and
(2) five years, for the following third degree felonies:
(A) a third degree felony under Title 7, Penal Code, other than an offense under Section 33.021(c), Penal Code; and
(B) a third degree felony under Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code.

SECTION 3. Section 4(d), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
(d) A defendant is not eligible for community supervision under this section if the defendant:
(1) is sentenced to a term of imprisonment that exceeds 10 years;
(2) is convicted of a state jail felony for which suspension of the imposition of the sentence occurs automatically under Section 15(a);
(3) does not file a sworn motion under Subsection (e) of this section or for whom the jury does not enter in the verdict a finding that the information contained in the motion is true; [ $\theta$ ] ]
(4) is adjudged guilty of an offense for which punishment is increased under Section $481.134(c),(d),(e), o r(f)$, Health and Safety Code, if it is shown that the defendant has been previously convicted of an offense for which punishment was increased under any one of those subsections; or
(5) is adjudged guilty of an offense under Section 19.02, Penal Code.

SECTION 4. Sections 15(h)(2) and (3), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:
(2) A judge:
(A) may credit against any time a defendant is required to serve in a state jail felony facility time served by the defendant in $\underline{a}$ county jail from the time of the defendant's arrest and confinement until sentencing by the trial court; and
(B) shall credit against any time a defendant is required to serve in a state jail felony facility time served by the defendant in a substance abuse treatment facility operated by the Texas Department of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009, Government Code, or other court-ordered residential program or facility as a condition of deferred adjudication community supervision before sentencing, but only if the defendant successfully completes the treatment program in that facility.
(3) A judge shall credit against any time a defendant is subsequently required to serve in a state jail felony facility after revocation of community supervision any time served after sentencing by the defendant:
(A) in a state jail felony facility; or
(B) in a substance abuse treatment facility operated by the Texas Department of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009, Government Code, or another court-ordered residential program or facility if the defendant successfully completes the
treatment program in that facility [after sentencing].
SECTION 5. Sections $16(\mathrm{a})$ and (b), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:
(a) A judge may [shaly] require as a condition of community supervision [ $\boldsymbol{\tau}]$ that the defendant work a specified number of hours at a community service project or projects for an organization or organizations approved by the judge and designated by the department. The judge may not require that a defendant work at a community service project if [, unless] the judge determines and notes on the order placing the defendant on community supervision that:
(1) the defendant is physically or mentally incapable of participating in the project;
(2) participating in the project will work a hardship on the defendant or the defendant's dependents;
(3) the defendant is to be confined in a substance abuse punishment facility as a condition of community supervision; or
(4) there is other good cause shown.
(b) The amount of community service work ordered by the judge:
(1) may not exceed 1,000 hours [and may not be less than 320 hours] for an offense classified as a first degree felony;
(2) may not exceed 800 hours [and mot be less than 240-hours] for an offense classified as a second degree felony;
(3) may not exceed 600 hours [and may not be less than 160 hours] for an offense classified as a third degree felony;
(4) may not exceed 400 hours [and may not be less than 120 hours] for an offense classified as a state jail felony;
(5) may not:
(A) exceed 600 hours [ox be less than 160 hours] for an offense under Section 30.04, Penal Code, classified as a Class A misdemeanor; or
(B) exceed 200 hours [ox be less than 80 hours] for any other offense classified as a Class A misdemeanor or for any other misdemeanor for which the maximum permissible confinement, if any, exceeds six months or the maximum permissible fine, if any, exceeds \$4,000; and
(6) may not exceed 100 hours [ man not be less than Z4 hours] for an offense classified as a Class B misdemeanor or for any other misdemeanor for which the maximum permissible confinement, if any, does not exceed six months and the maximum permissible fine, if any, does not exceed $\$ 4,000$.

SECTION 6. Section 20, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 20. REDUCTION OR TERMINATION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. (a) At any time[ $\boldsymbol{\tau}]$ after the defendant has satisfactorily completed one-third of the original community supervision period or two years of community supervision, whichever is less, the period of community supervision may be reduced or terminated by the judge. On completion of one-half of the original community supervision period or two years of community supervision, whichever is more, the judge shall review the defendant's record and consider whether to reduce or terminate the period of community supervision, unless
the defendant is delinquent in paying required restitution, fines, costs, or fees that the defendant has the ability to pay or the defendant has not completed court-ordered counseling or treatment. Before conducting the review, the judge shall notify the attorney representing the state and the defendant. If the judge determines that the defendant has failed to satisfactorily fulfill the conditions of community supervision, the judge shall advise the defendant in writing of the requirements for satisfactorily fulfilling those conditions. Upon the satisfactory fulfillment of the conditions of community supervision, and the expiration of the period of community supervision, the judge, by order duly entered, shall amend or modify the original sentence imposed, if necessary, to conform to the community supervision period and shall discharge the defendant. If the judge discharges the defendant under this section, the judge may set aside the verdict or permit the defendant to withdraw the defendant's [his] plea, and shall dismiss the accusation, complaint, information or indictment against the defendant, who shall thereafter be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense or crime of which the defendant [he] has been convicted or to which the defendant [he] has pleaded guilty, except that:
(1) proof of the conviction or plea of guilty shall be made known to the judge should the defendant again be convicted of any criminal offense; and
(2) if the defendant is an applicant for a license or is a licensee under Chapter 42, Human Resources Code, the Health and [Texas Department of] Human Services Commission may consider the
fact that the defendant previously has received community supervision under this article in issuing, renewing, denying, or revoking a license under that chapter.
(b) This section does not apply to a defendant convicted of an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, a defendant convicted of an offense for which on conviction registration as a sex offender is required under Chapter 62, or a defendant convicted of a felony described by Section $3 g[$, as added by chaptex 668, Acts of the 75th Iegislature, Regular Session, 1997, or a defendant convicted of an offense punishable as a state jailfelony].

SECTION 7. Section 22(c), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
(c) The judge may extend a period of community supervision on a showing of good cause under this section as often as the judge determines is necessary, but the period of community supervision in a first, second, or third degree felony case may not exceed 10 years and, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, the period of community supervision in a misdemeanor case may not exceed three years. The judge may extend the period of community supervision in a misdemeanor case for any period the judge determines is necessary, not to exceed an additional two years beyond the three-year limit, if the defendant fails to pay a previously assessed fine, costs, or restitution and the judge determines that extending the period of supervision increases the likelihood that the defendant will fully pay the fine, costs, or restitution. A court may extend a period of community supervision under this section at any time during the period of supervision or, if a motion
for revocation of community supervision is filed before the period of supervision ends, before the first anniversary of the date on which the period of supervision expires.

SECTION 8. Section 23(b), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
(b) No part of the time that the defendant is on community supervision shall be considered as any part of the time that he shall be sentenced to serve, except that on revocation, the judge shall credit to the defendant time served by the defendant as a condition of community supervision in a substance abuse treatment facility operated by the Texas Department of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009, Government Code, or another court-ordered residential program or facility, but only if the defendant successfully completes the treatment program in that facility. The right of the defendant to appeal for a review of the conviction and punishment, as provided by law, shall be accorded the defendant at the time he is placed on community supervision. When he is notified that his community supervision is revoked for violation of the conditions of community supervision and he is called on to serve a sentence in a jail or in the institutional division of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, he may appeal the revocation.

SECTION 9. Section 132.002, Local Government Code, is amended by adding Subsection (f) to read as follows:
(f) The director of a community supervision and corrections department, with the approval of the judges described by Section 76.002, Government Code, may authorize a community supervision official who collects fees, fines, court costs, and other charges
to:
(1) accept payment by debit card or credit card of a fee, fine, court cost, or other charge; and
(2) collect a fee for processing the payment by debit card or credit card.

SECTION 10. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of this section, the change in law made by this Act applies only to a defendant initially placed on community supervision on or after the effective date of this Act. A defendant initially placed on community supervision before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect immediately before the effective date of this Act, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.
(b) Section 132.002(f), Local Government Code, as added by this Act, applies to the payment of a fee, fine, court cost, or other charge made on or after the effective date of this Act, regardless of when the fee, fine, court cost, or other charge was imposed or became due.

SECTION 11. This Act takes effect September 1, 2007.

